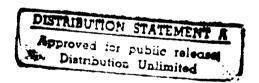


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A NEW PUMPJET DESIGN THEORY



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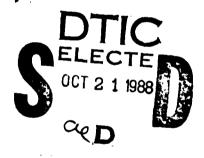


A NEW PUMPJET DESIGN THEORY

HONEYWES L INC. 600 SECOND STREET N.E. HONNESOTA 55343

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JUNE 1998



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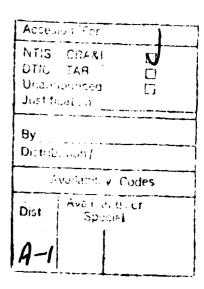
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A NEW PUMPJET DESIGN THEORY

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Pumpjet Streamline Curvature Method Blade-through Flow Blade-to-Blade Method

The pumpjet is a unique fluid machine which utilizes retarded wake flow and produces high propulsive efficiency such as 90%. The existing pumpjet design method is based on a simple two-dimensional graphic method which was used for pump design. As the demand for the speed of underwater vehicles increased in recent years, the existing design method became inappropriate. Effort has been made to develop a new quasi-three-dimensional pump design method by combining a blade-through flow theory with blade-to-blade flow theory.

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1.0 BACKGROUND

The pumpjet is considered to be one of the most promising candidate propulsors for high speed underwater vehicles and, as a matter of fact, it has recently been employed for MK 48 torpedoes, ALWT Advanced Light Weight Torpedo, now called MK 50 and other underwater vehicles. The pumpjet superiority over other propulsion devices is represented by two major factors, i.e., high efficiency and quietness.

The pumpjet is one of few fluid devices which positively utilizes retarded wake flow and produces high propulsive efficiency. This peculiar situation may be understood readily by considering the momentum equation applied to a control volume surrounding an underwater vehicle, fixed to the inertial coordinate system. In the conventional propeller, for example, the velocity of flow coming into a propeller blade is approximately equal to the vehicle speed since the propeller diameter is large enough to enjoy the free stream flow. In order for the propeller to generate any effective thrust, it should accelerate the flow, the ejected flow speed being faster than the incoming flow. If one observes this situation from the inertial frame, the ejected flow has a finite positive flow speed against the surrounding environment. It means that certain amount of the energy imparted on the fluid by the thruster is dumped in the surrounding water. On the other hand, the pumpjet receives the retarded flow velocity, slower than the free stream velocity. In order to generate a thrust, again this flow should be accelerated. However, if the pumpjet is properly designed, the accelerated flow velocity can nearly be that of the vehicle speed. If one looks at a similar control volume, from the inertial frame, the ejected flow out of the pumpjet has almost no absolute velocity and thus leaves hardly any jet wake after the vehicle passed. There exists much less wasted energy in the flow field after a vehicle with a pumpjet passes. This is the major reason why the pumpjet can produce such high propulsive efficiency such as 90% or higher if it is properly designed.

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Quietness is a guaranteed aspect with the pumpjet, as can be seen from its configuration (see Figure 1-1); a long shroud completely surrounding the rotor helps prevent rotor noise from emitting into the outside flow field. Furthermore, this "internal" flow machine has better resistance characteristics against cavitation, resulting in quieter shallow water operation where propulsors are most susceptible to cavitation.

However, in order to achieve such a high standard of performance there are many penalties to be paid in reality. The first such penalty naturally stems from the pumpjet's utilizing the velocity-retarded wake flow. A typical meridional flow distribution at the inlet of pumpjet rotor is shown in Figure 1-2; the velocity at the hub is only 30% of the free stream velocity and rapidly increases to 75% at the shroud internal boundary. This large velocity gradient in the transverse direction is, of course, built up by the viscous boundary layer effect and is one of the key features causing difficulties in design, fabrication and eventually in achieving the pumpjet high performance.

When one designs an axial or a near axial pump, it is customary to distribute the blade loading from hub to tip in a forced vortex or a free vortex distribution method, such as shown in Figure 1-3. Such distribution methods are important in obtaining as uniform a discharge jet behind the rotor as possible to minimize the mixing loss. However, a serious problem arises in attempting to implement either forced vortex or free vortex loading distribution against the flow field having a large velocity gradient, as shown in Figure 1-2. Due to the lack of enough meridional flow velocity near the hub, the blade there should be designed to have extremely large incidence angle as well as large camber. It is for this reason that the pumpjet rotor designed to date has a distorted profile shape from hub to tip, see Figure 1-4. If this were a conventional propeller, the stagger angle would become smaller towards the hub and the camber would stay more or less constant. However, for the reason mentioned above, the pumpjet blade stagger angle first becomes smaller up to

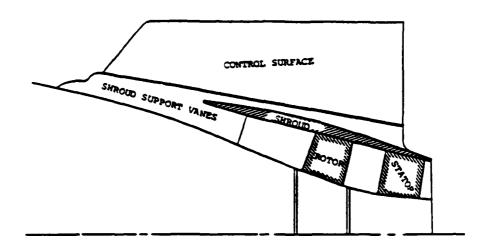


FIGURE 1-1. A TYPICAL PUMPJET BLADE AND SHROUD CONFIGURATION

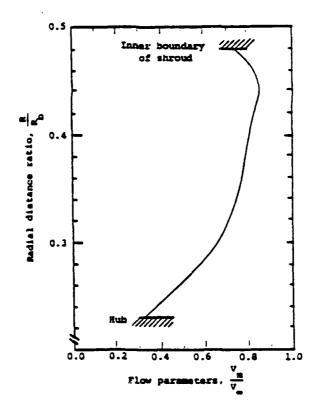


FIGURE 1-2. A TYPICAL MERIDIONAL FLOW VELOCITY (V_m) DISTRIBUTION FOR A PUMPJET WHERE V_∞ IS UPSTREAM FLOW VELOCITY

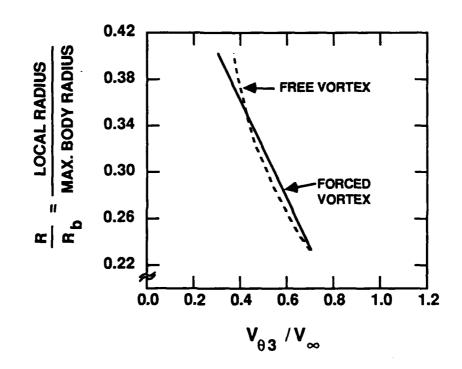
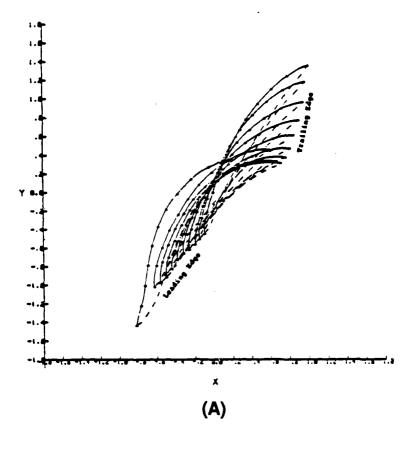


FIGURE 1-3. A TYPICAL LOAD DISTRIBUTION IN TERMS OF $V_{\theta\,3}$ FOR PUMPJET ROTOR BLADE WHERE $V_{\theta\,3}$ IS CIRCUMFERENTIAL COMPONENT OF THE TURNED FLOW VELOCITY



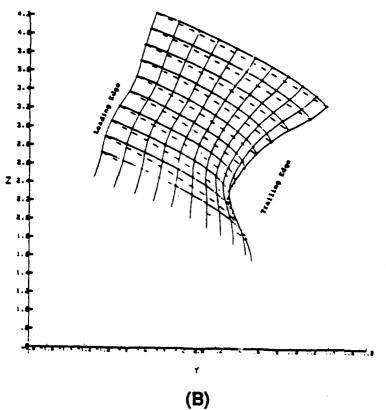


FIGURE 1-4. TYPICAL PUMPJET ROTOR BLADE CONFIGURATION, (A) TOP VIEW AND (B) UPSTREAM VIEW

the midspan area but becomes larger toward the hub and thus the camber is designed to be substantially larger.

This unusual rotor blade setup causes various hydrodynamic problems. First of all, since a typical flow incidence angle near the hub should be surprisingly high (e.g., 30°), even a slight error in design may cause flow separation, possibly cavitation and then noise generation. Secondly, even if design is made properly, the same vulnerable situation is generated with a slight flow disturbance or blade deformation due to fabrication inaccuracy.* A recent study at Tetra Tech (see the report by Furuya, et al. (1984)) indicated that some blade deformation, particularly near the hub, could cause an increase of the power coefficient, C_p, by as much as 7 percent. Furthermore, there exists a profound discrepancy between water tunnel test results and actual sea runs. What causes such a discrepancy has not been clarified to date. It is conceivable that 1) a small trim angle (such as 1 ~ 2°) existing at actual sea runs might have caused a change in boundary layer velocity profile, or 2) the boundary layer may be different between the water tunnel and unbounded flow environment so that the pumpjet performance is substantially affected. It should be noted that the utilization of the boundary layer is an advantage in obtaining the pumpjet's high efficiency on one hand but it is a disadvantage in causing many difficult problems on the other hand.

The turning capability of the underwater vehicle thrusted with a pumpjet is said to be inferior to that with, e.g., a counter-rotating propeller. The reason for such inferior turning capability seems also attributable to the utilization of the wake flow; when the vehicle turns, the boundary layer substantially changes. The pumpjet seems to lose a considerable

^{*} Some pumpjet rotors are produced by investment casting process so that the fabrication accuracy cannot be expected to be high.

thrust capability due to the change of boundary layer velocity profile, resulting in a poor turning capability.

Another problem area in the pumpjet lies in the pumpjet design method. The only design method developed to date and used is a two-dimensional graphic method combined with experimental data of Bruce, et al. (1977) despite the fact that the pumpjet experiences a three-dimensional flow. Based on the momentum theorem applied to the cascade configuration, the blade sectional pressure increase Δp is given

where $\Delta p = K V_m \cdot \Delta V_\theta$

 Δp = local pressure increase through the rotor,

V_m = meridional velocity,

 ΔV_{θ} = circumferential velocity, and

K = a constant determined by the cascade configuration. (1.1)

This two-dimensional momentum theory indicates that, in order to generate a certain pressure increase at a blade section, only the amount of total flow deflection in the circumferential direction (between the inlet and exit) counts, see Figure 1-5. In this method once the sectional blade leading edge and trailing edge angles are determined, then the rest of the blade section can be arbitrarily determined by connecting these predetermined leading and trailing edges, e.g., anglewise smoothly.

One of the obvious problems in this graphic method arises from the fact that the flow coming into the cascade blade cannot exactly follow the blade camber, but substantially deviates from it. What is required therefore is a camber correction, the amount of which

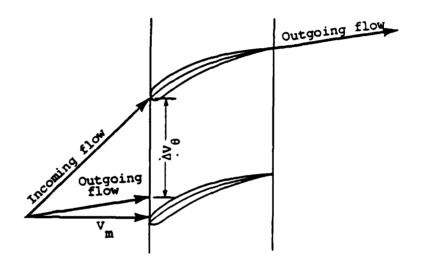


FIGURE 1-5. FLOW CONFIGURATION FOR CASCADE

depends upon the cascade geometry. Unfortunately, a typical pumpjet solidity* near the hub is larger than 2.0 and therefore the camber correction required there becomes as much as 5 times in terms of lift coefficient. It means that the camber graphically constructed should be deformed until the lift coefficient increases by 5 times that graphically obtained. This correction is made semi-empirically based on limited numbers of existing experimental data for cascade blade flows. In this sense, therefore, this graphical method is useless for the blade design near the hub and it can be said that the final design is almost entirely dependent upon these empirical data.

^{*} Solidity is defined as a ratio of blade chord length to blade spacing measured normal to the axial direction and the high solidity means more blade packed cascade.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the work to be conducted under the GHR program are therefore:

- 1) to develop a more reliable and accurate pumpjet design method based on a threedimensional pump or propeller design theory and then
- 2) to improve the pumpjet performance characteristics.

The characteristics to be improved include:

- a) the susceptibility to flow disturbance and rotor's deformation due to fabrication inaccuracy,
- b) the discrepancy problem between the water tunnel test results and high speed sea runs and
- c) the poor turning capability.

3.0 <u>METHODOLOGY SELECTION FOR A THREE-DIMENSIONAL PUMPJET DESIGN</u>

3.1 REQUIREMENTS AND CANDIDATES

There exist several possible approaches which can incorporate three-dimensionality into pumpjet design procedure. However, the following aspects should be considered in selecting such a methodology:

- 1) Moderate three-dimensionality A pumpjet is usually installed astern of the underwater vehicle hull where the hull shape has a negative slope of tapering shape. Although this provides three-dimensional flow characteristics, its three-dimensionality is rather mild, unlike that in radial pump cases.
- 2) Capability of determining detailed blade profile shapes as well as pressure distribution In the previous two-dimensional graphic method Bruce, et al. (1974), the blade profile shape was graphically determined for meeting the head generation requirement. It is mainly for this reason that the method failed to check the possibility of flow separation after the blade was designed. A new method to be developed in this research work should be the one with which the detailed pressure distribution or velocity distribution on the blade can be determined.
- 3) Accurate loading determination supported by experiments When the sectional loading is determined analytically in the course of designing a pumpjet, it is usually quite inaccurate since such loading substantially changes due to the effect of adjacent blades. It is therefore necessary for the new method to incorporate the cascade effect into design procedure, or to use an empirical approach to increase such accuracy.

With these features taken into consideration, the following three candidate methods are compared in Section 3.2:

Method I: Katsanis' Quasi-Three-Dimensional Method

Method II: Blade-Through Flow with Blade-to-Blade Flow Method

Method III: Singularity Distribution Method

for which simple explanation will be given in the following.

Method I: Katsanis' (1964) Quasi-Three-Dimensional Method

In this method it is first assumed that a mean stream surface from hub to shroud between blades is known in advance. On this stream surface a two-dimensional solution for the velocity and pressure distributions is obtained. Then, an approximate calculation of the blade surface velocities is made. This method is based on an equation for the velocity gradient along an arbitrary quasi-orthogonal rather than the normal to the streamline. Since the solution is obtained to this quasi-orthogonal line, in this method, an iteration procedure needed in the previous orthogonal-line methods can be eliminated and a solution can be obtained in a single computer run.

Method II: Blade-Through Flow with Blade-to-Blade Flow Method

The blade-through flow is first obtained by, e.g., Streamline Curvature Method (SCM). Once the stream surface is found, it is mapped to a two-dimensional plane

so that the blades cut through by the stream surface become a row of blades, i.e., cascade on a plane. On this cascade configuration, the blade-to-blade flow will be solved. Difficulty in doing this lies in the fact that the governing equation is not a Laplace equation any more on this two-dimensional plane, but a Poisson equation due to the deviation of stream surface from a perfect cylinder. In order to account for such deviation of stream surface from a perfect cylinder. In order to account for such deviation into the two-dimensional flow, appropriate source/sink and vortices should be distributed over the entire flow field. This, in turn, results in the change of blade camber shape. The design procedure relies on an iteration scheme.

Method III: Singularity Distribution Method

The method is similar to that used in design of conventional propellers, see, e.g., the work by Kerwin and Leopold (1964). The differences in velocities between the pressure and suction sides of a rotor blade can be represented by distributions of singularities such as source/sink and vortex. The strengths of such singularities are determined by satisfying the boundary conditions on the blade surface as well as those at infinity. The methodology is described in the paper of Kerwin and Leopold (1964) in detail.

The disadvantage of the method lies in the computational complexity and instability. Furthermore, this type of method is suitable for design of devices used in the open field, but not so for those used in the internal flow since it does not take advantage of confined flow configuration available for the latter case.

3.2 COMPARISON AND SELECTION

Table 3-1 provides qualitative evaluation on three candidate methods described in the previous section over various hydrodynamic, numerical and design aspects. As seen from this table, a combination of blade-through method with blade-to-blade flow seems to have an advantage over the other two methods. Particularly, the method has the capability of determining detailed blade profile shape as well as loading and velocity/pressure distribution with accuracy verified by existing cascade experimental data. It is for this reason that the blade-through flow with blade-to-blade flow method has been selected as a basic concept for developing a three-dimensional pumpjet design method.

Similar methods already exist for design of quasi-axial pumps and compressors. However, those methods have many inadequate features in their design procedure. Furthermore, it is assumed in these design methods that the incoming flow is more or less uniform, unlike the pumpjet where the rotor should be designed for highly retarded velocity distribution due to viscous boundary layer on the hull. The following section describes the blade-through flow (BT) with blade-to-blade flow (BTB) method with various aspects of modifications and improvement necessary for developing the pumpjet design method.

TABLE 3-1. QUALITATIVE COMPARISONS FOR THE CANDIDATE METHODS AS A THREE-DIMENSIONAL PUMPJET DESIGN METHOD

METHOD	METHOD I KATSANIS METHOD	METHOD II BLADE-THROUGH/ BLADE-TO-BLADE FLOW	METHOD III SINGULARITY DISTRIBUTION METHOD
THREE-DIMENSIONALITY	0	Δ	0
DETERMINATION OF DETAILED BLADE PROFILE SHAPE	X	0	0
ACCURACY IN SECTIONAL BLADE LOADING	Δ	0	Δ
CALCULATION OF PRESSURE/ VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION	Δ	0	Δ
SIMPLICITY IN NUMERICAL COMPUTATIONS	Δ	Δ	x
DESIGN CAPABILITY	Δ	0	0
OVERALL EVALUATION	Δ	0	Δ

0 = EXCELLENT

 $\Delta = GOOD$

X = POOR

4.0 <u>SELECTED DESIGN METHOD – BLADE-THROUGH/BLADE-TO-BLADE METHOD</u>

Design of a pumpjet for an underwater vehicle requires preliminary information on the vehicle including its geometry and hydrodynamic drag coefficient. Furthermore, most importantly, the velocity profile at an upstream reference section should be obtained either analytically or experimentally. Any error in the velocity profile would result in a pumpjet of lower efficiency or failure of the pumpjet meeting the specifications at the design point. In the present study, it is assumed that this velocity profile is given at a goal speed or at the corresponding Reynolds number.

The first step for design of a pumpjet (see Figure 4-1) is to determine the shroud intake diameter. From the viewpoint of cavitation, the maximum and minimum shroud diameter to prevent cavitation must exist. If it is too large, the rotor blade tip speed becomes too high so that cavitation occurs. On the other hand, if it is too small, the rotation speed must be increased to generate the required head so that the chance of cavitation inception also increases. Another aspect of determining the shroud diameter stems from consideration of the overall propulsive efficiency. The equation for global momentum balance should be able to determine an efficiency-optimum shroud diameter for the given velocity profile and vehicle drag. The detailed mathematical formulation and sample calculations will be given in Section 4.1.

Once the shroud diameter is determined, the streamline will be calculated by using the streamline curvature method (SCM). In this calculation, the loading distribution on the rotor and blade thickness must be assumed in advance. One of the major concerns in using the existing streamline curvature method lies in the fact that SCM may only be used for relatively uniform incoming flow, but may generate a substantial error for a thick wake

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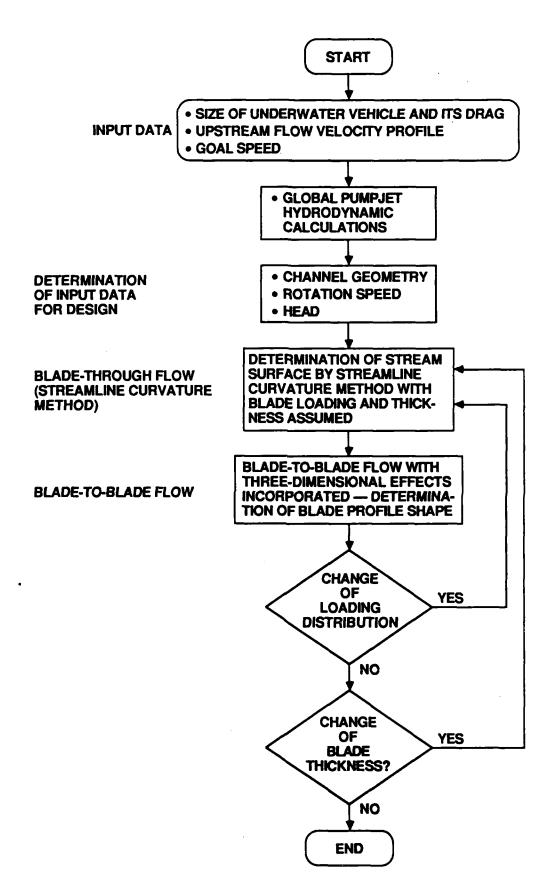


FIGURE 4-1. FLOW CHART OF THE SELECTED PUMPJET DESIGN METHOD

(•

flow, i.e., highly retarded flow due to the viscous boundary layer on the vehicle hull. Detailed mathematical formulation and sample calculations are presented in Section 4.2. Also included are discussions regarding the problems of application of conventional SCM to the thick wake flow.

The next step of the design method is to map the stream tube or surface calculated by SCM onto a plane so that the rotor blades are mapped into cascade configuration. If the stream surface is totally cylindrical shape, the governing equation to be used for the cascade analysis will be a Laplace equation. Unfortunately, the stream surface is of threedimensional cone shape in general for the tail cone section of the underwater vehicle. The field governing equation now becomes a Poisson equation, for which the results of powerful. potential theory analysis are no more applicable. A method of correcting the effect of the Poisson equation on the potential theory results is introduced to modify the blade profile shape obtained in the potential theory. In choosing the blade profile shape, the experimental data are used to ensure that there is no chance of flow separation due to overloading on the blade. Furthermore, based on the calculated velocity along the blade, the cavitation inception is checked. If there exists a chance of either flow separation or cavitation, the loading distribution from hub to tip should be changed. If such a change is made, and/or thickness of blades is changed, the streamline curvature method should be used again to determine the new location of streamline or stream surface. This iterative Section 4.3 describes the technical approach to be used for the blade-to-blade flow analysis.

4.1 PUMPJET GLOBAL HYDRODYNAMICS

It is a well-known fact that the pumpjet utilizes the tailcone low-energy, boundary layer flow in order to achieve its high efficiency. It means that the optimum* pumpjet design depends entirely upon the incoming flow velocity profile.

Figure 4-2 shows a schematic diagram of an underwater vehicle tail cone/pumpjet flow.

1 and 7 in Figure 4-2 are considered to be the upstream and downstream reference stations, respectively, where it is assumed that the freestream static pressure exists, whereas 2 and 3 are the rotor inlet and exit stations.

4.1.1 Calculation of Thrust Force

The thrust force, T, due to the pumpjet work can be determined by applying the momentum equation to the control volume enclosed by stations 1, 7 and the stagnation streamline (see Figure 4-2).

$$T = \int_{r_{H7}}^{r_{T7}} d\dot{m}_{7} \cdot V_{7} (r) \cos\theta_{7} - \int_{r_{H1}}^{r_{T1}} d\dot{m}_{1} \cdot V_{1} (r) \cos\theta_{1} \qquad (4.1.1-1)$$

where
$$\dim_7 = \rho 2\pi r V_7 (r) \cos \theta_7 dr$$

 $\dim_1 = \rho 2\pi r V_1 (r) \cos \theta_1 dr$ (4.1.1-2)

 $V_1(r)$, $V_7(r) =$ meridional flow velocities at \bigcirc and \bigcirc , respectively. $\theta_1, \theta_7 =$ meridional flow angles at \bigcirc and \bigcirc , respectively.

^{*}Note: By "optimum" pumpjet design it means that of proving the maximum propulsion efficiency.

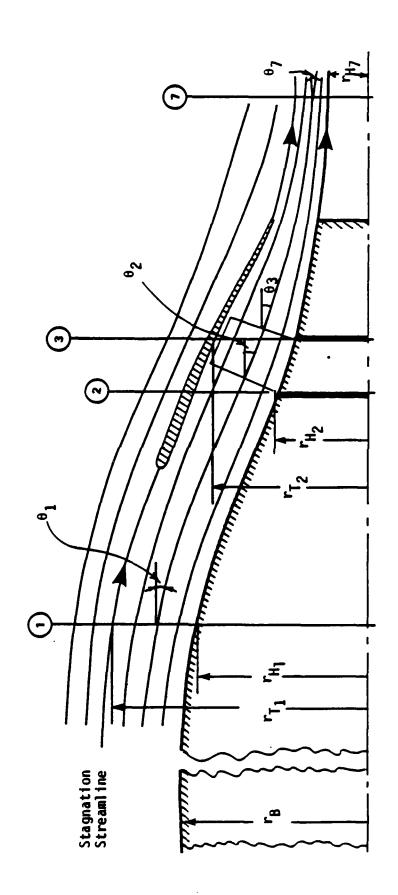


FIGURE 4-2. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF PUMPJET FLOW

964-8-10 080888 Therefore

$$T = \int_{r_{H_7}}^{r_{T_7}} \rho 2\pi r V_7^2 (r) \cos^2 \theta_7 dr - \int_{r_{H_1}}^{r_{T_1}} \rho 2\pi r V_1^2 (r) \cos^2 \theta_1 dr \qquad (4.1.1-3)$$

Defining the following quantities,

$$\frac{\overline{V_7}}{V_{\infty}} = \frac{\int_{r_{H7}/r_B}^{r_{T7}/r_B} \left(\frac{V_7(r)}{V_{\infty}}\right)^2 \frac{r}{r_B} \cdot \cos\theta_7 d\left(\frac{r}{r_B}\right)}{\int_{r_{H7}/r_B}^{r_{T7}/r_B} \frac{V_7(r)}{V_{\infty}} \frac{r}{r_B} \cos\theta_7 \cdot d\left(\frac{r}{r_B}\right)}$$
(4.1.1-4)

$$\frac{\overline{V}_{1}}{V_{\infty}} = \frac{\int_{r_{H1}/r_{B}}^{r_{T1}/r_{B}} \left(\frac{V_{1}(r)}{V_{\infty}}\right)^{2} \frac{r}{r_{B}} \cos\theta_{1} d\left(\frac{r}{r_{B}}\right)}{\int_{r_{H1}/r_{B}}^{r_{T1}/r_{B}} \frac{V_{1}(r)}{V_{\infty}} \frac{r}{r_{B}} \cos\theta_{1} d\left(\frac{r}{r_{B}}\right)}$$

$$(4.1.1-5)$$

and normalizing T, Eqn. (4.1.1-3) becomes

$$C_{T} = \frac{T}{\frac{1}{2}\rho V_{\infty}^{2} \cdot A_{B}}$$

$$= \frac{\int_{r_{H7}}^{r_{T7}} \rho 2\pi r V_{7}^{2}(r) \cos^{2}\theta_{7} dr - \int_{r_{H1}}^{r_{T1}} \rho 2\pi r V_{1}^{2}(r) \cos^{2}\theta_{1} dr}{\frac{1}{2}\rho V_{\infty}^{2} \pi r_{B}^{2}}$$

$$= 4 \left[\int_{r_{H7}/r_{B}}^{r_{T7}/r_{B}} \left(\frac{V_{7}(r)}{V_{\infty}} \right)^{2} \left(\frac{r}{r_{B}} \right) \cos^{2}\theta_{7} d \left(\frac{r}{r_{B}} \right) - \int_{r_{H1}/r_{B}}^{r_{T1}/r_{B}} \left(\frac{V_{1}(r)}{V_{\infty}} \right)^{2} \left(\frac{r}{r_{B}} \right) \cos^{2}\theta_{1} d \left(\frac{r}{r_{B}} \right) \right]$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{\overline{V}_{7}}{V_{\infty}} \cos\theta_{7} - \frac{\overline{V}_{1}}{V_{\infty}} \cos\theta_{1} \right) C_{m}$$

$$(4.1.1-6)$$

where the mass conservation equation below has been used;

$$C_{\rm m} = C_{\rm m1} = C_{\rm m7}$$
 (4.1.1-7)

$$m_1 = \int_{r_{H_1}}^{r_{T_1}} \rho 2\pi r V_1 (r) \cos \theta_1 dr$$
 (4.1.1-8)

$$\dot{m}_7 = \int_{r_{H7}}^{r_{T7}} \rho 2\pi r V_7 (r) \cos\theta_7 dr$$
 (4.1.1-9)

$$C_{m1} = \frac{\dot{m}_1}{\rho V_{\infty} \pi r_B^2} = 2 \int_{r_{H1}/r_B}^{r_{T1}/r_B} \frac{V_1(r)}{V_{\infty}} \cdot \frac{r}{r_B} \cos \theta_1 d\left(\frac{r}{r_B}\right)$$
(4.1.1-10)

$$C_{m7} = \frac{\dot{m}_7}{\rho V_{\infty} \pi r_B^2} = 2 \int_{r_{H7}/r_B}^{r_{\uparrow \uparrow}/r_B} \frac{V_7(r)}{V_{\infty}} \frac{r}{r_B} \cos \theta_7 \cdot d\left(\frac{r}{r_B}\right)$$
(4.1.1-11)

Let's define

$$\frac{\Delta V_{a}}{V_{cc}} = \frac{V_{7} \cos \theta_{7}}{V_{cc}} - \frac{V_{1} \cos \theta_{1}}{V_{cc}}$$
 (4.1.1-12)

then we obtain, from (4.1.1-6)

$$C_{T} = 2 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta V_{a}}{V_{\infty}}\right) \cdot C_{m}$$
 (4.1.1-13)

Note that

$$C_m = 2 \cdot \left(\frac{\overline{V}_1}{V_{\infty}}\right) \frac{A_1}{A_B} \tag{4.1.1-14}$$

where

$$\frac{1}{V_{\infty}} = \frac{\int_{r_{H1}/r_{B}}^{r_{T1}/r_{B}} \frac{V_{1}(r)}{V_{\infty}} \left(\frac{r}{r_{B}}\right) \cos\theta_{1} d\left(\frac{r}{r_{B}}\right)}{\int_{r_{H1}/r_{B}}^{r_{T1}/r_{B}} \left(\frac{r}{r_{B}}\right) \cos\theta_{1} d\left(\frac{r}{r_{B}}\right)}$$

$$(4.1.1-15)$$

4.1.2 Relationship Between Pump Head and Thrust

The hydraulic head of the pump $\boldsymbol{\tilde{H}}_R$ is given

$$\frac{\widetilde{H}_{R}}{V_{\infty}^{2}/2g} = \frac{2 \int_{r_{H3}/r_{B}}^{r_{T3}/r_{B}} \frac{V_{3}}{V_{\infty}} \frac{U}{V_{\infty}} \frac{V_{\theta 3}}{V_{\infty}} \frac{r}{r_{B}} \frac{1}{\cos \theta_{3}} d\left(\frac{r}{r_{B}}\right)}{\int_{r_{H3}/r_{B}}^{r_{T3}/r_{B}} \frac{V_{3}}{V_{\infty}} \frac{r}{r_{B}} \frac{1}{\cos \theta_{3}} d\left(\frac{r}{r_{B}}\right)}$$
(4.1.2-1)

where $V_3(r)$, $V_{\theta 3}(r)$ = meridional and circumferential velocities at station (3), respectively.

With the hydraulic efficiency η_R introduced, the actual head generated in the fluid is \tilde{H} ,

$$\widetilde{H} = \eta_{R} \cdot \widetilde{H}_{R} \qquad (4.1.2-2)$$

where \tilde{H} can be defined

$$\frac{\widetilde{H}}{V_{\infty}^{2}/2g} = \left(\frac{\widetilde{V}_{7}}{V_{\infty}}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{\widetilde{V}_{1}}{V_{\infty}}\right)^{2} + K_{1} \left(\frac{\widetilde{V}_{1}}{V_{\infty}}\right)^{2}$$
(4.1.2-3)

where

$$\left(\frac{\widetilde{V}_{7}}{V_{\infty}}\right)^{2} = \frac{\int_{r_{H7}/r_{B}}^{r_{T7}/r_{B}} \left(\frac{V_{7}(r)}{V_{\infty}}\right)^{3} \frac{r}{r_{B}} \cos\theta_{7} d\left(\frac{r}{r_{B}}\right)}{\int_{r_{H7}/r_{B}}^{r_{T7}/r_{B}} \left(\frac{V_{7}(r)}{V_{\infty}}\right) \frac{r}{r_{B}} \cos\theta_{7} d\left(\frac{r}{r_{B}}\right)}$$

$$(4.1.2-4)$$

$$\frac{-\frac{V_1}{V_{\infty}}}{V_{\infty}} = \frac{\int_{r_{H1}/r_B}^{r_{T1}/r_B} \frac{V_1(r)}{V_{\infty}} \left(\frac{r}{r_B}\right) \cos\theta_1 d\left(\frac{r}{r_B}\right)}{\int_{r_{H1}/r_B}^{r_{T1}/r_B} \left(\frac{r}{r_B}\right) \cos\theta_1 d\left(\frac{r}{r_B}\right)}$$
(4.1.2-5)

 K_1 = head loss coefficient between station 1 and 7 (but mostly inlet loss and see Appendix for determining K_1).

Since

and $\Delta \bar{\bar{V}}_m$ can be approximated as $\Delta \bar{\bar{V}}_m \simeq \tilde{V}_7$ - \tilde{V}_1 , Eqn. (4.1.2-3) becomes

$$\frac{H}{V_{\infty}^{2}/2g} = 2 \frac{\Delta V_{m}}{V_{\infty}} \cdot \frac{\widetilde{V}_{1}}{V_{\infty}} + \left(\frac{\Xi}{V_{\infty}}\right)^{2} + K_{1} \left(\frac{\widetilde{V}_{1}}{V_{\infty}}\right)^{2} . \tag{4.1.2-7}$$

From Eqns. (4.1.1-12) and (4.1.2-7),

$$\frac{\Delta V_{m}}{V_{\infty}} = \frac{\frac{\Delta V_{a}}{V_{\infty}} + \frac{V_{1}}{V_{\infty}} \left(\cos\theta_{1} - \cos\theta_{7}\right)}{\cos\theta_{7}}$$

$$(4.1.2-8)$$

4.1.3 Power Calculation

The power to be used on the pumpjet rotor shaft can be calculated by integrating the product of the local head and the local mass flow rate over the entire duct flow,

$$P = \int \rho g \Delta Q H ,$$

or in terms of the power coefficient

$$C_{P} = \frac{P}{\frac{1}{2}\rho V_{\infty}^{3} A_{B}} = \frac{\int \rho g \Delta Q H}{\frac{1}{2}\rho V_{\infty}^{3} \pi r_{B}^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{\rho g \int_{r_{H3}}^{r_{T3}} \frac{V_{\theta 3} \cdot U}{g} \cdot V_{3}(r) 2\pi r \frac{1}{\cos \theta_{3}} dr}{\frac{1}{2}\rho V_{\infty}^{3} \pi r_{B}^{2}}$$

or

$$C_{P} = 4 \int_{r_{H3}/r_{B}}^{r_{T3}/r_{B}} \left(\frac{V_{\theta 3}}{V_{\infty}}\right) \left(\frac{U}{V_{\infty}}\right) \left(\frac{V_{3}(r)}{V_{\infty}}\right) \frac{r}{r_{B}} \frac{1}{\cos_{\theta 3}} d\left(\frac{r}{r_{B}}\right) . \tag{4.1.3-1}$$

From (4.1.2-1),

$$C_{P} = 2 \frac{\widetilde{H}_{R}}{V_{\infty}^{2}/2g} \cdot \int_{r_{H3}/r_{B}}^{r_{T3}/r_{B}} \frac{V_{3}}{V_{\infty}} \frac{r}{r_{B}} \frac{1}{\cos_{\theta 3}} d\left(\frac{r}{r_{B}}\right)$$
$$= \frac{\widetilde{H}_{R}}{V_{\infty}^{2}/2g} \cdot C_{m} ,$$

or

$$C_{P} = \frac{1}{\eta_{R}} \cdot \frac{\widetilde{H}}{V_{\infty}^{2}/2g} \cdot C_{m}$$
 (4.1.3-2)

Therefore, the propulsive efficiency η_p can be calculated from the following definition:

$$\eta_{P} = \frac{C_{T}}{C_{P}} \tag{4.1.3-3}$$

4.1.4 <u>Procedure of Calculating Propulsive Efficiency with V₁(r), etc. given and Sample Results</u>

Now all tools for calculating the propulsive efficiency η_p with V_1 (r) given are provided. The principal equations to be used will be Eqns. (4.1.1-13), (4.1.2-6), (4.1.2-8), (4.1.3-2), and (4.1.3-3). A flow chart describing the calculation procedure is given in Figure 4-3.

Sample velocity profiles, $V_1(r)$ and $V_2(r)$, are shown in Figures 4-4 and 4-5. The flow angles, θ_1 , θ_2 , and θ_7 can be obtained from the drawings of a typical underwater vehicle tail cone profile. The head loss coefficient, K_1 , can be calculated from the formula given in Appendix A with the velocity distributions and pressure distributions both at stations 1 and 2, which are also given in Figures 4-4 and 4-5.

Figures 4-6 to 4-7 show the results of calculations made for various parameters, including the shroud opening diameter, r_1/r_B , the exit jet flow angle θ_7 , and flow velocity amplification factor. The design values of r_1/r_B and flow amplification factor are known, i.e.,

$$(r_1/r_B)_D = .93.$$

Flow Amplification Factor = 1

but that of θ_7 is not known except for the fact that the average geometric angle of the shroud and tail cone angle at exit is about 11°. Thereoetically, however, the jet coming out from the shroud exit with 11° should align itself in the direction of the body axis, indicating that θ_7 could be zero. The present calculations were therefore made for $\theta_7 = 0^\circ$, 5° , 8° and 11° .

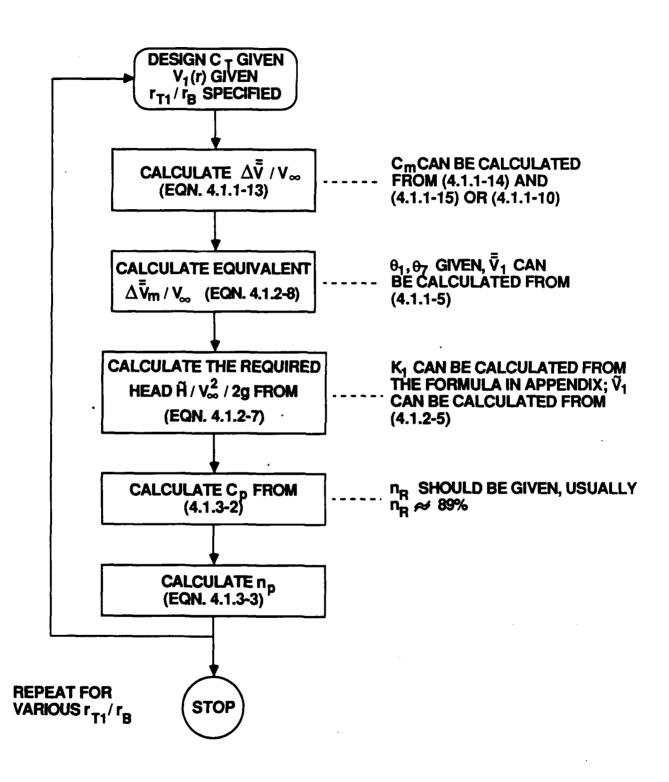


FIGURE 4-3. FLOW CHART FOR CALCULATION OF THE PUMPJET EFFICIENCY

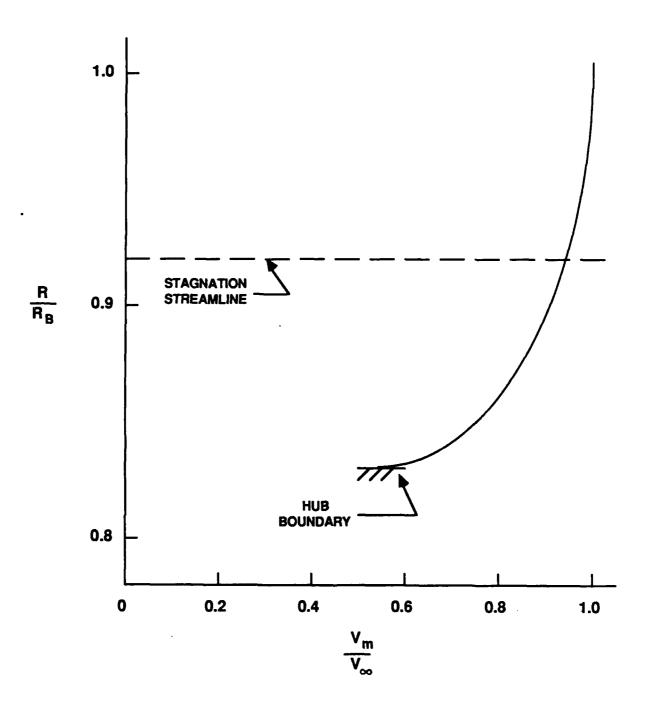


FIGURE 4-4. MERIDIONAL VELOCITY AT STATION 1
OF FIGURE 4-2

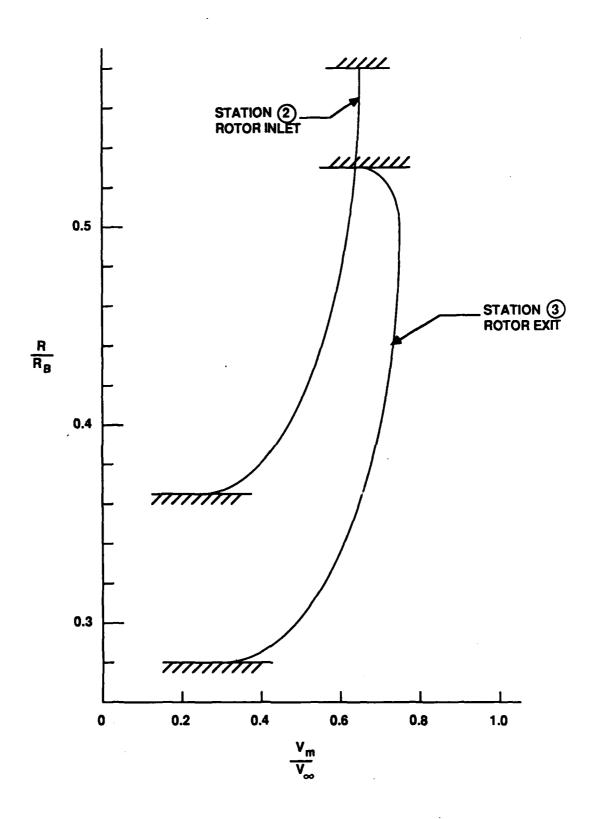


FIGURE 4-5. MERIDIONAL VELOCITY DISTRIBUTIONS AT STATIONS ② AND ③ OF FIGURE 4-2

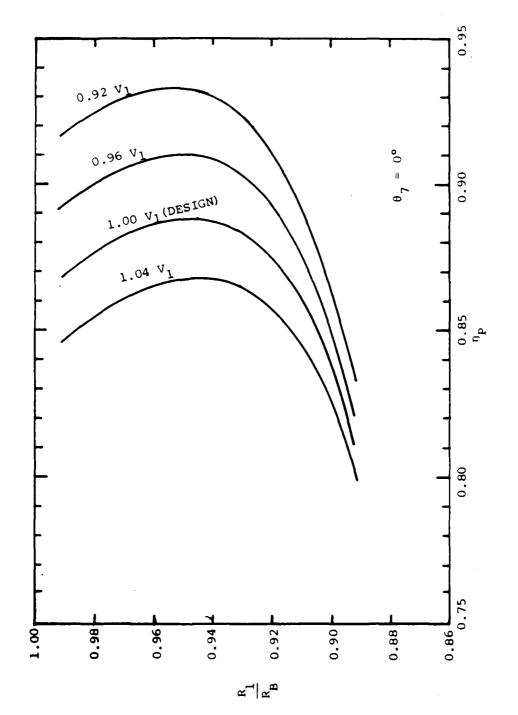


FIGURE 4-6. CALCULATED PROPULSIVE EFFICIENCY AS FUNCTIONS OF R₁ / R_B (STAGNATION STREAMLINE RADIUS) WITH THE INCOMING FLOW VELOCITY AMPLIFICATION FACTOR, $\theta_7 = 0^\circ$

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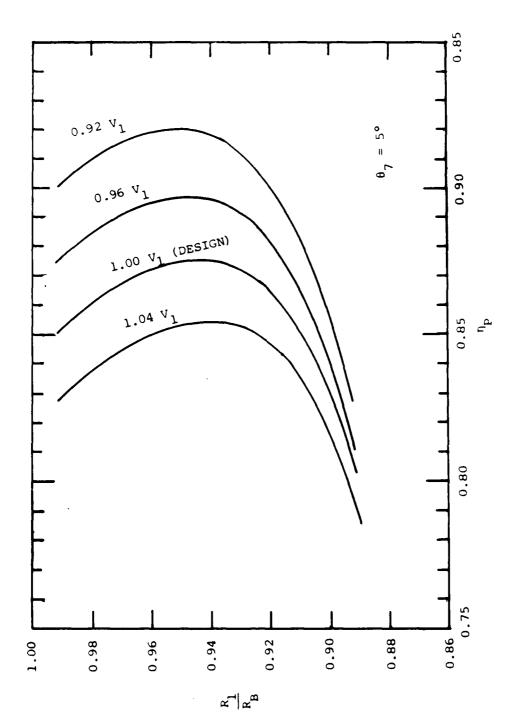


FIGURE 4-7. THE SAME AS FIGURE 4-6, EXCEPT FOR $\theta_7 = 5^\circ$

The shroud opening, r_1/r_B , was also varied in the present analysis in order to determine the optimum shroud opening radius in terms of efficiency. Also changed was the incoming flow velocity amplitude to investigate a possibility of pumpjet efficiency improvement in combination with the tail cone flow pattern change.

The pump hydraulic efficiency η_R for this type of pump, used in the analysis, is about 89°, which is the measured value by many pump makers.

Figures 4-6 to 4-8 show the calculated propulsive efficiencies as a function of the shroud opening r_1/r_B with the flow amplification factor as a parameter for $\theta_7 = 0^{\circ}$, 5° and 11° , respectively. As can be seen from these figures, the efficiency curve has the maximum value at an r_1/r_B value specific for the conditions used.

Figure 4-6 shows that the efficiency at the design condition should be 88.4% when $\theta_7 = 0^\circ$ is assumed. The design shroud opening, $r_1/r_B = .93$, is slightly on the smaller side than that for the maximum efficiency. The maximum efficiency of 88.8% can be obtained at a slightly larger shroud radius, i.e., $r_1/r_B = .93$, is slightly on the smaller side than that for the maximum efficiency. The maximum efficiency of 88.8% can be obtained at a slightly larger shroud radius, i.e., $r_1/r_B = .95$. Also seen from Figure 4-6 is the fact that the smaller the incoming flow velocity, the larger the maximum propulsive efficiency. This indicates that, if the incoming velocity amplitude at the tail cone area can be reduced by some means, the propulsive efficiency of the pumpjet is substantially increased.

It should also be remembered that the actual efficiency achieved is 76.9%, much lower than any of the values calculated here.

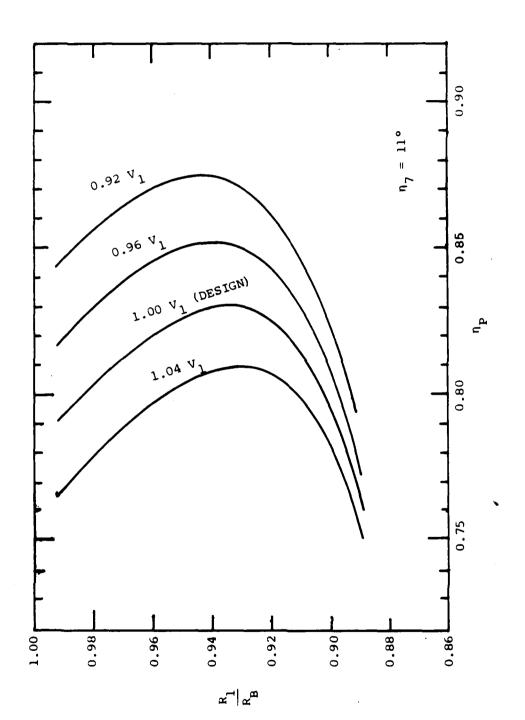


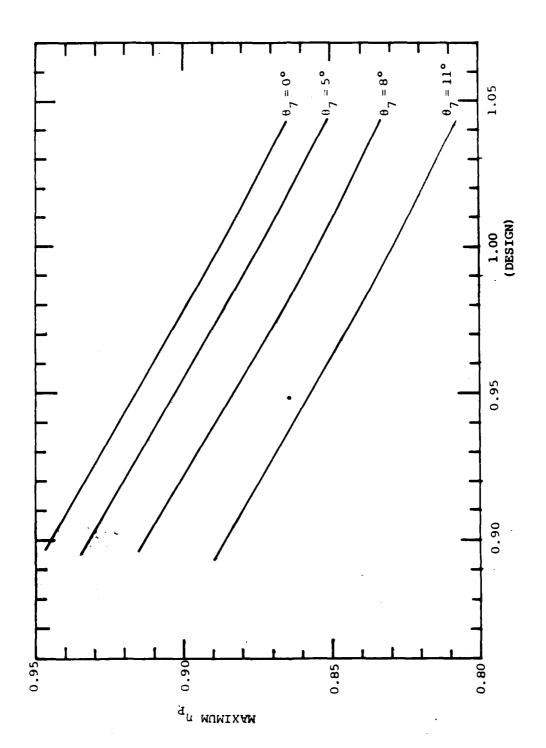
FIGURE 4-8. THE SAME AS FIGURE 4-6, EXCEPT FOR $\theta_7 = 11^\circ$

As θ_7 increases, the efficiency curves shift to the lower efficiency side, see Figures 4-6 to 4-8. This is naturally expected since the jet thrusting force is not effectively utilized as θ_7 increases.

It may also be coincidental, as seen in Figure 4-8, that if $\theta_7 = 11^\circ$ is used as obtained from the pumpjet exit geometry, the current shroud opening, $r_1/r_B = .93$, is the optimum selection for providing the maximum efficiency, 82.9%, smaller than that of the original design. It should be pointed out that if $\theta_7 = 11^\circ$ is the true exit jet flow angle, an increase in the shroud radius for alleviating the flow separation problem may cost a substantial efficiency loss (see Figure 4-8). On the other hand, if $\theta_7 = 0^\circ$ is the true value, a moderate increase (e.g., 2%) in the shroud radius will increase the efficiency in addition to the efficiency gained due to the suppression of the flow separation. However, again the penalty exists when the amount of shroud radius increase exceeds more than four percent.

Figure 4-9 summarizes the present calculations in terms of the maximum propulsive efficiency with θ_7 and the flow amplification factor as parameters. It is shown that a substantial efficiency improvement may be achieved by:

- reducing the incoming flow velocity amplitude by modifying the tail cone profile shape and thus changing the boundary layer flow,
- 2) choosing the optimum shroud opening radius depending on the flow conditions (see also Figures 4-6 to 4-8),
- 3) redirecting the jet flow at the shroud exit as close to the body axis as possible, if the jet flow of the current design is not.



MAXIMUM PROPULSIVE EFFICIENCY AS A FUNCTION OF THE INCOMING FLOW VELOCITY AMPLIFICATION FACTOR WITH θ_{γ} AS A PARAMETER FIGURE 4-9.

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4.2 BLADE-THROUGH FLOW ANALYSIS – STREAMLINE CURVATURE METHOD (SCM)

4.2.1 Mathematical Formulation

From the definition of entropy, S, in the second law of thermodynamics, the following relationship is obtained for a reversible transformation, i.e.,

$$\mathsf{TVS} = \mathsf{VQ} \tag{4.2.1-1}$$

where T is the temperature and ∇Q is the amount of heat the system under consideration receives. On the other hand, the first law of thermodynamics says

$$\nabla \mathsf{E} = \nabla \mathsf{Q} + \nabla \mathsf{W} \tag{4.2.1-2}$$

where E is the internal energy and W is the work performed on the fluid. Since $\nabla W = -p\nabla v$, (4.2.1-2) becomes

$$\nabla E = \nabla Q - p \nabla v \left(\frac{1}{\rho} \right)$$

$$= \nabla Q - p \nabla \left(\frac{1}{\rho} \right)$$
(4.2.1-3)

where v is the specific volume of fluid and, in terms of fluid density, ρ , $v=1/\rho$. The definition of enthalpy, H, is given by

$$H = \frac{1}{2} u^2 + E + \frac{p}{\rho} + \psi \tag{4.2.1-4}$$

where u is the amplitude of low velocity and ψ is the potential energy. Gradient of H yields

$$\nabla H = \nabla \left(\frac{1}{2} u^2 + \psi\right) + \nabla E + \frac{1}{\rho} \nabla \rho + \rho \nabla \left(\frac{1}{\rho}\right)$$

From the above equation and Eqn. (4.2.1-3),

$$\nabla H = T\nabla S + \nabla \left(\frac{1}{2}u^2 + \psi\right) + \frac{1}{\rho}\nabla p \qquad (4.2.1-5)$$

The steady-state momentum theorem gives

$$\rho \underline{\mathbf{u}} \cdot \nabla \underline{\mathbf{u}} = -\nabla \mathbf{p} - \rho \nabla \Psi \tag{4.2.1-6}$$

where an assumption has been made that $-\nabla \psi = \mathbf{F}$, where \mathbf{F} is an external force. By using a vector identity, $\mathbf{u} \times (\nabla \times \mathbf{u}) = 1/2 \ \nabla \ \mathbf{u}^2 - \mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla \mathbf{u}$, Eqn. (4.2.1-6) is now written

$$\underline{u}x\left(\nabla x\underline{u}\right) = \frac{1}{2}\nabla u^2 + \nabla \psi + \frac{1}{\rho}\nabla \rho$$

or
$$\underline{u} \times 2\underline{\omega} = \nabla \left(\frac{u^2}{2} + \psi\right) + \frac{1}{\rho} \nabla \rho$$
 (4.2.1-7)

where $\underline{\omega} = \nabla \times \underline{u}$. Substituting Eqn. (4.2.1-5) into (4.2.1-7) gives

$$\underline{\mathbf{u}} \times 2\underline{\mathbf{w}} = \nabla \mathbf{H} - \mathbf{T} \nabla \mathbf{S}$$
 , (4.2.1-8)

a relation first found by Crocco (1937), which will be used to derive the formula used for SCM hereafter.

By using the cylindrical coordinate system (r, θ, z) , the velocity components of \underline{u} are defined by

$$\underline{\mathbf{u}} = (\mathbf{u}_r, \mathbf{u}_\theta, \mathbf{u}_z) \quad . \tag{4.2.1.9}$$

Thus, the components of vortex term ω are written

(a)
$$2\underline{\omega}_r = (\nabla \times \underline{u})_r = \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{\partial u_z}{\partial \theta} - \frac{\partial ru_{\theta}}{\partial z} \right)$$

(b)
$$2\underline{\omega}_{\theta} = (\nabla \times \underline{u})_{\theta} = \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial r}$$

(c)
$$2\underline{\omega}_z = (\nabla \times \underline{u})_z = \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{\partial r u_\theta}{\partial r} - \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} \right)$$
 (4.2.1-10)

By introducing a direction m, defined by, (see also Fig. 4-10)

(a)
$$dm : dr : dz = u_m : u_r : u_z$$

(b)
$$u_m^2 = u_r^2 + u_z^2$$

(c)
$$\tan \phi = u_r/u_z$$

(d)
$$u_r = u_m \sin \phi$$

(e)
$$u_z = u_m \cos \phi$$
 , (4.2.1-11)

it becomes evident that the m-direction is the "meridional direction" or on the projection of streamline in the r-z plane. The directional derivative with respect to m then becomes

(a)
$$u_m \frac{\partial}{\partial m} = u_r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + u_z \frac{\partial}{\partial z}$$

(b)
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial m} = \frac{\partial r}{\partial m} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial m} \frac{\partial}{\partial z}$$
$$= \sin \phi \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \cos \phi \frac{\partial}{\partial z}$$
(4.2.1-12)

where (4.2.1-11) has been used.

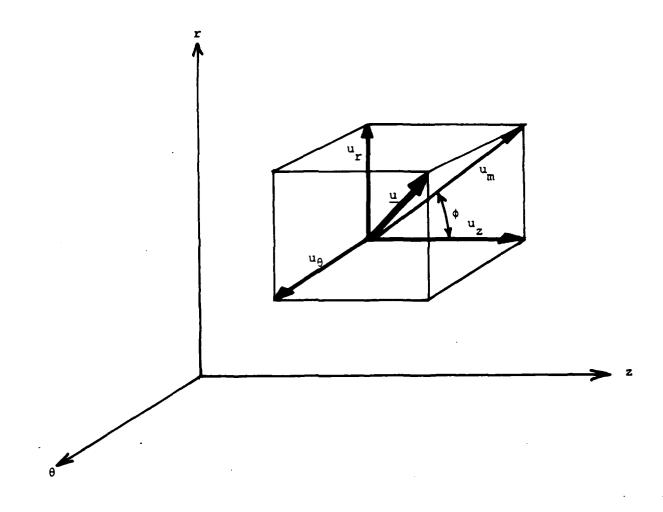


FIGURE 4-10. VELOCITY DIAGRAM

964-8-19 080888 Furthermore, the θ-component of the Crocco equation (4.2.1-8) gives

$$\frac{u_z}{r} \left(\frac{\partial u_z}{\partial \theta} - \frac{\partial ru_\theta}{\partial z} \right) - \frac{u_r}{r} \left(\frac{\partial ru_\theta}{\partial r} - \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} \right) \\
= \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial \theta} - T \frac{\partial S}{\partial \theta} \right) \tag{4.2.1-13}$$

Under the assumption of axisymmetricity,

$$\frac{\partial H}{\partial \theta} = 0$$

$$T \frac{\partial S}{\partial \theta} = 0 ,$$

so that Eqn. (4.2.1-13) becomes

$$u_r \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} + u_z \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial \theta} = u_r \frac{\partial ru_r}{\partial r} + u_z \frac{\partial ru_\theta}{\partial z}$$

or
$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(u_r^2 + u_z^2 \right) = u_m \frac{\partial r u_\theta}{\partial m}$$

Using (4.2.1-11b),

$$\frac{\partial u_m}{\partial \theta} = \frac{\partial r u_\theta}{\partial m} \tag{4.2.1-14}$$

It is now ready to perform a coordinate transform of Eqn. (4.2.1-10) by using Eqns. (4.2.1-11), (4.2.1-12) and (4.2.1-14). The result is

(a)
$$2\underline{\omega}_r = (\nabla x \underline{u})_r = \frac{\tan\phi}{r} \left[\frac{\partial r u_\theta}{\partial r} - \sin\phi \frac{\partial r u_\theta}{\partial m} - u_m \cos\phi \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial \theta} \right]$$

(b)
$$2\underline{\omega}_{\theta} = (\nabla x \underline{u})_{\theta} = \frac{1}{u_{m} \cos \phi} \left[u_{m}^{2} \left(\frac{\sin \phi}{u_{m}} \frac{\partial u_{m}}{\partial m} - \frac{\cos \phi}{r_{m}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial u_{m}^{2}}{\partial r} \right]$$

(c)
$$2\underline{\omega}_z = (\nabla x \underline{u})_z = \frac{1}{r} \left[\frac{\partial r u_\theta}{\partial r} - \sin \phi \frac{\partial r u_\theta}{\partial m} - u_m \cos \phi \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \theta} \right]$$
 (4.2.1-15)

where r_m is the radius of curvature of the meridional streamline projection, defined by

$$\frac{1}{r_{\rm m}} = -\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial m} \tag{4.2.1-16}$$

Further application of axisymmetricity to Eqn. (4.2.1-15) yields

(a)
$$2\underline{\omega}_r = (\nabla x \underline{u})_r = \frac{\tan \phi}{r} \left(\frac{\partial n u_\theta}{\partial r} \right)$$

(b)
$$2\omega_{\theta} = (\nabla x_{\underline{u}})_{\theta} = \frac{1}{u_{m}\cos\phi} \left[u_{m}^{2} \left(\frac{\sin\phi}{u_{m}} \frac{\partial u_{m}}{\partial m} - \frac{\cos\phi}{r_{m}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial u_{m}^{2}}{\partial r} \right]$$

(c)
$$2\underline{\omega}_z = \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{\partial r u_\theta}{\partial r} \right)$$
 (4.2.1-17)

where the following relations

$$\frac{\partial m}{\partial \theta} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial m}{\partial \theta} = 0$$

have been applied.

The right-hand side of Eqn. (4.2.1-8) becomes VH under the assumption of adiabatic process for the fluid to go through the pump channel.

Now, it is ready to write the r-component of Eqn. (4.2.1-8) for the meridional flow velocity and the final form is shown after some rearrangements:

$$\frac{\partial u_{m}^{2}}{\partial r} + 2 \left(-\frac{\sin\phi}{u_{m}} \frac{\partial u_{m}}{\partial m} + \frac{\cos\phi}{r_{m}} \right) u_{m}^{2} = 2 \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial r} - \frac{u_{\theta}}{r} \frac{\partial r u_{\theta}}{\partial r} \right)$$
(4.2.1-18)

Eqn. (4.2.1-18) can be written as

$$\frac{\partial u_m^2}{\partial r} + P(r) u_m^2 = T(r) \qquad (4.2.1-19)$$

where

$$P(r) = 2 \left(-\frac{\sin\phi}{u_m} \frac{\partial u_m}{\partial m} + \frac{\cos\phi}{r_m} \right)$$

$$T(r) = 2 \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial r} - \frac{u_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial r u_\theta}{\partial r} \right)$$
(4.2.1-20)

In Eqns. (4.2.1-18) – (4.2.1-20) the first term of P(r), i.e., $\sin\phi/u_m \cdot \partial m_m/\partial m$, will provide some difficulty in numerical computations since it is related to the derivatives with respect to "m". The basic philosophy of the streamline curvature method is to express the meridional velocity in terms of "r" and "r-derivatives" so that u_m can be solved in the direction of r only. This feature will be of advantage in numerical computations since the derivatives with respect to "m" are not needed and thus the m-directional control points do not have to be taken in fine increments. Fortunately, $\sin\phi/u_m \cdot \partial u_m/\partial m$ can be expressed in terms of r by using the continuity equation.

$$\frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial ru_r}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} = 0.$$

Again, applying the axisymmetric assumption and Eqns. (4.2.1-11), (4.2.1-12) and (4.2.1-16), the following relation is obtained

$$\frac{\sin \phi}{u_{m}} \cdot \frac{\partial u_{m}}{\partial m} = -\left[\frac{\sin^{2} \phi}{r} \left(1 + \frac{r}{r_{m} \cos \phi}\right) + \tan \phi \cdot \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r}\right]$$
(4.2.1-21)

The basic equation for the streamline curvature method, i.e., Eqn. (4.2.1-18), is expressed in terms of "r" except for the radius of curvature, r_m , so that it can be readily solved numerically. The only problem remaining is that $u_m(r)$ cannot be uniquely determined. This problem can be resolved by applying the mass conservation equation

$$2\pi \int_{r_h}^{r_s} K_b \cdot \rho r \, u_m(r) \, \cos \phi_q \, dr = \dot{G}$$
 (4.2.1-22)

where K_b is the blockage factor due to the blade displacement thickness as well as that of the boundary layer, and ϕ_q is the angle between the line of integration (called "q-line" hereafter) and the line normal to the streamline. With this, the mathematical formulation for the streamline curvature method (SCM) is completed. In what follows, the numerical solution method for SCM will be described in detail.

4.2.2 Solution Method

Since Eqns. (4.2.1-18) and (4.2.1-22) are highly nonlinear for u_m, only an iterative procedure depending on numerical analysis is a possible solution method. First of all, it is assumed that the distribution of upstream flow velocity is known as function of r. Figure 4-11 shows a sample flow configuration on an underwater vehicle tail cone where the

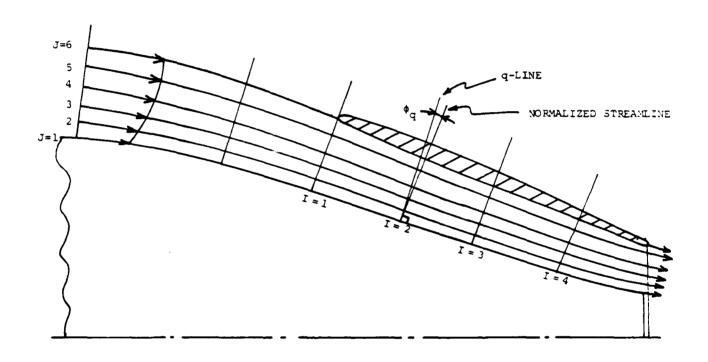


FIGURE 4-11. A SCHEMATIC FLOW DIAGRAM USED FOR NUMERICAL COMPUTATIONS ON STREAMLINE CURVATURE METHOD

upstream location in this case is identified by station 1 (I = 1). The upstream flow velocity can either be uniform or nonuniform*. Station 1 is then divided into a finite number of control points including the hub and the inside wall of the shroud. In Figure 4-11, a total of 6 control points (J = 6) are used. By using the mass conservation equation (4.2.1-22), the local mass flow rate ($g_{J,J+1}$) between each two adjacent control points J and J+1 is calculated. The total mass flow rate, \mathring{G}_1 , is just the summation of local flow rates.

$$\dot{G}_1 = \sum \dot{g}_{1,J,J+1}$$
 (4.2.2-1)

where
$$g_{1,J,J+\frac{\pi}{1}} 2\pi \int_{r_j}^{r_{j+1}} K_b \cdot \rho r u_{m_1}(r) \cos\phi_q dr$$
 (4.2.2-2)

For Stations I = 2,3,4..., the initial control points and initial u_m velocity profile are also needed for the iteration procedure. For the case of handling a uniform upstream flow velocity, the selection of control points, $J = 1 \sim 6$, and determination of initial flow velocity may be done in the same manner as that for the first Station, I = 1, since the constant velocity distribution can be assumed. However, the case of nonuniform flow velocity distribution will require a little care for selection of control points and determination of initial flow velocity distribution. Among many possible ways, it has been decided herein that the velocity distribution is assumed to have a similarity nature as that of the upstream at I = 1, i.e.,

^{*} Note: However, the upstream flow, which is severely retarded or highly nonuniform due to, e.g., the viscous effect, may present problems of accuracy, which will be discussed in Section 4.2.3.

$$u_{ml}(r) = k_{l} u_{m1}(r)$$

$$r = r_{H1} + \frac{r - r_{H1}}{r_{S1} - r_{H1}} \cdot (r_{S1} - r_{H1})$$

$$\vdots l + 2.3.... \tag{4.2.2-3}$$

where

 r_{S1} , r_{S1} = radius of shroud internal wall at Station 1 and I (≥ 2), respectively

 r_{H1} , r_{H1} = radius of hub at Station 1 and I (≥ 2), respectively

k_I = an arbitrary constant, dependent of Station I, to be determined later.

An arbitrary constant k_I is used to adjust the total flow rate at Station $I \geq 2$ becomes G_1 when $u_{mI}(r)$ is substituted into Eqn. (4.2.1-22). Once k_I is properly determined, the control points J = 2,3... can be determined by using Eqn. (4.2.2-2). In order to carry out the above computations, ϕ should be known in advance. If the control points at every control station are known, ϕ can be calculated by connecting these points for each streamline by using, e.g., cubic spline method. However, at the first iteration, even these points are not yet known. Therefore, ϕ should be determined by guess. One possible way is to interpolate linearly ϕ for $2 \leq J \leq 5$ from ϕ at J = 1 and ϕ at J = 6, i.e., the hub wall angle and shroud internal wall angle, respectively.

It is now ready to calculate a new set of u_m 's or $\partial u_m/\partial r$ at I=2,3,4... by using Eqn. (4.2.1-18). Since actual calculations are made on $\partial u_m/\partial r$, an integration constant should be determined to uniquely determine u_m itself. This constant can be readily determined by applying the mass conservation equation (4.2.1-22), the control points (J=2,3...) at each $I\geq 2$ should be shifted according to Eqn. (4.2.2-2). Integral limits, r_J 's, which determine the control points on the q-line for J=2,3... are determined one by one starting from the hub in such a way that the mass flow rate $\mathring{g}_{1,J,J+1}$ remains the same in each stream sheet as that

for I = 1. This iteration process must be repeated until convergence for u_m 's as well as the location of control points (or streamlines) is obtained.

4.2.3 Potential Problems of SCM for Highly Nonuniform Velocity Profile Due to Viscosity

The present streamline curvature method (SCM) to be used for determining the meridional flow streamlines is based on the momentum equation and mass conservation equation with viscous effects totally ignored. Therefore, if the upstream flow is the one fully retarded due to the viscous effect, i.e., boundary layer flow, so that the velocity distribution is highly nonlinear, the application of the present SCM may create substantial inaccuracy in determining the location and velocity of streamlines. This point is clearly understood by investigating the momentum equation (4.2.1-19); P(r) and T(r) are only dependent upon r except for r_m which is a function of curvature of streamline. It means that u_m is a weak function of the axial-direction coordinate so that u_m at a certain station is almost entirely determined by the inner and outer wall curvature. No matter how strongly the incoming flow velocity is retarded, the flow velocity will become more or less uniform before the flow travels too far downstream because the curvature effect (r_m) cannot last too long.

The above discussions seem to suggest that the development of streamline curvature method (SCM) with viscous effect incorporated may be in order, particularly for handling the highly viscous flow near the tail cone area of underwater vehicle.

The momentum equation for such a flow should be of the form

$$\underline{\mathbf{u}} \times 2\underline{\mathbf{\omega}} = \nabla \mathbf{H} - \mathbf{T}\nabla \mathbf{S} - \mathbf{v}\nabla^2\underline{\mathbf{u}} \tag{4.2.3-1}$$

instead of Eqn. (4.2.1-8).

One additional term will make the problem extremely complex and this problem was handled in the FY-86 GHR program.

4.2.4 Numerical Results

The streamline curvature method described in Sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 was used to calculate the streamlines for a typical underwater vehicle tail cone area with a shroud. In the present case the upstream flow velocity was assumed to be uniform. A total of 14 q-lines (I = 14) were used with 5 control points (J = 5) at each q-line, see Figure 4-12. The solid lines are the initial guess for the streamlines whereas the dashed lines are the converged solution for the final streamlines. It is seen from this figure that these two sets of lines match well to each other except for the area behind the middle chord of rotor. It means that the initial guess used here was very accurate until the flow passes the rotor and stator. Due to the initial accurate guess for streamlines, computer time was minimal.

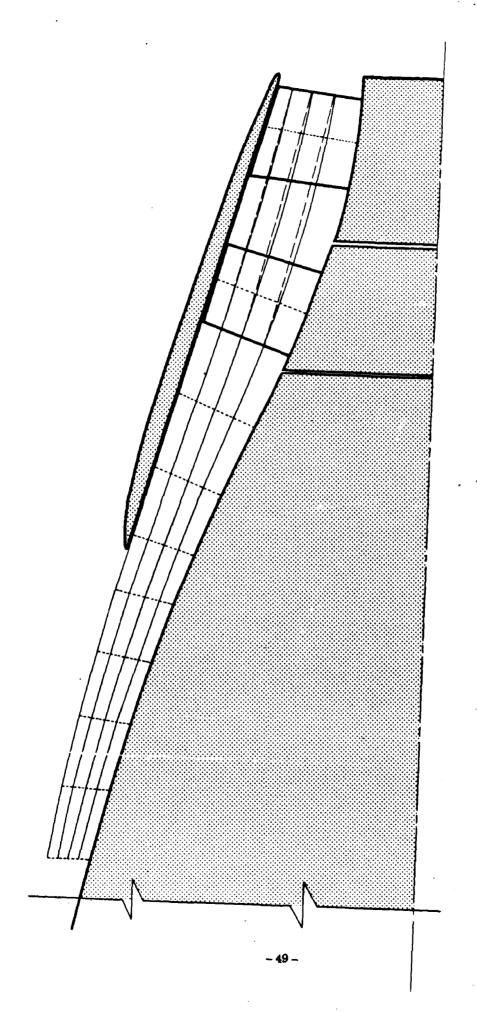
4.3 BLADE-TO-BLADE FLOW

4.3.1 Transformation

Under the assumption that an axisymmetric stream surface exists in a rotating machine, from the conservation equation of circulation, i.e., $\nabla \times w + 2\underline{\omega} = \underline{0}$, the following relation is obtained for the relative flow,

$$\frac{\partial w_m}{\partial \theta} - \frac{\partial (rw_\theta)}{\partial m} = 2\omega r \frac{\partial r}{\partial m} \tag{4.3-1}$$

where w_m and w_θ are relative flow velocities in the direction of m and θ , see Figure 4-13. The continuity equation for the same stream surface is also written



TYPICAL UNDERWATER VEHICLE TAIL CONE WITH SHROUD WHERE THE CALCULATED RESULTS OF STREAMLINE CURVATURE METHOD FOR A SOLID LINES ARE OF THE INITIAL GUESS AND DASHED LINES ARE THE CONVERGED SOLUTION (THE DOTTED LINES ARE Q-LINES USED FOR THE PRESENT COMPUTATION) FIGURE 4-12.

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$$\frac{\partial \left(bpw_{\theta}\right)}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial \left(bprw_{m}\right)}{\partial m} = 0 \tag{4.3-2}$$

where b is the thickness of stream surface.

Then, a stream function ψ can be defined by

$$w_{\theta} = \frac{1}{b\rho} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial m}, \quad w_{m} = -\frac{1}{b\rho} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \theta}$$
 (4.3-3)

Substitution of w_{θ} and w_{m} in Eqn. (4.3-3) into Eqn. (4.3-1) yields

$$\frac{\partial^{2} \psi}{r^{2} \partial \theta^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} \psi}{\partial m^{2}} + \left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial r}{\partial m} - \frac{1}{b} \frac{\partial b}{\partial m}\right) \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial m} = -2b\rho\omega \sinh \lambda \tag{4.3-4}$$

where λ is the angle of the line tangent to the stream surface at the point of interest made with the axis of rotation, see Figure 4-13.

This three-dimensional axisymmetric stream surface can be mapped onto a twodimensional plane, (X, Y), see Figure 4-14, by the following mapping functions

$$\frac{dX}{dm} = \frac{r_0}{r}, \frac{dY}{d\theta} := -r_0 , \qquad (4.3-5)$$

where r_0 is an arbitrary constant which is used for the purpose of scaling between the physical coordinate space and mapped plane (X, Y). The governing equation (4.3-4) can now be written in the (X, Y) coordinate system by using Eqn. (4.3-5)

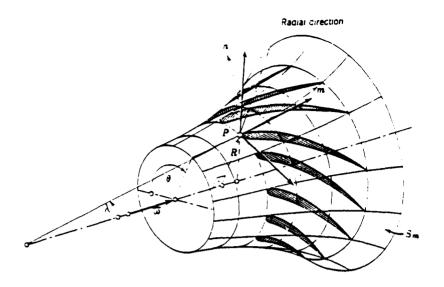


FIGURE 4-13. AXISYMMETRIC STREAM SURFACE

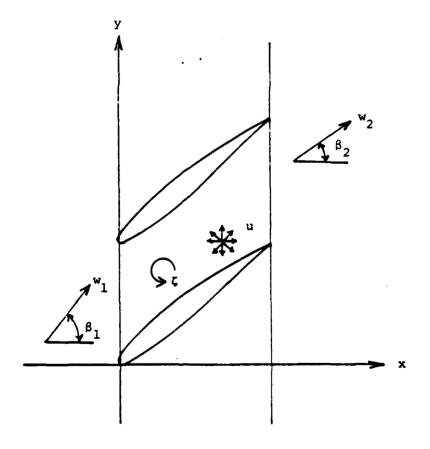


FIGURE 4-14. FLOW FIELD ON THE XY PLANE

$$\nabla^{2} \psi = -2b\rho\omega \left(\frac{r}{r_{o}}\right)^{2} \sin\lambda + \frac{1}{b\rho} \left(\frac{\partial(b\rho)}{\partial X} \frac{\partial\psi}{\partial X} + \frac{\partial(b\rho)}{\partial Y} \frac{\partial\psi}{\partial Y}\right) . \tag{4.3-6}$$

Also, the relative velocities in the X- and Y-directions are given

(a)
$$w_X = \frac{1}{b\rho} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial Y} = \frac{r}{r_o} w_m$$

(b) $w_Y = -\frac{1}{b\rho} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial Y} = -\frac{r}{r_o} w_\theta$ (4.3-7)

As seen from Eqn. 4.3-6, the governing equation for the (X, Y) plane is now a Poisson equation instead of the Laplace equation, which exists only for a flow on the perfectly cylindrical stream surface. Therefore, the results obtained from the two-dimensional linear cascade theory should be corrected according to the right-hand side term of Eqn. (4.3-6). It is readily understood that these right-hand side terms are satisfied by distributing the following vortices and sources on the entire (X, Y) plane

(a)
$$\zeta = (\nabla \times \underline{\mathbf{w}})_{X,Y} = 2\omega \left(\frac{r}{r_0}\right)^2 \sin\lambda$$

(b) $\mu = (\nabla \cdot \underline{\mathbf{w}})_{X,Y} = -\frac{1}{(h_0)^2} \left\{ \frac{\partial (h_0)}{\partial X} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial Y} - \frac{\partial (h_0)}{\partial Y} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial X} \right\}$ (4.3-8)

By adding the induced velocities calculated from ζ and μ , the blade profile shape or equivalently the camber obtained in the conventional two-dimensional analysis will be corrected. It should be noted that the first term on the right-hand side of Eqn. (4.3-6) arises from non-zero λ , i.e., the stream surface is not parallel to the axis of rotation, whereas the second group of terms is due to the non-uniform thickness of stream surface or

tube. Needless to say, if $\lambda = 0$ and bp is constant, Eqn. (4.3-6) becomes a Laplace equation and thus a two-dimensional linear cascade theory holds.

A method similar to the present one was developed by Inoue and his colleague (e.g., the paper by Inoue, et al. (1980)). In this paper there exist a few major drawbacks, some of which could potentially lead to a substantial error in the final design. First of all, since they use a two-dimensional linearized cascade theory, the error becomes significant for high solidity and high stagger angle area, i.e., near the hub, although they introduce experimental data in a later step of the analysis. Secondly, their velocity triangle used for determining the incoming flow angle to the blade is in error of the first order since they did not take into consideration the effect of non-cylindrical and variable thickness stream surface. Finally, due to the use of the linearized cascade theory, they failed to obtain the velocity distribution so that a boundary layer analysis and cavitation inception analysis are not possible.

4.3.2 Linearized Cascade Theory

A two-dimensional cascade theory is implemented here to be used for calculating the lift coefficient for the three-dimensional flow which will be discussed in Section 4.4. The boundary condition (Eqn. 4.3.2-16) has to be modified, as will be discussed in Section 4.4, when this cascade theory is applied in the quasi three-dimensional flow.

The lift coefficient is determined for any given cascade geometry which is specified by the solidity (blade chord-gap ratio, c/s) and the stagger angle, λ (Figure 4-15). Symbols used in Mellor (1959) were followed; use L_i and C_{Li} in denoting the ideal lift force and lift coefficient when the drag is zero. Then (see also Weinig, 1964)

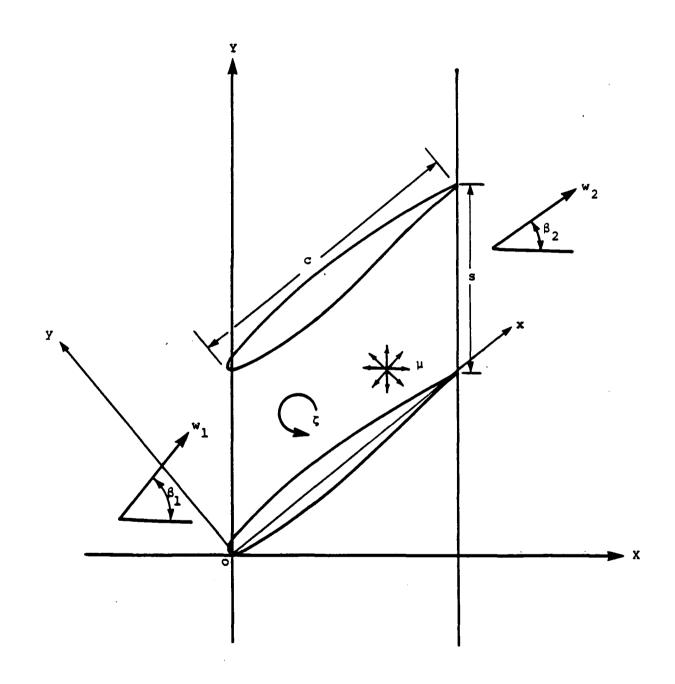


FIGURE 4-15. DEFINITION DIAGRAM

$$L_{i} = (s/c) \rho W_{m} \Delta V_{\theta}$$

$$\text{and } C_{L_{i}} = \left(L_{i} \mathcal{L}\right) / \left(\frac{1}{2} \rho W_{m}^{2}\right)$$

$$= 2(s/c) (\Delta V_{\theta} / W_{m})$$

$$(4.3.2-1)$$

$$(4.3.2-2)$$

where s is the blade pitch, c is the chord length, ρ is the fluid density, W_m is the mean relative velocity, and ΔV_{θ} is the difference between the peripheral velocity at the exit and that at the inlet.

Replacing the product $s\Delta V_{\theta}$ by the line integral $\oint \overline{v} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ on a closed path comprising two streamlines s distance apart and joined by two lines parallel to the θ -direction, we have (Weinig, 1964)

$$C_{L_i} = 2\Gamma/(cW_m) \tag{4.3.2-3}$$

where
$$\Gamma = \oint \overline{\mathbf{v}} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$$
 (4.3.2-4)

is the circulation around a profile (Wislicenus, 1965).

The camber is assumed to be sufficiently small so that the chord length is substantially equal to the distance measured along the camber line. Then, the circulation around a thin wing profile is given by (Abbott and von Doenhoff, 1959)

$$\Gamma = \int_0^c \gamma \, dx \tag{4.3.2-5}$$

where γ is the difference in velocity between the suction and pressure surfaces, which is also the strength of the vortex sheet comprising the blade camber line (von Karman and Burgers, 1963). Therefore, equation (4.3.2-3) is expressed by

$$C_{L_i} = 2 \int_0^1 (\gamma / W_m) d(x/c)$$
 (4.3.2-6)

The cambered blade is built up by superimposing vortices on the camber line and a distribution of sources and sinks on the camber line to account for the profile thickness effects. The distribution of source (sink), q, is (Mellor, 1959)

$$q = W_m dy_t / dx + d(uy_t) / dx$$
 (4.3.2-7)

where the thickness of blade is denoted by y_t and the induced chord-wise velocity, u, is considered constant along the y-direction within the profile. The second term can be shown to be negligible (Mellor, 1959) and so we have

$$q/W = dy_t / dx$$

$$= (t/c) f_t (x/c)$$
(4.3.2-8)

where

$$f_t'(x) = \partial f_t / \partial x$$
 (4.3.2-9)

and the thickness function ft is defined by

$$y_t/C = (t/c) f_t (x/c)$$
 (4.3.2-10)

where t is the maximum thickness of the blade.

The camber function f_c is defined by

$$y_c/C = C_b f_c (x/c)$$
 (4.3.2-11)

where y_c denotes the camber distribution and C_b is defined by

$$C_b = 2 \int_0^{\pi} (dy_c/dx) \cos\theta \ d\theta \tag{4.3.2-12}$$

in which

$$\cos\theta = 1 - 2 \text{ x/c}$$
 (4.3.2-13)

A blade is approached by a mean velocity W_m at a mean angle α_m . To satisfy the condition that the normal velocity vanishes at the boundary, the flow velocity, together with the induced velocity, should be tangent to the surfaces. Neglecting the thickness effect, the boundary condition at x_0 becomes

$$(W_{m} \sin \alpha_{m} + v_{o}) / (W_{m} \cos \alpha_{m} + u_{o}) = (dy_{c} / dx)_{o}$$

= $C_{b} f_{c} (x_{o}/c)$ (4.3.2-14)

where u_0 and v_0 denote respectively the x- and y-components of the induced velocity at x_0 on the 0th blade with x measured along the chord from the leading edge.

To find the lift coefficient by equation (4.3.2-6), we assume that γW_m may be represented by a trignometric series as (Abbott and von Doenhoff, 1959)

$$\gamma/W_{m} = 2A_{o} (1 + \cos \theta)/\sin \theta + 4\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_{n} \sin n\theta \qquad (4.3.2-15)$$

which is zero at the trailing edge of $\theta = \pi$ so that the Kutta condition is satisfied. This distribution of vortices, together with the distribution of sources/sinks shown in equation (4.3.2-8), may be used to obtain the components of induced velocity, u_0 and v_0 . The

components of induced velocity are then substituted into equation (4.3.2-14). With the aid of (von Karman and Burgers, 1963; Milne-Thomson, 1966)

$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \left[\cos n\theta / (\cos \theta - \cos \theta_{0}) \right] d\theta = \pi \sin n\theta_{0} / \theta_{0}$$

$$(n = 0, 1, 2, ...)$$

$$(4.3.2-16)$$

the following equation is obtained:

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_n g_n = \sin \alpha_m - C_b f_c(\theta_0) \cos \alpha_m$$

$$+ C_b \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_n h_n - \frac{t}{c} (C_b B - T) \qquad (4.3.2-17)$$

where g_n , h_n , B, and T are defined in Mellor (1959) except that $f_t'(\theta_0)$ should be replaced by $f_t'(\theta)$ in defining T. A_n are the Fourier coefficients to be evaluated.

For a cascade of certain solidity, incident angle, and stagger angle, equation (4.3.2-17) is used to calculate N coefficients, A_n , based on the camber and thickness at N locations along the chord. This study follows the solution method of Mellor (1959) which greatly reduces the calculation labor when a set of solutions as functions of the solidity and stagger angle is desired.

Equation (4.3.2-17) is multiplied by $\cos k\theta_0$ and integrated from 0 to π to obtain an equation for numerical integration.

Having the double Fourier integral functions calculated, the cascade coefficients, A_n , were computed. Then the lift coefficient was obtained from

$$C_{L_1} = 2\pi (A_0 + A_1) \tag{4.3.2-18}$$

which is derived by inserting equation (4.3.2-15) to equation (4.3.2-6).

4.3.3 Data Analysis

The NACA 65-series experimental data given by Herrig, et al. (1951) are used to do the multiple regression analysis in the present study. The data include the cascade lift coefficient and the design angle of attack. The design angle of attack is a function of solidity and blade camber (Figure 4-16). The lift coefficient is a function of stagger angle, solidity, blade camber, and angle of attack. Among the lift coefficient values, only those associated with the design angle of attack are used in the data analysis.

Based on 28 data points in Figure 4-16, the fourth order polynomial equation of the design angle of attack, α_d , obtained by the multiple regression analysis is

where σ denotes solidity and C_b represents the camber. Figure 4-17 shows the correlation between the calculated value from Eqn. (4.3-19) and the experimental data. The mean residual is -0.00002, and the standard deviation is 0.04, and the maximum residual is 0.09 degrees which is smaller than the error bound of the original data.

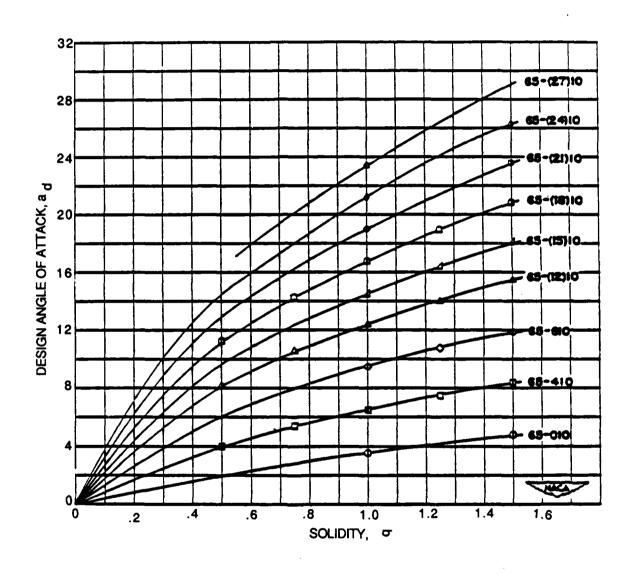


FIGURE 4-16. VARIATION OF DESIGN ANGLE OF ATTACK WITH SOLIDITY FOR THE SECTIONS TESTED

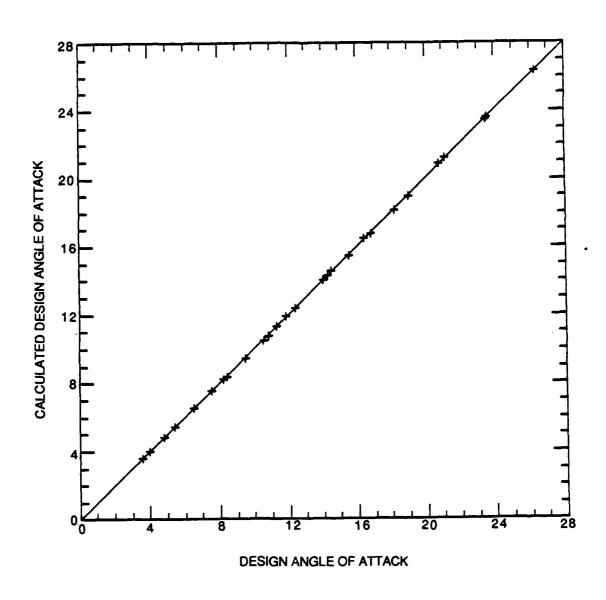


FIGURE 4-17. COMPARISON OF DESIGN ANGLE OF ATTACK OBTAINED FROM THE MULTIPLE REGRESSION ANALYSIS AND THOSE OBTAINED FROM THE LABORATORY

Cascade lift coefficient at the design angle of attack has 79 data as a function of stagger angle, solidity, and camber in Herrig, et al. (1951). Two data at the falling limb, in the figure of lift coefficient vs. angle of attack, are removed from the sample. A total of 77 data is used in the multiple regression analysis. The resultant fourth order polynomial equation is

The results calculated from this equation are shown as solid lines in Figures 4-18 to 4-21 for different relative flow angle at the blade inlet. Also shown in these figures are discrete data at different conditions. The results from the regression analysis fit well with the data.

4.4 THREE-DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS – BLADE-TO-BLADE FLOW

This section illustrates the theory and procedure to solve the blade-to-blade flow on each stream surface in an axisymmetric three-dimensional flow environment.

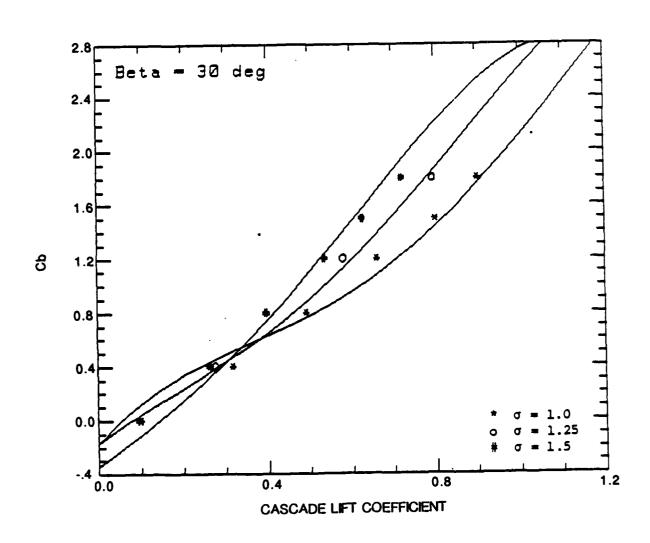


FIGURE 4-18. CAMBER AS A FUNCTION OF CASCADE LIFT COEFFICIENT AND SOLIDITY OBTAINED FROM REGRESSION ANALYSIS DATA (SOLID LINE) COMPARED WITH ORIGINAL DATA (DISCRETE DATA POINT), FOR $\beta_1 = 30^\circ$

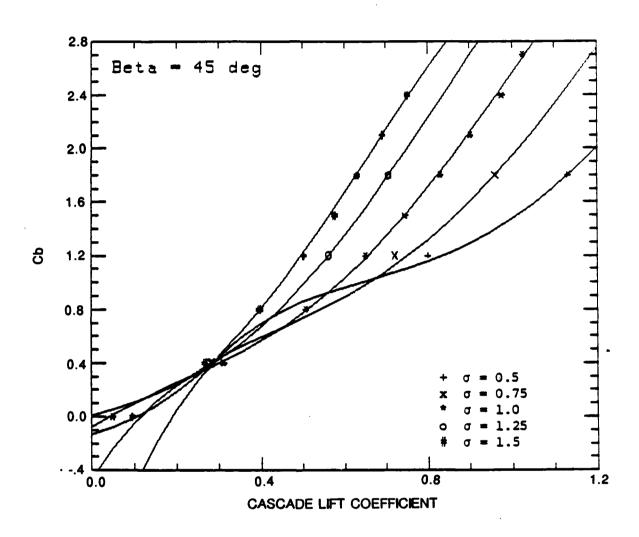


FIGURE 4-19. CAMBER AS A FUNCTION OF CASCADE LIFT COEFFICIENT AND SOLIDITY OBTAINED FROM REGRESSION ANALYSIS DATA (SOLID LINE) COMPARED WITH ORIGINAL DATA (DISCRETE DATA POINT), FOR $\beta_1=45^\circ$

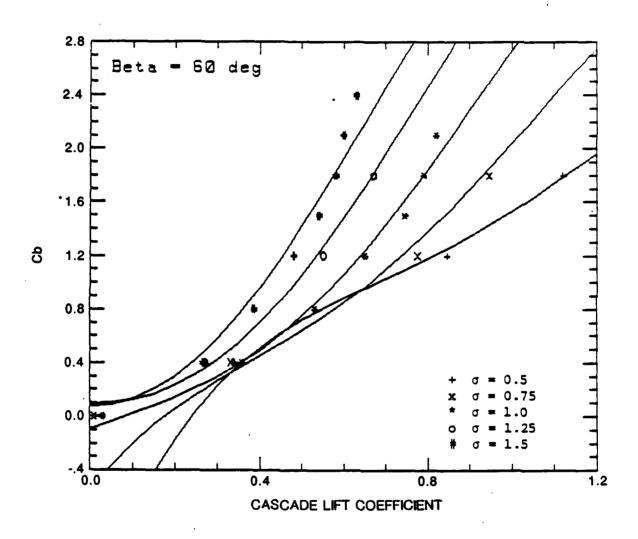


FIGURE 4-20. CAMBER AS A FUNCTION OF CASCADE LIFT COEFFICIENT AND SOLIDITY OBTAINED FROM REGRESSION ANALYSIS DATA (SOLID LINE) COMPARED WITH ORIGINAL DATA (DISCRETE DATA POINT), FOR $\beta_1=60^\circ$

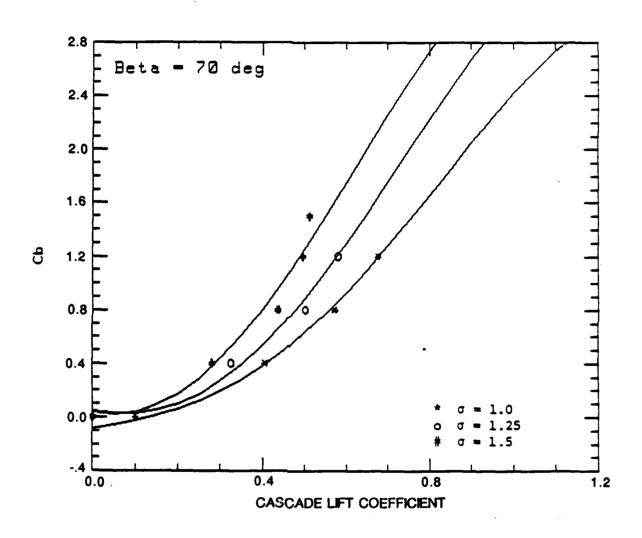


FIGURE 4-21. CAMBER AS A FUNCTION OF CASCADE LIFT COEFFICIENT AND SOLIDITY OBTAINED FROM REGRESSION ANALYSIS DATA (SOLID LINE) COMPARED WITH ORIGINAL DATA (DISCRETE DATA POINT), FOR $\beta_1=70^\circ$

4.4.1 Differential Equations

Under the assumption that an axisymmetric stream surface exists in a rotating machine, from the conservation equation of steady circulation, i.e., $\nabla \times \underline{\mathbf{w}} + 2\underline{\omega} = \underline{\mathbf{0}}$, the following relation is obtained for the relative flow,

$$\frac{\partial w_m}{\partial \theta} - \frac{\partial (rw_\theta)}{\partial rm} = 2\omega r \frac{\partial r}{\partial rm} = 2\omega r \sin \lambda' \qquad (4.4-1)$$

where w_m and w_θ are relative flow velocities in the directions of m and θ , r measures the radial distance, and λ is the angle of the line tangent to the stream surface at the point of interest made with the axis of rotation (Figure 4-22). The continuity equation for the same stream surface is also written

$$\frac{\partial (\mathsf{bpw}_{\theta})}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial (\mathsf{bprw}_{\mathsf{m}})}{\partial \mathsf{m}} = 0 \tag{4.4-2}$$

where b is the thickness of stream surface and ρ is the fluid density.

Then, a stream function ψ can be defined by

$$W_{\theta} = \frac{1}{b\rho} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial m}, W_{m} = -\frac{1}{b\rho} \frac{\partial \psi}{r \partial \theta}$$
 (4.4-3)

Substitution of w_{θ} and w_{m} in Eqn. (4.4.3) into Eqn. (4.4.1) yields

$$\frac{\partial^{2} \psi}{r^{2} \partial \theta^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} \psi}{\partial m^{2}} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial r}{\partial m} - \frac{1}{b} \frac{\partial b}{\partial m} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial m} = -2b\rho\omega \sin\lambda' \qquad (4.4-4)$$

4.4.2 Transformation

Consider a Cartesian coordinate system (X, Y) with the origin 0 at the leading edge of a blade and the X-axis in the axial direction (Figure 4-15), the three-dimensional axisymmetric stream surface given by Eqn. (4.4-4) can be mapped onto this two-dimensional X-Y plane by the following mapping functions

$$\frac{dX}{dm} = \frac{r_o}{r}, \frac{dY}{d\theta} = -r_o , \qquad (4.4-5)$$

where r_0 is an arbitrary constant which is used for the purpose of scaling between the physical coordinate space and mapped plane (X, Y). By using Eqn. (4.4-5), the governing equation (4.4-4) can now be written in the (X, Y) coordinate system as

$$\nabla^{2} \psi = -2b\rho\omega \left(\frac{r}{r_{o}}\right)^{2} \sin\lambda + \frac{1}{b\rho} \left\{\frac{\partial (b\rho)}{\partial X} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial X} + \frac{\partial (b\rho)}{\partial Y} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial Y}\right\}$$
(4.4-6)

Also, the relative velocities in the X- and Y-directions are given by

(a)
$$w_X = \frac{1}{b\rho} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial Y} = \frac{r}{r_o} w_m = \frac{r}{r_o} c_m$$

(b) $w_Y = -\frac{1}{bo} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial X} = -\frac{r}{r_o} w_\theta = -\frac{r}{r_o} (c_\theta - u)$ (4.4-7)

where c_m and c_θ are absolute flow velocities along m and θ directions, respectively.

On the mapped plane, the relative flow angles at the inlet and exit of a blade, β_1 and β_2 , respectively, are obtained from the equivalent velocity diagram to be

$$\tan \beta_1 = \frac{W_{Y1}}{W_{X\infty}}$$

$$\tan \beta_2 = \frac{W_{Y2}}{W_{X\infty}}$$

$$(4.4-8)$$

$$\tan \beta_2 = \frac{W_{Y2}}{W_{X\infty}} \tag{4.4-9}$$

where the subscripts 1 and 2 denote the condition at the inlet and exit, respectively, of a blade, and $w_{X\infty}$ is the mean value of w_{X1} and w_{X2} .

It is important to note that the three-dimensional flow configuration is now transformed to the two-dimensional X-Y plane where all the benefits of the 2-D cascade theory may be used. Only the problem of using such a transformation is that there exits no 2-D cascade flow pattern as shown in Figure 4-22. In order to make the 2-D cascade theory useful for the present analayis, an equivalent flow diagram should be generated by violating the continuity equation as shown in Figure 4-22, by chain lines. The flow stagger angles β_1 and β_2 are defined by this equivalent flow diagram and used throughout the 2-D cascade analysis.

Effects of Streamline Inclination and Meridian Velocity Variation

As seen from Eqn. 4.4-6, the governing equation for the (X, Y) plane is now a Poisson equation instead of the Laplace equation which exists only for a flow on a perfectly cylindrical stream surface with uniform velocity distribution. Therefore, the results obtained from the two-dimensional linear cascade theory should be corrected according to the right-hand side term of Eqn. (4.4-6). It is readily understood that these right-hand side terms are satisfied by distributing the following vortices, ζ , and sources, μ , on the entire (X, Y) plane

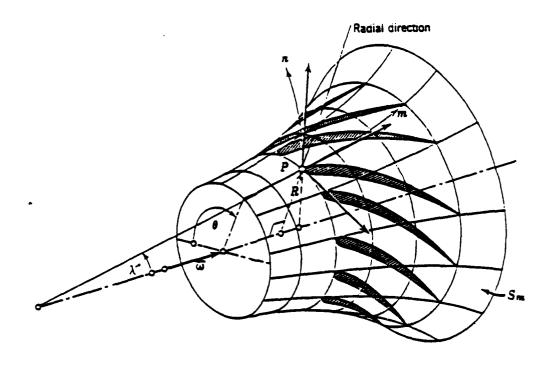


FIGURE 4-22. AXISYMMETRIC STREAM SURFACE

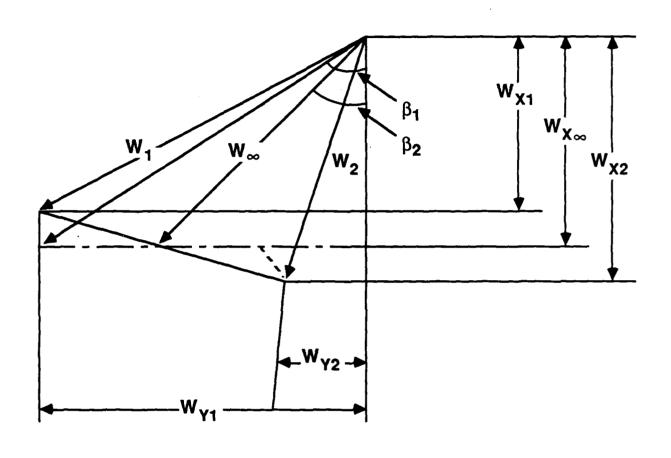


FIGURE 4-22a

(a)
$$\zeta = (\nabla \times \underline{w})_{X,Y} = 2\omega \left(\frac{r}{r_0}\right)^2 \sin \lambda$$

(b)
$$\mu = (\nabla \cdot \underline{w})_{X,Y} = -\frac{1}{(bp)^2} \left\{ \frac{\partial (bp)}{\partial X} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial Y} - \frac{\partial (bp)}{\partial Y} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial X} \right\}$$
 (4.4-10)

By adding the induced velocities calculated from ζ and μ , the blade profile shape or equivalently the camber obtained in the conventional two-dimensional analysis will be corrected. It should be noted that the first term on the right-hand side of Eqn. (4.4-6) arises from non-zero λ , i.e., the stream surface is not parallel to the axis of rotation, whereas the second group of terms is due to the non-uniform thickness of stream surface or tube caused by the variation of meridional velocity. Needless to say, if $\lambda'=0$ and bp is constant, Eqn. (4.4-6) becomes a Laplace equation and thus a two-dimensional linear cascade theory holds.

A method similar to the present one was developed by Inoue and his colleague. In their study (e.g., Inoue, et al., 1980), there exist a few major drawbacks, some of which could potentially lead to a substantial error in the final design. First of all, since they use a two-dimensional linearized cascade theory, the error becomes significant for high solidity and high stagger angle area, i.e., near the hub, although they introduce experimental data in a later step of the analysis. Secondly, their velocity triangle used for determining the incoming flow angle to the blade is in error of the first order since they did not take into consideration the effect of non-cylindrical and variable thickness stream surface. Finally, due to the use of the linearized cascade theory, they failed to obtain the velocity distribution and therefore a boundary layer analysis and cavitation inception analysis are not possible.

With these aspects in mind, effort has been made in the current GHR project to improve the accuracy of the linear cascade theory as well as to avoid the singular behavior of velocity at the leading edge of blade. Detailed discussions on the loading correction and leading edge correction have been presented in the FY '85 Report.

4.4.4 Induced Velocities

If the inclination of stream surface is small such as that in an axial-flow case, an approximation solution of the velocity induced by the distributed vortices (Eqn. 4.4-10a) are obtained by a replaced average vorticity $\overline{\zeta}$ (Inoue, et al., 1979):

$$\frac{1}{\zeta} = \frac{1}{c \cos \lambda} \int_{0}^{c \cos \lambda} \zeta dX$$

$$= \frac{u_0}{c \cos \lambda} \frac{r_2^2 - r_1^2}{r_0^2}$$
(4.4-11)

where c is the chord length, u_0 is the speed of blade at the reference radius r_0 , and subscripts 1 and 2 indicate the inlet and exit, respectively, of the blade.

Similarly, when the variation of axial velocity is small, the distribution of sources (Eqn. 4.4-10b) is replaced by a uniform distribution:

$$\frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{\overline{w}_{X2} - \overline{w}_{X1}}{c \cos \lambda}$$

$$= \frac{\Delta w_X}{c \cos \lambda}$$
(4.4-12)

where w denotes the average relative velocity.

Consider another Cartesian coordinate system (x, y) with the origin at 0 and the x-axis in the chordwise direction which has a stagger angle λ relative to the axial direction (Figure 4-23). The mean flow velocity along the chord direction is

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{w}_{\mathbf{x}\infty} &= \mathbf{w}_{\mathbf{X}\infty} \cos \lambda + \mathbf{w}_{\mathbf{Y}\infty} \sin \lambda \\ &= \mathbf{w}_{\mathbf{X}\infty} \cos \lambda \left(1 + \tan \beta_{\infty} \tan \lambda \right) \quad . \end{aligned} \tag{4.4-13}$$

The induced velocities, relative to $w_{X\infty}$, due to the uniform distribution of vortices $\overline{\zeta}$, and sources, $\overline{\mu}$, are

$$\frac{v_{\zeta x}}{w_{x\infty}} = \chi \left(\frac{x}{c} - \frac{y}{c} \tan \lambda \right) \frac{\tan \lambda}{1 + \tan \lambda \tan \beta_{m}}$$
 (4.4-14)

$$\frac{v_{\zeta y}}{w_{x\infty}} = \chi \left(\frac{x}{c} - \frac{y}{c} \tan \lambda \right) \frac{1}{1 + \tan \lambda \tan \beta_{\infty}}$$
 (4.4-15)

$$\frac{v_{\mu x}}{w_{x\infty}} = \xi \left(\frac{x}{c} - \frac{y}{c} \tan \lambda \right) \frac{1}{1 + \tan \lambda \tan \beta_{-}}$$
 (4.4-16)

$$\frac{v_{\mu y}}{w_{x\infty}} = -\xi \left(\frac{x}{c} - \frac{y}{c} \tan \lambda\right) \frac{\tan \lambda}{1 + \tan \lambda \tan \beta_{\infty}}$$
(4.4-17)

where

$$\chi = \frac{\bar{\zeta} c \cos \lambda}{w_{\chi_{\infty}}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Phi} \frac{r_2^2 - r_1^2}{r_0^2}$$
(4.4-18)

and

$$\xi = \frac{\overline{\mu} c \cos \lambda}{w_{X\infty}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Phi} \frac{r_2 \overline{w}_{m2} - r_1 \overline{w}_{mf}}{r_0 u_0}$$
 (4.4-19)

are streamline inclination parameter and axial velocity variation parameter, respectively, and

$$\Phi = \frac{r_1 \overline{w}_{m1} - r_2 \overline{w}_{m2}}{2 r_0 u_0}$$

$$= \frac{w_{X\infty}}{u_0}$$
(4.4-20)

is a local flow coefficient, with subscript m denoting the meridional component of the velocity.

Eqns. (4.4-14) and (4.4-15) are good if the streamline inclination is small. Eqns. (4-4-16) and (4.4-17) are obtained by ignoring the blockage effect of blade thickness. In the following discussion, the blockage effect is considered and the induced velocity from the distributed vortices given by Eqn. (4.4-10a) are obtained by solving the Poisson equation

$$\nabla^2 \psi = -2b\rho\omega \left(\frac{r}{r_0}\right)^2 \sin\lambda \tag{4.4-21}$$

to give the solution

$$v_{\zeta Y} = u_0 \left[\left(\frac{r}{r_0} \right)^2 - \frac{r_1^2 + r_2^2}{2r_0^2} \right]$$
 (4.4-22)

where u_0 is a reference velocity.

The induced velocity due to the distribution of sources given by Eqn. (4.4-10b) is approximated by (Inoue, et al., 1980)

$$v_{\mu X} = \frac{1}{K_b} \left(\frac{b_1 \rho_1}{b \rho} \right) - 1 w_{X1} - \frac{1}{2} (w_{X2} - w_{X1})$$
 (4.4-23)

with the blockage factor of blade thickness, K_b, put into the consideration.

By decomposing both $v_{\zeta Y}$ and $v_{\mu X}$ into the x and y directions, Eqns. (4.4-22) and (4.4.23), together with (4.4-13), become

$$\frac{v_{\zeta x}}{w_{x\infty}} = \frac{u_0}{w_{x\infty}} \left[\left(\frac{r}{r_0} \right)^2 - \frac{{r_1}^2 + {r_2}^2}{2{r_0}^2} \right] \frac{\tan \lambda}{1 + \tan \beta_{\infty} \tanh}$$
(4.4-24)

$$\frac{\mathsf{v}_{\mathsf{y}}}{\mathsf{w}_{\mathsf{x}\infty}} = \frac{\mathsf{v}_{\mathsf{y}}}{\mathsf{w}_{\mathsf{x}\infty}} / \tan \lambda \tag{4.4-25}$$

$$\frac{v_{\mu x}}{w_{x\infty}} = \left[\frac{1}{K_b} \left(\frac{b_1 \rho_1}{b \rho} - 1\right) \frac{w_{X1}}{w_{X\infty}} - \frac{w_{X2} - w_{X1}}{2w_{X\infty}}\right] \frac{1}{1 + \tan\beta_{\infty} \tanh}$$

$$(4.4-26)$$

and

$$\frac{v_{\mu y}}{w_{x\infty}} = \frac{v_{\mu x}}{w_{x\infty}} \tan \lambda$$
 (4.4-27)

4.4.5 Boundary Condition

The flow approaches the blade by a velocity $v_{x\infty}$ at an angle β_{∞} relative to the axis of symmetry. This velocity, together with flow velocities induced by distributed vortices and sources, should satisfy the following condition of flow tangency:

$$\frac{dy_{c}}{dx} = \frac{w_{y\infty} + w_{1y} + v_{\zeta y} + v_{\mu y}}{w_{x\infty} + w_{1x} + v_{\zeta x} + v_{\mu x}}$$
(4.4-28)

where y_c denotes the y coordinate of the camber line, and w_{lx} and w_{ly} , respectively, are the x and y components of velocities induced by bound vortices and sources along the chord.

4.4.6 Flow Skewness in Diagonal Contracting Channel

The major goal of the proposed theory is to make corrections of flow stream tube nonuniformness and diagonal flow effects on the two-dimensional axial cascade flow. This is performed within the framework of perturbation method by uniformly distributing vortices, $\overline{\gamma}$, and source/sink, $\overline{\zeta}$, in cascade row, as described in Section 4.4-4. The blade profile shape will be properly modified in order to take $\overline{\gamma}$ and $\overline{\zeta}$ into account. Due to the distribution of uniform vortices and source/sink, the flow skewness problem exists, i.e., the first order effect on the flow incidence angle is generated by such singularity distribution.

As shown in Figure 4-23, the constant vortices, $\overline{\zeta}$, are distributed in a strip over the entire cascade row. The complex potential W for a point vortex $\overline{\zeta}$ placed at z' is expressed

$$W = \frac{i\zeta}{2\pi} \ln (z-z') \tag{4.4-29}$$

and the induced velocities are obtained by taking the deviations of W

$$\dot{u}_{\zeta} - i\dot{v}_{\zeta} = \frac{dW}{d\zeta} = \frac{i\overline{\zeta}}{2\pi} \frac{x \cdot x' + iy'}{(x \cdot x')^2 + y'^2}$$
 (4.4-30)

The induced velocities due to the uniform distribution of vortices over a strip of cascade region are obtained by integration

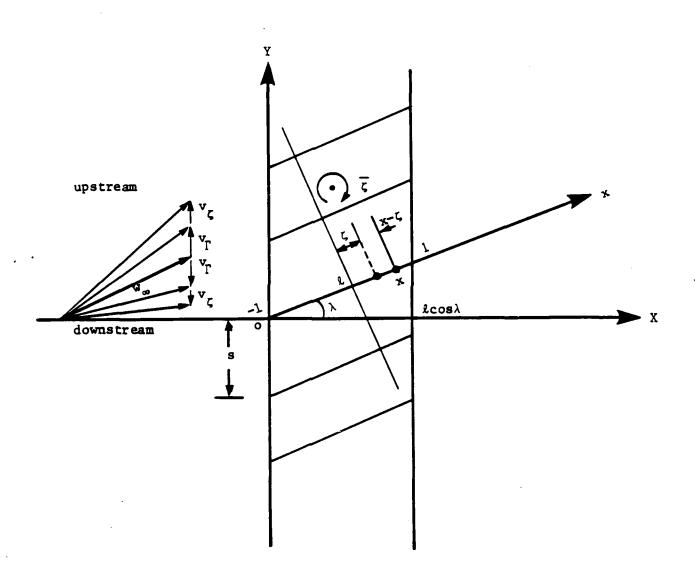


FIGURE 4-23. BLADE SETTING IN THE MAPPED PLANE

$$v_{\zeta} = \int_{0}^{1\cos\lambda} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} v_{\zeta} dx' dy'$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1\cos\lambda} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{-\overline{\zeta}}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{x \cdot x'}{(x \cdot x')^{2} + {y'}^{2}} dx' dy'$$

$$= \frac{-\overline{\zeta}}{\pi} \int_{0}^{1\cos\lambda} \tan^{-1} \frac{y'}{x \cdot x'} \int_{0}^{\infty} dx'$$

As $x \rightarrow -\infty$

$$v_{\zeta} = \frac{-\overline{\zeta}}{\pi} \int_{0}^{|\cos \lambda|} \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} - 0 \right) dx' = \frac{\overline{\zeta}}{2} |\cos \lambda|, \qquad (4.4-31)$$

whereas $x \rightarrow + \infty$

$$v_{\zeta} = -\frac{\overline{\zeta}}{2} \log \lambda . \qquad (4.4-32)$$

Therefore, by distributing $\overline{\zeta}$ uniformly as described above, the upstream and downstream flows are equally deviated from the geometric mean flow w_{∞} (see Figure 4-23 again).

On the other hand, a more rigorous mathematical model by Mani and Acosta (1968) will lead to a totally different conclusion. Since this point has been ignored by many researchers, let us review herein the details of Mani and Acosta's work. In their work, the channel contraction was chosen to be of an exponential shape as shown in Figure 4-24. By satisfying the proper boundary conditions, the velocity component in the y-direction due to a point vortex of unit strength at the origin is obtained (see the report of Mani (1966)),

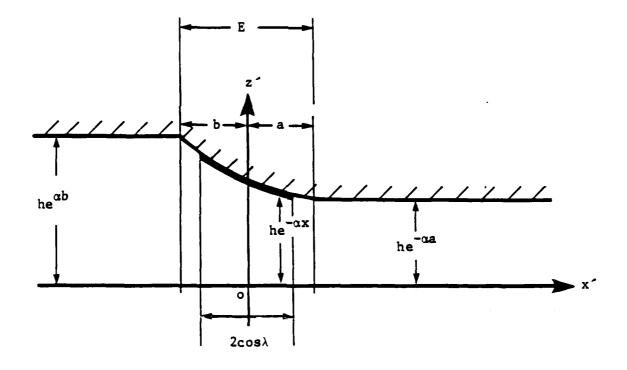


FIGURE 4-24. FLOW CONFIGURATION IN CONTRACTION CHANNEL

$$v' = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\frac{x'}{x'^2 + y'^2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \alpha b \right) + \frac{\alpha}{8} & \ln \frac{(2a - x')^2 + y'^2}{x'^2 + y'^2} \right] \\ + 0 & (\alpha^2) & \text{for } x' \le -b \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\frac{x'}{x'^2 + y'^2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \alpha a \right) + \frac{\alpha}{8} & \ln \frac{(x' + 2b)^2 + y'^2}{x'^2 + y'^2} \right] \\ + 0 & (\alpha^2) & \text{for } x' \ge a . \end{cases}$$

$$(4.4-34)$$

Therefore, the induced velocity due to a distribution of the vortices over a chord length in the cascade configuration is obtained

$$v = \int_{-1}^{1} \gamma(\xi) \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} v' d\xi$$
 (4.4-35)

with
$$x' = (x-\xi) \cos \lambda$$

 $y' = -ns + (x-\xi) \sin \lambda$
 $a = \frac{E}{2} - \xi \cos \lambda$
 $b = \frac{E}{2} + \xi \cos \lambda$,

$$v = \int_{-1}^{1} \gamma(\xi) \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \alpha b \right) \frac{(x-\xi) \cos \lambda}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} + \frac{\alpha}{8} \ln \frac{\left[E - (x+\xi) \cos \lambda \right]^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda + (s-\xi)^2 \sin^2 \lambda}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} \right] d\xi$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \alpha a \right) \frac{(x-\xi) \cos \lambda}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} + \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \alpha a \right) \frac{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} + \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} + \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} + \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} + \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} + \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} + \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} + \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=-\infty} \left[\frac{(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi) \sin \lambda} \right] dx$$

Let's simplify the first term of the above integration by defining

$$P = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=\infty} \frac{(x-\xi) \cos \lambda}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns (x-\xi) \sin \lambda}.$$

Then

$$P = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(x-\xi) \cos \lambda}{\left[(x-\xi) - ns \sin \lambda\right]^2 + (ns \cos \lambda)^2}$$

$$= (x-\xi) \cos \lambda \cdot \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(x-\xi) + ins e^{i\lambda}} \cdot \frac{1}{(x-\xi) - ins e^{-i\lambda}}$$

$$= (x-\xi) \cos \lambda \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\frac{x-\xi}{e^{i\lambda}} + ins} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{x-\xi}{e^{-i\lambda}} - ins}$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2s} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=\infty} \left[\frac{1}{\frac{\pi}{e^{i\lambda}} \frac{x-\xi}{s} + in\pi} + \frac{1}{\frac{\pi}{e^{-i\lambda}} \frac{x-\xi}{s} - in\pi} \right]$$

From the identity (see Mellor (1959)),

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=\infty} \frac{1}{\frac{\pi}{e^{-i\lambda}} \frac{x-\xi}{s} - in\pi} = \coth\left(\pi \frac{x-\xi}{s} e^{i\lambda}\right) ,$$

then,

$$P = \frac{\pi}{2s} \left[- \coth \left(-\pi \frac{x - \xi}{s} e^{-i\lambda} \right) + \coth \left(\pi \frac{x - \xi}{s} e^{i\lambda} \right) \right]$$
 (4.4-38)

Therefore,

$$P = \begin{cases} -\frac{\pi}{s} & \text{as } x \to -\infty \\ \frac{\pi}{s} & \text{as } x \to +\infty \end{cases}$$
 (4.4-39)

The second terms of (4.4-36) and (4.4-37) are defined, respectively

$$Q = \begin{cases} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} & \ln \frac{\left[E - (x+\xi) \cos \lambda\right]^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns (x-\xi) \sin \lambda + (x-\xi)^2 \sin^2 \lambda}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns (x-\xi) \sin \lambda} \\ & \text{for } x \le -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} & \ln \frac{\left[(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + E\right]^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns (x-\xi) \sin \lambda + (x-\xi)^2 \sin^2 \lambda}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns (x-\xi) \sin \lambda}$$

$$\text{for } x \ge 1$$

Then.

$$Q = \begin{cases} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} & \ln\left[1 + \frac{E^2 - 2E(x-\xi)\cos\lambda + 4\xi x\cos^2\lambda}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi)\sin\lambda}\right] \\ & , x \le -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} & \ln\left[1 + \frac{E^2 + 2E(x+\xi)\cos\lambda + 4\xi x\cos^2\lambda}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi)\sin\lambda}\right] \\ & , x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$

or

$$Q = \begin{cases} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{E^2 - 2E(x+\xi)\cos\lambda + 4\xi x\cos^2\lambda}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi)\sin\lambda}, & \text{as } x \to -\infty \\ \\ \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{E^2 + 2E(x+\xi)\cos\lambda + 4\xi x\cos^2\lambda}{(x-\xi)^2 + n^2 s^2 - 2ns(x-\xi)\sin\lambda}, & \text{as } x \to +\infty \end{cases}.$$

From (A-11),

$$Q = \begin{cases} -\frac{\pi}{s} & \frac{E^2 - 2E(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + 4\xi x \cos^2 \lambda}{(x-\xi) \cos \lambda}, & \text{as } x \to -\infty \\ \\ \frac{\pi}{s} & \frac{E^2 + 2E(x+\xi) \cos \lambda + 4\xi x \cos^2 \lambda}{(x-\xi) \cos \lambda}, & \text{as } x \to +\infty \end{cases},$$

or

$$Q = \begin{cases} -\frac{\pi}{s} & (-2E + 4\xi \cos \lambda), & \text{as } x \to -\infty \\ \\ \frac{\pi}{s} & (2E + 4\xi \cos \lambda), & \text{as } x \to +\infty \end{cases}.$$

Therefore,

$$V = \int_{-1}^{1} \gamma(\xi) \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \alpha b \right) \left(-\frac{\pi}{s} \right) + \frac{\alpha}{8} \left(-\frac{\pi}{s} \right) (-2E + 4\xi \cos \lambda) \right] d\xi$$

$$, \text{ as } x \to -\infty$$

$$\int_{-1}^{1} \gamma(\xi) \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \alpha a \right) \left(\frac{\pi}{s} \right) + \frac{\alpha}{8} \left(\frac{\pi}{s} \right) (2E + 4\xi \cos \lambda) \right] d\xi$$

$$, \text{ as } x \to +\infty$$

Assuming a symmetric loading (i.e., $\int_{-1}^{1} \gamma(\xi) \xi d\xi = 0$,),

$$v = \begin{cases} \frac{\Gamma}{2s} \left[1 - \frac{1}{2} \alpha \left(b + \frac{E}{2} \right) \right], & \text{as } x \to -\infty \\ \frac{-\Gamma}{2s} \left[1 + \frac{1}{2} \alpha \left(a + \frac{E}{2} \right) \right], & \text{as } x \to +\infty \end{cases}$$

where $\Gamma = \int_{-1}^{1} \gamma(\xi) d\xi$ and $\gamma(\xi)$ is positive in the clockwise direction. If E = 2a = 2b,

$$V = \begin{cases} \frac{\Gamma}{2s} \left(1 - \frac{\alpha}{2} E \right), & \text{as } x \to -\infty \\ \frac{-\Gamma}{2s} \left(1 + \frac{\alpha}{2} E \right), & \text{as } x \to +\infty \end{cases}$$
 (4.4-40)

Rewriting this induced velocity in two parts, by v_Γ and $v_\alpha,$

$$V = \begin{cases} v_{\Gamma} - v_{\alpha}, & \text{as } x \to -\infty \\ -v_{\Gamma} - v_{\alpha}, & \text{as } x \to +\infty \end{cases}$$

where

$$v_{\Gamma} = \frac{\Gamma}{2s}, v_{\alpha} = \frac{\Gamma}{2s} \cdot \frac{\alpha}{2} E$$
.

The velocity diagram is now written in Figure 4-25. It is clearly seen that there exits an error of first order of α if \mathbf{w}_{∞} is chosen as the reference velocity. Instead \mathbf{w}_{∞}' should be chosen as the reference velocity so that the blade setting will be changed. This error is ε betantial since the three-dimensional, diagonal flow correction handled under the

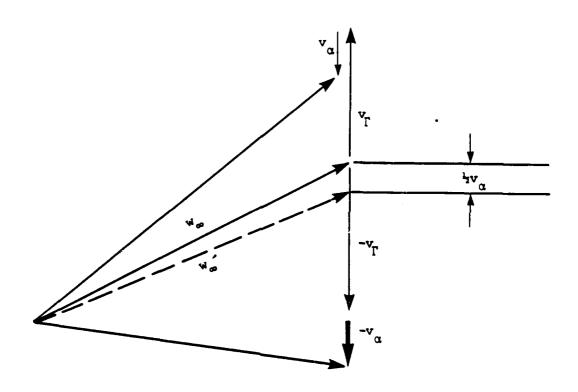


FIGURE 4-25. FLOW SKEWNESS ON THE VELOCITY DIAGRAM DUE TO VORTEX DISTRIBUTION

current method is order of magnitude α. This fact indicates that not only the blade camber profile needs correction as discussed earlier but also the blade setting should be changed in order to take such 3-D correction into account correctly. Inoue, et al. (1979, 1980) did not see this point in their series of papers.

There exist two possible ways of implementing this idea: 1) by assessing the flow channel contraction or expansion in terms of equivalent α , Equation 4.4-40 will be used, and 2) a more accurate calculation will be made by using the distributed vortices over the cascade strip. The method of actually incorporating this flow "skewness" into the current design theory will be one of the major tasks in the FY '87 GHR project.

4.4.7 Secondary Flow Correction

The secondary flow theory commonly used for axial flow is applicable to the current diagonal flow. The strength of vortex at the exit of blade channel due to the secondary flow, ζ_{SF} , is expressed

$$\zeta_{SF} = \frac{N}{2\pi r_2 \cos \beta_2} \left(\zeta_1 w_1 \frac{b_1}{b_2} \oint \frac{ds}{w} - \frac{1}{\cos \epsilon} \frac{d\Gamma}{dq} \right)$$
(4.4-41)

where N = number of blades,

 $\zeta_{\rm I}$ = the component of vortex normal to the direction of relative flow on the rotating surface,

 w_1 = relative incoming velocity

s = line element along the blade on the rotating surface

w = relative flow velocity on the blade surface

 Γ = circulation of blade

q = q-line used for the streamline curvature method

 ε = angle of a tangent line of meridional line made with q-line

 b_1, b_2 = widths of flow at inlet and exit, respectively

 β_2 = flow angle at exit relative to chord line.

By distributing the above secondary vortex at the exit of blade channel and satisfying the boundary condition on the hub and casing, the induced flow effect on C_{θ} (called ΔC_{θ} hereafter), will be calculated by solving the corresponding Poisson's equation. In the current design problem, this ΔC_{θ} will be taken into consideration for determining the blade profile shape. More detailed numerical analysis will be developed in future work.

4.5 DESIGN PROCEDURE

The design procedure presented here is based on the assumption that the shape and steady velocity of underwater vehicle is given. The whole procedure can be repeated for a modified shape or velocity. At the beginning, some parameters, such as the location of the rotor, the number of blades, and rotation speed, have to be chosen based on experiences. The shroud opening should be such that a peak efficiency is reached.

Then (Figure 4-2), the stream curvature method (SCM) is used to determine the streamlines for a through-flow in a meridional plane. As discussed in Section 4.2, the method is based on solving the momentum equation along quasi-orthogonal lines (q-lines) and the conservation of mass is kept along the meridional direction.

After streamlines are determined, average stream surfaces are taken to be the revolution of streamlines about the axis of rotation. Then a program, DSN3, is used to do the remaining design procedure. Figure 4-27 depicts the macro view of the procedure while Figures 4-26

through 4-30 show details of each substep based on the theory presented in Sections 4.1 to 4.4.

Figure 4-26 shows the input data required in the general background. Input data related to each individual cross-section are to be read in subroutine INP2 as shown in Figure 4-27. Some input data are obtained from the meridional flow solutions computed in the SCM program.

Figure 4-30 shows the subroutine to calculate the flow velocities in the mapped (X, Y) plane as discussed in Section 4.4.2. The subscripts 1 and 2 denote conditions at inlet and exit, respectively, of a blade.

One basic concept in the present design procedure is that the blade camber design based on cascade experimental data is adjusted, by considering the effects of streamline inclination and nonuniform velocity distribution, such that both the final flow turning angle and the incident angle relative to the axis of rotation are the same as those obtained in the two-dimensional flow without the three-dimensional factors.

The camber and turning angle for the case of uniform, parallel flow are evaluated based on the required lift coefficient and solidity (Figure 4-31). The method relies on the experimental data presented in Section 4.3.3.

In the presentation of three-dimensional effects, which are to be considered in the boundary condition as discussed in Section 4.4, the camber and stagger angle are adjusted until the turning angle in the mapped two-dimensional plane is the same as that with original camber in the uniform, parallel flow (Figure 4-32). A linearized cascade theory (Section 4.3.2), together with proper boundary condition which has the three-dimensional

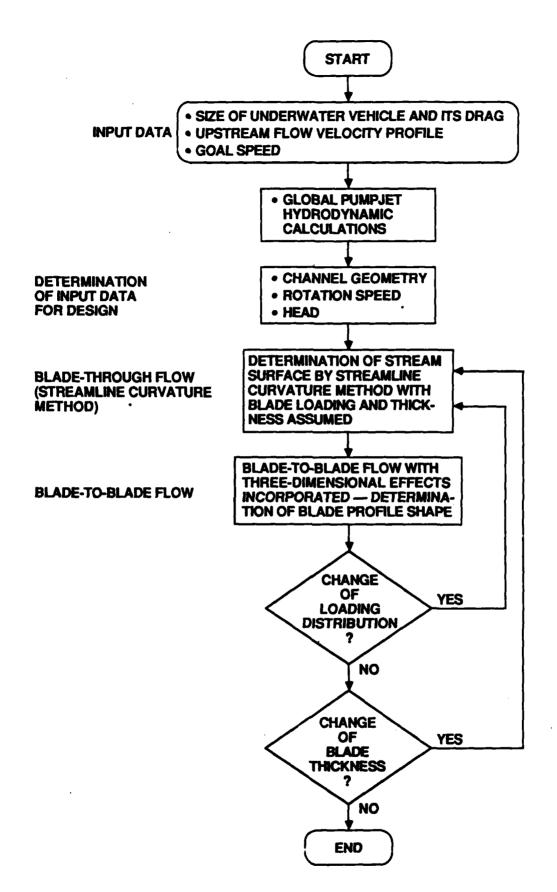


FIGURE 4-26. FLOW CHART OF THE SELECTED PUMPJET DESIGN METHOD

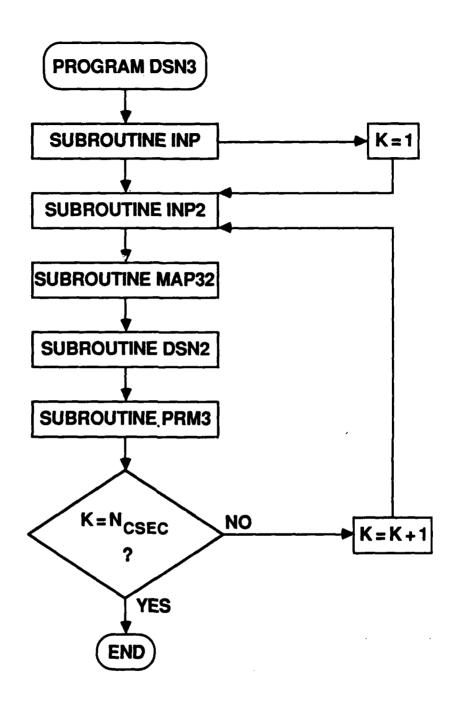
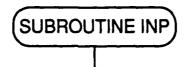


FIGURE 4-27. GENERAL FLOW CHART TO DESIGN BLADE IN A FLOW OF THREE-DIMENSIONAL CHARACTER



INPUT

ROTATIONAL SPEED

CONVERGENCE CRITERIA FOR

 $\Delta \varphi_{\mbox{\footnotesize eq}}$, $\Delta \beta_{\mbox{\footnotesize 1}}$ AND $\Delta \sigma$

MAX. ITERATION NUMBER

NO. OF BLADES

NO. OF CROSS-SECTIONS ALONG THE RADIUS DIRECTION

NO. OF SEGMENTS ALONG A CHORD

REF. RADIUS

NO. OF STATIONS ALONG A CHORD

CODE TO DETERMINE THE WAY OF OBTAINING SECTION DATA

RPM

REFERENCE RADIUS

VARIOUS CONVERGENCE

FACTORS

 \mathbf{M}_{max}

N _{blade}

 $N_{\,\text{csec}}$

 $N_{\rm seg}$

r o

N _{sta}

Interp

RETURN

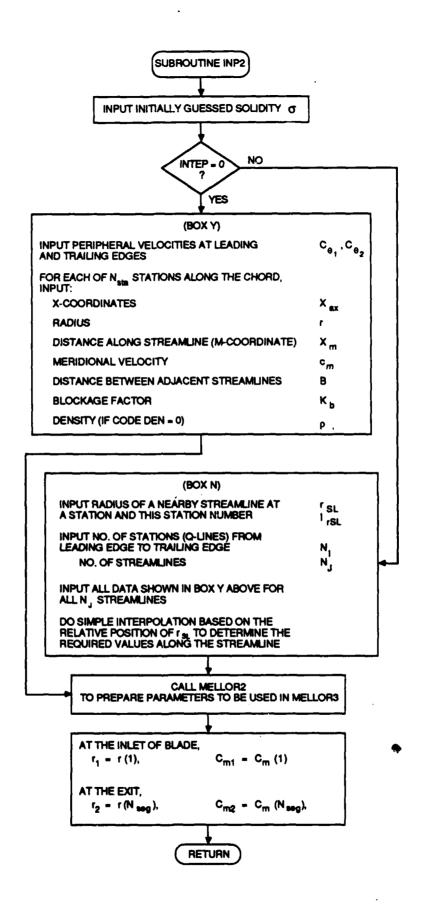


FIGURE 4-29. FLOW CHART FOR SUBROUTINE INP2

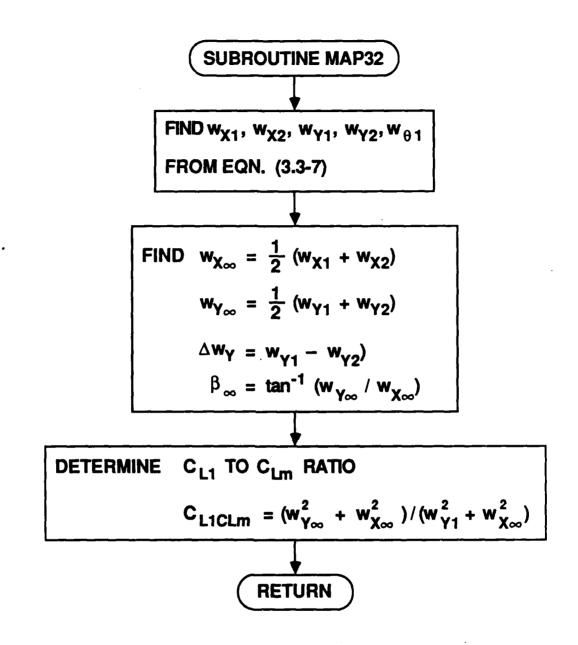


FIGURE 4-30. FLOW CHART FOR SUBROUTINE MAP32

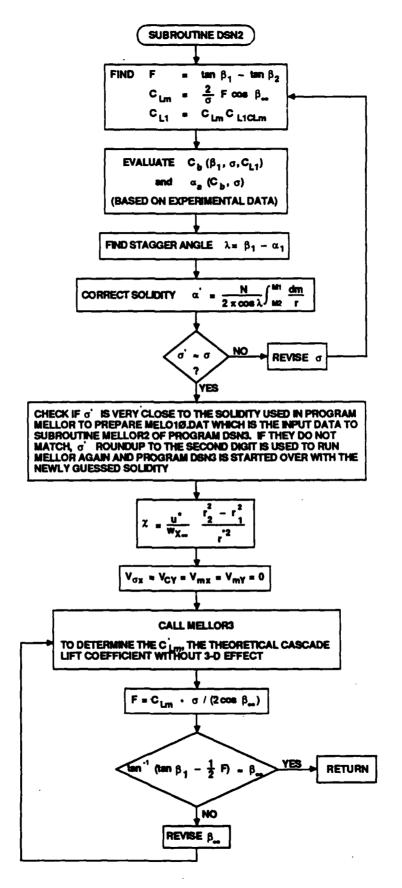


FIGURE 4-31. FLOW CHART FOR SUBROUTINE DSN2

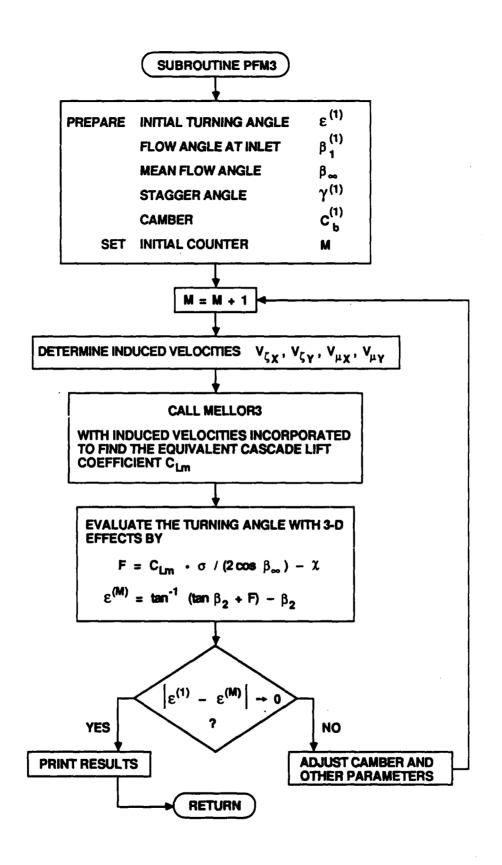


FIGURE 4-32. FLOW CHART FOR SUBROUTINE PFM3

effects considered (Section 4.4), is used to calculate the cascade lift coefficient and the associated total circulation.

If the calculated turning angle for the three-dimensional flow case is different from the desired value, the camber and stagger angles are adjusted in an iteration process until the desired value is achieved to within certain tolerance criterion. When the result is converged, the final camber is the one which, under the influence of three-dimensional flow, will yield the desired lift coefficient.

5.0 PROGRAM

5.1 DESIGN SPECIFICATION

The propulsor configuration and its performance are highly dependent on the hydrodynamic characteristics of the vehicle. Specifically, the distortion of the velocity distribution of the incoming flow to the propulsor plays a key role in designing the rotor blade profiles. The following information are needed to design a pumpjet:

- 1) Geometry of an underwater vehicle and its drag,
- 2) Upstream flow velocity profile, and
- 3) Goal speed.

The geometric characteristics of an underwater vehicle are determined by its mission, hotel load requirement, and the launching equipment to be used. The hotel load will determine the required volume and weight of the vehicle, and the launching equipment limits the size of vehicle. Once the weight of the vehicle is properly determined, the stability-maneuverability requirement will determine the area and position required for the control surfaces. Then, the drag on the vehicle can be either measured from scaled model tests in a wind or water tunnel, or calculated from the empirical formula such as those given by J.D. Brook and T.G. Lang¹.

The pumpjet needs to accept the distorted flow of the boundary layer generated by the hull, and those requiring accurate measurement or prediction of the velocity profile at the inlet.

¹ Brooks, J.D., and T.G. Lang, "Simplified Methods for Estimating Torpedo Drag", Underwater Missile Propulsion, L. Greiner, ed., Compass Publications, Inc. (Arlington, Virginia), 1967, pp. 117-146.

In the normal procedure, the potential flow around the vehicle is calculated with an estimated value of the boundary layer thickness around the hull. An iterative procedure is employed until the estimated boundary layer thickness matches with that obtained from the boundary layer analysis. Once the correct boundary layer thickness is obtained, the velocity profile can be calculated as the result of a turbulent boundary layer theory analysis.

However due to the lack of time required to run such an iteration procedure, a fictitious velocity profile at a specified inlet position is used for exercising these sample design calculations.

5.2 MOMENTUM THEORY

A simple momentum theory should be applied to a control volume enclosing the target vehicle which a project is designed. The detailed theoretical basis is provided in Section 4.1.1 of the report of Furuya (and Chiang 1986)). By utilizing the velocity profile obtained through an experiment or use of a turbulent boundary layer computer code, the maximum propulsive efficiency can be determined with the optimum opening diameter also to be determined.

Due to the limited time available for completing the project, this routing was not exercised, but an arbitrarily chosen shroud diameter and profile shape were used for running the SCM in the following section.

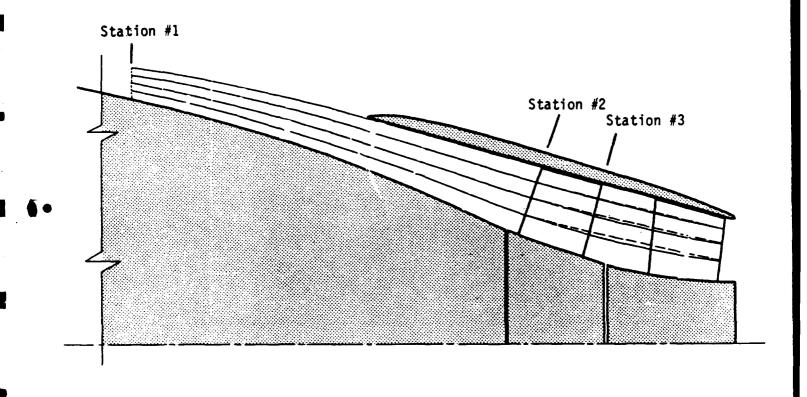
5.3 INPUT TO AND OUTPUT FROM SCM (STREAMLINE CURVATURE METHOD)

It is difficult to obtain analytically the velocity profiles near the aft end of a body of revolution since the afterbody curvature often produces a strong adverse pressure gradient normal to the flow. One of the most reliable ways to estimate the velocity profile is to fabricate a scale model and measure the necessary velocity distribution either in a wind or water tunnel. Such model testings are usually very costly. An alternative way is to use the streamline curvature method (SCM) in which detailed flow profiles are numerically calculated at various stations. (See R.A. Novak² for detail explanation on SCM.)

To obtain the velocity profiles through the SCM program, coordinates of the vehicle hull are used as one of the boundaries. The outer contour is then defined by a streamline. Figure 5.2-1 shows the geometry of a vehicle afterbody and the locations of various stations. This geometric information, flow blockage effect produced by the rotor blade thickness, velocity profile at Station #1 and radial distribution of peripheral velocity generated by the rotor at Station #3, are the required input data for the program. Figures 5.2-2 and 5.2-3 show the velocity profile at Station #1 and the radial distribution of peripheral velocity at Station #3 respectively, used for the present sample calculations.

The output from the SCM program includes the locations of meridional streamlines and the velocity profiles at various downstream locations. Figure 5.2-1 shows the computed meridional streamlines in comparison to an initial guess. Figure 5.2-4 shows the velocity profiles at the rotor inlet and exit.

Novak, R.A., "Streamline Curvature Computing Procedures for Fluid Flow Problems", ASME Paper 66-WA/GT-3, November 27, 1966.



----- INITIALLY GUESSED STREAMLINE
----- COMPUTED STREAMLINE

FIGURE 5.2-1. GEOMETRY OF AFTERBODY AND MERIDIONAL STREAMLINES

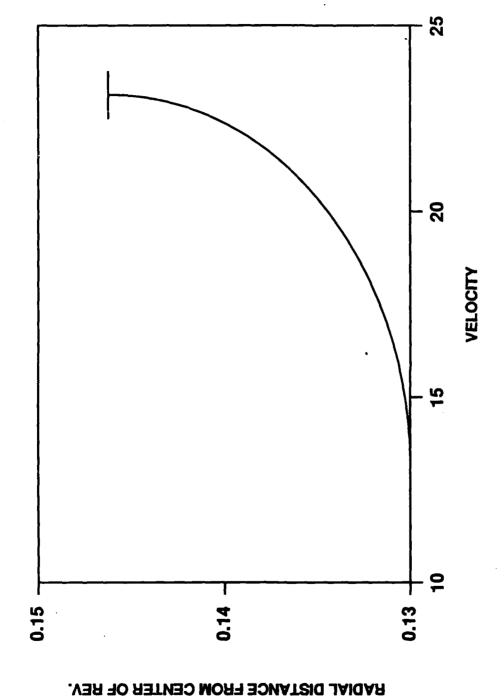


FIGURE 5.2-2. MERIDIONAL VELOCITY PROFILE AT STATION #1

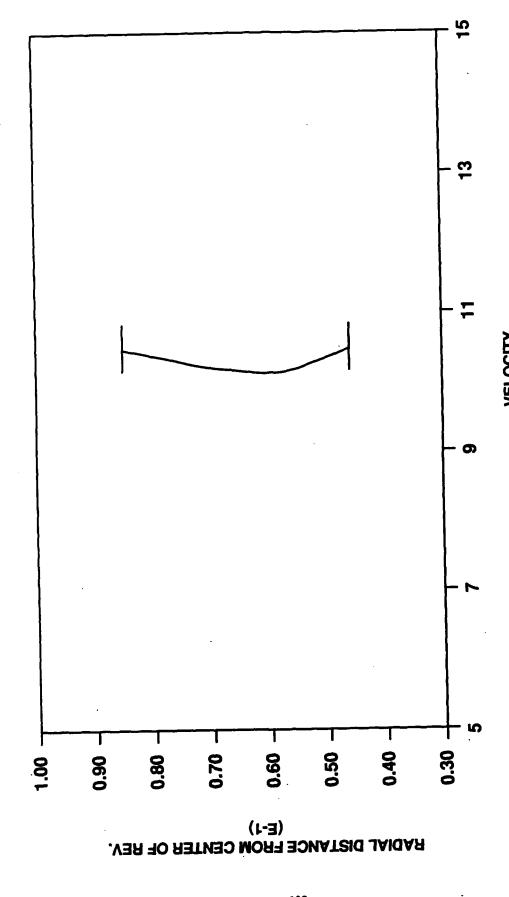


FIGURE 5.2-3. PERIPHERAL VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION AT STATION #3

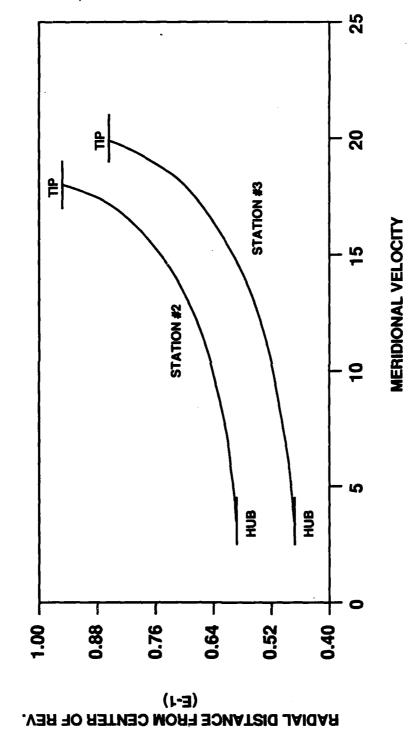


FIGURE 5.2-4. MERIDIONAL VELOCITY PROFILES AT STATIONS #2 AND #3

TABLE 5.3-1. LISTING OF INPUT FILE TO PROGRAM SCM

-2	1	1 (0) IBFLOW,	IDSN3, LG				
(3037-SCM15NU_2	-					200CT87	(1)
5	. 5	2	3 2	(2) NM, NQ,	NQI,	NOB, ICM	
360.0000	0.1620000	1.000000	0.7000000	0.7000000			
1.0000000E-06	1.0000000E-03	9.9999997E-05		DMPCH, DMPG, DN	•	•	, EPSL
	-0.3002000	-0.3578000	-0.3386000	-0.2723000		RUMRQ(I)	
2.493000	2.631000	2.715000	2.732000	2.750000	(5) 2	Z(I,1)	
-7.000000	-12.20000	-17.50000	-20.00000	-15.00000			
-18.40000	-16.50000	-18.40000	-15.50000	-18.40000	(6)	PHID1(I),	PHIDN(I)
0.000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.1380000	0.1499000	0.2220000			
0.2377000	0.2390000	0.2520000	0.2570000	0.2687000	(7)	SM(I,1),	SM(I,NM)
0.000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.0000000E+00				
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00				
0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00			
5.150000	5.150000	5.150000	5.150000	5.150000			
10.30000	10.30000	10.30000	10.30000	10.30000	(8)	CTH(I,J)	
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000			
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000			
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000			
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000			
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	(9) 8	3LO(1,1)	
68.58108	137.1622	205.7432	274.3243	(12) GS(I)			
12.86100	19.09565	20.87901	22.03418	22. 944 03			
10.08009	14.91218	16.24901	17.08810	17.72967			
9.555634	14.10877	15.35382	16.13017	16.72132			
9.975438	14.74704	16.06006	16.88045	17.50512			
10.43815	15.44135	16.82594	17.69516	18.35966	(13)	CM(I,J)	
0.1350450	0.1398175	0.1437123	0.1472649	0.1505900			
9.4233997E-02	0.1023083	0.1086411	0.1142517	0.1193800			
5.8674000E-02	7.1355730E-02	8.0497034E-02	8.8200070E-02	9.4995998E-02			
5.2 577998E- 02	6.5953061E-02	7.5394720E-02	8.3268791E-02	9.0170003E-02			
4.6735998E-02	6.1068624E-02	7.0922948E-02	7.9042293E-02	8.6106002E-02	(14)	R(1,J)	
150.9785	255.6788	292.8486	315.7634	334.5784			
150.9785	255.6788	292.8486	315.7634	334.5784			
150.9785	255.6788	292.8486	315.7634	334.5784			
248,4581	377.9558	432.6305	470.1437	501.7536			
324.2756	482.1213	555.8309	608.8522	653.8595	·(15)	H(I,J)	
END OF INPUT DA	T SCMISNU 2.DAT						

5.4 INPUT DATA TO MELLOR'S PROGRAM

Program MELLOR, listed in Appendix B.3, requires three input data files in this study. These three files are named RI.DAT, BLADE.DAT, and MELI.DAT. The output data files include MELO.DAT and MELO10.DAT. The nomenclature of input data is presented in Appendix C.3.

The file RI.DAT is generated from Program RIS which is listed in Appendix B.2. Cascade influence functions, R and I, (Mellor, 1959) are calculated in this program to be used in Program MELLOR for a variety of applications. The input data to this program RIS is called RISI.DAT and listed in Table 5.4-1. The nomenclature of input data is listed in Appendix C.2. As this sample input data shows, the cascade influence functions are calculated for the stagger angle ranges from 0 to 60 degrees at an interval of 15 degrees. The (x0-x)/s ratio ranges from 0 to 2 at an interval of 0.05. The convergence criterion used in Program RIS is 0.000001.

The file RI.DAT as one of input files to Program MELLOR is listed in Table 5.4-2. In this sample input file, values of function R and function I are listed after the parameters which define the range of the functions. The function values inside this matrix range are interpolated in Program MELLOR.

The second input file, BLADE.DAT, is listed in Table 5.4-3. The thickness distribution of NACA 65-010 is taken from Herrig, et al. (1951). A flag in the input file MELI.DAT controls whether the distribution of camber slope is to be obtained from the input camber data given by BLADE.DAT or calculated from a formula. This ample study utilizes a formula (Abbott & von Doenhoff, 1959, eq. 4.25):

TABLE 5.4-1. LISTING OF INPUT DATA TO PROGRAM RIS

(3037-RISI.DAT) INPUT FILE FOR 3037-RIS
0., 60., 15., 0., 2., .05 AMDA, AMDZ, AMDI, XSA, XSZ, XSI
3000, 1E-6 NMAX, EPS
END OF RISI.DAT

964-8-44 081088

TABLE 5.4-2. LISTING OF RI.DAT, AN INPUT DATA FILE TO PROGRAM MELLOR

(3037-RI.DAT) G	ENERATED FROM R	IS.FOR FOR MELL	OR, FOR	
1.000000E-06	0.000000E+00	60.00000	15.00000	0.000000E+00
2.000000	5.0000001E-02		,	
0.0000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
5.2173398E-02	4.5208521E-02	2.6169103E-02		-2.6082352E-02
0.1038949	9.0213299E-02	5.2621908E-02	6.8930385E-04	-5.1932193E-02
0.1546278	0.1347106	7.9560533E-02	2.3246906E-03	-7.7233396E-02
0.2039254	0.1784404	0.1071651	5.5044037E-03	-0.1016441
0.2514041	0.2211502	0.1355503	1.0727535E-02	-0.1247449
0.2967545	0.2625987	0.1647505	1.8465405E-02	-0.1460087
0.3397457	0.3025640	0.1947111	2.9137187E-02	-0.1647694
0.3802256	0.3408486	0.2252868	4.3076873E-02	-0.1801937
0.4181130	0.3772891	0.2562491	6.0493194E-02	-0.1912633
0.4533932	0.4117613	0.2873063	8.1427529E-02	-0.1967846
0.4861057	0.4441831	0.3181238	0.1057185	-0.1954414
0.5163313	0.4745143	0.3483529	0.1329817	-0.1859200
0.5441841	0.5027574	0.3776606	0.1626173	-0.1671294
0.5697998	0.5289490	0.4057501	0.1938487	-0.1385061
0.5933266	0.5531567	0.4323842	0.2257907	-0.1003568
0.6149191	0.5754741	0.4573899	0.2575375	-5.4117262E-02
0.6347337	0.5960090	0.4806646	0.2882531	-2.3720309E-03
0.6529205	0.6148804	0.5021708	0.3172460	5.1462054E-02
0.6696242	0.6322143	0.5219283	0.3440161	0.1037472
0.6849818	0.6481345	0.5400006	0.3682702	0.1513210
0.6991182	0.6627645	0.5564828	0.3899067	0.1920179
0.7121500	0.6762204	0.5714924	0.4089816	0.2248574
0.7241826	0.6886137	0.5851550	0.4256665	0.2499200
0.7353121	0.7000443	0.5976023	0.4402044	0.2680355
0.7456259	0.7106067	0.6089611	0.4528722	0.2804396
0.7552003	0.7203860	0.6193488	0.4639508	0.2884880
0.7641057	0.7294580	0.6288769	0.4737064	0.2934675
0.7724064	0.7378905	0.6376457	0.4823773	0.2964911
0.7801540	0.7457454	0.6457406	0.4901679	0.2984570
0.7874034	0.7530785	0.6532381	0.4972489	0.3000457
0.7941947	0.7599384	0.6602086	0.5037566	0.3017366
0.8005722	0.7663677	0.6667088	0.5097985	0.3038370
0.8065685	0.7724059	0.6727877	0.5154570	0.3065091
0.8122170	0.7780849	0.6784909	0.5207939	0.3098033
0.8175462	0.7834380	0.6838531	0.5258540	0.3136829
0.8225805	0.7884922	0.6889084	0.5306704	0.3180547
0.8273461	0.7932720	0.6936845	0.5352667	0.3227890
0.8318605	0.7977986	0.6982051	0.5396599	0.3277435
0.8361445	0.8020902	0.7024913	0.5438622	0.3327767
0.8402145	0.8061675	0.7065633	0.5478841	0.3377616
0.0000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.0000000E+00
0.0000000E+00	2.6051806E-02	4.5177013E-02	5.2259099E-02	4.5325797E-02
0.0000000E+00	5.1693503E-02	8.9961112E-02	0.1045710	9.1154113E-02
0.0000000E+00	7.6480716E-02	0.1338598	0.1568561	0.1378854
0.0000000E+00	0.1000385	0.1764258	0.2090313	0.1859587
0.0000000E+00	0.1220554	0.2172237	0.2609444	0.2358032
0.000000E+00	0.1422951	0.2558396	0.3123513	0.2878196

TABLE 5.4-2 (CONTINUE)

0.0000000E+00	0.1606027	0.2918963	0.3629004	0.3423521
0.0000000E+00	0.1769041	0.3250709	0.4121253	0.3996373
0.0000000E+00	0.1911983	0.3551127	0.4594491	0.4597335
0.0000000E+00	0.2035502	0.3818625	0.5042129	0.5224231
0.0000000E+00	0:2140741	0.4052587	0.5457183	0.5870879
0.0000000E+00	0.2229210	0.4253430	0.5832939	0.6525828
0.000000E+00	0.2302646	0.4422548	0.6163695	0.7171478
0.0000000E+00	0.2362877	0.4562132	0.6445497	0.7784145
0.000000E+00	0.2411720	0.4675004	0.6676732	0.8335955
0.0000000E+00	0.2450914	0.4764381	0.6858298	0.8798838
0.0000000E+00	0.2482054	0.4833625	0.6993546	0.9150272
0.0000000E+00	0.2506564	0.4886056	0.7087771	0.9378765
0.0000000E+00	0.2525685	0.4924799	0.7147540	0.9487000
0.0000000E+00	0.2540476	0.4952668	0.7179930	0.9491126
0.0000000E+00	0.2551827	0.4972095	0.7191823	0.9416457
0.0000000E+00	0.2560472	0.4985138	0.7189455	0.9291563
0.0000000E+00	0.2567002	0.4993477	0.7178043	0.9143054
0.0000000E+00	0.2571902	0.4998435	0.7161744	0.8992313
0.0000000E+00	0.2575548	0.5001053	0.7143623	0.8854305
0.0000000E+00	0.2578243	0.5002100	0.7125776	0.8737952
0.0000000E+00	0.2580214	0.5002157	0.7109549	0.8647228
0.000000E+00	0.2581648	0.5001622	0.7095658	0.8582494
0.000000E+00	0.2582674	0.5000779	0.7084345	0.8541788
0.000000E+00	0.2583403	0.4999814	0.7075584	0.8521667
0.000000E+00	0.2583915	0.4998844	0.7069145	0.8518068
0.000000E+00	0.2584263	0.4997938	0.7064697	0.8526737
0.000000E+00	0.2584499	0.4997140	0.7061867	0.8543637
0.000000E+00	0.2584645	0.4996448	0.7060302	0.8565169
0.000000E+00	0.2584735	0.4995878	0.7059656	0.8588344
0.000000E+00	0.2584784	0.4995399	0.7059633	0.8610812
0.000000E+00	0.2584804	0.4995025	0.7060025	0.8630911
0.0000000E+00	0.2584800	0.4994707	0.7060635	0.8647590
0.0000000E+00	0.2584781	0.4994464	0.7061325	0.8660343
0.0000000E+00	0.2584758	0.4994268	0.7062013	0.8669177
999				

END OF RI.DAT

FIGURE 5.4-3. LISTING OF BLADE.DAT, AN INPUT DATA FILE TO PROGRAM MELLOR

```
(3037-BLADE.DAT) THICKNESS (REVISED THICKNESS OF NACA 65-010, HERRIG, ET AL, 1951, P.23)... 240CT86 (1105) TITL
        (1106) IN
26
 0.
         .5
               .75 1.25 2.5 5.
                                         7.5 10.
                                                     15.
25. 30. 35. 40. 45. 50. 75. 80. 85. 90. 95. 100.
                                        55. 60.
                                                     65.
                                         (1107) ( XIN(I), I=1,IN)
        .752 .890 1.124 1.571 2.222 2.709 3.111 3.746 4.218
  4.570 4.824 4.982 5.057 5.029 4.870 4.570 4.151 3.627 3.038
 2.451 1.847 1.251 .749 .354 .150 (1108) ( YIN(I), I=1,IN)
END OF (3037-MELLOR-BLADE.DAT)
(3037-BLADE.DAT) CAMBER (NACA MEAN LINE a = 1.0, ABBOTY & VON DOENHOFF, 1959) & THICKNESS... 240CT86 (1101) TITL
        (1102) IN
31
0. .5 .75 1.25 2.5 5. 7.5 10. 15. 20. 25. 30. 35. 40. 45. 50. 55. 60. 65. 70. 75. 80. 85. 90. 92.5 95. 97.5 98.75 99.25 99.5
       (1103) ( XIN(I), I=1,IN)
0.250 0.350 0.535 0.930 1.580 2.120 2.585 3.365 3.980
  4.475 4.860 5.150 5.355 5.475 5.515 5.475 5.355 5.150 4.860
 4.475 3.980 3.365 2.585 2.120 1.580 0.930 0.530 0.350 0.250
      (1104) ( YIN(I), I=1,IN)
```

 $dy / dx = \ln (c/x - 1) / (4\pi)$

to calculate the slope. Instead, a set of camber data for NACA mean line a=0 (Abbott & von Doenhoff, 1959), shown as the lower half of Table 5.4-3, can be used in front of the thickness distribution data in the table.

Listed in Table 5.4-4 is the controlling input data MEL.DAT. In this sample study, 100 points along the chord line is used in the computation to establish the basis in determining the cascade lift coefficient. Fourier series after the seventh term is truncated. This input file is used to generate a data file MELO10.DAT for Program DSN3 (see Sec. 5.5). The solidity of 1.35 in Table 5.4-4 can be replaced by other values to generate the required data for the corresponding solidity.

5.5 INPUT DATA TO MAIN INTEGRATION DESIGN PROGRAM (MIDP)

The main integration design program (MIDP) is listed as Program DSN3 in Appendix B.4. It requires three input data files: DSN3ZI.DAT, MELO10.DAT, and DSN#I.DAT. The nomenclature of input data is presented in Appendix C.4. The output from the program is kept in the file DSN3O.DAT.

The file DSN3ZI.DAT (Table 5.5-1) is an output of Program SCM. The main information in this file is the meridional velocity and peripheral velocity distributions in the rotor area. Also included is the location of streamlines, based on various coordinates, and other parameters such as blockage coefficient and fluid density.

The file MELO10.DAT (Table 5.5-2) is generated by Program MELLOR. It contains tables of g_n , h_n , B, and T (Eq. 4.3) for a particular value of solidity and a range of stagger angles.

FIGURE 5.4-4. LISTING OF MELI.DAT, AN INPUT DATA FILE TO PROGRAM MELLOR

(3037-MELLOR-MELI.DAT) UNIT 5 INPUT FILE FOR (3037-MELLOR)
MAKE MELO10.DAT FOR PROGRAM DSN3... SOLIDITY=1.18
11, 3, 0, 100, 7, 0 (2) MH, INCAM, IFLAT, NSEC, NFR, LIST
1., 1. (3) CBI, SEND1
1.18 (9) CSA
999 (10) IDUM
END OF (3037-MELLOR-MELI.DAT)

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FIGURE 5.5-1. DSN3ZI.DAT, AN INPUT DATA FILE TO PROGRAM DSN3 (MIDP)

OUTPUT FROM SCM	, FOR INPUT TO	DSN3		20-OCT-87
3	5			
0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
10.30000	9.976315	10.11178	10.21493	10.30000
2.715000	2.732000	2.750000	2.720332	2.737401
2.754555	2.723524	2.740501	2.757123	2.726212
2.743039	2.759205	2.728580	2.745239	2.760993
5.8674000E-02	5.2577998E-02	4.6735998E-02	7.2934225E-02	6.7915648E-02
6.3050024E-02	8.1472553E-02	7.6717153E-02	7.2243065E-02	8.8661440E-02
8.3924957E-02	7.9700582E-02	9.4995998E-02	9.0170003E-02	8.6106002E-02
0.2220000	0.2390000	0.2570000	0.2372768	0.2550692
0.2728999	0.2389733	0.2566037	0.2738170	0.2406130
0.2580943	0.2748030	0.2377000	0.2520000	0.2687000
3,855058	3.512583	4.083045	14.54134	15.05411
15.68967	16.28281	17.13391	17.87474	17.23342
18.49190	19.21535	17.96828	19.49733	20.26405
0.0000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	1.5224391E-02	1.6260931E-02
1.6938113E-02	2.4340013E-02	2.5592268E-02	2.6482830E-02	3.2014962E-02
3.3233963E-02	3.4225628E-02	3.8777813E-02	3.9854944E-02	4.0876091E-02
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
1,000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
1000.000	1000.000	1000.000	1000.000	1000.000
1000.000	1000.000	1000.000	1000.000	1000.000
1000.000	1000.000	1000.000	1000.000	1000.000

FIGURE 5.5-2. MEL010.DAT, AN INPUT FILE TO PROGRAM DSN3 (MIDP)

```
(3037-MELLOR-MELO10) G & H FUNCTIONS (MELLOR, 1959, TABLE 3)
NFR
          7
CS, AMDA, AMDI, AMDZ
  1.180000
                 0.000000E+00
                                  15.00000
                                                  60.00000
NYS
        101
( XCC(I),
               I=1,NYS) & (FCP(I), I=1,NYS)
                                 9.8663568E-04
 0.000000E+00
                 2.4673343E-04
                                                 2.2190213E-03
                                                                3.9426386E-03
                                                                1.9853175E-02
 6.1558187E-03
                 8.8563859E-03
                                 1.2041628E-02
                                                 1.5708417E-02
                                                 4.1122701E-02
                                                                4.7586467E-02
 2.4471730E-02
                 2.9559612E-02
                                 3.5111755E-02
 5.4496735E-02
                 6.1846673E-02
                                6.9628984E-02
                                                7.7836037E-02
                                                                8.6459719E-02
 9.5491491E-02
                 0.1049225
                                 0.1147434
                                                 0.1249445
                                                                0.1355157
 0.1464466
                 0.1577265
                                 0.1693441
                                                 0.1812880
                                                                0.1935465
                                                                0.2591232
 0.2061074
                 0.2189583
                                0.2320866
                                                 0.2454793
 0.2730048
                 0.2871104
                                0.3014261
                                                 0.3159377
                                                                0.3306310
 0.3454915
                 0.3605045
                                0.3756551
                                                 0.3909284
                                                                0.4063094
 0.4217828
                 0.4373334
                                 0.4529459
                                                 0.4686048
                                                                0.4842946
 0.5000000
                 0.5157054
                                0.5313953
                                                 0.5470542
                                                                0.5626667
 0.5782173
                 0.5936907
                                0.6090716
                                                 0.6243450
                                                                0.6394956
 0.6545085
                 0.6693690
                                 0.6840622
                                                 0.6985739
                                                                0.7128897
 0.7269953
                 0.7408769
                                0.7545208
                                                                0.7810418
                                                 0.7679134
                 0.8064536
                                                                0.8422736
 0.7938927
                                0.8187121
                                                 0.8306561
                                                                0.8950775
 0.8535534
                 0.8644843
                                0.8750556
                                                 0.8852566
 0.9045085
                 0.9135402
                                0.9221640
                                                                0.9381534
                                                 0.9303710
 0.9455033
                 0.9524136
                                0.9588774
                                                 0.9648883
                                                                0.9704404
 0.9755283
                 0.9801468
                                0.9842916
                                                 0.9879584
                                                                0.9911436
 0.9938442
                 0.9960573
                                0.9977810
                                                 0.9990134
                                                                0.9997532
  1.000000
 0.7713992
                 0.6610465
                                0.5506938
                                                 0.4860964
                                                                0.4402190
 0.4045864
                 0.3754243
                                0.3507195
                                                 0.3292697
                                                                0.3102995
 0.2932796
                 0.2778321
                                0.2636781
                                                 0.2506056
                                                                0.2384500
 0.2270804
                 0.2163914
                                                                0.1876157
                                0.2062968
                                                 0.1967249
                 0.1705893
 0.1789184
                                0.1625910
                                                 0.1548910
                                                                0.1474607
 0.1402750
                 0.1333116
                                                                0.1135673
                                0.1265507
                                                 0.1199746
 0.1073143
                 0.1012024
                                 9.5219724E-02
                                                8.9355148E-02
                                                                8.3598569E-02
 7.7940598E-02
                 7.2372496E-02
                                6.6886142E-02
                                                 6.1473899E-02
                                                                5.6128554E-02
 5.0843354E-02
                 4.5611825E-02
                                4.0427864E-02
                                                 3.5285547E-02
                                                                 3.0179225E-02
 2.5103418E-02
                 2.0052830E-02
                                1.5022236E-02
                                                1.0006566E-02
                                                                 5.0008148E-03
 0.0000000E+00 -5.0008306E-03 -1.0006603E-02 -1.5022261E-02
                                                               -2.0052856E-02
-2.5103461E-02 -3.0179247E-02 -3.5285573E-02 -4.0427905E-02
                                                                -4.5611851E-02
-5.0843373E-02 -5.6128558E-02 -6.1473906E-02 -6.6886187E-02 -7.2372548E-02
-7.7940658E-02 -8.3598629E 02 -8.9355186E-02 -9.5219739E-02
                                                               -0.1012025
-0.1073143
                -0.1135673
                                -0.1199746
                                                -0.1265508
                                                                -0.1333116
-0.1402749
                -0.1474607
                                                -0.1625911
                                -0.1548910
                                                                -0.1705893
-0.1789184
                -0.1876157
                                -0.1967250
                                                -0.2062968
                                                                -0.2163915
-0.2270804
                -0.2384500
                                -0.2506059
                                                -0.2636783
                                                                -0.2778324
-0.2932798
                -0.3102999
                                -0.3292701
                                                -0.3507200
                                                                -0.3754249
-0.4045873
                -0.4402193
                                -0.4860959
                                                -0.5506907
                                                                -0.6610565
-0.7714224
TOC
```

FIGURE 5.5-2 (CONTINUE)

```
0.1011400
FOLLOWING ARE ( (G(N,K), K=1,NFR), N=1,NFR),
((H(N,K), K=1,NFR), N=1,NFR), (B(N), N=1,NFR), &
 T(N), N-1,NFR), FOR AMDAD-AMDA,AMDZ,AMDI
  1.373091
               -0.3730868
                              -4.7396030E-02
                                              3.4194361E-02 -8.2726954E-03
 2.7298896E-02 -1.0916364E-02
                               0.000000E+00
                                              -1.420481
                                                             0.000000E+00
 4.4038385E-02
               0.0000000E+00
                               3.0418137E-02
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             0.4072816
 0.000000E+00
                -1.057238
                               0.000000E+00
                                             -8.1798490E-03
                                                             0.000000E+00
-1.2193669E-02
                0.000000E+00
                               3.9121512E-02
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             -1.009937
                               0.000000E+00 -6.8957144E-03
                                                             0.000000E+00
 0.0000000E+00 -1.7021501E-03
                0.000000E+00
                               -1.001510
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             1.6851907E-05
 6.7244815E-03
                               0.000000E+00
                                              1.3701854E-03
                                                             0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00 -2.6436450E-03
                                              0.000000E+00 -6.3849147E-04
 -1.000157
                0.000000E+00
                               9.5066230E-04
                                                             0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00
                2.7375855E-04
                               0.000000E+00
                                              -1.000018
 0.000000E+00
                0.000000E+00
                               0.000000E+00
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00
                0.000000E+00
                               0.000000E+00
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00
                0.000000E+00
                               0.000000E+00
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             0.000000E+00
                                                             0.000000E+00
                                              0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00
                0.000000E+00
                               0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00
                0.000000E+00
                               0.000000E+00
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             0.000000E+00
                               0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00
                0.000000E+00
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             0.000000E+00
                                                             0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00
                0.000000E+00
                               0.000000E+00
                                              0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00
                0.000000E+00
                               0.000000E+00
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             0.000000E+00
                                                             0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00
                0.000000E+00
                               0.000000E+00
                                              0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00
                0.000000E+00
                               0.000000E+00
                                              8.0536567E-02
                                                             6.2625073E-03
                                             -4.0477101E-02 -4.4769414E-02
 2.7139602E-02 -6.4016335E-02
                              -3.5316154E-02
                               0.000000E+00
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00
                0.000000E+00
 0.000000E+00
               0.000000E+00
                                              3.2114621E-02 -8.5944878E-03
               -0.3474957
                              -3.9202519E-02
 1.347499
                                                             0.000000E+00
 2.5209146E-02 -1.0509614E-02
                               0.000000E+00
                                              -1.386697
 3.8775515E-02
                0.000000E+00
                               2.8209714E-02
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             0.3796105
 0.000000E+00
                -1.045862
                               0.000000E+00
                                             -9.4877388E-03
                                                             0.000000E+00
-1.1747241E-02
                0.000000E+00
                               3.0606378E-02
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             -1.005767
 0.000000E+00 -1.9178378E-03
                               0.000000E+00 -6.9056829E-03
                                                             0.000000E+00
 3.6600952E-03
               0.000000E+00
                               -1.000190
                                              0.0000000E+00 -1.3431325E-05
 0.000000E+00 -1.9150847E-03
                               0.000000E+00
                                              3.4441851E-04
                                                             0.000000E+00
-0.9998317
                                              0.0000000E+00 -2.5798939E-04
                0.000000E+00
                               1.1059480E-03
 0.000000E+00 -4.0932264E-05
                               0.000000E+00 -0.9999556
                                                            -4.2275999E-02
 1.6382568E-02 -2.4923453E-02
                               8.3927251E-04 -4.4739526E-03
                                                             4.5580021E-04
 7.3303141E-05 -5.0039165E-02
                               2.3007811E-08 -2.8945163E-02
                                                             1.8522019E-08
               1.4217595E-08
                               1.8995389E-04 -7.5997146E-09
                                                             1.7127387E-02
-4.6786284E-03
                                              4.3533192E-04 -3.9832599E-09
-6.5222334E-09
                3.0112659E-04
                             -4.4405821E-09
 7.2376807E-03 -2.9231069E-09
                               3.5885754E-03 -2.2523543E-09
                                                             6.7295892E-05
-1.7320767E-09 -3.7230671E-05
                             -4.3239606E-10
                                              5.4625032E-04 -3.9757711E-10
 6.1145436E-04 -3.5193545E-10 -3.7039332E-05 -2.1270107E-10 -5.0880027E-04
 1.6313151E-10 -1.6344152E-04
                               1.1067427E-10
                                              7.2398361E-05
                                                            8.7663113E-11
                3.0393448E-11 -6.8517540E-05
                                              2.5702832E-11 -4.8604950E-05
-1.0959200E-05
                1.9509838E-05
                                              7.9579927E-02
                                                            4.5247823E-03
 2.2095312E-11
                               1.1200884E-11
 2.6716035E-02 -6.3679554E-02 -3.5268333E-02 -4.0534448E-02 -4.4753395E-02
                1.1902492E-02 -2.6182691E-02 -3.7317555E-03 -8.0651970E-04
 0.1274393
-6.1859790E-04 -3.0790437E-03
  1.271879
                              -1.5107879E-02 2.5142090E-02 -9.7642224E-03
               -0.2718769
```

FIGURE 5.5-2 (CONTINUE)

```
1.9316953E-02 -9.1699949E-03
                               0.000000E+00
                                              -1.286983
                                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             0.2970188
2.3168059E-02
               0.000000E+00
                               2.1776550E-02
                                              0.000000E+00
0.000000E+00
                -1.013133
                               0.000000E+00
                                             -1.2784059E-02
                                                              0.000000E+00
-1.0406170E-02
                0.000000E+00
                               5.3424207E-03
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                            -0.9950062
                               0.0000000E+00 -5.8251210E-03
0.000000E+00
              -1.8803109E-03
                                                             0.000000E+00
-4.4336440E-03
                0.000000E+00
                              -0.9975595
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             1.9819738E-04
                               0.0000000E+00 -1.7836202E-03
                                                             0.000000E+00
0.000000E+00
                5.9427641E-04
-0.9995413
                0.000000E+00
                               1.3175826E-03
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             7.2361820E-04
0.000000E+00 -4.5466528E-04
                               0.000000E+00
                                              -1.000008
                                                             -8.0956489E-02
3.2189745E-02 -4.7548648E-02
                               2.2006668E-03 -8.4162131E-03
                                                             9.0854039E-04
1.1111570E-04 -9.4817720E-02
                               4.3713300E-08 -5.5010512E-02
                                                              3.5219902E-08
                2.7035753E-08
                               3.4457454E-04 -1.5556630E-08
                                                              3.4429930E-02
-9.0458356E-03
-1.3391153E-08
                1.5372403E-03
                              -9.2404253E-09
                                              7.8572944E-04
                                                             -8.1296427E-09
1.2747332E-02 -5.4160925E-09
                               6.7664273E-03 -4.2513073E-09
                                                              5.2098563E-04
-3.2596383E-09 -1.0996135E-04 -3.1677194E-10
                                              8.6005843E-05
                                                            -3.2284003E-10
7.9328520E-04 -3.2879249E-10
                               5.4763095E-05 -1.7059845E-10
                                                            -9.7209204E-04
4.2119003E-10 -5.1369460E-04
                               3.2783812E-10 -1.9341638E-05
                                                              2.5003330E-10
1.9595549E-05 -1.6118525E-11
                               3.7522997E-05
                                             -8.9191718E-12
                                                            -6.6533481E-05
-4.6874061E-13 -6.1993569E-06 -8.2880326E-12
                                              7.6744169E-02 -7.1780756E-04
2.5416022E-02 -6.2735349E-02 -3.5170496E-02 -4.0697958E-02 -4.4704270E-02
0.2450204
                2.0531975E-02 -4.5227956E-02 -5.2862149E-03 -2.9505172E-03
-1.4394496E-03 -6.1726500E-03
 1.149131
               -0.1491305
                               2.3739813E-02
                                              1.0439388E-02 -1.2137624E-02
1.1075284E-02 -6.6884416E-03
                               0.000000E+00
                                                              0.000000E+00
                                              -1.125390
-2.3351838E-03
                0.000000E+00
                               1.1558891E-02
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             0.1595692
0.000000E+00
              -0.9634855
                               0.000000E#00
                                             -1.5604005E-02
                                                              0.000000E+00
-8.3352849E-03
                0.000000E+00
                             -3.5877891E-02
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             -0.9837594
0.000000E+00
                7.4595021E-04
                               0.000000E+00
                                              6.3624722E-04
                                                              0.000000E+00
-1.3257822E-02
                0.000000E+00
                             -0.9977632
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             1.2244676E-03
0.000000E+00
                5.4492075E-03
                               0.0000000E+00 -1.8195013E-03
                                                             0.000000E+00
 -1.000807
                0.000000E+00
                               3.6040516E-04
                                              0.000000E+00
                                                             1.2688811E-03
0.000000E+00
                3.3323502E-04
                               0.000000E+00
                                              -1.000337
                                                             -0.1129456
4.7200758E-02 -6.5922432E-02
                               4.6494445E-03 -1.1384689E-02
                                                              1.2915963E-03
9.5289499E-05
              -0.1293276
                               5.9973004E-08 -7.5543880E-02
                                                             4.8408282E-08
-1.2873369E-02
                3.7158557E-08
                               4.4841159E-04 -2.4476087E-08
                                                              5.2495953E-02
-2.1176463E-08
                4.8442786E-03
                             -1.4937966E-08
                                              9.8024239E-04
                                                             -1.2731615E-08
                                                             1.6934223E-03
1.4163221E-02
              -6.7496124E-09
                               8.6882701E-03 -5.5003064E-09
-4.2003649E-09
               -1.8684632E-04
                               1.0416350E-09
                                             -2.4570615E-03
                                                             8.6356722E-10
-1.8132523E-04
                5.9436805E-10
                               2.5100540E-04
                                              4.8386645E-10
                                                            -8.4184058E-04
6.1454464E-10
              -8.1782357E-04
                               5.4642868E-10 -3.8943885E-04
                                                             4.1352169E-10
2.7364616E-05 -3.0873998E-10
                               5.5368326E-04 -2.6878663E-10
                                                             1.5788809E-04
-2.0341992E-10 -3.8205435E-05 -1.5120923E-10
                                              7.2070099E-02 -9.6396524E-03
2.3085548E-02 -6.1363548E-02 -3.5177931E-02 -4.0920448E-02 -4.4606462E-02
0.3441083
                2.2130689E-02 -4.9091969E-02 -2.2818651E-03 -8.3887083E-03
-2.7330697E-03 -9.2090582E-03
0.9826022
                1.7396268E-02
                               7.7120878E-02 -2.0356141E-02 -1.4243137E-02
4.2365617E-03
              -4.2757504E-03
                               0.000000E+00 -0.9054829
                                                             0.000000E+00
-3.716331/E-02
               0.000000E+00
                             -2.6489655E-03
                                              0.000000E+00 -3.7753463E-02
0.000000E+00
              -0.9060732
                               0.0000000E+00 -1.0528560E-02
                                                             0.000000E+00
-6.5886504E-03
                0.000000E+00 -9.1363207E-02
                                              0.000000E+00 -0.9869078
0.000000E+00
                1.0417535E-02
                              0.000000E+00
                                              2.4593284E-02
                                                             0.000000E+00
```

FIGURE 5.5-2 (CONTINUE)

```
-9.9210320E-03
               0.000000E+00
                              -1.007246
                                             0.000000E+00
                                                            1.4523084E-03
0.000000E+00
                              0.000000E+00 6.0272766E-03
                                                            0.000000E+00
               9.9671828E-03
 -1.002671
                0.0000000E+00 -5.2588726E-03
                                             0.0000000E+00 -2.8012465E-03
0.000000E+00 1.9369608E-03
                              0.000000E+00 -0.9991357
                                                            -0.1368254
 6.2569410E-02 -7.9283491E-02
                               9.0393247E-03 -1.3128875E-02
                                                            1.3043333E-03
1.5207623E-04 -0.1491351
                               7.0079793E-08 -8.8539913E-02
                                                            5.6797507E-08
-1.6235026E-02
               4.3583558E-08
                              5.4878456E-04 -3.5917090E-08
                                                            7.3430695E-02
-3.1325666E-08
               1.2264599E-02 -2.2781908E-08
                                            1.0243268E-03 -1.8582393E-08
6.5866397E-03 -4.9736979E-09
                               6.7125019E-03 -4.5034425E-09
                                                            3.6693932E-03
-3.4428904E-09
               4.9893584E-05
                              4.5531392E-09 -7.8372760E-03
                                                            4.1115014E-09
               3.2604077E-09 -7.7260469E-05
-3.7951947E-03
                                            2.3294098E-09
                                                            2.2036436E-03
-5.3185900E-10 8.2511769E-04 -3.1916997E-10 -5.3184887E-04 -2.1207246E-10
-2.8612340E-04 -8.7782304E-10
                             1.1438091E-03 -8.3455531E-10
                                                            9.0125075E-04
-6.9450229E-10 2.8996501E-04 -5.0035526E-10 6.5245569E-02 -2.2823405E-02
1.9044768E-02 -5.9699316E-02 -3.5709277E-02 -4.0989980E-02 -4.4369735E-02
0.4198163
                1.0755750E-02 -2.5999840E-02 8.3293729E-03 -2.0982664E-02
-4.1257502E-03 -1.2179918E-02
        999
```

In this sample run, Fourier series is to be truncated after the seventh term, the solidity is 1.18, the stagger angle ranges from 0 to 60 degrees at a step of 15 degrees, and the number of data points along the chord is 101. The values of coordinate along the chord and slope of camber are listed in the table. The maximum thickness of the blade is 10.114% of the chord length. Matrices of g_n , h_n , B, and T are listed at the end of Table 5.5-2.

Listed in Table 5.5-3 is the input data file DSN3I.DAT which contains some controlling parameters. Input cards numbers 2 to 4 keeps some controlling data for the overall system. The fluid density, specified as 1000 kg/m³ in the file, has no effects in the present model if the density is constant. The rotational speed is assumed to be 3475 rpm. The maximum body radius of 6.375 inches, which is converted into a value in meters by multiplying with a conversion factor 0.0254, is used as the reference radius. This reference radius may be set to other convenient values instead of the body radius. The multiplication factors and the convergence criteria used in this example have been determined by many test runs. The iterations should converge as long as the multiplication factors used in the prediction-correction process are reasonable. The number of blade is 11 based on experience. The number of stations in the rotor area, including leading edge and trailing edge, is 3 in correspondence to the value used in Program SCM. A flag is set such that the velocities and other data along a specified cross-section of the blade are obtained from an interpolation process based on the data stored in the file DSN3ZI.DAT.

According to Table 5.5-3, there is only one blade section to be studied. The solidity is assumed to be 1.18. The radius is 0.08582 meters at Station 2.

The solidity mentioned in this study is that defined in the mapped X-Y plane. The input solidity can be initially guessed to be any reasonable value. On this particular section of the blade, it has been tried with an initial guess of 1.50 and 0.50. Both guesses resulted in

FIGURE 5.5-3. DSN3I.DAT, AN INPUT DATA FILE TO PROGRAM DSN3 (MIDP)

(3037-DSN3-DSN31.DAT) INPUT DATA FILE FOR DSN3, TEST SEC. 11	24 JUN88
1000., 3475., 6.375, .0254 (2) DEN, RPM, RSTAR, CONVR	
.5, 1., .0, 1., .001, .001, .005, 30, 1 (3) CONFB, CONFC, CONFSA, C	ONFSO, EPSA, EPSS, EPSSO, MMAX, IDBUG
11, 1, 3, 1 (4) NBLADE, NSECR, NSTA, INTERP	
SEC. 11 AMONG 11 IN 1984 REPORT (AROUND SEC. J=4 AMONG 5 IN SCH TEST)	(201)
1.18 (202) SIG (INITIAL GUESS WAS 1.50) (same if initial guess is .50)
.085820, 2 (211) RSL, IRSL	
END OF DSN31.DAT	
SEC. 10 AMONG 11 IN 1984 REPORT (AROUND SEC. J=4 AMONG 5 IN SCM TEST)	(201)
1.23 (202) SIG (INITIAL GUESS WAS 1.32)	
.083868, 2 (211) RSL, IRSL	
END OF DSN31.DAT	
SEC. 9 AMONG 11 IN 1984 REPORT (AROUND SEC. J=4 AMONG 5 IN SCM TEST)	(201)
1.28 (202) SIG (INITIAL GUESS WAS 1.37)	(20.7)
.079764, 2 (211) RSL, IRSL	
END OF DSN31.DAT	
SEC. 8 AMONG 11 IN 1984 REPORT (AROUND SEC. J=3 AMONG 5 IN SCM TEST)	(201)
1.34 (202) SIG (INITIAL GUESS WAS 1.38)	(201)
.075825, 2 (211) RSL, IRSL	
END OF DSN31.DAT	
SEC. 7 AMONG 11 IN 1984 REPORT (AROUND SEC. J=3 AMONG 5 IN SCM TEST)	(201)
1.40 (202) SIG (INITIAL GUESS WAS 1.40)	(201)
.071860, 2 (211) RSL, IRSL	
END OF DSN31.DAT	
	1884
SEC. 6 AMONG 11 IN 1984 REPORT (AROUND SEC. J=2 AMONG 5 IN SCM TEST)	(201)
1.50 (202) SIG (INITIAL GUESS WAS 1.43)	
.067694, 2 (211) RSL, IRSL	
END OF DSN31.DAT	
SEC. 5 AMONG 11 IN 1984 REPORT (AROUND SEC. J=2 AMONG 5 IN SCM TEST)	(201)
1.69 (202) SIG (INITIAL GUESS WAS 1.50) (N.G., 1.69>>1.50 Limit)	
.062930, 2 (211) RSL, IRSL	
END OF DSN31.DAT	

a termination of the computer run with a message to use better solidity values which both rounded to 1.18. The computation would be carried out if the internally computed solidity, based on the chosen camber and incident angle, matches with the input value within the error criterion of 0.005. In this model, one run with trial solidity is usually sufficient to find a suitable value to be used. Note that the input file DSN3ZI.DAT should be replaced with the one with corresponding value of solidity.

Attached to the end of Table 5.5-3 are data used to study other sections in the present study. Results are depicted in the following section.

5.6 RESULTS OF SAMPLE DESIGN

The model is tested with some blade sections as shown in Table 5.5-3. Results for six sections from the middle area to the tip area of the blade are presented here.

Other sections at the hub area have solidity values much larger than 1.5 and therefore are not able to be analyzed in the current version of the model. The reason is that this model utilizes a multiple regression analysis (Section 4.3.3) to find expressions of C_b (β , σ , C_{L1}) and α_d (σ , C_b) based on a set of experimental data which has solidity values range from 0.5 to 1.5. Outside this range, the extrapolated result is unpredictable. In order to solve the problem of high solidity, experimental data for the high solidity case have to be included in the regression analysis. This is not implemented due to the time constraint.

Figures 5.6-1 and 5.6-2 depict the results of peripheral velocity and meridional velocity obtained from the stream-curvature method. There is no pre-rotation and so the peripheral velocity changes from 0 at the leading edge of the rotor to the value at the trailing edge as shown in Figure 5.6-1. The meridional velocity increases as the body is contracted.

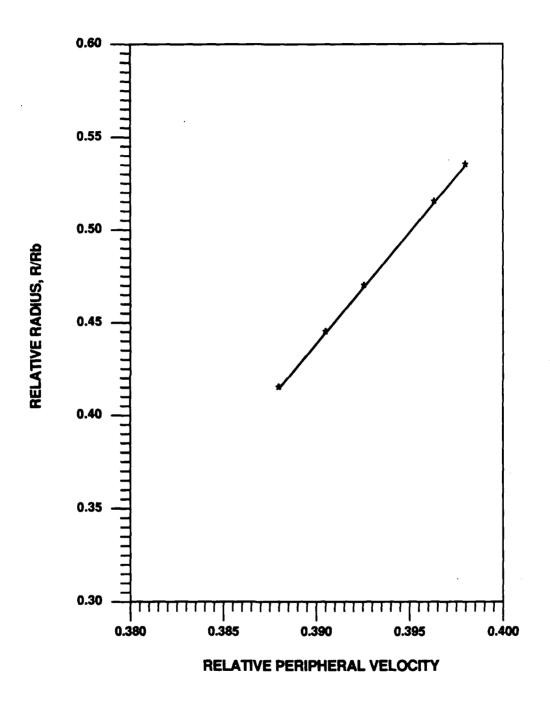


FIGURE 5.6-1. DISTRIBUTION OF PERIPHERAL VELOCITY, $\textbf{C}_{\theta},$ AT THE TRAILING EDGE OF THE ROTOR

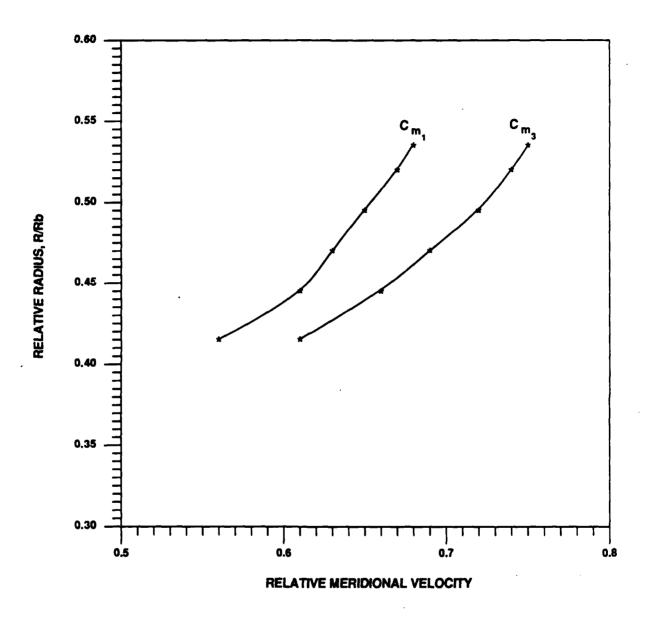


FIGURE 5.6-2. DISTRIBUTION OF MERIDIONAL VELOCITY AT LEADING EDGE, $\mathbf{C_{m_1}}$, AND TRAILING EDGE, $\mathbf{C_{m_2}}$, OF THE ROTOR

Notice that, in Figures 5.6-1 through 5.6-8, the relative radius as the y-axis represents the radius of the streamline at the middle station of the rotor while various data, even if they are those at leading edge or trailing edge, are plotted on the x-axis relative to this radius, curves in Figure 5.6-2 are the velocities at the leading edge and trailing edge which have different radii for the same streamline, but, in Figure 5.6-2, they are both represented by the single radius at the middle station for that streamline.

The flow angle β_1 (Figure 5.6-3) is determined as soon as the flow diagram in X-Y plan is established. The incident angle α_1 (Figure 5.6-4), which depends on flow angle, solidity, and lift coefficient, is obtained through regression analysis based on experimental data. The stagger angle λ (Figure 5.6-5) is simply the difference between β_1 and α_1 . Figure 5.6-6 shows the resultant solidity obtained in the mapped X-Y plane. It ranges from 1.18 at the tip to 1.50 before the hub area is reached.

Without the three-dimensional effects, the cascade lift coefficient C_{LM} (Figure 5.6-7), are calculated based on the linear cascade theory discussed in Section 4.3.2. Also shown in the figure is the cascade lift coefficient C_{L1} which is based on the upstream velocity w_1 rather than the mean velocity w_m .

The camber which could produce a turning angle such that C_{LM} or C_{L1} is reached without the three-dimensional effects is shown in Figure 5.6-8 as the curve C_{b2} . With the three-dimensional effects introduced as induced vortices and sources/sinks, the required camber to produce the same turning angle is shown in Figure 5.6-8 as the curve C_{b3} . The required camber is smaller due to the contraction of the body. The differences reduce from 0.20 (12%) near the hub area to 0.11 (8%) near the tip and then suddenly increased to 0.21 (17%) at the tip. The reason for this sudden decrease of the required camber at the tip is not investigated due to the time constraint to finish this report.

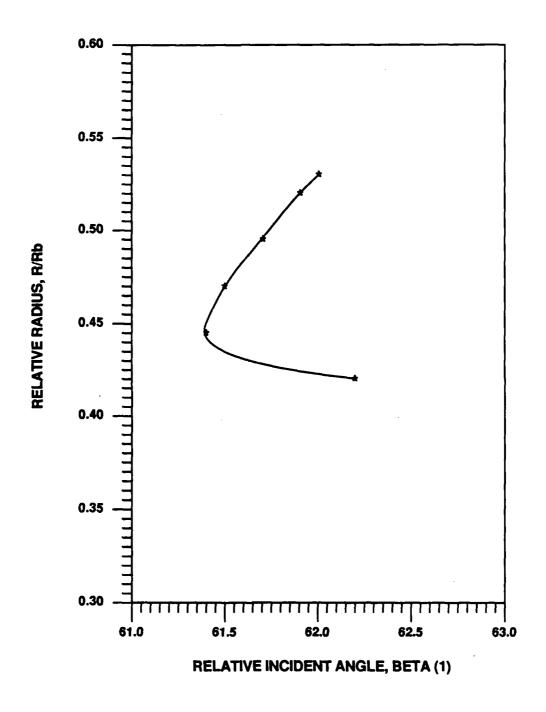


FIGURE 5.6-3. DISTRIBUTION OF RELATIVE FLOW ANGLE, $\beta_{\,1}$, IN DEGREES, RELATIVE TO X-AXIS, IN X-Y PLANE

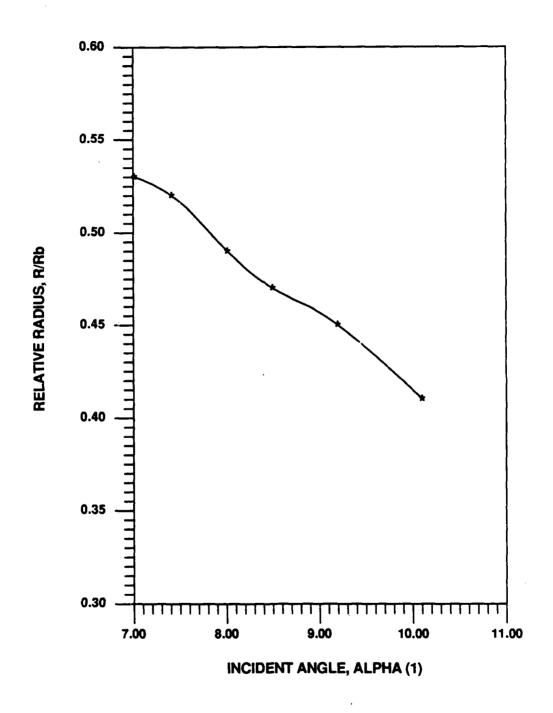


FIGURE 5.6-4. DISTRIBUTION OF INCIDENT ANGLE, $\chi_{\, 1},$ IN DEGREES, RELATIVE TO THE CHORD LINE, X-Y PLANE

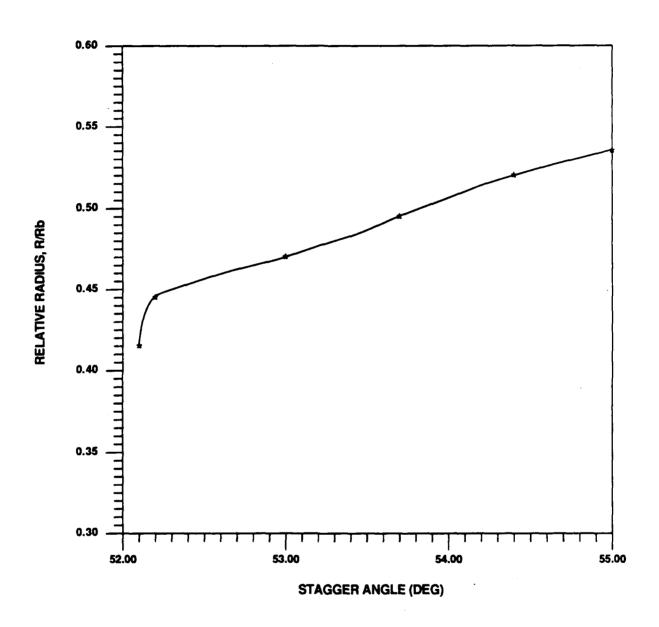


FIGURE 5.6-5. DISTRIBUTION OF STAGGER ANGLE IN X-Y PLANE

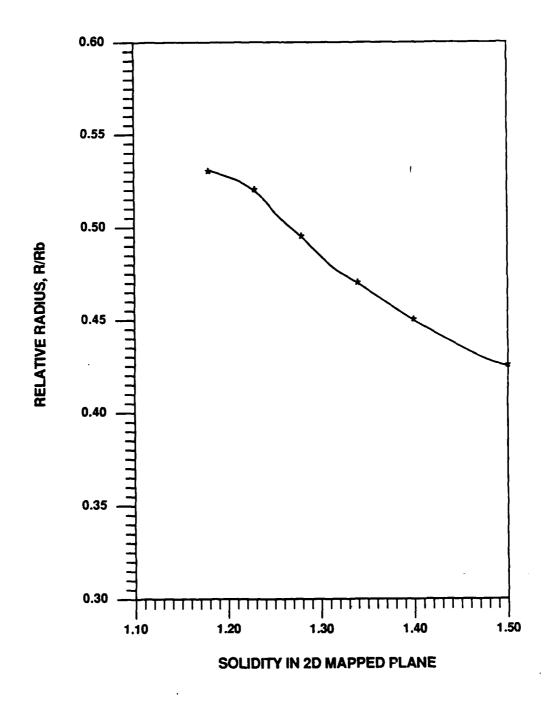


FIGURE 5.6-6. DISTRIBUTION OF SOLIDITY WHEN THE BLADE SECTIONS ARE MAPPED INTO THE X-Y PLANE

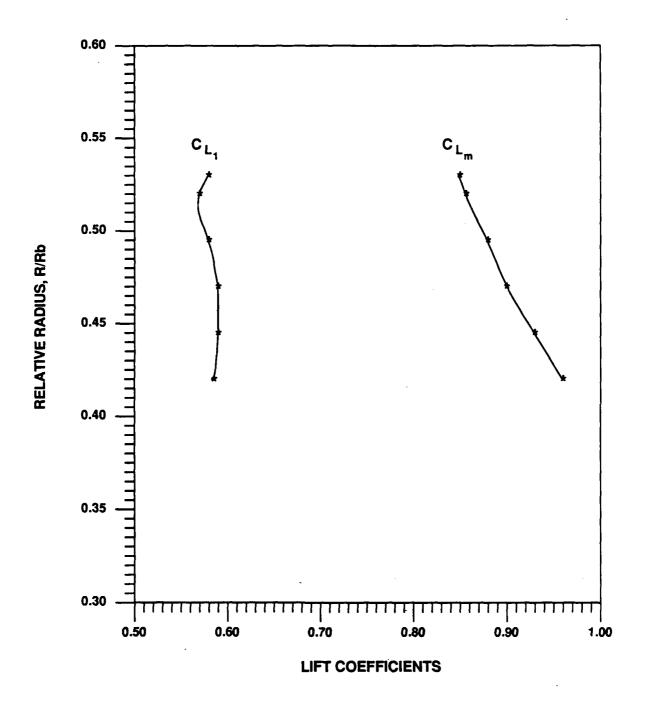


FIGURE 5.6-7. DISTRIBUTION OF REQUIRED LIFT COEFFICIENTS

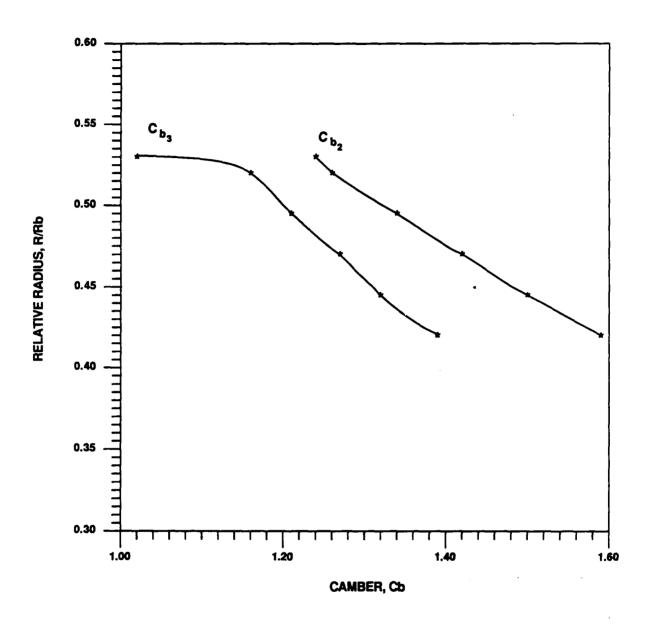


FIGURE 5.6-8. DISTRIBUTION OF REQUIRED CAMBER WITHOUT 3-D EFFECTS, C_{b_2} , AND THAT WHEN THE 3-D EFFECTS ARE PRESENTED, C_{b_3}

6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The GHR project started in 1985 as a three-year contract with the objective of developing a new pumpjet design theory and then a computer code to satisfy the Navy's need to accurately design pumpjets for high speed underwater vehicles. The design method available then was based on a one-dimensional graphic approach with a simple correction made for the affects of proximity of adjacent blades. The recent need for design of pumpjets for high speed underwater vehicles make such a method totally inappropriate, having led to various hydrodynamic problems.

During the first two years of the contract work, various methodologies were assessed for selecting a candidate method. It has been decided then that a quasi-three-dimensional pumpjet design method is used to fulfill the objective of the contract, i.e., the combination of a blade-through flow analysis with a blade-to-blade flow analysis.

As has been demonstrated in Section 5, the pumpjet design procedure starts with the selection of the underwater vehicle geometry and its goal speed, the flow pattern and velocity profile should then be obtained within by using an axisymmetric turbulent boundary design layer theory or by an experiment. The propulsive efficiency is approximately calculated by using a straight-forward momentum theory with an optimum shroud opening diameter also determined. Once the shroud opening diameter as well as the overall profile shape are chosen, the blade-through flow without (i.e., in this use the streamline curvature method) is used to determine the streamline tube and velocity profile at the rotor section.

The streamline information obtained above will become the key data for the rest of design procedure. A contracting stream tube which represents a design section of the blade is mapped into a two-dimensional plane where an equivalent two-dimensional cascade flow diagram is established. It should be noted that the use of the equivalent flow diagram is made carefully without violating the circulation law; the mass conservation equivalent is violated (or not accurately maintained) but the circulation of the flow is maintained exactly. In order to compensate for such an approximate approach (i.e., use of two-dimensional flow approach for design of a pumpjet in the three-dimensional configuration, the source/sink and vortex are distributed along the row of cascade blades and thus the blade camber is corrected. The cascade theory of Mellor is used in the present analysis with the corrections made by utilizing experimental data. In order to facilitate the design method with the latter assurance, NACA 65 blade profile series are used in the present computer code.

An iterative method is required to determine the blade profile shape in this design method of highly nonlinear nature. Once the blade thickness is determined the streamline curvature method should be used again to correct the flow velocity and streamline tube configuration due to this blockage effect. After this blockage correction on the flow velocity is made, the camber correction is repeated. As noticed by now and explained in Sections 4 and 5, there exists two iterative loops, i.e., camber correction loop and flow velocity correction loop. These iterative loops are repeated until the convergent solution is obtained.

A sample design case has been run by using the computer code developed herein and the procedure has been described in Section 5.

Due to the limited time available, only the camber iteration loop has been used and seemed stable from the viewpoint of the camber determination. However, for exactly the same

reason as above, many aspects have not been tested nor incorporated into the computer code. Table 6-1 provides such aspects not tested or unincorporated together with the impact of each aspect on the designed pumpjet blade.

As seen from Table 6-1, the computer code developed herein is still at the stage of development and testing of the detailed aspects. All the theoretical bases for those aspects have been developed and ready to be incorporated into the code. Unfortunately, due to the limited timeframe, the items and aspects stated in Table 6.1 are yet to be incorporated and tested in order to make the present computer code usable and reliable. Although it may not take an enormous amount of time to incorporate each item described above, careful handling of such item is necessary since a slight mistake or mishandling may lead to a fatal error in the outcome of computer code. With such cautions in mind, the present theory computer code should be used.

VARIOUS ITEMS NOT TESTED OR INCORPORATED INTO THE COMPUTER CODE AND THEIR IMPACTS ON THE DESIGNED PUMPJET BLADE

	Items	Theory Basis	Impact	Actions to be Taken
નં	Induced velocities due to source/sink (u) and vortex (S and X)	Section 4.4	As mentioned in the text, the effects of induced velocities on the camber were partially compared. The order of magnitude and sign seems to be correct, but more extensive testings and verification are necessary to provide confidence. This aspect is essential in the accuracy of the entire computer code and until these features are totally tested, the computer code may not be used with confidence.	More tests for the accuracies of the induced velocities should be made.
લં	2-D Cascade Data at High Solidity	Sections 4.3.2 and 4.3.3	The experimental data for cascade configuration at high solidity(s) are scarce and only those of less than and equal to 1.75 are incorporated in the current program. The result of regression analysis (Eqn. 4.3-20) is incorporated for $\sigma \leq 1.75$ so that the design of pumpjet having a higher solidity (in the two-dimensional plane) may not be possible with the current computer code.	More cascade data of high σ should be incorporated into Eqn. 4.3-20.
က်	Smooth Entry Condition	Section 4.3.3	The camber correction made due to the induced velocities and χ may drastically change the smooth entry condition. In the present computer code, this aspect is not incorporated into the computer code so that the flow separation cantation may occur if the blade designed by this computer code is actually used.	A concept for smooth entry should be inte- grated into the cam- ber iteration loop by changing the stagger angle (γ) of blade.
4	Velocity Calculation Around Blade	Section 4.3.3 of TC-3037 GHR Report (1986)	A singular perturbation method has particularly been developed for the purpose of calculating the velocity perturbations around the blade. This is necessary for determining the possibility of cavitation inception on the blade, but is not incorporated in the present computer code.	The singular perturbation can simply be used. Other blade-to-blade methods may also be used.

VARIOUS ITEMS NOT TESTED OR INCORPORATED INTO THE COMPUTER CODE AND THEIR IMPACTS ON THE DESIGNED PUMPJET BLADE

Actions to be Taken	After the first camber iteration loop, the blade thickness should be incorporated for repeated use of SCM.	A simple exponential approximation to the contraction of stream tube may be used to correct the flow skewness.	Eqn. 4.4-41 may be used for correcting the secondary flow effect.	The transportation formula in Section 4.4.2 shall be used to perform this work.	The method of Katsanis, et al., may be used for verifying the total accuracy of the present design method.
Impact	The blade thickness cannot be determined until the cascade blade profile is determined. The meridional velocity calculation with SCM does not include such effect in the present computer code. Such blockage effect is substantial since the dynamic head is proportional to the square of velocity.	The flow skewness is one of the main subjects in the present development of pumpjet since the effect is of the first order. Without this correction, the flow incidence angle is inaccurate, causing the lift or head generation error of the first order.	The secondary flow effect is usually represented by the vortex at the exit of blade channel. This is not incorporated in the present computer code.	The camber profile is determined in the X-Y plane, which should be transformed back to the actual 3-D plane.	The final pumpjet blade configuration should be tested by an existing performance prediction method or tested by experiments. At least, the former can be done without much expense but has not been exercised in the present project.
Theory Basis	Section 4.2.1	Section 4.4.6	Section 4.4.7	Section 4.4.2	Section 3.1
Items	5. Blade Thickness Correction	6. Flow Skewness	7. Secondary Flow Effect	8. Generation of 3-D Blade Profile	9. Performance Verification

7.0 REFERENCES

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APPENDIX A

A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COMPUTER CODES

Four independent but related computer programs are used in this study. They are named SCM, RIS, MELLOR, and DSN3.

The principal program is the main integration design program (MIDP) which is named DSN3 in the computer code. Programs SCM and MELLOR are used to prepare data for DSN3. Program RIS is used to prepare data for MELLOR.

The stream curvature method (Sec. 4.2) is used in Program SCM to determine streamline pattern and then calculate velocities and other parameters along any streamline. Non-uniform inflow condition is allowed at the upstream. The input data is provided by SCMI.DAT. The output file DSN3IZ.DAT serves to input data to Program DSN3. The computer code SCM is listed in Appendix B.1. Sample input and output data are discussed in Section 5.3.

A small program RIS is designed to prepare the cascade influence functions R and I (Mellor, 1959) which are required in Program Mellor. With a suitable range of solidity and stagger angle, Program RIS is needed only once for many computer runs of Program MELLOR. Program RIS is listed in Appendix B.2 with input data listed in Table 5.4.1.

Program Mellor, which is listed in Appendix B.3, prepared several tables of functions required in the linear cascade theory which is discussed in Section 4.3.2. The input data include RI.DAT, BLADE.DAT, and MELI.DAT, as shown in Tables 5.4.2, 5.4.3, and 5.4.4. The output MELO10.DAT is to be used by Program DSN3.

Program DSN3 (MIDP) is the essential part of this study. The code is listed in Appendix B.4. The main flow chart is depicted in Figure 4.27, while some detailed flow charts are shown in Figures 4.28 to 4.32. Based on the velocity distributions obtained from Program SCM, the velocity diagram on the mapped X-Y plane is constructed. From the turning angle shown in the velocity diagram, the cascade lift coefficient is determined and then the camber which could produce this lift coefficient is found from a relationship based on experimental data. Finally, three-dimensional effects are simulated by induced vortices and sources/sinks, and then camber is adjusted to produce the original turning angle which has a one-to-one relationship with the required lift coefficient.

APPENDIX B

LISTING OF COMPUTER CODES

B.1 PROGRAM SCM

Provided in this section is a listing of the computer program SCM and the following subroutines:

AKIMAI

AKIMAO

BCMLIN

ENTHAL

INTSPL

MLINE

NUF

NUFLOW

QHIRSH

QRZ

SOLOUT

SPLIN3

and SPLINE.

```
0001
        C (3037-SCM) (V3.1) STREAM CURVATURE METHOD
0002
                     CALCULATING VEL. DISTRIBUTIONS AFTER ADJUSTING STREAMLINES
0003
        C V2.1 - A RUNNING VERSION BASED ON INQUE'S LISTING, 06DEC85
        C V2.2 - VAX VERSION OF VERSION 2.1, 08DEC85
0004
        C V2.3 - PREPARING FOR NON-UNIFORM INFLOW COMPUTATIONS, 20DEC85
0005
0006
        C V2.4 - KICK A SMALL BUG OUT FROM VS. 2.3, 08JAN86
        C V2.5 - IN QHIRTH, DEFINE AREAH(1), THEN USE CM(1,1)=G/(AREAH(1)*2*DEFREF)
0007
                 INSTEAD OF CM(1,1)=G/(2*PI*RAV*Q(1,NM),DENREF), 21JAN86
0008
0009
        C V2.6 - USE CM(I,J)=DG(J)/(AREA(I,J)*DENREF) IN QHIRTH, 22JAN86;
0010
                 INCLUDE SUB. "NUFLOW," 07MAY86
0011
        C V2.7 - Q CALCULATED FROM R & RUMRQ, ASSUMING STRAIGHT Q-LINES, INSTEAD
0012
                 OF INPUT, 19MAY86
0013
        C V3.0 - ALLOW NON-UNIFORM INFLOW, 10JUN86; TOUCHED 21JUL86
0014
        C V3.1 - ADDED OPTION TO OUTPUT RESULTS FOR (3037-DSN3), 190CT87;
                 TOUCHED 16JUN88
0015
0016
        C REQUIRES SUBS. AKIMAI, AKIMAO, BCMLIN, ENTHAL, INTSPL, MLINE, NUF,
0017
                NUFLOW, QHIRSH, QRZ, SOLOUT, SPLIN3, & SPLINE
0018
        C REFERENCES BBFLOW, DATOUT, FORSDATE_T_DS, FORSOPEN, NUFLOW, QHIRSH, &
0019
0020
0021
        C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2.
0022
0023
        C IBFLOW = -2 IF G, CM(*), & R(*) ARE INPUT DATA;
0024
                 = -1 FOR NONUNIFORM (OR UNIFORM) INFLOW... CALC. G. CM(*), &
0025
        C
                  R(*) INTERNALLY
9200
        C
                 = 0 FOR UNIFORM INFLOW;
0027
                 = 1 IF DATA AVAILABLE FROM BLADE TO BLADE CALCULATIONS.
0028
        C IDSN3 = 0 FOR NO SPECIAL ACTION;
0029
                 = 1 FOR WRITING RESULTS INTO FILE DSN3ZI.DAT TO BE USED BY
0030
                      (3037-DSN3)
0031
        C LG
                 = 0 FOR SEA WATER (DEN=1025 KG/CU. M.);
0032
                 = 1 FOR PURE WATER (DEN=1000);
        С
0033
        C
                 = 2 FOR GAS.
0034
0035
              CHARACTER VS*5, TODAY*9
0036
0037
              DATA
                         VS/'3.1'/
0038
0039
                AMONG B(BBFLOW), DAT(DATOUT), DEN(DENSI), E(ENTHAL), NUF, NUFLOW,
        C
0040
        C
                         QH(QHIRSH), QRZ, & S(SOLOUT):
0041
                COMMON/DESIGN/( B, DAT,
0042
        C
                COMMON/GASCON/( B, DAT, DEN,
                                                                         S
0043
                COMMON/LOAD/ ( B, DAT,
        C
                                                                         S)
0044
                COMMON/MFLOW/ ( B, DAT,
        C
                                               E, NUF, NUFLOW, QH,
                                                                         S)
                                               E, NUF, NUFLOW, QH,
0045
        C
                COMMON/MLIN/ ( B, DAT,
                                                                         S)
                COMMON/NONAXI/( B, DAT,
0046
                                                       NUFLOW, QH,
        C
                                                                         S)
0047
        C
                COMMON/QLIN/ ( B, DAT,
                                               E, NUF, NUFLOW, QH,
                                                                         S)
0048
                COMMON/ROTO/ ( B, DAT,
                                                                         S)
0049
                COMMON/SCROLL/(
                                    DAT,
        C
                                                                         S)
0050
                COMMON/STAN/ (
        C
                                    DAT,
                                                                         S
0051
        C
                COMMON/XY/
                               ( B, DAT,
                                                  NUF, NUFLOW, QH,
                                                                         S)
0052
        C
0053
                               ( B,
                                                       NUFLOW, QH
                COMMON/IQ/
0054
        C
                COMMON/IQS/
                               ( B,
                                                       NUFLOW, QH,
                                                                         S)
                COMMON/NU/
0055
                                                  NUF, NUFLOW,
        C
                               ( B.
                                                                    QRZ
                                                                          )
0056
                                                                QH,
                COMMON/QS/
        C
                                                                         S)
0057
0058
0059
0060
        C
              OPEN ( 2, FILE='DSN3ZI', STATUS='NEW')... in SOLOUT
              OPEN ( IN, FILE='SCMI',
0061
                                         STATUS='OLD')
0062
              OPEN ( 6, FILE='SCMO',
                                         STATUS='NEW')
                                         STATUS='NEW')... in NUFLOW
0063
        C
              OPEN ( 8, FILE='SCMJ',
0064
0065
                       DATE (TODAY)
              CALL
0066
0067
              WRITE(6,110) VS, TODAY
0068
          110 FORMAT(' OUTPUT FROM SCM.FOR, VERSION ',A5,17XA9//)
0069
0070
          READ (IN,*) IBFLOW, IDSN3, LG
WRITE(6,120) IBFLOW, IDSN3, LG
120 FORMAT(' IBFLOW ='I3/' IDSN3 ='I3/'
                                                                                    READO
0071
0072
                                                         LG ='13)
0073
0074
              IF (IBFLOW.EQ. 10) THEN
0075
0076
                CALL
                         BBFLOW(IN)
                                                            - B-2 -
0077
```

0078		CALL	DATOUT(IBFLOW)
0079			
0080		ELSE	
0081	•		
0082		CALL	NUFLOW(IBFLOW, IDSN3, IN, LG)
0083			,,
0084		END IF	
0085			
0086		CALL	QHIRSH(IBFLOW, LG)
0087			
8800		CALL	SOLOUT(IDSN3, IBFLOW, LG, TODAY)
0089			
0090		WRITE(6	.900)
0091	900		///// ***END OF OUTPUT***')
0092		STOP 'D	
0093		END	

Name	Bytes	Attributes
0 SCODE	259	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG
1 SPDATA	128	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LONG
2 \$LOCAL	200	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
Total Space Allocated	587	

ENTRY POINTS

Address	Type	Name	References
0-00000000		SCHMSMA I N	

VARIABLES

Address	Type	Name	Attributes	References						
2-00000014	1*4	IBFLOW		70=	71	74	78A	82A	86A	88A
2-00000018	I*4	IDSN3		70=	71	82A	88A			
2-00000010	1*4	IN		58=	61A	70	76A	82A		
2-0000001C	1*4	LG		70=	71	82A	86A	88A		
2-00000005	CHAR	TODAY		35	65A	67	88A			
2-00000000	CHAR	vs		35	37D	67				

LABELS

Address	Label	References
1-00000011	110'	67 684
1-0000003A	120'	71 72#
1-00000064	900'	90 914

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Type	Name	References					
	BBFLOW	76					
	DATOUT	78					
	FORSDATE_T_DS	65					
	FORSOPEN TO THE PROPERTY OF TH	61 62					
	NUFLOW	82					
	QHIRSH	86					
	SOLOUT	88					

```
0001
0002
                        SUBROUTINE AKIMAI
        C+++++++
0003
        C
                 SUBROUTINE AKIMAI(X,Y,N,XI,NI,YI,Y11,W,NW,ICON)
0004
0005
        C INPUT N, NI, NW, X(*), XI(*), & Y(*)
C OUTPUT ICON, W(*), YI(*), & Y1I(*)
C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2
0006
0007
8000
0009
        C TOUCHED 30MAY86
0010
0011
                 DIMENSION X(N),Y(N),XI(NI),YI(NI),Y1I(NI),W(NW)
0012
                IF ( NW.LT.(N+N+3) ) THEN PRINT *, 'NW.LT.N+3...', NW, N
0013
        C
0014
        C
0015
         C
                 STOP 'AKIMAI.5'
0016
        С
                 I CON
                 GOTO 999
0017
         C
0018
         C
                 END IF
0019
0020
               DO
                         I=2,N
0021
                  IF ( X(I-1).GE.X(I) ) THEN
0022
                    PRINT *, 'X(I-1).GE.X(I)', I, X(I-1), X(I)
0023
                    IF (N.LE.50) PRINT *, ( X(K), K=1,N)
                    STOP 'AKIMAI.15'
0024
                    ICON =1
0025
         C
0026
                    END IF
0027
                 END DO
0028
0029
                  NWM=NW/2+2
                  DO 20 I=1,N-1
0030
0031
                  K=1+2
         20
                  W(K)=(Y(I+1)-Y(I))/(X(I+1)-X(I))
0032
0033
                  W(2)=2.*W(3)-W(4)
0034
                  W(1)=2.*V(2)-V(3)
                  W(N+2)=2.*W(N+1)-W(N)
0035
                  W(N+3)=2.*W(N+2)-W(N+1)
0036
0037
                  DO 30 1=1.N
0038
                  K=1+2
0039
                  AM21=ABS(W(K-1)-W(K-2))
0040
                  AM43=ABS(W(K+1)-W(K))
0041
                  AM=AM21+AM43
                  IF(AM.LT.1.0E-5) GO TO 31
0042
0043
                  W(NWH+I)=(AM43*W(K-1)+AM21*W(K))/AM
                  GO TO 30
0044
0045
         31
                  W(NUM+I)=(W(K-1)+W(K))/2.
0046
         30
                  CONTINUE
0047
                  DO 40 J=1,NI
0048
                  IF(XI(J).GT.X(N)) GO TO 100
                  IF(X(1)-XI(J)) 42,41,100
0049
0050
         41
                  YI(J)=Y(1)
0051
                  Y11(J)=W(NWM+1)
                  GO TO 40
0052
0053
         42
                  DO 45 1=2,N
0054
                  IF(X(1)-X1(J)) 45,46,47
0055
         46
                  (1)Y=(L)IY
0056
                  Y1I(J)=W(NWM+I)
0057
                  GO TO 40
0058
         47
                  K=[+1
                  P0=Y(I-1)
0059
0060
                  P1=W(NWM+1-1)
                  P2=(3.*W(K)-2.*W(NVM+I-1)-W(NVM+I))/(X(I)-X(I-1))
0061
0062
                  P3=(W(NWM+1-1)+W(NWM+1)-2.*W(K))/(X(1)-X(1-1))**2
0063
                  DX=XI(J)-X(I-1)
0064
                  YI(J)=P0+DX*(P1+DX*(P2+DX*P3))
0065
                  Y1I(J)=P1+DX*(2.*P2+DX*3.*P3)
0066
                  GO TO 40
0067
                  CONTINUE
0068
         100
                  PRINT *, 'XI(1).GT.XI(J) .OR. XI(J).GT.X(N)',
                          XI(1), XI(J), J, X(N), N
0069
                  STOP 'AKIMAI, 1100'
0070
0071
         С
                  ICON=ICON+10
         40
0072
                  CONTINUE
0073
                  ICON=0
0074
0075
         C 999
                  RETURN
0076
                  RETURN
0077
                  END
```

PROGRAM SECTI	ONS					-					
Name			Byt	es Attribu	tes						
0 SCODE 1 SPDATA 2 SLOCAL				67 PIC CON	REL LCL REL LCL REL LCL		CE RD NOWRT				
Total Spa	ce Al	located	19	07							
ENTRY POINTS											
Address	Туре	Name		References							
0-00000000		AKIMAI		4#							
VARIABLES											
Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References							
**	R*4	AM		41=	42	43					
**	R*4	AM21		39= 40=	41	43					
**	R*4 R*4	AM43 DX		40= 63=	41 64(3)	43 65(2)					
**	1*4			20=	21(2)	22(3)	30=	31	32(4)	37=	38
	•	•		43	45	53=	54	55	56	58	59
				60	61(4)	62(4)	63				
AP-00000028a	/	ICON		4	77-						
2-0000000C	1*4	J		47=	73= 48	49	50	51	54	55	56
2 0000000	•	•		63	64	65	68(2)		•		
**	1*4	K		23(2)=	31=	32	38=	39(2)	40(2)	43(2)	45(2)
				58=	61	62	27.421	70	75 (7)	7//7>	
AP-0000000Ca	1*4	N		48	11(2) 53	20 68(2)	23(2)	30	35(3)	36(3)	37
AP-00000014a	I*4	NI		4	11(3)	47					
AP-00000024a	I*4	NW		4	11	29					
**	I±4	NVM		29=	43	45	51	56	60	61(2)	62(2)
**	R*4	P0		59= 40=	64	/5					
**	R*4 R*4	P1 P2		60= 61=	64 64	65 65					
**	R*4			62=	64	65					
ARRAYS			,								
ARRAIS											
Address			Attributes	·	Dimens	ions	References				
AP-00000020a	R*4	u		**	(*)		4 35(3)= 45(3)=	11 36(3)= 51	32= 39(2) 56	33(3)= 40(2) 60	34(3)= 43(3)= 61(3)
AP-00000004a	R*4	x		**	(*)		62(3) 4	11	21(2)	22(2)	23
					` '		32(2)	48	49	54	61(2)
							62(2)	63	68		
AP-00000010a	R*4	XI		**	(*)		4	11	48	49	54
AP-00000008a	R*4	Y		**	(*)		63 4 59	68(2) 11	32(2)	50	55
AP-0000001Ca	R*4	114		**	(*)		4	11	51=	56=	65=
AP-00000018a	R*4	1Y		**	(*)		4	11	50=	55=	64=
LABELS										-	
Address	Labe	ι		References							
**	20			· 30	32#						
0-00000340	30			37	32# 44	46#					
0-0000030C	31			42	45#	70#					
0-00000570	40			47	52	57	66	72#			
**	41			49	50#						
					– B-5 –						

0-000003E0	42	49	53#	
0-00000588	45	53	54	67#
**	46	54	55#	
0-00000458	47	54	. 58#	
0-0000058F	100	48	49	68#

```
0001
        C
0002
                        SUBROUTINE AKIMAO
        C+++++++
0003
        C
0004
                 SUBROUTINE AKIMAO(X,Y,N,Y1,Y2,W,NW,ICON)
0005
        C INPUT N, NW, X(*), & Y(*); OUTPUT ICON, W(*), Y1(*), & Y2(*) C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2
0006
0007
8000
        C TOUCHED 10JUN86
0009
0010
                 DIMENSION X(N),Y(N),Y1(N),Y2(N),W(NW)
0011
                IF ( NW.LT.(N+3) ) THEN PRINT *, 'NW.LT.N+3...', NW, N
0012
        C
0013
        C
                 STOP 'AKIMAO.5'
0014
        C
0015
                 I CON
0016
                 GOTO 999
        C
0017
        C
                 END IF
0018
0019
               DO
                        1=2,N
0020
                 IF ( X(I-1).GE.X(I) ) THEN
                   PRINT *, 'X(I-1).GE.X(I)', I, X(I-1), X(I)
0021
0022
                   IF (N.LE.50) PRINT *, ( X(K), K=1,N)
0023
0024
                   GOTO 999
0025
                   END IF
0026
                 END DO
0027
0028
                 DO 20 I=1,N-1
0029
                 K=1+2
0030
        20
                 W(K)=(Y(I+1)-Y(I))/(X(I+1)-X(I))
0031
                 W(2)=2.*W(3)-W(4)
0032
                 W(1)=2.*W(2)-W(3)
0033
                 W(N+2)=2.*W(N+1)-W(N)
                 W(N+3)=2.*W(N+2)-W(N+1)
0034
0035
                 DO 30 I=1,N
0036
                 K=I+2
0037
                 AM21=ABS(W(K-1)-W(K-2))
                 AM43=ABS(W(K+1)-W(K))
0038
0039
                 AM=AM21+AM43
0040
                 IF(AM.LT.1.0E-5) GO TO 31
0041
                 Y1(1)=(AM43*W(K-1)+AM21*W(K))/AM
0042
                 GO TO 30
0043
        31
                 Y1(I)=(W(K-1)+W(K))/2.
0044
                 CONTINUE
        30
                 DO 40 I=1,N
0045
0046
                 Y2(I)=0.0
0047
                 K=1+2
                 IF(I.NE.1) Y2(I)=2.*(Y1(I-1)+2.*Y1(I)-3.*W(K-1))/(X(I)-X(I-1))
0048
0049
                 IF(I.NE.N) Y2(I)=Y2(I)
0050
                                   +2.*(3.*W(K)-2.*Y1(I)-Y1(I+1))/(X(I+1)-X(I))
0051
        40
                 CONTINUE
0052
                 DO 45 I=2,N-1
0053
        45
                 Y2(1)=Y2(1)/2.
0054
                 I CON=0
0055
          999
                 RETURN
0056
                 END
PROGRAM SECTIONS
    Name
                                            Bytes
                                                     Attributes
  0 $CODE
                                             1079
                                                                               EXE
                                                     PIC CON REL LCL
                                                                                      RD NOWRT LONG
                                                                        SHR
  1 SPDATA
                                                14
                                                     PIC CON REL LCL
                                                                        SHR NOEXE
                                                                                      RD NOWRT LONG
```

ENTRY POINTS

2 \$LOCAL

Address Type Name References

0-0000000 · AKIMAO

Total Space Allocated

4#

228

1321

PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE

RD

WRT LONG

Address	Type	Name	Attributes	References							
**	R*4	AH		39=	40	41					
**	R*4	AM21		37=	39	41					
**	R*4	AM43		38=	39	41					
**		1		19=	20(2)	21(3)	28=	29	30(4)	35≃	36
		•		41	43	45=	46	47	48(6)	49(7)	52=
				53(2)							
AP-00000020a	1*4	ICON		4	23=	54=					
**	1=4	ĸ		22(2)=	29=	30	36=	37(2)	38(2)	41(2)	43(2)
	• •			47=	48	49		0.12,			
AP-0000000C2	1*4	M		4	10(4)	19	22(2)	28	33(3)	34(3)	35
	•	•		45	49	52					
AP-0000001ca	I*4	NV		4	10						
ARRAYS											
Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimens	ions	References				
AP-00000018a	R*4	w		**	(*)		4	10	30=	31(3)=	32(3)=
					• •		33(3)=	34(3)=	37(2)	38(2)	41(2)
							43(2)	48	49		
AP-00000004a	R*4	X		**	(*)		4	10	20(2)	21(2)	22
					• •		30(2)	48(2)	49(2)		
AP-00000008a	R*4	Y		**	(*)		4	10	30(2)		
AP-00000010a	R#4	Y1		**	(*)		4	10	41=	43=	48(2)
							49(2)				
AP-00000014a	R*4	Y2		**	(*)		4	10	46=	48=	49(2)=
							53(2)=				
LABELS											
Address	Labe	l		References							
**	20			28	30#						
0-0000030A	30			35	42	44#					
0-000002DC	31			40	43#	77#					
**	40			45	51#				•		
**	45			52	53#						
	7.5			75) J#						

24

55#

0-00000436 999

```
0001
         C
0002
                         SUBROUTINE BCMLIN
0003
0004
                  SUBROUTINE BCMLIN(NQ,NM,Q,PHIR,CUR)
0005
0006
        C INPUT CUR(*), NM, NQ, & PHIR(*), Q(*); OUTPUT CUR(*), & PHIR(*) C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2
0007
0008
         C TOUCHED 10JUN86
0009
0010
               PARAMETER ( NGMX=14)
0011
0012
               DIMENSION CUR(NGMX,NM), PHIR(NGMX,NM), Q(NGMX,NM)
0013
                 DO 10 I=1,NQ,NQ-1
DO 10 J=2,NM-1
0014
0015
0016
                  PHIR(I,J)=PHIR(I,1)+(PHIR(I,NM)-PHIR(I,1))/Q(I,NM)+Q(I,J)
0017
                  CUR(I,J)=CUR(I,1)+(CUR(I,NM)-CUR(I,1))/Q(I,NM)+Q(I,J)
0018
         10
                  CONTINUE
0019
                  RETURN
0020
                  END
```

Name	Bytes	Attributes
0 \$CCCE	380	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG
2 \$LOCAL	168	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
Total Space Allocated	548	

ENTRY POINTS

Address	Type	Name	References
0-00000000		BCML IN	4#

VARIABLES

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References				
**	1*4	ī		14=	16(6)	17(6)		
**	1*4	J		15=	16(2)	17(2)		
AP-00000008a	I*4	NM		4	12(3)	15	16(2)	17(2)
AP-000000048	1*4	NQ		4	14(2)			

ARRAYS

Address Type	: Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensions	References			
AP-00000014a R*4				(14, *)	4	12	17(4)=	
AP-00000010a R*4				(14, *)	4	12	16(4)=	
AP-0000000Ca R*4	. 0		**	(14, *)	4	12	16(2)	17(2)

PARAMETER CONSTANTS

Type	Name	References
1*4	NQMX	10# 12(3)

LABELS

Address	Label	References	:	
**	10	14	15	18#

```
0001
0002
                            SUBROUTINE ENTHAL
        C+++++++
0003
        C
0004
              SUBROUTINE ENTHAL ( CPT, NQ11, NQ18, PHO, VO, VOC)
0005
0004
        C (3037-ENTHAL) DETERMINE ENTHALPY H
0007
        C REFERENCED BY NUFLOW; REFERENCES none
8000
        C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2
        C CODED BY W.-L. CHIANG, OGJUN86; REVISED 09JUN86
0009
0010
0011
              PARAMETER ( NMMX=11, NQMX=14)
0012
0013
              DIMENSION CPT(NMMX)
0014
                OMMON/MFLOW/ GS(NMMX), G, OMG,
CM(NGMX,NMMX), CTH(NGMX,NMMX), RCTH(NGMX,NMMX), H(NGMX,NMMX)
0015
              COMMON/MFLOW/
0016
                         , A(NGMX,NMMX), DEN(NGMX,NMMX)
0017
        CNOT
                         , ENT(NOMX, NMMX), DMF(NMMX), BLO(NOMX, NMMX)
0018
        CNOT
                         , DMBLO(NGMX,NMMX)
0019
        CNOT
0020
                           DMRCTH(NGMX, NMMX), DMCM(NGMX, NMMX), WTH(NGMX, NMMX)
        CNOT
0021
               COMMON/MLIN/
                                 NM, R(NQMX,NMMX)
0022
        CNOT
                          , PHIR(NOMX, NHMX), CUR(NOMX, NHMX), SM(NOMX, NHMX), Z(NOMX, NHMX)
                                 RUMRQ(NOMX), NO
0023
               COMMON/QLIN/
                         , Q(NGMX,NMMX), RUMR(NGMX,NMMX)
0024
        CNOT
                         , ZQH(NQMX), ZQS(NQMX), NQI, NQB
0025
        CNPT
0026
               WRITE(6,*) 'VO, VOC, PHO = ', VO, VOC, PHO
0027
0028
               V0SQ5
                         =V0*V0*V0C*V0C*.5
0029
                         =PHO*9.8062
               PH<sub>0</sub>
0030
               DO
                        J=1,NM
0031
                 TEM
                         =CPT(J)*V0SQ5+PH0
0032
                 DO
                        1=1,NQ
0033
                   H(I,J)=TEM
0034
                   END DO
0035
                        I=NOI1, NOIB
0036
                   H(I,J)=CTH(I,J)*R(I,J)*OMG+TEM
0037
                   END DO
0038
                 END DO
0039
               RETURN
በበፈብ
              END
PROGRAM SECTIONS
    Name
                                            Bytes
                                                    Attributes
  0 $CODE
                                              290
                                                    PIC CON REL LCL
                                                                       SHR
                                                                                    RD NOWRT LONG
                                                                             EXE
  1 SPDATA
                                                    PIC CON REL LCL
                                                                                    RD NOWRT LONG
                                               15
                                                                       SHR NOEXE
  2 SLOCAL
                                               28
                                                    PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE
                                                                                         WRT LONG
 3 MFLOW
                                             2516
                                                    PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                                         WRT LONG
                                                                       SHR NOEXE
                                                                                    RD
                                                    PIC OVR REL GBL
  4 MLIN
                                              620
                                                                       SHR NOEXE
                                                                                    RD
                                                                                         WRT LONG
  5 QLIN
                                               60
                                                    PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                       SHR NOEXE
                                                                                         WRT LONG
    Total Space Allocated
                                            3529
ENTRY POINTS
    Address Type
                    Name
                                                References
  0-00000000
                    ENTHAL
                                                    4#
VARIABLES
    Address Type
                    Name
                                   Attributes References
  3-0000002C
              R*4
                    G
                                   COMM
                                                   15
               1*4
                                                   32=
                                                              33
                                                                        35=
                                                                                   36(3)
                    I
               1*4
                                                   30=
                                                              31
                                                                        33
                                                                                   36(3)
  4-00000000
              1*4
                    MM
                                   COMM
                                                   21
                                                              30
  5-00000038
                                                   23
                                                              32
 AP-00000008a [*4
                                                    4
                                                              35
                    NQ I 1
 AP-0000000C2 [*4
                    NQIB
                                                              35
```

3-00000030 R*4

AP-00000010a R*4

OMG

PHO

TEM

R*4

COMM

15

31=

36

27

33 --B-10 -- 29(2)=

31

AP-000000149 R*4	VO	4	27	28(2)
AP-000000189 R*4	VOC	4	27	28(2)
** R*4	V0SQ5	28=	31	

ARRAYS

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensions	References		
3-00000034	R*4	CM	COMM	616	(14, 11)	15		
AP-00000004		-		44	(11)	4	13	31
3-0000029C	-		COMM	616	(14, 11)	15	36	
3-00000000			COMM	44	(11)	15		
3-0000076C			COMM	616	(14, 11)	15	33=	36≈
4-00000004	R*4	R .	. COMM	616	(14, 11)	21	36	
3-00000504		RCTH	COMM	616	(14, 11)	15		
5-00000000			COMM		(14)	23		

PARAMETER CONSTANTS

Type	Name	References				
1*4	NIMIX	11#	13	15(5)	21	
1*4	NOMX	11#	15(4)	21	23	

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified

- Defining Reference

- Actual Argument, possibly modified

D - Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

F/LIS/CHE/CRO ENTHAL

/CHECK=(BOUNDS,OVERFLOW,UNDERFLOM)
/DEBUG=(NOSYMBOLS,TRACEBACK)
/STANDARD=(NOSYNTAX,NOSOURCE_FORM)
/SHOW=(NOPREPROCESSOR,NOINCLUDE,MAP,NODICTIONARY,SINGLE)
/WARNINGS=(GENERAL,NODECLARATIONS)
/CONTINUATIONS=19 /CROSS_REFERENCE /NOD_LINES /NOEXTEND_SOURCE /F77
/NOG_FLOATING /14 /NOMAGHING_COOE /OPTIMIZE

COMPILATION STATISTICS

Run Time: 2.20 seconds
Elapsed Time: 3.93 seconds
Page Faults: 201
Dynamic Memory: 339 pages

C C+++++++ SUBROUTINE INTSPL +++++++

0002 C+-0003 C 0004

0001

0005

SUBROUTINE INTSPL(X,Y,N,DI,L,Y1,Y2,W,NW,ICON)
REAL X(N),Y(N),DI(N),L(N),Y1(N),Y2(N),W(NW)
CALL SPLINE(X,Y,N,L,Y1,Y2,W,NW,ICON)

0006 CALL SPLIN 0007 DI(1)=0.0

0008 DO 10 I=1,N-1

0009 10 DI(1+1)=(Y(1+1)+Y(1))+L(1)/2.-(Y2(1+1)+Y2(1))+L(1)**3/24.

0010 RETURN 0011 END

PROGRAM SECTIONS

Name Bytes Attributes

0 \$CODE 396 PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG 2 \$LOCAL 324 PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG

Total Space Allocated 720

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type Name References

0-00000000 INTSPL 4#

VARIABLES

Address Type Name Attributes References

ARRAYS

Address Type Name **Attributes** Bytes Dimensions References AP-00000010a R*4 DI 7≖ AP-00000014a R*4 5 64 9(2) AP-00000020a R*4 5 64 AP-00000004a R*4 5 X AP-000000088 R*4 5 9(2) AP-000000189 R*4 Y1 5 64 AP-0000001ca R*4 Y2 5 9(2)

LABELS

Address Label References

** 10 8 9#

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Type Name References

SPLINE 6

```
0001
0002
                       SUBROUTINE MLINE +++++++
0003
               SUBROUTINE MLINE ( ITRX, NQ, NM, RAS, Q, R, Z, SM, PHIR, CUR, XM, ICOM, X1, X2, Y1, Y2)
0:304
0005
0006
0007
        C INPUT ITRX, NM, NQ, R(*), RAS, Q(*), & Z(*)
        C OUTPUT CUR(*), ICON, PHIR(*), SM(*), X1(*), X2(*), XM(*), Y1(*), &
0008
0009
                 Y2(*)
0010
        C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2
0011
        C TOUCHED 10JUN86
0012
0013
               PARAMETER ( ND=100, NQMX=14)
               PARAMETER ( ND4M=ND*4-10)
0014
0015
              REAL X1(NQ), X2(NQ), Y1(NQ), Y2(NQ),
* DI(ND), F(ND), L(ND), XI(ND), Y11(ND), Y21(ND), Y1(ND),
0016
0017
0018
                DX1MIN(3), WORK(ND4M),
0019
                 CUR(NGHX,NM), PHIR(NGMX,NM), Q(NGHX,NM), R(NGMX,NM),
                 SM(NQMX,NM), XM(NQMX,NM), Z(NQMX,NM)
0020
0021
                         PI/3.14159265359/
0022
               DATA
0023
0024
               RAD45
                         =PI*45./180.
0025
                 DO 2 K=1,3
0026
                 THER
                         =(K-2)*RAD45
0027
                 CT=COS(THER)
0028
                 ST=SIM(THER)
0029
                 DX1MIN(K)=ABS((2(2,2)-2(1,2))*CT+(R(2,2)-R(1,2))*ST)
0030
                 DO 2 I=3,NQ
0031
                 DX1=ABS((Z(1,2)-Z(1-1,2))*CT+(R(1,2)-R(1-1,2))*ST)
0032
                 IF(DX1.LT.DX1MIN(K)) DX1MIN(K)=DX1
0033
                 CONTINUE
0034
                 KMAX=1
0035
                 DXMAX=DX1MIN(1)
0036
                 DO 4 K=2,3
0037
                 IF(DX1MIN(K).LT.DXMAX) GO TO 4
0038
                 KMAY=K
0039
                 DXMAX=DX1MIN(K)
0040
                 CONTINUE
0041
                          =(KMAX-2)*RAD45
               THER
                 CT=COS(THER)
0042
0043
                 ST=SIN(THER)
0044
                 DO 10 J=2,NM-1
                 DO 20 19=1,NG
0045
0046
                 X1(IQ)=Z(IQ,J)*CT+R(IQ,J)*ST
0047
                 X2(IQ)=-Z(IQ,J)*ST+R(IQ,J)*CT
0048
        20
                 CONTINUE
0049
        601
                 CALL AKIMAO(X1,X2,NQ,Y1,Y2,WORK,NQ+3,ICON)
0050
                 LINE=601
0051
                 IF(ICON.NE.0) GO TO 9000
0052
                 DO 30 I=1,NQ
0053
                 PHIR(I, J)=ATAN(Y1(I))+THER
0054
        30
                 CUR(1,J)=-Y2(1)/(1.+Y1(1)**2)**(3./2.)
0055
                 SM(1,J)=0.
0056
                 XM(1,J)=0.
                 DO 40 1=2,NQ
0057
0058
                 DX=(X1(I)-X1(I-1))/(ND-1)
0059
                 DO 41 II=1,ND
0060
                 XI(II)=X1(I-1)+DX*(II-1)
        602
                 CALL AKIMAI(X1, X2, NQ, XI, ND, YI, Y1I, WORK, 2*NQ+3, ICON)
0061
0062
                 LINE=602
0063
                 IF(ICON.NE.O) GO TO 9000
0064
                 DO 43 II=1,ND
        43
0065
                 F(II)=SQRT(1.+Y1I(II)**2)
0066
        603
                 CALL INTSPL(XI, F, ND, DI, L, Y1I, Y2I, WORK, 4*ND-10, ICON)
0067
                 LINE=603
0068
                 IF(ICON.NE.0) GO TO 9000
0069
                 \dot{SM}(I,J)=SM(I-1,J)
0070
                 DO 45 11=2.ND
0071
        45
                 SM(I,J)=SM(I,J)+DI(II)
0072
                 IF(ITRX.EQ.0) GO TO 40
0073
                 DO 46 II=1,ND
0074
                 RI=XI(II)*ST+YI(II)*T
0075
        46
                 F([[)=F([[)*RAS/R[
0076
        604
                 CALL INTSPL(XI, F, ND, DI, L, Y11, Y21, WORK, 4*ND-10, ICON)
0077
                 LINE=604
                                                             - B-13 -
```

0078 0079		IF(ICON.NE.0) GO TO 9000 XM(I,J)=XM(I-1,J)
0080		DO 48 11=2,ND
0081	48	XM(I,J)=XM(I,J)+DI(1I)
0082	40	CONTINUE
0083	10	CONTINUE
0084		CALL BCMLIN(NQ,NM,Q,PHIR,CUR)
0085		1 CON=0
0086	999	RETURN
0087		
0088	9000	PRINT 9010, ICON, LINE
0089		FORMAT('??? ICON ='17' AT LINE '13' IN SUB MLINE ???')
0090		STOP 'MLINE.9000'
0091		
0092	611	FORMAT(//5X.I2)
0093	618	FORMAT(8F10.5)
0094	-	END

Name	Bytes	Attributes	
0 SCODE	1775	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE	RD NOWRT LONG
1 SPDATA	65	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE	RD NOWRT LONG
2 \$LOCAL	5092	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE	RD WRT LONG
Total Space Allocated	6932		

ENTRY POINTS

Address	Type	Name	References
0-00000000		MLINE	4#

VARIABLES

VARIABLES											
· Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References							
2-0000111C	R*4	СТ		27=	29	31	42=	46	47	74	
**	R*4	DX		58=	60						
**	R*4	DX1		31=	32(2)						
**		DXMAX		35=	37	39=					
**	I*4	I		30=	31(4)	52=	53(2)	54(3)	57=	58(2)	60
				69(2)	71(2)	79(2)	81(2)				
AP-000000308	1*4	I CON		4	49A	51	61A	63	66A	68	76A
				78	85=	88					
**	1*4	11		59=	60(2)	64=	65(2)	70≈	71	73≖	74(2)
				75(2)	80=	81					
**	1*4			45=	46(3)	47(3)					
AP-000000048		ITRX		4	72						
2-00001124	I*4	J		44=	46(2)	47(2)	53	54	55	56	69(2)
				71(2)	79(2)	81(2)					
**	1*4	K		25=	26	29	32(2)	36=	37	38	39
**	1*4	KMAX		34=	38=	41					
2-00001130	I*4	LINE		50=	62=_	67=	77=	88			
AP-0000000Ca		NM		4	16(7)	44	84A				
AP-000000086	1=4	NQ		4 84a	16(4)	30	45	49(2)A	52	57	61(2)A
2-00001114	R*4	PI		220	24						
**	R*4	RAD45		24=	26	41					
AP-000000106	R*4	RAS		4	75		•				
**	R#4	RI		74=	<i>7</i> 5						
2-00001120	R*4	ST		28=	29	31	43=	46	47	74	
2-00001118	R*4	THER		26=	27	28	41=	42	43	53	
ARRAYS											
Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensio	ns	References				
AP-000000286		CUR		**	(14, *)		4	16	54=	84A	
2-00000000	R*4	• -			(100)		16	66A	71	76A	81
2-00000AF0	R*4	DX1MIN		12	(3)		16 39	29=	32(2)=	35	37
2-00000190	D#A	E .		400	(100)		16	65=	66A	75(2)=	76A
2-00000170	K 4			400	- B-14 -		10	3 /-	30A	13(2)-	. 104
					- D-14 -						

			•		•					
2-00000320 F	1*4 L		400	(100)		16	66A	76A		
		_	**	/1/ #\		4	16	53=	84A	
AP-00000024a F		R	**	(14, *) (14, *)		4	16	84A		
AP-00000014 a 1			**	(14, *)		4	16	29(2)	31(2)	46
AP-00000018a	?*4 R			(14,)		47				
			**	(14, *)		4	16	55=	69(2)=	71(2)=
AP-00000020a		v		(390)		16	49A	61A	66A	76A
2-00000AFC	K-4 MOKI	•		•						50(2)
AP-00000034a	D*4 Y1		**	(*)		4	16	46=	49A	58(2)
AP-000000348	. 4					60	61A	/ 7 -	49A	61A
AP-000000382	R*4 X2		**	(*)		4	16	47= 61A	66A	. 74
2-00000480			400	(100)		16 76a	60=	DIA	OOA	
						70A	16	56=	79(2)=	81(2)=
AP-0000002Ca			**	(14, *) (*)		4	16	49A	53	54
AP-0000003C2	R*4 Y1			(-)		•				
2 000004/0	n+/ v11		400	(100)		16	61A	65	66A	76A
2-00000640 AP-00000040a			**	(*)		4	16	49A	54	
2-00000700			400	(100)		16	66A	76A		
2-00000760	R*4 YI			(100)		16	61A	74	71/21	46
AP-0000001Ca			**	(14, *)		4	16	29(2)	31(2)	40
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_					47				
PARAMETER CONS	PTANTS									
PARAMETER CONS	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
Type Name			References							
			43.0	• /	16(7)	58	59	61	64	66(2)
I*4 ND			13#	14 73	76(2)	80	,,	•		
			70 . 14#	16	70(2)	•				
I*4 ND4M			13#	16(7)						
I*4 NQMX			15#	10(1)						
LABELS										
tupero.			_							
Address	Label		References							
Address					77#					
Address	2		25	30	33# 40#					
Address ** 0-\0000253	2 4		25 36	30 37	33# 40#					
## 0-\3000253 ##	2 4 10		25 36 44	30						
## 0-_0000253 ## ##	2 4 10 20		25 36	30 37 83#						
## 0-\3000253 ##	2 4 10		25 36 44 45 52	30 37 83# 48# 54#	40#					
## 0-_3000253 ## ## ##	2 4 10 20		25 36 44 45 52 57	30 37 83# 48# 54#						
## 0-_0000253 ## ##	2 4 10 20 30		25 36 44 45 52 57 59	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60#	40#					
Address ** 0-_0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** **	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65#	40#					
Address ** 0	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71#	40#					
Address ** 0-_0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** **	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65#	40#					
Address ** 00000253 ** ** 0-0000679 ** ** **	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75#	40#					
Address ** 00000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** **	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71#	40#					
Address ** 00000253 ** ** 0-0000679 ** ** **	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75#	40#					
Address ** 0-\0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** **	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75#	40#					
Address ** 0-\0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** ** **	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61#	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75#	40#					
Address ** 0-\.0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76#	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75#	40#					
Address ** 0-\.0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76#	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75#	40#					
## 0-0000253 ## ## 0-00000679 ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611' 618'		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76#	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75#	40#					
Address ** 0-\0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611' 618' 999		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76#	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75#	40# 82#	78	88#			
Address ** 00000253 ** ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** 0-0000686	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611, 618, 999 9000		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76#	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75# 81#	40#	78	88#			
Address ** 0-\0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611, 618, 999 9000		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76#	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75#	40# 82#	78	88#			
Address ** 00000253 ** ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** 0-0000686	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611, 618, 999 9000		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76#	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75# 81#	40# 82#	78	88#			
Address ** 0-\0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** 0-0000068C 1-00000012	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611, 618, 999 9000 9010,		25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76#	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75# 81#	40# 82#	78	88#			
Address ** 0-\0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** 0-0000068C 1-00000012	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611, 618, 999 9000 9010,	TINES REFERENCED	25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76#	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75# 81#	40# 82#	78	88#			
Address ** 0-0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611, 618, 999 9000 9010,	TINES REFERENCED	25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76#	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75# 81#	40# 82#	78	88#			
Address ** 0-\0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** 0-0000068C 1-00000012	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611, 618, 999 9000 9010,	TINES REFERENCED	25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76#	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75# 81#	40# 82#	78	85#			
## 0-0000253 ## ## ## 0-00000679 ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611' 618' 999 9000 9010'	TINES REFERENCED	25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76# 92# 93# 86# 51 88	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75# 81#	40# 82#	78	88#			
## 0-000053 ## ## 0-00000679 ## ## ## ## ## ## 0-000068C 1-0000Q012 FUNCTIONS AND Type Name AKIM	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611' 618' 999 9000 9010'	TINES REFERENCED	25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76# 92# 93# 86# 51 88	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75# 81#	40# 82#	78	88#			
## 0-0000253 ## ## ## 0-00000679 ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## 0-0000068C 1-0000Q012 FUNCTIONS AND Type Name AKIMA	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611, 618, 999 9000 9010,	TINES REFERENCED	25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76# 92# 93# 86# 51 88	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75# 81#	40# 82#	78	88#			
Address ** 0-0000253 ** ** 0-00000679 ** ** ** ** 0-0000068C 1-00000012 FUNCTIONS AND Type Name AKIM AKIM BCML	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611' 618' 999 9000 9010' SUBROU'	TINES REFERENCED	25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76# 92# 93# 86# 51 88	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75# 81#	40# 82#	78	88#			
## 0-0000253 ## ## ## 0-00000679 ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## 0-0000068C 1-0000Q012 FUNCTIONS AND Type Name AKIMA	2 4 10 20 30 40 41 43 45 46 48 601 602 603 604 611' 618' 999 9000 9010' SUBROUT	TINES REFERENCED	25 36 44 45 52 57 59 64 70 73 80 49# 61# 66# 76# 92# 93# 86# 51 88	30 37 83# 48# 54# 72 60# 65# 71# 75# 81#	40# 82#	78	88#			

42 43 - B-15 -

27 28 65

R*4 MTH\$COS R*4 MTH\$SIN R*4 MTH\$SQRT

```
0001
0002
                            SUBROUTINE NUF
        C+++++++
0003
0004
              SUBROUTINE NUF( NCMNU, CMNU, CPTNU, RNU,
                                                                                    IN
0005
                                                                                    OUT
0006
0007
        C (3037-NUF) DETERMINE G, GS, R, & CM, FOR THE CASE OF NONUNIFORM
8000
                      INFLOW
0009
        C REFERENCED BY NUFLOW
        C REFERENCES MTHSCOS (THRICE), MTHSSQQRT, & SPLIN3 (4 TIMES)
0010
0011
        C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX FORTRAN V.4.0-2.
0012
        C CODED BY W. CHIANG, 21MAY86, FOR SCMV3.0; REVISED 18JUN86
0013
0014
              PARAMETER ( NCMMX=20, NMMX=11, NQMX=14)
0015
                                 GS(NMMX), G, OMG,
0016
              COMMON/MFLOW/
                CM(NGMX,NMMX), CTH(NGMX,NMMX),
0017
0018
                 RCTH(NGMX,NMMX), H(NGMX,NMMX), A(NGMX,NMMX), DEN(NGMX,NMMX)
                         , ENT(NGMX,NMMX), DMF(NMMX), BLO(NGMX,NMMX)
0019
        CNOT
                         , DMBLO(NQMX,NMMX)
0020
        CNOT
                          DMRCTH(NGMX,NMMX), DMCM(NGMX,NMMX), WTH(NGMX,NMMX)
0021
        CNOT
0022
              COMMON/MLIN/
                                 NM, R(NGMX, NMMX), PHIR(NGMX, NMMX)
                         , CUR(NGMX,NMMX), SM(NGMX,NMMX), Z(NGMX,NMMX)
0023
        CNOT
0024
              COMMON/NU/
                                 NMM1, PI, COSRUM(NGMX)
0025
        CNOT
                          SINRUM(NQMX)
0026
              COMMON/QLIN/
                                 RUMRQ(NGMX), NQ, Q(NGMX,NMMX)
                         , RUMR(NQMX,NMMX)
0027
        CNOT
0028
        CNOT
                         , ZQH(NQMX), ZQS(NQMX), NQI, NQB
0029
             DIMENSION AR1(NMMX), AREAR(NGMX),
+ CM1(NMMX), CMNU(NCMNU), COE1(NMMX), CPT(NMMX), CPTNU(NCMNU),
0030
0031
0032
                DUM1(1), ENU(NCMMX),
0033
                R1(NMMX), RCMNU(NCMMX), RNU(NCMNU), SUMA(NCMMX)
0034
        C1900 FIND TOTAL FLOW RATE, ASSUMING STRAIGHT Q-LINE & CONSTANT DENSITY
0035
0036
              RUMRQ1
                         =RUMRQ(1)
0037
              ENU1
                         =PHIR(1,1)-RUMRQ1
0038
                         =RNU(1)
              RNU1
0039
              TEM
                         =( PHIR(1,1)-PHIR(1,NM) )/( RNU1-RNU(NCMNU) )
0040
                        K=1,NCMNU
              00
0041
                RCMNU(K)=CMNU(K) * RNU(K) * COS( ( RNU(K)-RNU1 )*TEM + ENU1 )
0042
                END DO
0043
0044
              CALL
                       SPLIN3( NCMNU, RNU, RCMNU, O, DUM1, DUM1, DUM1, SUMA, .5,
0045
0046
0047
        C1920 FLOW RATE IN EACH STREAM TUBE, ASSUMMING UNIFORM DENSITY
0048
              CORUM1
                         =COSRUM(1)
0049
                         =DEN(1,1)*(PI+PI)
              PI2DEN
0050
                         =SUMA(NCMNU)*PI2DEN/CORUM1
0051
              NMM1
                         =NM-1
0052
                         =SUMA(NCMNU)/NMM1
              DELQ
0053
              GS(1)
                         =0.
0054
                        J=2,NMM1
              DO
0055
                GS(J)
                         =GS(J-1)+DELQ
0056
                END DO
0057
              GS(NM)
                         ≠SUMA(NCMNU)
0058
        C1930 DETERMINE VEL. PROFILE & LOCATION OF STREAMLINES AT UPSTREAM
0059
0060
0061
              CALL
                       SPLIN3( NCMNU, SUMA,
                                               RNU,
                                                      -NM, GS, R1, AR1, DUM1, .5,
0062
                                 EPS)
0063
0064
              CALL
                       SPLIN3( NCMNU,
                                       RNU, CMNU, -NMM1, R1, CM1, AR1, DUM1, .5,
0065
                                 EPS)
0066
0067
                       SPLIN3( NCMNU,
              CALL
                                       RNU, CPTNU,
                                                     -NM, R1, CPT, AR1, DUM1, .5,
0068
                                 EPS)
0069
0070
              CM(1,1)
                         =CMNU(1)
0071
              CM1(NM)
                         =CMNU(NCMNU)
0072
              CM(1,NM)
                         =CMNU(NCMNU)
0073
              TEM
                         =R(1,1)*R(1,1)
0074
              DO
                        J=2,NMM1
                GS(J-1) =GS(J)*PI2DEN.
0075
0076
                 R(1,J) = R1(J)
                                                            - B-16 -
0077
                 CM(1,J) = CM1(J)
```

```
AR1(J) =R1(J)*R1(J)-TEM
0078
0079
               END DO
0800
       C1960 INITIAL STREAMLINE LOCATONS (R & Q) AT 1<1<=NQ, 1<J<NM
0081
                       =R(1,NM)*R(1,NM)-TEM
0082
             AR 1NM
0083
             DO
                       1=2,NQ
                       =R(I,1)*R(I,1)
=(R(I,NM)*R(I,NM)-TEM )/AR1NM
0084
               TEM
               TEMP
0085
0086
                AREAR(I)=TEMP
0087
               DO
                      J=2,NMM1
                 R(I,J)=SQRT( AR1(J)*TEMP + TEM )
8800
0089
                 END DO
0090
                END DO
0091
             DO
                     1=1,NQ
                       =R(I,1)
0092
               RI1
                CORUMI =COSRUM(I)
0093
0094
                Q(I,1) = 0.
0095
                      J=2,NM
                DO
                 Q(I,J)=(R(I,J)-RI1)/CORUMI
0096
0097
                 END DO
0098
                PHIRI1 = PHIR(I,1)
                TEM =( PHIR(I,NM)-PHIRI1 )/Q(I,NM)
0099
                DO
                      J=2,NMM1
0100
                              =Q(I,J)*TEM+PHIRI1
                 PHIR(I,J)
0101
0102
                  END DO
0103
                END DO
0104
        C1970 INITIAL CM AT 1>1
0105
0106
                      J=1,NM
              00
0107
               COE1(J) =COS( PHIR(1, J)-RUMRQ1 )
                END DO
0108
                    I=2,NO
0109
              DO
0110
                       =COSRUM(I)/( CORUM1*AREAR(I) )
                RUMRQI =RUMRQ(I)
0111
0112
                DO
                     J=1,NM
0113
                 (L, I)MD
                                =CM1(J)*TEM*COE1(J)/COS( PHIR(I,J)-RUMRQI )
0114
                  END DO
                END DO
0115
0116
0117
              RETURN
0118
              END
```

Name	Bytes	Attributes	
0 \$CODE	1552	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LON	G
1 SPDATA	8	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LON	G
2 \$LOCAL	808	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LON	G
3 MFLOW	3748	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LON	G
4 MLIN	1236	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LON	G
5 NU	64	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LON	G
6 QLIN	676	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LON	G

8092

ENTRY POINTS

Total Space Allocated

Address	Туре	Name	References
0-00000000		NUF	4#

VARIABLES

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References							
**	R*4	AR1NM		82=	85						
2-000001E4	R*4	CORUM1		48=	50	110					
**		CORUMI		93=	96						
**	R*4	DELQ		52≠	55						
**	R*4	ENU1		37=	41						
2-000001E0	R*4	EPS		44A	6 in	64A	67A				
3-0000002€			COMM	16	50=						
##	I*4		•	83=	84(2) - B-17 -	85(2)	86	88	91=	92	93

				94	96(2)	98	99(2)	101(2)	109=	110(2)	111
**	1*4	J		113(2) 54=	55(2)	74=	75(2)	76(2)	77(2)	78(3)	87=
				88(2) 113(4)	95=	96(2)	100=	101(2)	106=	107(2)	112=
**	1*4	K		40=	41(4)						
AP-000000048	1*4	NCMNU		4	30(3)	39	40	44A	50	52	57
4-00000000	1*4	NM	COMM	61A 22	64A 39	67A 51	71 57	72 61	67	71	72
5-00000000	I*4	NMM1	COMM	82(2) 24	85(2) 51=	95 52	99(2) 54	106 64	112 74	87	100
6-00000038	I*4	NQ	COMM	26	83	91	109				
3-00000030	R*4	OMG	COMM	16							
** 5-00000004	R*4 R*4	PHIRI1 Pi	COMM	98= 24	99 49(2)	101					
**	R*4	PI 2DEN		49=	50	75					
**	R*4 R*4	RI1 RNU1		92= 38=	96 39	41					
2 00000100				36=	37	107					
2-000001DC **	R*4 R*4	RUMRQ1 RUMRQI		30= 111=	113	107					
**	R*4	TEM		39=	41	73=	78	82	84=	85	88
**	R*4	TEMP		99= 85=	101 86	110= 88	113				
ARRAYS											
Address	Type	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimension	ns	References				
3-000009D4	R*4	A .	COMM	616	(14, 11)		16				
2-00000000	R*4	AR1		44	(11)		30 88	61A	64A	67A	78=
2-0000002C	R*4	AREAR			(14)		30	86=	110	77	117-
3-00000034 2-0000064	R*4 R*4	CM CM1	COMM	616 44	(14, 11) (11)		16 30	70= 64A	72= 71=	77= 77	113= 113
				**			4	30	41	64A	70
AP-00000008a	R=4	CMNU			(*)		71	72		044	70
2-00000090 5-00000008	R*4 R*4	COE 1	COMM	44 56	(11) (14)		30 24	107= 48	113 <i>9</i> 3	110	
AP-00000014a		COSRUM CPT	COMM		(11)		4	30	67A	1.0	
AP-00000000Ca	R*4	CPTNU		**	(*)		4	30	67 A		
3-0000029C	R*4	СТН	COMM		(14, 11)		16				
3-00000C3C 2-000000BC	R*4 R*4	DEN DUM1	COMM	616 4	(14, 11)		16 30	49 44(3)A	61A	64A	67A
2-000000C0	R*4	ENU		80	(20)		30				
3-00000000	R*4	GS	COMM	44	(11)		16 75(2)=	53=	55(2)=	57=	61A
3-0000076C 4-0000026C		H Phir	COMM		(14, 11)		16 22	37	39(2)	98	99
	~ ~	FRIK	COMP		-		101=	107	113		
6-0000003C 4-00000004	R*4 R*4	Q R	COMM		(14, 11) (14, 11)		26 22	94= 73(2)	96= 76=	99 82(2)	101 <i>8</i> 4(2)
4 00000004		•	COM	0.0	(14, 11)		85(2)	88=	92	96	
2-00000110	R*4	R1		44	(11)		30 78(2)	61A	64A	67A	76
2-00000130				90	(20)		30	41=	44A		
2-0000013C 3-0000504	D#/						30	4 1-	770		
			COMM		(14, 11)		16				
AP-00000010a	R*4	RCTH	COMM	616			4	30 614	38 644	39 674	41(2)
	R*4 R*4	RCTH	COMM	616 **	(14, 11)			30 61A 36	38 64A 111	67A	
AP-00000010a	R*4 R*4 R*4	RCTH RNU RUMRQ		616 ** 56	(14, 11) (*)		4 44 A 26 30	61A	64A		41(2) 57
AP-00000010a	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	RCTH RNU RUMRQ SUMA		616 ** 56	(14, 11) (*) (14)		4 44 A 26	61A 36	64A 111	67A	
AP-000000100 6-00000000 2-000018C	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	RCTH RNU RUMRQ SUMA		616 ** 56	(14, 11) (*) (14)		4 44 A 26 30	61A 36	64A 111	67A	
AP-0000010a 6-00000000 2-000018c PARAMETER CON Type Name	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	RCTH RNU RUMRQ SUMA		616 ** 56 80	(14, 11) (*) (14)		4 44 A 26 30	61A 36	64A 111	67A	
AP-00000100 6-0000000 2-000018C PARAMETER CON Type Name 1*4 NCMMX 1*4 NMMX	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	RCTH RNU RUMRQ SUMA		616 ** 56 80 References 14# 14#	(14, 11) (*) (14) (20) 30(3) 16(7)	22(2)	4 44A 26 30 61A	61A 36 44A 30(5)	64A 111 50	67A	
AP-00000100 6-0000000 2-000018C PARAMETER CON Type Name 1*4 NCMMX	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	RCTH RNU RUMRQ SUMA		616 ** 56 80 References	(14, 11) (*) (14) (20)	22(2) 22(2)	4 44A 26 30 61A	61A 36 44A	64A 111	67A	

Type	Name	Reference			
R*4	MTH\$COS	41	107	113	
R*4	MTH\$SQRT	88			
	SPL IN3	44	61	64	67

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified

- Defining Reference

- Actual Argument, possibly modified - Data Initialization

D

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

F/LIS/CHE/CRO NUF

/CHECK=(BOUNDS, OVERFLOW, UNDERFLOW) /DEBUG=(NOSYMBOLS, TRACEBACK) /STANDARD=(NOSYNTAX,NOSOURCE_FORM)
/SHOW=(NOPREPROCESSOR,NOINCLUDE,MAP,NODICTIONARY,SINGLE) /WARNINGS=(GENERAL, NODECLARATIONS) /CONTINUATIONS=19 /CROSS_REFERENCE /NOD_LINES /NOEXTEND_SOURCE /F77 /NOG_FLOATING /14 /NOMACHINE_CODE /OPTIMIZE

COMPILATION STATISTICS

Run Time:

6.58 seconds

Elapsed Time:

8.19 seconds

Page Faults:

298

Dynamic Memory:

425 pages

```
0001
        C
0002
                            SUBROUTINE NUFLOW
        C+4
0003
        C
0004
              SUBROUTINE NUFLOW( IBFLOW, IDSN3, IN, LG)
0005
0006
        C (3037-NUFLOW) I.O. SUBROUTINE FOR NONUNIFORM (OR UNIFORM) WATER FLOW
0007
        C "CNOTUSED" INDICATES STATEMENTS OF NO USE IN THE SCM PROGRAM;
        C "CGAS" INDICATES STATEMENTS TO BE USED ONLY IF THE FLUID IS A GAS;
0008
        C "CNOT" INDICATES STATEMENTS NOT NECESSARY IN THE PRESENT APPLICATION,
0009
0010
                PART OF WHICH COULD BE REQUIRED FOR GAS FLOW.
        C INPUT IBFLOW, IN, LG, & OTHERS; OUTPUT OTHERS.
0011
0012
        C REFERENCED BY MAIN (SCM)
0013
        C REFERENCES ENTHAL (TWICE), FOR$CLOSE, FOR$OPEN, MTH$COS (TWICE),
        C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX FORTRAN V.4.0-2.
0014
0015
        C ADOPTED FROM BBFLOW & DATOUT, 07MAY86, FOR V2.7;
0016
                REVISED 01AUG86, FOR V3.0; CHIANG; REVISED 200CT87
0017
        C IBFLOW=-2 IF G, CM(*), R(*) & Q(*) ARE INPUT DATA;
0018
                =-1 FOR NONUNIFORM INFLOWS;
0019
                = 0 FOR UNIFORM INFLOW;
0020
0021
                = 1 IF DATA ARE AVAILABLE FROM BLADE TO BLADE CALCULATIONS;
                =10 TO USE SUB BBFLOW TO PREPARE INPUT DATA.
0022
0023
        C IDSN3 = 0 FOR NO ACTION;
0024
                = 1 TO STORE A PART OF RESULTS TO DSN3ZI.DAT TO BE USED BY
                     (3037-DSN3)
0025
                LOGICAL UNIT # FOR INPUT FILE
0026
        C IN
0027
        C LG
                = 0 FOR SEA WATER (DEN=1025 KG/CU.M.);
0028
                = 1 FOR PURE WATER (DEN=1000);
0029
                = 2 FOR GAS.
        C
0030
0031
        C READ1 (A DUMMY LINE TO STORE TITLE, NOTE...)
0032
                         # OF MERIDIONAL STREAM LINES, >=5
        C READ2 NM
                         # OF Q-LINES, >=5
0033
        C
                NO
0034
                NQI
                         LINE # OF Q-LINE AT THE LINE PRIOR TO THE LEADING EDGE
0035
                         OF BLADE
0036
                MOR
                         # OF Q-LINES ON THE BLADE
0037
                ICM
                         = 1 TO SOLVE D(CM)/DQ (INOUE); =2 TO SOLVE D(CM*CM)/DQ
0038
          READ3 OMG
                         ANGULAR VEL. in rad/sec
0039
                         REFERENCE RADIUS in m
                RAS
0040
        C
                DMPCM
                         DAMPING FACTOR USED IN CM ITERATION, INOUE 1.
                         DAMPING FACTOR USED IN G ITERATION, INQUE .5
DAMPING FACTOR USED IN Q ITERATION, INQUE .1
0041
                DMPG
0042
                DMPL
        C
0043
                         CONVERGING CRITERION FOR CM ITERATION, INQUE 1.E-6
        ¢
                EPSCM
0044
                EPSG
                         CONVERGING CRITERION FOR G ITERATION, INOUE 1.E-4
0045
                         CONVERGING CRITERION FOR Q ITERATION, INOUE 1.E-4
0046
0047
        C READ4 RUMRQ
                         ANGLE BETWEEN Q-LINE(STRAIGHT) & RADIUS DIR., POSITIVE
0048
                         C.W., in rad.
0049
        C READ5 Z
                         Z-COORINATE in m
0050
        C READ6 PHID1
                         ANGLE BETWEEN HUB & Z-ZXIS in deg
0051
                PHIDN
                         ANGLE BETWEEN CASING & Z-ZXIS in deg
        C READ7 SM
0052
                         M-COORDINATE in m
0053
        C READS CTH
                         PERIPHERAL VEL. in m/sec
0054
        C READ9 BLO
                         BLOCKAGE FACTOR, Kb=(theta2-theta1)/(2*pi/N), 0 TO 1.,
0055
                         1 IF NO BLOCKAGE
0056
        C ***** READ10 & READ11 ARE REQUIRED ONLY IF LG=2 *****
0057
0058
        C READIODEN
                        DENSITY in kg/cu.m.
0059
        C READITENT
                         CHANGE OF ENTROPY in J/kg
0060
0061
        C ***** READ12 TO READ15 ARE REQUIRED ONLY IF IBFLOW=-2 *****
0062
        C READ12GS
                         CUMULATIVE MASS FLOW RATE IN FLOW-TUBES, GS(1) TO
0063
                         DESIGNATES THAT BN. J=1 & J=2, GS(NM-1)=G, in kg/sec
                         MASS FLOW RATE in kg/sec
0064
0065
        C READ13CM
                         MERIDIONAL VEL. in m/sec
                         RADIAL DISTANCE FROM AXIS OF RATATION in m
0066
        C READ14R
0067
        C READ15H
                         ENTHALPY in J/kg or (m/sec)**2
8800
0069
        C ***** READ16 TO READ21 ARE REQUIRED ONLY IF IBFLOW=-1 *****
0070
        C READ16R
                         RADIAL DISTANCE FROM AXIS OF RATATION in m
0071
        C READ17PCMNU
                         # OF INPUT DATA FOR INFLOW VEL. PROFILE
0072
          READ18RNUC1
                         1ST CONVERSION FACTOR TO BE MULTIPLIED TO THE INPUT RNU
0073
                         2ND CONVERSION FACTOR TO BE MULTIPLIED TO THE INPUT RNU
        C
                RNUC2
0074
                 CMNUC1
                         1ST CONVERSION FACTOR TO BE MULTIPLIED TO THE INPUT CMNU
0075
        C
                CMNUC2
                         2ND CONVERSION FACTOR TO BE MULTIPLIED TO THE INPUT CMNU
0076
                         ALLOWABLE ERROR IN RNU DATA IN m
                RERR
        С
0077
                EPS
                         CONVERGENCE CRITERION TO BE USED IN SPLINE ROUTINE
```

```
0079
                         BEEN MULTIPLIED BY VOC
0080
                VOC
                         CONVERSION FAC. TO BE MULTI. TO VO
0081
                         STATIC PRESSURE HEAD AT FREE STREAM in m
        C
                PHO
0082
        C READ19RNU
                         RADII OF NCMNU PTS., in m AFTER MULTIPLYED W/ RNUC1*RNUC2
0083
                         MERIDIONAL VEL. AS FUNCTION OF RNU, in m/sec AFTER BEEN
        C READ20CMNU
                         MULTIPLIED BY CHNUC1*CHNUC2
0084
0085
        C READ21CPTNU
                         PRESSURE COEFFICIENT AS FUNCTION OF RNU
0086
0087
        C ***** READ22 & READ23 ARE REQUIRED ONLY IF IBFLOW=0 *****
0088
        C READ22G
                         MASS FLOW RATE in kg/sec
0089
                CPTC
                         CONSTAT PRESSURE COEFFICIENT
        ¢
0090
        C
                VO
                         FLOW VEL. (OR VEHICLE VEL.) AT FREE STREAM, in m/s AFTER
                         BEEN MULTIPLIED BY VOC
0091
        C
                VOC
0092
        C
                         CONVERSION FAC. TO BE MULTI. TO VO
0093
                         STATIC PRESSURE HEAD AT FREE STREAM in m
                PHO
0094
        C READ23R
                         RADIAL DISTANCE FROM AXIS OF RATATION in m
0095
        C ***** READ24 TO READ29 ARE REQUIRED ONLY IF IBFLOW=1 *****
0096
0097
        C READ24G
                         MASS FLOW RATE in kg/sec
                         MERIDIONAL VEL. in m/sec
0098
        C READ25CM
                         RADIAL DISTANCE FROM AXIS OF RATATION in m
0099
        C READ26R
                         ENTHALPY in J/kg or (m/sec)**2
0100
        C READ27H
0101
        C READ28TNA
                         TN OF EQ. 10
                         A KIND OF [DELTA(CM*CTH)]/CM, FROM BLADE TO BLADE PROGRAM
0102
        C READ29CTHD
0103
0104
               PARAMETER ( NCMMX=20, NMMX=11, NQMX=14)
0105
0106
        CNOT
                   COMMON/DESIGN/
                                          BSBE, BE, RT, RPM, UT, EFFI, AVIL, VELR, HEADAD,
0107
        CNOT
                     FLOWC, FLOWR, CONST, POW
0108
        CGAS
                   COMMON/GASCON/
                                          SHR, GASC, CP, POSABS, TOSABS
        CNOTUSED
                                          PCON(NMMX), IPCON(NMMX)
0109
                       COMMON/LOAD/
0110
              COMMON/MFLOH/
                                 GS(NMMX), G, OMG,
               CM(NOMX,NMMX), CTH(NOMX,NMMX),
0111
0112
                RCTH(NGMX,NMMX), H(NGMX,NMMX), A(NGMX,NMMX), DEN(NGMX,NMMX),
                ENT(NOMX,NMMX), DMF(NMMX), BLO(NOMX,NMMX)
0113
0114
        CNOT
                         , DMBLO(NGMX, NMMX),
                + DMRCTH(NOMX,NMMX), DMCM(NOMX,NMMX), WTH(NOMX,NMMX)
A(*), DMF(*), & DMRCTH(*) ARE NOT USED IN "SCM"
0115
        CNOT
0116
        C
                                 NM, R(NOMX,NMMX), PHIR(NOMX,NMMX),
0117
              COMMON/MLIN/
               CUR(NGMX,NMMX), SM(NGMX,NMMX), Z(NGMX,NMMX)
COMMON/NONAXI/ TNA(NGMX,NMMX), WCTHD(NGMX,NMMX)
0118
0119
              COMMON/NONAXI/
              COMMON/QLIN/
                                 RUMRQ(NGMX), NG, Q(NGMX,NMMX),-RUMR(NGMX,NMMX),
0120
0121
             + ZQH(NQMX), ZQS(NQMX), NQI, NQB
                RUMR(*,*) IS REPLACED BY RUMRQ(*) SINCE Q-LINE IS TAKEN TO BE STRAIGHT
0122
                ZQS(*) IS NOT USED IN "SCM"; ZQH(*) IS USED IN BBFLOW & DATOUT ONLY
0123
0124
        CNOTUSED
                       COMMON/ROTO/
                                         ZLE(2), ZTE(2), NB, IPRF(NMMX), TMPC(NHMX),
0125
                       AXIM(NMMX), ZHAXI, RUMAXI, IAXI, TTE
        CNOTUSED
                                         ALPSC, DHU, BS
0126
        CNOTUSED
                       COMMON/SCROLL/
0127
        CNOT
                   COMMON/STAN/ STANP, STANT, STANDE
0128
               COMMON/XY/
                                 RAS
                         , XM(NQMX,NMMX)
0129
        CNOT
0130
              COMMON/NU/
                                 NMM1, PI, COSRUM(NQMX), SINRUM(NQMX)
0131
               COMMON/19/
0132
              COMMON/IQS/
                                 DMPCM, DMPG, DMPL, EPSCM, EPSG, EPSL
0133
0134
              DIMENSION CHNU(NCHMX), CPT(NMMX), CPTNU(NCHMX),
0135
             + PHID1(NGMX), PHIDN(NGMX), RNU(NCMMX)
0136
0137
                         PI/3.14159265359/
              DATA
0138
0139
              DEGRAD
                         =180./PI
0140
              RADDEG
                         =P1/180.
0141
0142
               IF (IBFLOW.LT.-2 .OR. IBFLOW.GT.1 .OR. LG.LT.0 .OR. LG.GT.1) THEN
0143
                PRINT *, 'CHECK IBFLOW & LG...', IBFLOW, LG
                STOP 'NUFLOW.50'
0144
                END IF
0145
0146
        C 100 *****
0147
              READ (IN,*)
0148
                                                                                    READ1
0149
              READ (IN,*) NM, NQ, NQI, NQB, ICM
                                                                                    READ2
0150
0151
              WRITE(6,*) 'ICM =', ICM
0152
              WRITE(6,110)
0153
          110 FORMAT(///'0'4X81('+')/5X'+'79X'+'/5X'+'12X
0154
             + 'THE QUASI THREE-DIMENSIONAL DESIGN OF THE DIAGONAL FLOW'12X'+'/
0155
             + 5x,'+'79x'+'/5x81('+'))
0156
                                                            - B-21 -
        CNOTUSED
0157
                         READ (IN,*) NB
```

FLOW VEL. (OR VEHICLE VEL.) AT FREE STREAM, in m/s AFTER

0078

VO

```
READ (IN,*) SHR, GASC, CP, POSABS, TOSABS READ (IN,*) POW, RPM, CONST, AVIL
0158
         CGAS
0159
         CNOTUSED
0160
               READ (IN,*) OMG, RAS, DMPCM, DMPG, DMPL, EPSCM, EPSG, EPSL
                                                                                           READ3
0161
         CNOTUSED
                           READ (IN,*) STANP
                           READ (IN,*) STANT
0162
         CGAS
                           READ (IN,*) STANDE, ALPSC, DHU, BS
READ (IN,*) ZHAXI, RUMAXI, TTE, BSBE, BE, RT
0163
         CNOTUSED
0164
         CNOTUSED
                           READ (IN, *) UT, EFFI
0165
         CNOT
                           READ (IN,*) VELR
0166
         CNOTUSED
0167
                           READ (IN,*) HEADAD
         CGAS
         CNOTUSED
                           READ (IN,*) FLOWC, FLOWR
0168
0169
0170
         CNOTUSED
                           READ (IN,*) ( DMF(J), TMPC(J), AXIM(J), PCON(J), J=1,NM)
0171
               READ (IN,*) ( RUMRQ(I), I=1,NQ)
READ (IN,*) ( Z(I,1), I=1,NQ)
0172
                                                                                           READ4
0173
                                                                                           READ5
                           READ (IN,*) ( ZQS(I), I=1,NQ)
0174
         CNOTUSED
0175
                READ (IN,*) ( PHID1(I), PHIDN(I), I=1,NQ)
0176
                                                                                           READ6
0177
                READ (IN,*) ( SM(1,1), SM(1,NM), I=1,NQ)
                                                                                           READ7
0178
0179
                READ (IN,*) ( ( CTH(I,J), J=1,NM), I\approx1,NQ)
                                                                                           READ8
0180
                READ (IN,*) ( (
                                  BLO(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ)
                                                                                           READ9
0181
0182
         C 120 INPUT FOR GAS FLOWS *****
0183
                IF (LG.EQ.2) THEN
                  READ (IN,*) ( ( DEN(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ)
READ (IN,*) ( ( ENT(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ)
0184
                                                                                           READ10
0185
                                                                                           READ11
0186
         CNOT
                           DENREF =PREF/(GASC*TREF)
0187
                  DENREF =DEN(1,1)
0188
                 ELSE
0189
                  IF (LG.EQ.O) THEN
0190
                    DENREF=1025.
0191
                   ELSE
0192
                    DEMREF=1000.
0193
                   END IF
0194
                          J=1, NM
                  DO
0195
                    DO
                        I=1.NQ
0196
                      DEN(I,J)
                                    =DENREF
0197
                      ENT(1,1)
                                    ≠0.
0198
                      END DO
0199
                    END DO
0200
                 END IF
0201
0202
         C 130 ****
0203
                MMM 1
                           =NM-1
0204
                NQI1
                           =NQ [+1
0205
                NQIB
                           =NQI+NQB
0206
               DO
                          I=1,NQ
0207
                  COSRUM(1)
                                    =COS( RUMRQ(I) )
0208
                  PHIR(I,1)
                                    =PHID1(I)*RADDEG
0209
                                    =PHIDN(I)*RADDEG
                  PHIR(I,NM)
0210
                  END DO
0211
         C 170 ****
0212
                GOTO ( 180, 190, 200, 210), IBFLOW+3
0213
0214
         C 180 IBFLOW=-2, INPUT KNOWN G, GS, CM, & R *****
180 READ (IN,*) ( GS(J), J=1,NM-2), G
0215
0216
                                                                                           READ12
0217
                READ (IN,*) ( ( CM(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ)
                                                                                           READ13
               READ (IN,*) ( ( R(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ)
READ (IN,*) ( ( H(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ)
0218
                                                                                           READ14
0219
                                                                                           READ15
0220
                GOTO 250
0221
         C 199 IBFLOW=-1, NONUNIFORM FLOW *****
0222
0223
           190 READ (IN,*) ( R(I,1), R(I,NM), I=1,NQ)
                                                                                           READ16
0224
                READ (IN.*) NCMNU
                                                                                           READ17
0225
                IF (NCMNU.GT.NCMMX) THEN
0226
                  PRINT *, 'NCMNU.GT.NCMMX...', NCMNU, NCMMX
0227
                  STOP 'NUFLOW. 191'
0228
                  END IF
0229
               WRITE(6,192) NCMNU
0230
           192 FORMAT('DINPUT NONUNIFORM VEL. DISTRIBUTION'
0231
                 '& DETERMINE STREAMLINE LOCATIONS AT UPSTREAM'/'ONCHNU ='13/)
0232
               READ (IN,*) RNUC1, RNUC2, CMNUC1, CMNUC2, RERR, EPS,
0233
              + VO, VOC, PHO
                                                                                           READ18
0234
               WRITE(6,*) 'RNUC1, RNUC2, CMNUC1, CMNUC2, RERR, EPS = ',
0235
                              RNUC1, RNUC2, CMNUC1, CMNUC2, RERR, EPS
0236
               IF (EPS.GE.1.) THEN
                                                                 - B-22 -
                  PRINT *, 'EPS.GE.1...', EPS
0237
```

```
STOP 'NUFLOW. 194'
0238
                  END IF
0239
                                                                                             READ19
                READ (IN,*) ( RNU(K), K=1,NCMNU) WRITE(6,*) ' RNU(m) =', ( RNU(K), K=1,NCMNU)
0240
0241
                                                                                             READ20
                READ (IN,*) ( CMNU(K), K=1,NCMNU)
0242
                              ' CMNU(m) =', ( CMNU(K), K=1,NCMNU)
0243
                WRITE(6,*)
                                                                                              RFAD21
                READ (IN,*) ( CPTNU(K), K=1,NCMNU)
0244
                WRITE(6,*)
                              'CPTNU(m) =', ( CPTNU(K), K=1,NCMNU)
0245
0246
                         _ = RNUC1* RNUC2
                RNUC1
0247
                           =CMNUC1*CMNUC2
                CMNUC1
0248
                DO
                           K=1, NCMNU
0249
                  CHNU(K) =CMNU(K)*CMNUC1
0250
                   RNU(K) = RNU(K)* RNUC1
0251
                  END DO
0252
                IF ( ABS( R(1,1)-RHU(1) ) .GT. RERR .OR.
0253
                      ABS( R(1,NM)-RNU(NCMNU) ) .GT. RERR ) THEN
0254
                   PRINT *, 'CHECK R(1,1), R(1,NM), RNU(1), RNU(NCMNU)...',
0255
                                     R(1,1), R(1,NM), RNU(1), RNU(NCMNU), NM, NCMNU,
0256
                                      RERR
0257
                   STOP 'NUFLOW. 198'
0258
0259
                   END IF
                           =R(1,1)
                 RNU(1)
0260
                 RNU(NCMNU)=R(1,NM)
0261
 0262
                          NUF( NCMNU, CMNU, CPTNU, RNU, CPT)
 0263
                 CALL
 0264
                          ENTHAL( CPT, NQI1, NQIB, PHO, VO, VOC)
                 CALL
0265
 0266
          C 199 CREATE A REVISED INPUT FILE
 9267
                 OPEN( 8, FILE='SCMJ', STATUS='NEW')
WRITE(8,*) -2, IDSN3, 1, '(0) IBFLOW, IDSN3, LG'
 0268
 0269
                 WRITE(8,*) '(3037-SCMI.DAT) FOLLOWING ARE INPUT DATA FOR SUB ',
 0270
                + 'NUFLOW... (1)'
 0271
                 WRITE(8,*) NM, NQ, NQI, NQB, ICM, ' (2) NM, NQ, NQI, NQB, ICM' WRITE(8,*) OMG, RAS, DMPCM, DMPG, DMPL, EPSCM, EPSG, EPSL,
 0272
 0273
                + ' (3) OMG, RAS, DMPCM, DMPG, DMPL, EPSCM, EPSG, EPSL'
 0274
                 WRITE(8,*) ( RUMRQ(I), I=1,NQ), ' (4) RUMRQ(I)'
WRITE(8,*) ( Z(I,1), I=1,NQ), ' (5) Z(I,1)'
 0275
 0276
                 WRITE(8,*) ( PHID1(1), PHIDN(1), I=1,NQ),
 0277
                        ' (6) PHID1(1), PHIDN(1)
 0278
                 WRITE(8,*) ( SM(1,1), SM(1,NM), I=1,NQ),
 0279
                                · (7)
 0280
                 WRITE(8,*) ( (
WRITE(8,*) ( (
 0281
                 WRITE(8,*) ( BLO(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ), '(9)
WRITE(8,*) ( GS(I), I=1,NM-2), G, '(12) GS(I)'
WRITE(8,*) ( CM(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ), '(13)
WRITE(8,*) ( RI,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ), '(14)
 0282
 0283
                                                                              CM(1,J)'
 0284
                                                                                R(I,J)'
 0285
                 WRITE(8,*) ( ( H(I,J), J=1,NM), I=
WRITE(8,*) 'END OF INPUT DAT SCMI.DAT'
                                        H(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ), '(15)
                                                                                H(1,J)'
 0286
 0287
                  ASSUMING LG=1 IF IBFLOW=1
 0288
          ¢
                  CLOSE(8)
 0289
                  PRINT *, 'A NEW FILE SCMJ.DAT CREATED...'
 0290
 0291
                  GOTO 250
 0292
          C 200 IBFLOW=0, UNIFORM INFLOW *****
 0293
             200 READ (IN,*) G, CPTC, VO, VOC, PHO WRITE(6,*) 'CONSTANT PRESSURE COEFFICIENT =', CPTC
                                                                                               READ22
 0294
 0295
                                                                                                READ23
                  READ (IN,*) (R(I,1), R(I,NM), I=1,NQ)
 0296
  0297
          C 205 INITIAL CM, R, & Q, FOR UNIFORM INFLOW & EQUAL CROSS-SEC. FLOW-TUBES TEM =PI*DENREF*.5
  0298
  0299
                             1=1,NQ
  0300
                  DΩ
                              =R(I,1)*R(I,1)
  0301
                    PP1
                              =R(I,NM)*R(I,NM)-RR1
  0302
                    AR
  0303
                    DAR
                    IF (LG.EQ.2) DENREF=DENSI( H(I,1), ENT(I,1), CM(I,1), CTH(I,1))
  0304
           CNONO
                              =G/( AREAH(I) * (DENREF+DENREF) )
  0305
           CNONO
                    CMI
  0306
                     CMI
                              =G*COSRUM(1)
                              /( COS( ( PHIR(I,1)+PHIR(I,NM) )*.5-RUMRQ(I) )
  0307
                                 *( BLO(1,1)+BLO(1,NM) )*TEM*AR )
  0308
                     CM(I,1) = CMI
  0309
                     CM(I,NM)=CMI
  0310
                            J≈2,NMM1
  0311
                     00
                                       =CM1
                       CM(1,J)
  0312
                       R(I,J)=SQRT(DAR*(J-1)+RR1)
  0313
  0314
                       END DO
                     END DO
  0315
                            J≈1,NM
                                                                     - B-23 -
  0316
                  00
                     CPT(J) =CPTC
  0317
```

```
0318
                 END DO
0319
0320
               CALL
                       ENTHAL( CPT, NQI1, NQIB, PHO, VO, VOC)
0321
0322
               GOTO 250
0323
        C 210 IBFLOW=1, INPUT FROM BLADE-TO-BLADE COMPUTATIONS ***** 210 READ (IN,*) G
0324
0325
                                                                                      READ24
0326
               READ (IN,*) ( (
                                   CM(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ)
                                                                                      READ25
                                    R(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ)
H(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ)
0327
               READ (IN,*) ( (
                                                                                      READ26
               READ (IN,*) ( (
0328
                                                                                      READ27
               READ (IN,*) ( ( TNA(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ)
READ (IN,*) ( ( WCTHD(I,J), J=1,NM), I=1,NQ)
0329
                                                                                      READ28
0330
                                                                                      READ29
               GOTO 300
0331
0332
0333
        C 250 ****
0334
          250 DO
                         J=1,NM
0335
                 DO
                        I=1,NQ
0336
                   TNA(I,J)
                                  =0.
                   WCTHD(I,J)
0337
                                  =0.
0338
                   END DO
0339
                 END DO
0340
        C 300 GS *****
0341
0342
          300 IF (IBFLOW.GE.O) THEN
0343
                 TEM =G/NMM1
                        J=1,NMM1-1
0344
                 DO
0345
                   GS(J) =TEM*J
0346
                   END DO
0347
                 END IF
0348
        C 700 ********
0349
0350
               WRITE(6,710) MAX(IBFLOW,0)+1, G*60., OMG, RAS
0351
           710 FORMAT('0
                           '81('+')/'0'10XI2
              + '-TH THROUGH FLOW CALCULATION BY USE OF THE EXTENDED',
0352
0353
              + ' HIRSCH''S METHOD'//10X'* TOTAL DESIGN SPECIFICATION :'/
0354
              + 26X'MASS FLOW RATE
                                                       ='E12.5' (KG/MIN)'/
                                                        ='E12.5' (RAD/SEC)'/
                 26X'ANGULAR VELOCITY
0355
0356
              + 26X'REFERENCE RADIUS
                                                        ='E12.5' (M)')
                                  =(POSABS-STANP)/9.8
0357
        CNOTUSED
                D ETS =( EFFI * HEADAD * UT**2 )/( CP * (TOSABS-STANT) )
WRITE(6,720) RT, RPM, VELR, EFFI, HEADAD, FLOWC, ETS, SHR, GASC,
0358
        CNOTUSED
0359
        CNOT
                  + CP, POS, TOSABS, STANP, STANT
0360
        CNOT
0361
               720 FORMAT(
        CNOT
0362
        CNOT
                          26X'BLADE TIP RADIUS
                                                                 ='E12.5,' (M)'/
0363
        CNOT
                          26X'ROTATION FREQUENCY
                                                                 ='E12.5,' (R.P.M.)'/
0364
        CNOT
                          26X'VELOCITY RATIO
                                                                 ='E12.5,/
                          26X'TOTAL TO TOTAL EFFICIENCY
0365
        CNOT
                                                                 ='E12.5,/
                                                                 ='E12.5,/
0366
        CNOT
                          26X'ISENTROPIC HEAD COEFFICIENT
0367
        CNOT
                          26X'FLOW COEFFICIENT
                                                                 ='E12.5,/
0368
        CMOT
                          26X'TOTAL TO STATIC EFFICIENCY
                                                                 ='E12.5,/
                          '0'10X'* WORKING GAS: '/
0369
        CNOT
0370
        CNOT
                          26X'SPECIFIC HEAT RATIO
                                                                 ='E12.5,/
        CMOT
                                                                 ='E12.5,' (J/KG.K)'/
0371
                          26X'GAS CONSTANT
                          26X'SPEC. HEAT AT CONST. PRESSURE ='E12.5,' (J/KG.K)'/
0372
        CNOT
0373
        CNOT
                          '0'10X'* PLENUM STATE :'/
                          26X'GAUGE PRESSURE
0374
        CNOT
                                                                 ='E12.5,' (MM.AQ)'/
                                                                 ='E12.5.' (K)'/
0375
        CNOT
                          26X'ABSOLUTE TEMPERATURE
0376
        CNOT
                          '0'10X'* ATMOSPHERIC STATE :'/
                                                                 ='E12.5,' (N/M**2)'/
0377
        CNOT
                          26X'ABSOLUTE PRESSURE
                                                                 ='E12.5,' (K)')
0378
        CNOT
                          26X'ABSOLUTE TEMPERATURE
0379
        CNOTUSED
                          WRITE(6,730) ALPSC, BSBE, BE, DHU, CONST, AVIL
0380
        CNOTUSED 730 FORMAT('0'
0381
                      + 10X'* SCROLL NOZZLE GEOMETRIES AND PERFORMANCE :'/
        CNOTUSED
0382
        CNOTUSED
                         26X'SCROLL ANGLE
                                                                 ='E12.5,' (DEG)'/
                                                                 ='E12.5,/
0383
        CNOTUSED
                         26X'PASSAGE HEIGHT RATIO
                                                                 ='E12.5,' (M)'/
='E12.5,' (M)'/
0384
        CMOTUSED
                         26X'NOZZLE PASSAGE HEIGHT
0385
        CNOTUSED
                         26X'HUB DIAMETER
                         26X'FREE VORTEX CONSTANT
                                                                 ='E12.5,' (M*#2/SEC)'/
0386
        CNOTUSED
0387
        CNOTUSED
                       + 26X'AVAILABILITY OF FREE VORTEX
                                                                 ='E12.5)
0388
               WRITE(6,740) NQ, NM
0389
           740 FORMAT(/5X81('+')/
              + '1'10x'++++ THE WORKING STATIONS (Q-LINES) +++++'///
0390
              + 15X'THE NUMBER OF Q-LINES'16X'='12/
0391
0392
              + 15X'THE NUMBER OF MERIDIONAL STREAMLINES ='12///15X'1'5X
0393
                'ZQH(M)'7X'RUM(DEG)'7X'QMAX'/)
0394
        CNOT
                          'ZQH(M)'7X'ZQS(M)'6X'RUM(DEG)'7X'QMAX'/)
0395
0396
        C 820 INITIAL Q-COORDINATES
                                                              – B-24 –
0397
               IF (IBFLOW.NE.-1) THEN
```

```
0398
                DO
                       I=1,NQ
                        =R(1,1)
0399
                  RI1
                  CORUMI = COSRUM(1)
0400
0401
                  Q(I,1)=0.
0402
                       J=2, NM
                  00
0403
                    Q(I,J)=( R(I,J)-RI1 )/CORUMI
0404
                    END DO
0405
                  END DO
0406
                END IF
0407
0408
        C 900 ****
0409
              00 950
                      I=1,NQ
0410
        CNOTUSED
                         RUM
                                 =RUMRQ(I)*DEGRAD
0411
                WRITE(6,5905) I, Z(I,1), RUMRQ(I)*DEGRAD, Q(I,NM)
0412
                IF (I.EQ.NQI1) THEN
0413
                  WRITE(6,910)
0414
          910
                  FORMAT('+'55X'(LEADING EDGE)')
0415
                  GOTO 950
0416
                  END 1F
                IF (I.EQ.NQIB) WRITE(6,920)
0417
0418
                FORMAT('+'55X'(TRAILING EDGE)')
          920
0419
        CNOTUSED
                         IF (I.NE.NQI1 .AND. I.NE.NQIB) WRITE(6,5905) I, Z(I,1)
0420
        CNOTUSED
                         ,ZQS(I),RUM,Q(I,NM)
0421
                         IF (I.EQ.NQI1) WRITE(6,930) I, Z(I,1), ZQS(I), RUM, Q(I,NM)
        CMOTUSED
0422
        CNOTUSED
                  930
                         FORMAT(15X12,4(1XE12.5)' (LEADING EDGE)')
0423
                         IF (I.EQ.NQIB) WRITE(6,940) 1, Z(I,1), ZQS(I), RUM,Q(I,NM)
        CNOTUSED
0424
        CNOTUSED
                  940
                        FORMAT(15X12,4(1XE12.5)' (TRAILING EDGE)')
0425
                CONTINUE
          950
0426
0427
              DO
                        J=1, NM
0428
                       [=1,NQ
                DO
0429
                  RCTH(I,J)
                                 =R(I,J)*CTH(I,J)
0430
                  END DO
0431
                END DO
0432
0433
              WRITE(6,960)
0434
          960 FORMAT(////11X
0435
                '+++++ DESIGN CONDITIONS AT THE WORKING STATIONS +++++'///
0436
                15X'J
                          RCTH'12X'H'10X'ENT'10X'BLO'10X'TNA'8X'WCTHD'8X
0437
                'D(BLO)/DM
0438
                       I=1,NQ
              DΩ
0439
                WRITE(6,5965) I
0440
                       J=1,NM
0441
                  WRITE(6,5905) J, RCTH(I,J), H(I,J), ENT(I,J), BLO(I,J),
0442
                                 THA(I,J), WCTHD(I,J)
0443
        CNOTUSED
                                 ,DMBLO(I,J)
0444
                  END DO
0445
                END DO
0446
              WRITE(6,970)
0447
          970 FORMAT(////11X
0448
                '+++++ INITIAL ASSUMPTION OF MERIDIONAL STREAMLINES +++++'/17X
               '(THIS ASSUMPTION IS A PREVIOUS THROUGH FLOW SOLUTION IF THIS ',
0449
0450
               'THROUGH FLOW CALCULATION IS NOT THE FIRST ONE.)')
0451
        CNOTUSED
                      DO
                                J=1,NM
0452
        CNOTUSED
                         WRITE(6,980) J, DMF(J)
0453
                                               DMF ='E12.5)
                  980
        CNOTUSED
                         FORMAT(11X'I ='13'
0454
        CNOTUSED
                         END DO
0455
0456
              DO
                        I=1,NQ
0457
                         =Z(I,1)
                TEMP
                         =SIN( RUMRQ(I) )
0458
                TEM
0459
                SINRUM(I)
                                 =TEM
0460
                DO
                        J=2, NM
0461
        CNOT IF Q-LINE IS STRAIGHT
                                           RUMR(I,J)
                                                          =RUMRQ(I)
0462
                  Z(I,J)=TEMP - Q(I,J)*TEM
0463
                  END DO
0464
                END DO
0465
              NOM1
                        =NQ - 1
0466
              DO
                       I=2, NOM1
0467
                CUR(1,1)
                                 =( ( R(I-1,1)-R(I,1) )/( Z(I-1,1)-Z(I,1) )
0468
                                   - ( R(I,1)-R(I+1,1) )/( Z(I,1)-Z(I+1,1) ) )*2.
0469
                                 /( Z(I-1,1)-Z(I+1,1) )
0470
                CUR(I,NM)
                                 =((R(I-1,NM)-R(1,NM))/(2(1-1,NM)-Z(1,NM))
0471
                                   - ( R(I,NM)-R(I+1,NM) )/( Z(I,NM)-Z(I+1,NM) ) )
0472
                                 * 2. / ( Z(I-1,NM)-Z(I+1,NM) )
0473
                END DO
0474
                CUR(1,1)
                                 =CUR(2,1)
0475
                CUR(NQ.1)
                                 =CUR(NQM1,1) *.5
0476
                CUR(1,NM)
                                 =CUR(2,NM)
                                                           - B-25 -
0477
                CUR(NO, NM)
                                 =CUR(NOM1,NM)*.5
```

```
0478
0479
                WRITE(6,990)
            990 FORMAT(///15x'J'6X'PHI'10X'CUR'12X'M')
0480
0481
                DO
                          1=1,NQ
                  WRITE(6,5965) 1
WRITE(6,5905) 1, PHID1(I), CUR(I,1), SM(I,1)
WRITE(6,5905) NM, PHIDN(I), CUR(I,NM), SM(I,NM)
0482
0483
0484
0485
                   END DO
         WRITE(6,1000)
CNOT 1000 FORMAT(///15x/J'8x/Q'12x/R'10x/PHI'10x/CUR'11x/CM'10x/DEN'12x/M'/)
0486
0487
          1000 FORMAT(///15X'J'8X'Q'12X'R'11X'CM'10X'DEN'10X'CTH')
0488
0489
                DO
                          I=1,NQ
0490
                  WRITE(6,5965) I
0491
                          J=1,NM
                  DO
0492
                     WRITE(6,5905) J, Q(I,J), R(I,J), CM(I,J), DEN(I,J), CTH(I,J)
0493
                     END DO
0494
                  END DO
0495
         CNOTUSED
                          WRITE(6,1010) NB
0496
         CNOTUSED 1010 FORMAT(////11X'+++++ THE CASCADE GEOMETRIES ( NB='12' ) +++++'//
         CNOTUSED + 15X'J [PRF TMPC'/)
CNOTUSED WRITE(6,1020) ( J, IPRF(J), TMPC(J), J=1,NM)
CNOTUSED 1020 FORMAT(14XI2,4XI2,2XE12.5)
0497
0498
0499
0500
0501
                RETURN
0502
          5905 FORMAT([16,8E13.5)
0503
0504
          5965 FORMAT('0'10X'1='12)
0505
                END
PROGRAM SECTIONS
                                                         Attributes
    Name
                                                 Rytes
```

	n crite	bytes	A (()	100	162						
0	\$CODE	7119	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	SHR	EXE	RD	NOWRT	LONG
1	\$PDATA	1754	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	NOWRT	LONG
2	SLOCAL	832	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	NOSHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
3	MFLOW	5024	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
4	MLIN	3084	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
5	NONAXI	1232	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
6	QLIN	1412	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
7	XY	4	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
8	NU	120	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
9	IQ	4	PIC	OVR	REL	GBŁ	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
10	198	24	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG

Total Space Aliocated 20609

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type Name References
0-00000000 NUFLOW 4#

VARIABLES

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References							
2-000001DC	R*4	AR		302=	303	306					
**	R*4	CMI		306=	309	310	312				
2-00000184	R*4	CMNUC1		232=	234	248(2)=	250				
2-000001B8	R*4	CMNUC2		232=	234	248					
**	R*4	CORUMI		400=	403						
2-000001D0	R*4	CPTC		294=	295	317					
2-000001E0	R*4	DAR		303=	313						
2-0000018C	R*4	DEGRAD		139=	411						
2-0000019C	R*4	DENREF		187=	190=	192=	196	299			
10-00000000	R*4	DMPCM	COMM	132	160=	273					
10-00000004	R*4	DMPG	COMM	132	160=	273					
10-00000008	R*4	DMPL	COMM	132	160=	273					
2-000001c0	R*4	EPS		232=	234	236	237				
10-0000000C	R*4	EPSCM	COMM	132	160=	273					
10-00000010	R*4	EPSG	COMM	132	160=	273					
10-00000014	R*4	EPSL	COMM	132	160=	273					
3-0000002C	R*4	G -	COMM	110	216=	283	294=	306	325=	343	350
2-00000194	1*4	1		172(2)=	173(2)= - B-26 -	176(3)=	177(3)=	179(2)=	180(2)=	184(2)=	185(2)=

AP-00000004a	I*4	IBFLOW		195= 218(2)= 282(2)= 302(2) 328(2)= 400 429(3) 462(2) 489= 4	196 219(2)= 283(2)= 306(6) 329(2)= 401 438= 466= 490 142(2)	197 223(3)= 284(2)= 309 330(2)= 403(2) 439 467(11) 492(5) 143	206= 275(2)= 285(2)= 310 335= 409= 441(6) 470(11) 213	207(2) 276(2)= 286(2)= 312 336 411(4) 456= 481=	208(2) 277(3)= 296(3)= 313 337 412 457 482	209(2) 279(3)= 300= 326(2)= 398= 417 458 483(3)	217(2)= 281(2)= 301(2) 327(2)= 399 428= 459 484(3)
9-00000000	I*4	ICM	COMM	131	149=	151	272				
AP-00000008a AP-0000000ca		IDSN3 IN		4 4 179 223 325	269 148 180 224 326	149 184 232 327	160 185 240 328	172 216 242 329	173 217 244 330	176 218 294	177 219 296
2-00000198	1*4	J		179(2)= 217(2)= 311= 329(2)= 403(2) 492(6)	180(2)= 218(2)= 312 330(2)= 427=	184(2)= 219(2)= 313(2) 334= 429(3)	185(2)= 281(2)= 316= 336 440=	194= 282(2)= 317 337 441(7)	196 284(2)= 326(2)= 344= 460=	197 285(2)= 327(2)= 345(2) 462(2)	216(2)= 286(2)= 328(2)= 402= 491=
**	1*4	K		240(2)= 251(2)	241(2)=	242(2)=	243(2)=	244(2)=	245(2)=	249=	250(2)
AP-00000010a	1*4	LG		4	142(2)	143	183	189			
2-000001A8	I*4	NCMNU		224= 244	225 245	226 249	229 253	240 255(2)	241 261	242 263A	243
4-00000000	I*4	NM	COMM	117 203 255(2) 285 327 427	149= 209 261 286 328 440	177 216 272 296 329 460	179 217 279 302(2) 330 470(11)	180 218 281 306(2) 334 476(2)	184 219 282 310 388 477(2)	185 223 283 316 402 484(3)	194 253 284 326 411 491
8-0000000 6-0000038	I*4 I*4	NMM1 NQ	COMM	130 120 184 272 285 330	203= 149= 185 275 286 335	303 172 195 276 296 388	311 173 206 277 300 398	343 176 217 279 326 409	344 177 218 281 327 428	179 219 282 328 438	180 223 284 329 456
6-00000580	I*4	NQB	COMM	465 120	475 149=	4 <i>77</i> 205	481 272	489			
6-0000057C 2-000001A0 2-00001A4 ** 3-00000030	I*4 I*4 I*4 I*4 R*4	NQI NOI1 NQIB NQM1	COMM	120 204= 205= 465=	149= 265A 265A 466	204 320A 320A 475	205 412 417 477	272			
		OMG	COMM	110	160=	273	350				
2-000001CC 8-00000004 2-00000190	R*4 R*4	PHO PI RADDEG	COMM	232= 130 140=	265A 137D 208	294= 139 209	320A 140	299			
7-00000000 2-000001BC	R*4 R*4	RAS RERR	COMM	128 232=	160= 234	273 253(2)	350 255				
2-000001AC 2-000001B0 2-000001D8	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	RI1 RNUC1 RNUC2 RR1		399= 232= 232= 301=	403 234 234 302	247(2)= 247 313	251				
2-000001D4	R#4	TEM		299=	306	343≈	345	458=	459	462	
** 2-000001c4	R*4 R*4	TEMP VO		457 = 232=	462 265A	294=	320A				
2-000001c8	R*4	VOC		232=	265A	294=	320A				
ARRAYS											
Address 1	Гуре	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensio	ns i	References				
	R*4 R*4	A BLO	COMM		(14, 11)		†10 110	180=	282	306(2)	441
	R*4	CM	COMM		(14, 11)		110 312=	217= 326=	284 492	309=	310=
	R*4 R*4	CMNU COSRUM	COMM		(20) (14)		134 130	242= 207=	243 306	250(2)= 400	263A
2-00000050 2-0000007C	R*4 R*4	CPT CPTNU		80	(11) (20) - B-27 -		134 134	263A 244=	265A 245	317= 263A	320A

3-0000029C	R#4	CTH	COMM	616	(14, 11)		110	179=	281	429	492
4-00000404	R*4	CUR	COMM	616	(14, 11)		117	467=	470=	474(2)=	475(2)
3-00000c3c	R*4	DEN	COMM	616	(14, 11)		476(2)= 110	477(2)= 184=	483 187	484 196=	492
7 00001100	04/	045	COMM	44	(11)		110				
3-0000110C	R*4	DMF	COMM				110	185=	197=	441	
3-00000EA4	R*4	ENT			(14, 11)		110	216=	283	345=	
3-00000000	R*4	GS	COMM	44	(11)			219=	286	328=	441
3-0000076C	R*4	H	COMM		(14, 11)		110	176=	208	277	483
2-000000CC	R*4	PHID1		56	(14)		134				
2-00000104	R*4	PHIDN			(14)		134	176=	209	277 -	484
4-0000026C	R*4	PHIR	COMM		(14, 11)		117	208=	209=	306(2)	//3
6-0000003C	R*4	Q	COMM	616	(14, 11)		120	401=	403=	411	462
4-00000004	R*4	R	СОММ	616	(14, 11)		492 117 260 302(2)	218= 261 313=	223(2)= 285 327=	253(2) 296(2)= 399	255(2) 301(2) 403
3-00000504	D#4	RCTH	COMM	616	(14, 11)		42 9 110	467(4) 429=	470(4) 441	492	
3 00000304		KCT.	J J J J J J J J J J	0.0	(11,						
2-0000013C	R*4	RNU		80	(20)		134 255(2)	240= 260=	241 261=	251(2)= 263A	253(2)
6-000002A4	R*4	RUMR	COMM	616	(14, 11)		120				
6-00000000	R*4		COMM	56	(14)		120 411	172= 458	207	275	306
8-00000040	R*4	SINRUM	COMM	56	(14)		130	459=			
4-0000073C	R*4	SM	COMM	616	(14, 11)		117	177(2)=	279(2)	483	484
5-00000000	R*4	TNA	COMM	616	(14, 11)		119	329=	336=	441	
							119	330=	337=	441	•
5-00000268	R*4	WCTHD	COMM	616	(14, 11)		117	173=	276	411	457
4-000009A4	R*4	Z	COMM	616	(14, 11)				470(6)	411	771
/ 00000500		7011	45444	e./			462=	467(6)	4/0(6)		
6-0000050C 6-00000544	R*4 R*4	ZQH ZQS	COMM COMM		(14) (14)		120 120				
PARAMETER CON	ISTANT	s									
Type Name			•	References							
I*4 NCMMX I*4 NMMX I*4 NGMX	(104# 104# 104#	134(3) 110(10) 110(8)	225 117(5) 117(5)	226 119(2) 119(2)	120(2) 120(5)	134 130(2)	134(2)	
1.4851.0											
LABELS											
Address	Labe	et.		References							
1-00000270	110			152	153#						
0-0000052C	180			213	216#						
0-00000664	190			213	223#						
1-000002E8	1921			229	230#						
0-00000F50	200			213	294#						
0-00001208	210			213	325#						
0-00001183	250			220	291	322	334#				
0-000013BB	300			331	342#			-			
1-0000034A	710			350	351#						
1-00000465	740			388	389#						
1-0000051A	910	,		413	414#						
1-00000530	920			417	418#						
0-00001580	950			409	415	425#					
1-00000547		,		433	434#	46J#					
1-000005CE	970			433 446	434#						
1-00000683	990			479	480#						
1-0000069F	1000			486	488#			400	E07#		
1-00000666				411	441	483	484	492	503#		
1-000006CE											
	5965) <i>'</i>		439	482	490	504#				

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Type	Name	References	
	ENTHAL	265	320
	FOR\$CLOSE	289	– B-28 –
	FOR SOPEN	268	

207 306 R*4 MTH\$COS R*4 MTH\$SIN 458 313 R*4 MTHSSQRT NUF 263

0001

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified - Defining Reference

- Actual Argument, possibly modified - Data Initialization

D

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

F/LIS/CHE/CRO NUFLOW

/CHECK=(BOUNDS, OVERFLOW, UNDERFLOW) /DEBUG=(NOSYMBOLS, TRACEBACK) /STANDARD=(NOSYNTAX, NOSOURCE_FORM) /SHOW=(NOPREPROCESSOR, NOINCLUDE, MAP, NODICTIONARY, SINGLE) /WARNINGS=(GENERAL, NODECLARATIONS)
/CONTINUATIONS=19 /CROSS_REFERENCE /NOD_LINES /NOEXTEND_SOURCE /F77
/NOG_FLOATING /14 /NOMACHINE_CODE /OPTIMIZE

```
0001
                     SUBROUTINE QHIRSH ++++++++
0002
        C++++++++
0003
        C
0004
               SUBROUTINE QHIRSH ( IBFLOW, LG)
                                                                                      IN
0005
0006
        C (3037-QHITSH)
0007
        CGAS TO BE USED IF THE FLUID IS A GAS
8000
        CRUM SHOULD BE USED INSTEAD OF THE NEARBY STATEMENT IF Q-LINE IS NOT A
0009
                 STRAIGHT LINE
0010
       · C REFERENCED BY MAIN (SCM)
0011
        C REFERENCES AKIMAI, AKIMAO, DENSI, INTSPL (4 TIMES), MLINE (TWICE),
                 MTHSCOS, NTHSSIGN, MTHSSIN (TWICE), MTHSSGRT, MTHSTAN,
0012
                 QRZ (TWICE), & QPLINE (5 TIMES)
0013
0014
        C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2.
0015
        C REVISED 19JUN86 FOR V3.1
0016
               PARAMETER ( NMMX=11, NQMX=14)
0017
0018
               PARAMETER ( NUMX=MAX(NMMX, NQMX) )
               PARAMETER ( NVWMX=NWMX*7, NWSMX=NWMX*4-10)
0019
0020
0021
        CGAS
                   COMMON/GASCON/
                                          SHR, GASC, CP, PREF, TREF
0022
               COMMON/MFLOW/
                                  GS(NMMX), G, OMG,
              + CM(NQMX,NMMX), CTH(NQMX,NMMX),
0023
0024
                RCTH(NGMX,NMMX), H(NGMX,NMMX), A(NGMX,NMMX), DEN(NGMX,NMMX),
0025
                 ENT(NQMX,NMMX), DMF(NMMX), BLO(NQMX,NMMX)
                           DMBLO(NOMX, NHMX),
0026
        CNOT
0027
                         DMRCTH(NGMX,NMMX), DMCH(NGMX,NMMX), WTH(NGMX,NMMX)
IN/ NM, R(NGMX,NMMX), PHIR(NGMX,NMMX),
        CNOT
               COMMON/MLIN/
0028
0029
                CUR(NGMX,NMMX), SM(NGMX,NMMX), Z(NGMX,NMMX)
                                  TNA(NGHX,NMMX), WCTHD(NGMX,NMMX)
RUMRQ(NGMX), NQ, Q(NGMX,NMMX)
0030
               COMMON/NONAXI/
               COMMON/QLIN/
0031
                         , RUMR(NGMX,NMMX), ZQH(NGMX), ZQS(NGMX), NQI, NQB
0032
        CNOT
0033
               COMMON/XY/
                                  RAS, XM(NQMX,NMMX)
0034
0035
               COMMON/IQ/
                                  I CM
0036
                                  DMPCM, DMPG, DMPL, EPSCM, EPSG, EPSL
               COMMON/IQS/
0037
               COMMON/QS/
                                  ITRL, MXITC, MXITG
0038
0039
               DIMENSION CMSML(NQMX), CMN(NMMX), COE(NMMX),
              + DMBLO(NGMX, NMMX), DMCM(NGMX, NMMX),
0040
0041
                 SAVE(NMMX), VW(NVWMX)
0042
                 WTH(NGMX,NHMX), WF(NWMX), WF1(NWMX), WF2(NWMX), WINT(NWMX),
0043
              + WL(NWMX), WORK(NWSMX), WX(NWMX)
0044
        C3100 CONSTANTS *****
0045
               DATA
0046
                          CMSMLC/.01/, MAXITC, MAXITG, MAXITL/ 50, 50, 200/,
0047
              + PI/3.14159265359/
0048
0049
        C3105 INITIAL *****
0050
               DATA
                         MXITC, MXITG/ 0, 0/
0051
0052
               IF (LG.LE.1)
                                  CP=999
0053
               N1
                          =0
0054
               N2
                          =NM
0055
               N3
                          =NM+NM
0056
               N4
                          =N3+NM
0057
               N5
                          =N4+NM
0058
               N6
                          =N5+NM
0059
               M7
                          =N6+NM
0060
               NM2P3
                          =N3+3
0061
               NM7
                          =N7+NM
0062
               NMM1
                          =NM-1
0063
               NMM2
                          =NMM1-1
0064
               NMS
                          =N5-10
               NOP3
0065
                          =NQ+3
0066
               NQS
                          =NQ*4-10
0067
               P12
                          =PI+PI
0068
        CINQUE
                     WRITE(6,3120)
0069
0070
        CINCUE 3120 FORMAT(1H1//1H010X'+++++ WELCOME TO SUBROUTINE QHIRSH', ' +++++'//)
0071
        c3200 ****
0072
0073
               TEM
                          =(G+G)*CMSMLC/PI
0074
               DO
                         I=1,NQ
0075
                 CMSML(1)
0076
                 =TEM/ ( ( DEN(I,1)+DEN(I,NM) )*( R(I,1)+R(I,NM) )*Q(1,NM) )
0077
```

- B-30 -

```
0078
              ISTOPG
                         =0
0079
               ISTOPCH
                         ×Ω
0080
0081
                       QRZ( NQ, NM, Q, R, Z, RUMRQ)
              CALL
        CRUM
0082
                         CALL QRZ(NQ,NM,Q,R,Z,RUMR)
0083
0084
               ITRL
0085
        C3390 ITERATE UNTIL ICONML=0
0086
         3300 ITRL
                         =ITRL+1
0087
               IF (ITRL.GT.MAXITL) THEN
0088
                 WRITE(6,3310) ITRL
                 FORMAT(1HO, 10X, /***** CONVERGENCE OF THE MERIDIONAL STREAMLINE
0089
         3310
                        ,' SOLUTION WAS NOT ACHIEVED *****// ITRL ='14)
0090
0091
                 PRINT *, 'NOT CONVERGED... MXITC, MXITG, ITRL =', MXITC, MXITG,
0092
                                  ITRL
                         =ITRL
0093
                 TCON
                 STOP 'QHIRTH.3315'
0094
0095
                 RETURN
        С
0096
                 END IF
0097
0098
        C3320
                         MLINE ( 0, NQ, NM, RAS, Q, R, Z, SM, PHIR, CUR, XM,
0099
              CALL
                                  ICON, WF, WL, WF1, WF2)
0100
0101
0102
                         =3320
               LINE
0103
               IF (ICON.NE.0) GOTO 9000
0104
               DO 3350 J=1,NM
0105
                DO
                        I=1,NQ
                 WX(1)=SM(1,J)
0106
                 WF(I)=DEN(I,J)
0107
                   END DO
0108
0109
0110
        C3330
0111
                 CALL
                         SPLINE( WX, WF, NQ, WL, WF1, WF2, WORK, NQS, ICON)
0112
0113
                 LINE
                         =3330
0114
                 IF (ICON.NE.O) GOTO 9000
0115
                 ĐO
                        1=1,NQ
                   DMCM(I,J)=WF1(I)
0116
0117
                   END DO
                       I=1,NQ
0118
                 DO
0119
                   WF(I)=BLO(I,J)
0120
                   END DO
0121
0122
        C3340
                 CALL
                         AKIMAO( WX, WF, NQ, WF1, WF2, WORK, NQP3, ICON)
0123
0124
0125
                 LINE
                         =3340
0126
                 IF (ICON.NE.0) GOTO 9000
0127
                 DO
                        I=1,NQ
0128
                   DMBLO(I,J)=WF1(I)
0129
                   END DO
         3350
                 CONTINUE
0130
0131
0132
                 SUMRES=0.
0133
                 I CONMI =0
0134
                 DO 37001=1,NQ
                 CMSMLI =CMSML(I)
RUMRQI =RUMRQ(I)
0135
0136
0137
                 DO 3420J=1,NM
                   IF ( R(1,J).LT.1.E-6 .AND. RCTH(1,J).NE.O. ) THEN
0138
                     WRITE(6,3410) I, J, RCTH(I,J), I, J, R(I,J)
FORMAT(1H010X/***** ERROR IN SUBROUTINE QHIRSH; RCTH('I3'.'
0139
         3410
0140
0141
                         I3')='E12.5' AT R('I3','I3')='E12.5' *****')
0142
                     ICON=-10
0143
                     STOP 'QHIRSH.3410'
                     RETURN
0144
        ¢
0145
                     END IF
9146
                   IF ( RCTH(I,J).EQ.O. .AND. R(I,J).LT.1.E-6 )
C147
                         CTH(I,J) = -WCTHD(I,J)
0148
                   IF ( R(I,J) .GE. 1.E-6)
                                              CTH(I,J)=RCTH(I,J)/R(I,J)-WCTHD(I,J)
0149
        CSKIP
                   WTH(I,J)=CTH(I,J)-OMG*R(I,J)
0150
                   IF (LG.EQ.1 .OR. IBFLOW.GT.0) GOTO 3420
0151
                   DEN(I,J)
                                  =DENSI( H(1,J), ENT(1,J), CM(1,J), CTH(1,J))
0152
         3420
                 CONTINUE
0153
0154
                        J=1,NM
                 DΩ
                   WX(J) = G(I,J)
0155
0156
                   WF(J) = H(I,J)
                                                            - B-31 -
0157
                   END DO
```

```
0158
        C3430
0159
0160
                CALL
                         SPLINE( WX, WF, NM, WL, WF1, WF2, WORK, NMS, ICON)
0161
0162
                LINE
                        =3430
                IF(1CON.NE.0) GO TO 9000
0163
0164
                DO
                       J=1,NM
0165
                  VW(N1+J)
                                 =WF1(J)
                  WF(J) =ENT(I,J)
0166
0167
                  END DO
0168
0169
        C3440
                         SPLINE( WX, WF, NM, WL, WF1, WF2, WORK, NMS, ICON)
0170
                CALL
0171
0172
                LINE
                        =3440
0173
                IF(ICON.NE.O) GO TO 9000
0174
                DO
                       J=1,NM
0175
                  (T+SK)WV
                                 =WF1(J)
0176
                  WF(J) = CTH(I,J)*R(I,J)
                  END DO
0177
0178
0179
        C3450
0180
                CALL
                         SPLINE( WX, WF, NM, WL, WF1, WF2, WORK, NMS, ICON)
0181
0182
                LINE
                         =3450
0183
                IF(ICON.NE.0) GO TO 9000
0184
                        J=1,NM
                DO
                  VW(N3+J)
0185
                                 =WF1(J)
                  WF(J) =PHIR(I,J)
0186
0187
                  END DO
0188
0189
        C3460
0190
                CALL
                         SPLINE( WX, WF, NM, WL, WF1, WF2, WORK, NMS, ICON)
0191
0192
                LINE
                         =3460
0193
                IF(ICON.NE.0) GO TO 9000
0194
                       J=1,NM
                DO
                  VW(N4+J)
0195
                                 =WF1(J)
0196
                  END DO
0197
                DO 3480J=1,NM
0198
0199
                  IF ( R(I,J) .LT. 1.E-5) THEN
0200
                     VW(N5+J)
                                 =0.
0201
                     VW(N6+J)
                                 =0.
                     GOTO 3480
0202
0203
                    END IF
                        =PHIR(I,J)-RUMR(I,J)
=PHIR(I,J)-RUMRQI
0204
        CRUM
                  ΕP
0205
                  ΕP
0206
                  CE
                        =COS(EP)
0207
                  COE(J)=CE
0208
                                 =-( DMBLO(1,J)/BLO(1,J) + VW(N4+J)/CE
                  DMCM(I,J)
                         + CUR(1,J)*TAN(EP) + SIN( PHIR(1,J) )/R(1,J)
0209
0210
                         - DMCM(1,J)/DEN(1,J) ) * CM(1,J)
0211
                  VW(N5+J)
                                =2.*( CUR(I,J)*CE - DMCM(I,J)*SIN(EP)/CM(I,J) )
                         - VW(N2+J)/CP
0212
0213
                  (L+94)MV
                                 =2.*( VW(N1+J) - CTH(I,J)*VW(N3+J)/R(I,J)
                         - ( H(I,J) - ( CTH(I,J)*CTH(I,L) )*.5 )*VW(N2+J)/CP
0214
                         + TNA(I,J)/DEN(I,J) )
0215
0216
         3480
                  CONTINUE
0217
0218
        C3500 *****
                MXITG
0219
                        =MAX( MXITG, ITRG)
0220
                ITRG
                         =0
                        =CM(1,1)
0221
                CMC
0222
0223
         3510
                ITRG
                        =ITRG+1
0224
                IF (ITRG.GT.MAXITG) THEN
0225
                  WRITE(6,3520) I, ITRL
0226
         3520
                  FORMAT(1H010X
0227
                         "**** OVERALL CONTINUITY WAS NOT SATISFIED AT 1="13
0228
                            ITRL='15)
0229
                  IF (IREV.EQ.0) THEN
0230
                     WRITE(6,3530)
0231
         3530
                     FORMAT(1H+,74X,' *****')
0232
                   ELSE
0233
                     WRITE(6,3540)
0234
         3540
                     FORMAT(1H+,74X,', BECAUSE REVERSE FLOW OCCURS. *****')
0235
                   END IF
                  ISTOPG=ISTOPG+1
0236
                                                           - B-32 -
0237
                  GOTO 3700
```

```
0238
                  END IF
0239
0240
                IREV
                        ±Λ
0241
                MXITC
                        =MAX( MXITC, ITRCM)
0242
                ITRCM
                        =0
                       =ITRCM+1
0243
         3600
                TERCM
0244
                IF (ITRCM.GT.MAXITC) THEN
0245
                  WRITE(6,3610) I, ITRL
                  FORMAT(1H010X/***** CM CONVERGENCE WAS NOT ACHIEVED AT 1 =/13
0246
         3610
                        ', ITRL='15' *****')
0247
0248
                  ISTOPCM
                                =ISTOPCM+1
                  GOTO 3700
0249
0250
                  END IF
0251
0252
                CMN(1) =CMC
0253
                TEM
                       =0.
0254
                IF (ICM.EQ.2) THEN
0255
0256
                  DO
                      J=1,NM
                    WF(J)
0257
                                =(VW(N6+J) - VW(N5+J)*CM(I,J)*CM(I,J))*.5
0258
                    END DO
0259
0260
        C3620
0261
                          INTSPL( WX, WF, NM, WINT, WL, WF1, WF2, WORK, NMS,
                  CALL
0262
                                        LCON 3
0263
0264
                  LINE =3620
                  IF (ICON.NE.0) GOTO 9000
0265
0266
                  DO J=2,NM
0267
                    TEM =WINT(J)+TEM
0268
                    CMN(J)
                                =SIGN( SQRT( ABS(TEM) ), TEM) + CMC
0269
                    END DO
0270
0271
                 FLSE
0272
0273
                  DO J=1,NM
0274
                    WF(J)
                                =(VW(N6+J)/CM(I,J) - VW(N5+J)*CM(I,J))*.5
0275
                    END DO
-0276
0277
        C3621
                          INTSPL( WX, WF, NM, WINT, WL, WF1, WF2, WORK, NMS,
0278
                  CALL
0279
                                        ICON)
0280
0281
                  LINE =3621
                  IF (ICON.NE.0) GOTO 9000
0282
0283
                  DO J=2, NM
0284
                    TEM =WINT(J)+TEM
0285
                    CMN(J)
                                =TEM+CMC
0286
                    END DO
0287
0288
                 END 1F
0289
0290
                ICONCM =0
0291
                      J=1,NM
0292
                  PRINT *, 'I, J, CMN, CM =', 1, J, CMN(J), CM(I,J)
0293
        CDEGUG
0294
                  IF (CMN(J).LT.CMSMLI) THEN
0295
                    IREV=IREV+1
        CCC
                    THE ORIGINAL PROGRAM DOES NOT PRINT & STOP HERE ---
0296
0297
                     PRINT *,
                                'REVERSE FLOW?? 1, J, CMN, CMAV, EPSCM, ICONCM, CM =',
0298
                                I, J, CMN, CMSML1/CMSMLC, EPSCM, ICONCM,
                                ( CM(I,K), K=1,NM)
0299
0300
                     WRITE(6,*) 'REVERSE FLOW?? I, J, CMN, CMAV, EPSCM, ICONCM, CM =',
                                I, J, CMN, CMSMLI/CMSMLC, EPSCM, ICONCM,
0301
                                ( CM(1,K), K=1,NM)
0302
0303
                     STOP 'QHIRSH.3628'
0304
                   ELSE
0305
                    CM(I,J)
                                =CM(I,J) + DMPCM*(CMN(J)-CM(I,J))
0306
                   END IF
0307
                  END DO
0308
        CDEBUG
               PRINT *, 'I, ICONCM, ITRG, ITRCM, CM =', I, ICONCM, ITRG, ITRCM,
0309
                                        ( CM(I,J), J=1,NM)
        CDEBUG
0310
                IF (IREV.EQ.O .AND. ICONCM.NE.O) GOTO 3600
0311
0312
                DO
                       J≃1,NM
                                =P12 * R(1,J) * DÉN(1,J) * COE(J) * BLO(1,J)
0313
                  SAVE(J)
0314
                  WF(J) =CM(I,J)*SAVE(J)
0315
        CRUM
                  WF(J) =P12 * R(I,J) * DEN(I,J) * CM(I,J)
                                * COS( PHIR(I,J)-RUMR(I,J) ) * BLO(I,J)
0316
        CRUM
0317
                  END DO
                                                         - B-33 -
```

```
0318
0319
        C3640
                CALL
                         INTSPL( WX, WF, NM, WINT, WL, WF1, WF2, WORK, NMS, ICON)
0320
0321
0322
                LINE
                         =3640
                IF(ICON.NE.O) GO TO 9000
0323
0324
                 VW(N7+1)=0.0
0325
                     J=2,NM
                DO
                  VW(N7+J)
                                 =VU(N7+J-1)+WINT(J)
0326
0327
                  END DO
0328
                 IF ( ABS( 1. - VW(NM7)/G ) .LT. EPSG ) GOTO 3660
0329
                         PRINT *, ' I, ITRG, VW(NM7), G, EPSG =', I, ITRG, VW(NM7), G,
0330
        CDEBUG
0331
        CDEBUG
                                         EPSG
0332
        CRUM
                DO
                          J=1.NM
        CRUM
                  SAVE(J) = PI2 * R(I,J) * DEN(I,J) * COS( PHIR(I,J)-RUMR(I,J) )
0333
0334
        CRUM
                                 *BLO(1,J)
0335
        CRUM
                  END DO
0336
0337
        C3650
0338
                 CALL
                         INTSPL( WX, SAVE, NM, WINT, WL, WF1, WF2, WORK, NMS, ICON)
0339
0340
                 IF (ICON.NE.O) GOTO 9000
0341
                 INTW=0.0
0342
                DO
                       J=2.NM
                  (L)THIW+WINT = WTHI
0343
0344
                  END DO
0345
                 CMC
                        =CMC + DMPG*( G-VW(NM7) )/INTW
0346
                 GOTO 3510
0347
0348
         3660
                DO
                        J=1,NM
0349
                  WINT(J)
                                 =VW(N7+J)
0350
                  END DO
0351
0352
        C3670
0353
                CALL
                         AKIMAI( WINT, WX, NM, GS, NMM2, WL, WF1, WORK, NM2P3,
0354
                                 ICON)
0355
0356
        C
                LINE
                         =3670
0357
                IF(ICON.NE.0) GO TO 9000
        C
0358
                 DO
                       J=1,NMM2
0359
                  WL(NM-J)
                                =WL(NMM1-J)
0360
                  END DO
0361
                         =0.0
                RES
0362
                       J=2,NMM1
                DO
0363
                  RES =RES+ABS(WL(J)-Q(I,J))**2
0364
                   IF ( ABS(1.-WL(J)/Q(I,J) ) .GE. EPSL)
                                                                ICONML=ICONML+1
0365
                  Q(I,J)=Q(I,J)+DMPL*(WL(J)-Q(I,J))
0366
                  END DO
0367
0368
                 CALL
                       QRZ( NQ, NM, Q, R, Z, RUMRQ)
0369
        CRUM
                CALL QRZ(NQ,NM,Q,R,Z,RUMR)
0370
                 SUMRES=SUMRES+RES
0371
0372
         3700
                CONTINUE
0373
0374
              PRINT*, 'SUMRES, MXITC, MXITG, ITRL =', SUMRES, MXITC, MXITG, ITRL
0375
              IF (ISTOP.NE.O) THEN
0376
                I CON
                       =ISTOPCM+ISTOG
                PRINT *, 'ISTOPCM, ISTOPG =', ISTOPCM, ISTOPG
0377
0378
                STOP 'QHIRSH.3815'
0379
        C
                 RETURN
0380
                FND IF
0381
              IF(ICONML.NE.O) GO TO 3300
0382
0383
        C3820
                         MLINE ( 1, NQ, NM, RAS, Q, R, Z, SM, PHIR, CUR, XM, ICON, WF, WL, WF1, WF2)
0384
              CALL
0385
0386
0387
              LINE
                         =3820
0388
              IF (ICON.NE.O) GOTO 9000
                    WRITE(6,3830)
0389
0390
        CINOUE 3830 FORMAT(1H010X'+++++ CONVERGENGE OF THE MERIDIONAL STREAMLINE'
0391
                            ,' SOLUTION WAS ACHIEVED +++++')
        CINQUE
                         =MAX( MXITC, ITERCM)
0392
              MXITC
0393
              MXITG
                         =MAX( MXITG, !TERG)
0394
              I CON
                         =0
0395
              RETURN
0396
                                                           - B-34 -
0397
         9000 PRINT *, 'ICON = ', ICON,
```

+ ' LINE, I, J, ITRL ≈ ', LINE, I, J, ITRL STOP 'OHIRSH.9010' RETURN 0398 0399 0400 C 0401 0402 END

PROGRAM SECTIONS

	Name	Bytes	Attributes	
n	\$CODE	4763	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LON	1G
-	SPDATA	614	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LON	√ G
	SLOCAL	3632	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LON	١G
_	MFLOW	5024	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LOW	NG
_	MLIN	3084	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LON	NG
-		1232		NG
_	NONAXI	676		NG
_	QLIN	620		NG
	XY	4	PIC OVE REL GBL SHE NOEXE RO WET LOS	NG
_	IQ	24	710 071 101	NG
_	IQS	- ·	PIG OVE REE GOE	
10	QS	12	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRI LUI	10

Total Space Allocated 19685

ENTRY POINTS

References Address Type Name 4#

0-00000000 GHIRSH

VARIABLES

VAKTABLES											
Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References							
**	R*4	CE		206=	207	208	211				
**	R*4	CMC		221=	252	268	285	345(2)=			
**	R*4	CMSMLC		460	73	297	300				
	R*4	CMSMLI		135=	294	297	300				
2-00000BE0	R*4	CP		52=	211	213	•				
2-00000884	K-4	LP		<i>J</i> 2-	611						
9-00000000	R*4	DMPCM	COMM	36	305						
9-00000004	R*4	DMPG	COMM	36	345						
9-00000008	R*4	DMPL	COMM	36	365						
**	R*4	EP		205=	206	208	211				
9-0000000C	R*4	EPSCM	COMM	36	292	297	300				
9-00000010	R*4	EPSG	COMM	36	328						
9-00000014		EPSL	COMM	36	364						
3-0000001C		G .	COMM	22	73(2)	328	345				
2-00000BB8		ĭ	33.7.	74=	75(6)	105=	106(2)	107(2)	115=	116(2)	118=
2-00000660	14	•		119(2)	127=	128(2)	134=	135	136	138(2)	139(4)
				146(4)	148(5)	151(5)	155	156	166	176(2)	186
				199	205	208(9)	211(3)	213(7)	221	225	245
				257(2)	274(2)	292	297(2)	300(2)	305(3)	313(3)	314
				363	364	365(3)	397				
	a	105101		4	150	302(3)					
AP-00000004	a 1*4	IRLCOM		•	150						
8-00000000	I*4	ICM	COMM	35	254				1271	126	142=
2-00000BC4	1*4	ICON		93=	99A	103	111A	114	123A		193
				160A	163	170A	173	180A	183	190A	
				261A	265	278A	282	320A	323	338A	340
				353A	376=	384A	388	394=	397		
**	. 1*4	I CONCM		290=	292(2)=	297	300	310			
2-00000808	1*4	ICONML		133=	364(2)=	381					
**	1*4			341=	343(2)=	345					
2-00000BEC	1*4	IREV		229	240=	295(2)=	310				
**	1*4			376	_						
2-00000c00				375							
2-00000000 2-000008C0		ISTOPCM		79=	248(2)=	376	377				
				78=	236(2)=	377	_				
2-00000880	1*4	ISTOPG		, 0-	230(2)-	3, .					
2-00000c04				392							
2-00000008	1*4	ITERG		393			211				
2-00000BF0	1*4	ITRCM		241	242=	243(2)=	244				
					- B-35 -						

2-00000BE8 10-00000000	1*4 1*4	ITRG ITRL	СОММ	219 37 245	220= 84= 374	223(2)= 86(2)= 397	224 87	88	91	93	225
**	1*4	K		104= 139(4) 165(2) 194= 208(10) 273= 297 342= 364(2) 297(2)=	106 146(4) 166(2) 195(2) 211(5) 274(5) 300 343 365(4) 300(2)=	107 148(5) 174= 198= 213(11) 283= 305(4) 348= 397	116 151(5) 175(2) 199 256= 284 312= 349(2)	119 154= 176(3) 200 257(5) 285 313(5) 358=	128 155(2) 184= 201 266= 291= 314(3) 359(2)	137= 156(2) 185(2) 205 267 292(2) 325= 362=	138(2) 164= 186(2) 207 268 294 326(3) 363(2)
AP-00000008a 2-00000BC8	1*4 1*4 1*4	LG LINE MAXITC		4 102= 281= 460	52 113= 322= 244	150 125= 387=	162= 397	172=	182=	192=	264=
**	I*4	MAXITG		460	224						
**	1*4	MAXITL		46D	87						
10-00000004	1*4	MXITC	COMM	37	50D	91	241(2)=	374	392(2)=		
10-00000008	1*4 1*4	MXITG N1	COMM	37 53=	500 165	91 213	219(2)=	374	393(2)=		
2-00000B88	I*4	N2		54=	175	211	213				
2-00000B8C	1*4	N3		55=	56	60	185	213			
2-00000890	1*4	N4		56=	57	195	208				
2-00000B94	1*4	N5		57=	58	64	200	211	257	274	
2-00000898	I*4	N6		58≈	59	201	213	257	274		
2-00000B9C 4-00000000	1*4 1*4	N7 NM	СОММ	59≃ 28 62	61 54 75(3)	324 55(2) 81A	326(2) 56 99A	349 57 104	58 137	59 154	61 160A
2-000008A0	1*4	NM2P3		164 256 300 359	170A 261A 312 368A	174 266 320A 384A	180A 273 325	184 278A 338A	190A 283 342	194 291 348	198 297 353A
2-00000BAU	1*4	NM7		60≈ 61≈	353A 328	345					
**	1*4	NMM1		62=	63	343 359	362				
	14	mmi i		02-	03	339	302				
2-00000BA4 2-00000BA8	I*4 I*4	NMM2 NMS		63= 64= 338A	353A 160A	358 170A	180A	190A	261A	278A	320A
6-0000038	1*4	NQ	COMM	31 115	65 118	66 123a	74 127	81A 134	99a 368a	105 384A	111A
2-00000BAC	1*4	NQP3		65=	123A						
2-00000BB0	I*4	NOS		66=	111A						
3-00000030	R*4 R*4	OMG PI	COMM	22 460	67(2)	73					
**		P12		67=	313	,,					
7-00000000	R*4	RAS	COMM	33	99A	384A					
**	R*4	RES		361=	363(2)=	371					
**	R*4	RUMRQI		136=	205						
2-00000BD4	R*4	SUMRES		132=	371(2)=	374		•			
2-00000884	R*4	TEM		73=	75	253=	267(2)=	268(2)	284(2)=	285	
ARRAYS											
Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	8ytes	Dimensio	ns	References				
3-00000904	R*4	A	COMM	616	(14, 11)		22				
3-00001138	R*4	BLO	COMM		(14, 11)		22	119	208	313	
3-00000034	R*4	CM	COMM		(14, 11)		22	151A	208	211	221
							257(2)	274(2)	292	297	300
2-00000038	D#/	CMN		4.4	/11\		305(3)=	314	240-	205-	202
2 30000030	r. 4	GTIN		44	(11)		39 294	252≃ 297	268= 300	285= 305	292
2-00000000	R*4	CMSML		56	(14)		39	75=	135		
2-00000064	R*4	COE		44	(11)		39	207=	313		
3-0000029C	R*4	СТН	COMM	616	(14, 11)		22.	146=	148=	151A	176
4-00000101	D#/	CLID	COMM	111	.4/ .4.		213(3)	004	200	211	70/4
4-000004D4 3-00000C3C	R*4 R*4	CUR Den	COMM COMM		(14, 11)		28 22	99A 75(2)	208 107	211 151=	384A 208
5 50000050	T. *	~5.11	- Corner		– B-36 –		213	75(2) 313	101	1712	208
					– D30 –						

2 00000000	D#/	21121.2		494			70	120-	208		
2-00000090	K-4	DMBLO		010	(14, 11)		39	128=	206		
2-000002F8	R*4	DMCH		616	(14, 11)		39	116=	208(2)=	211	
3-0000110C	R*4	DMF	COMM		(11)		22				
3-00000EA4	R#4	ENT	COMM		(14, 11)		22	151A	166		
3-00000000	R*4	GS	COMM		(11)		22 22	353A 151A	156	213	
3-0000076C	R*4	н	COMM	010	(14, 11)		22	1218	130	213	
4-0000026C	R=4	PHIR	COMM	616	(14, 11)		28	99A	186	205	208
/ 00000070	R*4	•	0044	494	/4/ 445		384A	75	014	99A	155
6-000003C	K-4	•	COMM	010	(14, 11)		31 363	364	81A 365(3)=	368A	384A
4-00000004	R=4	R	COMM	616	(14, 11)		28	75(2)	81A	99A	138
							139	146	148(2)	176	199
							208	213	313	368A	384A
3-00000504	R*4	RCTH	COMM		(14, 11)		22 31	138 81a	139 136	146 368a	148
6-00000000	R*4	RUMRQ	COMM	30	(14)		31	GIA	130	JOON	
2-00000560	R*4	SAVE		44	(11)		39	313=	314	338A	
4-0000073C	R*4	SM	COMM		(14, 11)		28	99A	106	384A	
5-00000000	R*4	TNA	COMM		(14, 11)		30	213		4	
2-0000058C	R*4	W		392	(98)		39	165=	175=	185=	195=
							200= 257(2)	201= 274(2)	208 324=	211(2)= 326(2)=	213(4)= 328
							345	349	324-	320(2)-	320
5-00000268	R*4	WCTHD	COMM	616	(14, 11)		30	146	148		
2-0000 097 C	R*4	WF		56	(14)		39	99A	107=	111A	119=
							123A 176≈	156=	160A	166= 190A	170A 257=
							261A	180A 274=	186= 278a	314=	320A
							384A	214-	2704	314-	JEON
2-00000984	R*4	WF1		56	(14)		39	99A	111A	116	123A
							128	160A	165	170A	175
							180A	185	190A	195	261A
3 00000000	n#/	1150		£./	4445		278A	320A	338A	353A	384A
2-000009EC	K~4	WFZ		20	(14)		39 170a	99A 180A	111A 190A	123A 261A	160A 278A
							320A	338A	384A	LOTA	LIGA
2-00000A24	R*4	WINT	•	56	(14)		39	261A	267	278A	284
							320A	326	338A	343	349=
							353A				
2-00000A5C	R*4	WL		56	(14)		39	99A	111A	160A	170A
							180A 338A	190A 353A	261A 359(2)=	278A 363	320A 364
							365	384A	337(2)-	303	304
2-00000A94	R*4	WORK		184	(46)		39	111A	123A	160A	170A
							180A	190A	261A	278A	320A
2-00000714	R*4	LITH		616	(14, 11)		338a 39	353A			
2-00000714 2-0000084C					(14)		39	106=	111A	123A	155=
•							160A	170A	180A	190A	261A
							278A	320A	338A	353A	
7-000000004	R*4		COMM		(14, 11)		33	99A	384A	244	
4-00000 7A4	R=4	Z	COMM	616	(14, 11)		28	81A	99A	368A	384A
								*			
PARAMETER CON											
PARAMETER CON	SIANI	5									
Type Name				References							
I*4 NMMX				174	40	22/103	39753	70/25	74	77	70//
I*4 NGMX				1 <i>7#</i> 1 <i>7#</i>	18 18	22(10) 22(8)	28(5) 28(5)	30(2) 30(2)	31 31(2)	33 33	39(6) 39(4)
I*4 NVMX				19#	39	CE(U)	20(3)	30(2)	31(2)	33	37(4)
I*4 NUMX				18#	19(2)	39(6)					
I*4 NWSMX				19#	39						
LABELS											
Address	Labe	t		References							
0-0000015C	3300			86#	381						
1-0000000C	3310			88	301 89#						
**	3350			104	130#						
1-00000140	3410	•		139	140#						
0-00000565	3420			137	150	152#					
0-00000A32	7/90			109	202	216#					
U-UUUUUA32	J#0U			198	202 - B-37 -	216#					
					- 201 -						

0-00000A74	3510	223#	346						
1-0000019C	3520 <i>′</i>	225	226#						
1-000001E2	3530 <i>′</i>	230	231#						
1-000001F0	3540'	233	234#	•					
0-00000804	3600	243#	310						
1-0000021C	36101	245	246#						
0-00001034	3660	328	348#						
0-00001148	3700	134	237	249	372#				
0-00001234	9000	103	114	126	163	173	183	193	265
		282	323	340	388	307#			

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Type	Name	References				
	AKIMAI	353				
	AKIMAO	123				
R*4	DENSI	151				
	INTSPL	261	278	320	338	
	MLINE	99	384			
R*4	MTH\$COS	206				
R*4	MTH\$SIGN	268				
R*4	MTH\$SIN	208	211			
R*4	MTH\$SQRT	268				
R*4	MTHSTAN	208				
	QRZ	81	368			
	SPLINE	111	160	170	180	190

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

= - Value Modified

- Defining Reference
A - Actual Argument, possibly modified
D - Data Initialization
(n) - Number of occurrences on line

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

F/LIS/CHE/CRO QHIRSH

/CHECK=(BOUNDS,OVERFLOW,UNDERFLOW)
/DEBUG=(NOSYMBOLS,TRACEBACK)
/STANDARD=(NOSYNTAX,NOSOURCE_FORM)
/SHOW=(NOPREPROCESSOR,NOINCLUDE,MAP,NODICTIONARY,SINGLE)
/WARNINGS=(GENERAL,NODECLARATIONS)
/CONTINUATIONS=19 /CROSS_REFERENCE /NOD_LINES /NOEXTEND_SOURCE /F77
/NOG_FLOATING /14 /NOMACHINE_CODE /OPTIMIZE

```
16-Jun-1988 11:06:33 VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2 P
21-Oct-1987 10:59:39 DUAO: [CHIANG.3037.SCM] SCMOTHER.FOR;22
```

```
0001
0002
        C+++++++
                        SUBROUTINE QRZ
0003
        С
0004
               SUBROUTINE QRZ( NQ, NM, Q, R, Z, RUMRQ)
0005
0006
        C REFERENCED BT QHIRSH (TWICE)
0007
0008
        C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2
        C REVISED 15MAY86
0009
0010
              PARAMETER ( NGMX=14)
0011
0012
               COMMON/NU/
                                  NMM1, PI, COSRUM(NQMX), SINRUM(NQMX)
0013
0014
                                  Q(NGMX,NM), R(NGMX,NM), RUMR(NGMX,NM), Z(NGMX,NM)
        CRUM
                   DIMENSION
0015
              DIMENSION Q(NGMX,NM), R(NGMX,NM), RUMRQ(NGMX), Z(NGMX,NM)
0016
0017
                        I=1,NQ
              DO
                         =COSRUM(I)
0018
                CO
0019
                 SI
                         =SINRUM(I)
0020
                        J=2, NMM1
                 DO
0021
        CRUM
                 RUMR(I,J)=RUMR(I,1)
0022
        CRUM
                 Z(I,J)=Z(I,1)-Q(I,J)*SIN(RUMR(I,J))
                R(I,J)=R(I,1)+Q(I,J)*COS(RUMR(I,J))

Z(I,J)=Z(I,1)-Q(I,J)*SI
0023
        CRUM
0024
0025
                   R(I,J)=R(I,1) + Q(I,J)*CO
0026
                   END DO
0027
                 END DO
0028
0029
                 RETURN
0030
                 END
```

naire	bytes	Actificates
0 \$CODE	298	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG
2 \$LOCAL,	188	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
3 NU	120	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
Total Space Allocated	606	

Accaibuses

ENTRY POINTS

Address	Туре	Name	References
0-00000000		QRZ	4#

VARIABLES

Type	Name	Attributes	References				
R*4	со		18=	25			
1*4	I		17=	18	19	24(3)	25(3)
1*4	J		20≖	24(2)	25(2)		,
(*4	NM		4	15(3)			
1*4	NPM 1	COMM	12	20			
1*4	NQ		4	17			
R*4	PI	COMM	12				
R*4	SI		19≈	24			
	R*4 1*4 1*4 1*4 1*4 1*4 R*4	R*4 CO 1*4 I 1*4 J 1*4 NM 7*4 NMM1	R*4 CO I*4 I I*4 J 3 (*4 NM J*4 NMM1 COMM B I*4 NQ R*4 PI COMM	R*4 CO 18= I*4 I 17= I*4 J 20= I*4 NM 4 I*4 NMM1 COMM 12 I*4 NQ 4 R*4 PI COMM 12	R*4 CO	R*4 CO	R*4 CO

ARRAYS

Address	Type	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensions	References			
3-00000008	R*4	COSRUM	COMM	56	(14)	12	18		
AP-0000000C	a R*4	Q		**	(14, *)	4	15	24	25
AP-00000010	9 R*4	R		**	(14, *)	4	15	25(2)=	
AP-00000018	a R*4	RUMRQ		56	(14)	4	15		
3-00000040	R*4	SINRUM	COMM		(14)	12	19		
AP-00000014	a R*4	Z	the same of the	**	(14, *)	4	15	24(2)=	

Type Name References

I*4 NGMX 10# 12(2) 15(4)

```
0001
0002
                           SUBROUTINE SOLOUT
       C+++++++++++
0003
0004
              SUBROUTINE SOLOUT( !DSN3, ITRB, LG, TODAY)
                                                                                  IN
0005
0006
       C REFERENCED BY MAIN(SCM); REFERENCES none
0007
        C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2
0008
        C REVISED 190CT87
0009
0010
              CHARACTER TODAY*9
0011
0012
              PARAMETER ( NMMX=11, NQMX=14)
0013
0014
                COMMON /DESIGN/BSBE, BE, RT, RPM, UT, EFFI, AVIL, VELR, HEADAD, FLOWC
0015
                , FLOWR , CONST , POW
0016
                COMMON /GASCON/SHR, GASC, CP, POSABS, TOSABS
0017
                                GS(NMMX), G, OMG,
              COMMON/MFLOW/
0018
                CM(NQMX,NMMX), CTH(NQMX,NMMX),
                RCTH(NQMX,NMMX), H(NQMX,NMMX), A(NQMX,NMMX), DEN(NQMX,NMMX),
0019
                ENT(NGMX,NMMX), DMF(NMMX), BLO(NGMX,NMMX), DMBLO(NGMX,NMMX),
0020
                DMRCTH(NGMX,NMMX), DMCM(NGMX,NMMX), WTH(NGMX,NMMX)
0021
                                NM, R(NQMX,NMMX), PHIR(NQMX,NMMX),
0022
              COMMON/MLIN/
0023
             * CUR(NQMX,NMMX), SM(NQMX,NMMX), Z(NQMX,NMMX)
0024
              COMMON/QLIN/
                                RUMRQ(NGMX), NQ, Q(NGMX,NMMX), RUMR(NGMX,NMMX),
0025
             * ZQH(NQMX), ZQS(NQMX), NQI, NQB
0026
                COMMON /STAN/STANP, STANT, STANDE
0027
                COMMON /SCROLL/ALPSC, DHU, BS
                                ZLE(2), ZTE(2), NB, IPRF(NMMX), TMPC(NMMX),
0028
              COMMON/ROTO/
             * AXIM(NMMX), ZHAXI, RUMAXI, IAXI, TTE
0029
0030
              COMMON/XY/
                                RAS, XM(NQMX,NMMX)
0031
              COMMON/LOAD/
                                PCON(NMMX), IPCON(NMMX)
              COMMON/NONAXI/
0032
                                 TNA(NQMX,NMMX), WCTHD(NQMX,NMMX)
0033
        CCC
                COMMON /BFLOW/191,192,1N9,NIN,RB(51,15),SMB(51,15),XB(51,15)
0034
                   ,BLOB(51,15),DTH1R(51,15),PHIB(51,15),THEMB(51,15)
0035
              COMMON/IQS/
                                 DMPCM, DMPG, DMPL, EPSCM, EPSG, EPSL
0036
              COMMON/QS/
                                 ITRL, MXITC, MXITG
0037
0038
              DATA
                        PI/3.14159265359/
0039
0040
              DEGGRA
                        =180./PI
0041
              WRITE(6,610) MAX(ITRB,0)+1
0042
          610 FORMAT('1'11X'+++++ '12
0043
             + '-TH THROUGH FLOW SOLUTION BY USE OF THE EXTENDED NOVAK''S ',
0044
0045
              WRITE(6,615) EPSCM, EPSG, EPSL, DMPCM, DMPG, DMPL, MXITC, MXITG,
0046
                        ITRI
0047
          615 FORMAT(//20X'ITERATION CONDITION: EPSCM='F10.7/41X'EPSG ='F10.7/
0048
             + 41X'EPSL ='F10.7/41X'DMPCM='F5.2/41X'DMPG ='F5.2/41X'DMPL =
0049
             + F5.2/20X'ITERATION TIMES:
                                            MXITC ='14/40X'MXITG ='14/41X
0050
                'ITRL ='14)
0051
0052
        CCC
                 WRITE(6,670)
             670 FOPMAT(////11X
0053
        CCC
0054
        CCC
                         '+++++ DESIGN CONDITIONS AT THE WORKING STATIONS +++++'///
0055
        CCC
                + 11X'J
                             RCTH'12X'H'10X'ENT'10X'BLO'10X'TNA'8X'WCTHD'/)
0055
        CCC
                 DO
                          I=1,NQ
0057
        CCC
                        WRITE(6,671) I
0058
        CCC
                        DO
                                J=1,NM
0059
        CCC
                          WRITE(6,672) J, RCTH(I,J), H(I,J), ENT(I,J), BLO(I,J),
0060
        CCC
                                 TNA(1,J), WCTHD(1,J)
0061
        CCC
                        END DO
0062
        CCC
                 END DO
0063
0064
                WRITE(6,611)
0065
          611 FORMAT(////11X'+++++ MERIDIONAL STREAMLINE OUTPUT +++++'///
             + 11X'J'8X'Q'12X'Z'12X'R'10X'PHI'10X'CUR'12X'M'10X'DMF'/)
0066
0067
                DO 10 I=1,NQ
0068
                WRITE(6,671) I
0069
                DO 10 J=1,NM
                       =PHIR(I,J) * DEGGRA
0070
                PHI
0071
                  WRITE(6,672) J, Q(1,J), Z(1,J), R(1,J), PHI, CUR(1,J),
0072
                                 SM(I,J), DMF(J)
        10
                CONTINUE
0073
0074
                WRITE(6,630) RAS
0075
          630 FORMAT(////11X'+++++ FLOW FIELD OUTPUT +++++'T82,'( RAS='E12.5')'
             + ///11X'J
                              CTH'11X'CR'11X'CZ'11X'CM'12X'C'10X'ALP'10X'DEN'9X
0076
```

- B-41 -

0077

'MACH'12X'X'/)

```
0078
                 DO 20 I=1,NQ
0079
                 WRITE(6,671) [
0080
                 DO 20 J=1,NM
0081
                 CZ=CM(I,J)*COS(PHIR(I,J))
0082
                 CR=CM(I,J)*SIN(PHIR(I,J))
0083
                 CTHAV=RCTH(1,J)/R(1,J)
                 C=SQRT(CM(1,J)**2+CTHAV**2)
0084
0085
                         =ATAN( CTHAV/CM(1,J) ) * DEGGRA
0086
               IF (LG.EQ.2) THEN
0087
0088
                 AO
                         =SQRT((SHR-1.)*H(I,J))
0089
                 A(I,J)
                        =A0
0090
                          *SQRT(1.-(SHR-1.)*(CTH(1,J)**2+CM(1,J)**2)/(2.*A0**2))
               FISE
0091
0092
                 A(1,J) = C*10.
0093
               END IF
0094
0095
                 RMACH=C/A(I,J)
0096
                   WRITE(6,672) J, CTHAV, CR, CZ, CM(I,J), C, ALP, DEN(I,J),
0097
                                  RMACH, XM(I,J)
0098
        20
                 CONTINUE
0099
0100
               IF (IDSN3.GT.0) THEN
                                                                                      OPEN2
0101
                 OPEN( 2, FILE='DSN3Z1', STATUS='NEW')
0102
                 WRITE(2,640) TODAY
0103
                 FORMAT(' OUTPUT FROM SCM, FOR INPUT TO DSN3'T63,A9)
0104
                 WRITE(2,*) NOB, NM
0105
                 NOI1
                         =NQ [+1
0106
                 NQIB
                         =NQ [ +NQB
0107
                 WRITE(2,*)
                               ( RCTH(NQI1, J)/R(NQI1, J), J=1,NM)
                 WRITE(2,*) (
WRITE(2,*) (
0108
                               ( RCTH(NQIB, J)/R(NQIB, J), J=1,NM)
                                  Z(1,J), I=NQI1,NQIB), J=1,NM)
0109
0110
                 WRITE(2,*) ( (
                                   R(I,J), I=NQI1,NQIB), J=1,NM)
                 WRITE(2,*) ( (
WRITE(2,*) ( (
0111
                                  SM(1,J), I=NQ11,NQ1B), J=1,NM)
0112
                                  CM(I,J), I=NQI1,NQIB), J=1,NM)
                 WRITE(2,*) ( (
0113
                                  Q(I,J), I=NQI1,NQIB), J=1,NM)
                 WRITE(2,*) ( ( BLO(I,J), I=NQI1,NQIB), J=1,NM)
WRITE(2,*) ( ( DEN(I,J), I=NQI1,NQIB), J=1,NM)
0114
0115
0116
                 CLOSE(2)
0117
               END IF
0118
                 WRITE(6,650)
0119
0120
          650 FORMAT(////11X'+++++ RELATIVE FLOW FIELD OUTPUT +++++'///
0121
              + 11X'J'8X'M'11X'WM'10X,'WTH'10X'8ET'12X'W'12X'U'/)
0122
                 DO 40 I=1,NQ
0123
                 WRITE(6,671) I
0124
                 DO 40 J=1,NM
                 WM=CM(I,J)
0125
                 U=OMG*R(I,J)
0126
0127
                 AM=SM(I,J)-SM(NQI+1,J)
0128
                 TEM
                          =CTH(1,J)-U
0129
                 WTH([,J)=TEM
0130
                 RET
                          =ATAN( TEM/WM ) * DEGGRA
0131
                 W
                          =SQRT(WM*WM+TEM*TEM)
0132
                   WRITE(6,672) J, AM, WM, WTH(I,J), BET, W, U
0133
        40
                 CONTINUE
                 WRITE(6,660)
0134
          660 FORMAT(////11X'+++++ DIMENSIONLESS VALUE ++++'///
0135
                         Q/QMAX'9X'C/UT'8X'CM/UT'7X'CTH/UT'9X'W/UT'7X
0136
              + 11X/J
0137
              + 'WTH/UT
                              RCTH/(RT*UT)'/)
0138
                 UT=OMG*RAS
0139
                 DO 50 I=1,NQ
0140
                 WRITE(6,671) I
0141
                 DO 50 J=1,NM
0142
                 DQ=Q(I,J)/Q(I,NM)
0143
                 DCM=CM(I,J)/UT
0144
                 DCTH=RCTH([,J)/R([,J)/UT
0145
                 DC=SQRT(DCM**2-DCTH**2)
                 DWTH=WTH(1,J)/UT
0146
0147
                 DW=SGRT(DCM**2+DWTH**2)
0148
                 DRCTH=RCTH(I,J)/(RAS*UT)
0149
                   WRITE(6,672) J. DQ. DC, DCM, DCTH, DW, DWTH, DRCTH
0150
        50
                 CONTINUE
0151
0152
          671 FORMAT('0
                              1 = '13)
          672 FORMAT(112,9(E13.5))
0153
0154
                 RETURN
0155
                 END
```

	Name	Bytes	Attributes
0	\$CODE	2830	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG
1	SPDATA	767	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LONG
2	SLOCAL	92	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
3	DESIGN	52	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
4	GASCON	20	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
5	MFLOW	7488	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
6	MLIN	3084	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
7	QLIN	1412	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
8	STAN	12	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
9	SCROLL	12	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
10	ROTO	168	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
11	XY	620	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
12	LOAD	88	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
13	NONAXI	1232	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
14	IQS	24	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
15	QS	12	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG

Total Space Allocated

17913

ENTRY POINTS

 Address
 Type
 Name
 References

 0-00000000
 SOLOUT
 4#

VARIABLES

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References					
**	R*4	AO		88=	89(2)				
**	R*4	ALP		85=	96				
9-00000000	R*4	ALPSC	COMM	27					
**	R*4	AM		127=	132				
3-00000018	R*4	AVIL	COMM	14					
3-00000004		BE	СОММ	14					
**	R*4	BET		130=	132				
9-00000008	R*4	BS	COMM	27					
3-00000000	R*4	BSBE	COMM	14					
**	R*4	С		84=	92	95	96		
3-0000002C		CONST	COMM	14					
4-00000008	R*4	CP	COMM	16					
**	R*4	CR		82=	96				
**	R*4	CTHAV		83=	84	85	96		
**	R*4	CZ		81=	96				
**	R*4	DC		145=	149				
**	R*4	DCM		143=	145	147	149		
**	R*4	DCTH		144=	145	149			
**	R*4	DEGGRA		40=	70	85	130		
9-00000004	R*4	DHU	COMM	27					
14-00000000	R*4	DMPCM	COMM	35	45				
14-00000004	R*4	DMPG	COMM	35	45				
14-00000008	R*4	DMPL	COMM	35	45				
**	R*4	DQ		142=	149				
**	R*4	DRCTH		148=	149				
**	R*4	DW		147=	149				
**	R*4	DWTH	•	146=	147	149			
3-00000014	R*4	EFFI	COMM	14					
14-0000000C	R*4	EPSCM	COMM	35	45				
14-00000010	R*4	EPSG	COMM	35	45				
14-00000014	R*4	" EPSL	COMM	35	45				
3-00000024	R*4	FLOWC	COMM	14					
3-00000028	R*4	FLOWR	COMM	14					
5-00000020	R*4	G	COMM	17					
4-00000004	R*4	GASC	COMM	16					
3-00000020	R*4	HEADAD	COMM	14					
2-00000004	1.*4	1		67=	68	70	71(5)	78=	7 9
				83(2)	84	85	88	89(3)	92
				109(2)=	110(2)=	111(2)=	112(2)=	113(2)=	114(2)=
					- B-43 -	_			

81(2) 82(2) 95 96(3) 115(2)= 122=

10-006000A0	1*4	IAXI	СОММ	123 140 28	125 142(2)	126 143	127 144(2)	128 146	129 148	132	139=
AP-00000004a AP-00000008a		IDSN3 ITRB		4	100 41						
15-00000000 2-00000008	I*4 I*4	ITRL J	COMM	36 69= 85 109(2)= 125 143	45 70 88 110(2)= 126 144(2)	71(7) 89(3) 111(2)= 127(2) 146	80= 92 112(2)= 128 148	81(2) 95 113(2)= 129 149	82(2) 96(4) 114(2)= 132(2)	83(2) 107(3)= 115(2)= 141=	84 108(3)= 124= 142
AP-00000000Ca 15-00000004 15-00000008	1*4 1*4 1*4	LG MXITC MXITG	COMM COMM	4 36 36	87 45 45						
10-00000010 6-00000000	I*4 I*4	NB NM	COMM	28 22 111	69 112	80 113	104 114	107 115	108 124	109 141	110 142
7-0000038 7-0000580 7-000057C	I*4 I*4 I*4	NQ NQB NQI	COMM COMM	24 24 24	67 104 105	78 106 106	122 127	139			
**	1*4	NOI1		105=	107(2)	109	110	111	112	113	114
2-0000000C	I*4	NQIB		115 106= 115	108(2)	109	110	111	112	113	114
5-00000030 4-0000000C	R*4 R*4	OMG POSABS	COMM COMM	17 16	126	138					
**	R*4	PHI	COMM	70=	71						
2-00000000 3-0000030	R*4 R*4	PI POW	COMM	380 14	40						
11-00000000	R*4 R*4	RAS RMACH	COMM	30 95=	74 96	138	148				
3-0000000C	R*4	RPM	COMM	14	70						
3-00000008 10-0000009C	R*4 R*4	RT RUMAXI	COMM	14 28							
4-00000000	R*4	SHR	COMM	16	88	89			,		
8-00000008 8-00000000	R*4 R*4	STANDE STANP	COMM	26 26							
8-00000004 4-00000010	R*4 R*4	STANT TOSABS	COMM	26 16							
** AP-0000010a	R*4 CHAR	TEM		128= 4	129 10	130 102	131(2)				
10-000000A4	R*4	TTE	COMM	28							
**	R*4	U_		126=	128	132					
3-00000010 3-000001c	R*4 R*4	UT VELR	COMM	14 14	138≈	143	144	146	148		
**	R*4	W	COMM	131=	132						
**	R*4	WM		125=	130	131(2)	132				
10-00000098	R*4	ZHAXI	COMM	28							
ARRAYS											
Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensio	ns	References				
5-00000904	R*4	A	COMM		(14, 11)		17	89=	92=	95	
10-0000006C 5-00001138	R*4 R*4	BLO BLO	COMM		(11) (14, 11)		28 17	114			
5-0000034	R*4	CM	COMM		(14, 11)		17	81	82	84	85
5-0000029C	R*4	СТН	COMM	616	(14, 11)		89 17	96 89	112 128	125	143
6-000004D4	R*4	CUR	COMM	616	(14, 11)		22 •	71		•	
5-00000C3C	R*4	DEN	COMM	616	(14, 11)		17	96	115		
5-000013A0 5-00001870	R*4 R*4	DMBLO DMCM	COMM		(14, 11)		17 17				
5-0000110C	R*4	DMF	COMM		(11)		17	71			
5-00001608	R*4	DMRCTH	COMM		(14, 11)		17				
5-00000EA4 5-00000000	R*4 R*4	ENT GS	COMM		(14, 11)		17 17				
5-0000076C	R*4	Н	COMM		(14, 11)		17	88			
12-0000002C	1*4	IPCON ·	COMM		(11) - B-44 -		31				
					- 2-11 -						

10-0000014 12-0000000 6-000026c 7-000003c 6-0000004	I*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	IPRF PCON PHIR Q R	COMM COMM COMM COMM	44 616 616	(11) (11) (14, 11) (14, 11) (14, 11)		28 31 22 24 22 110	70 71 71 126	81 113 83 144	82 142(2) 107	108
5-00000504	R*4	RCTH	COMM	616	(14, 11)		17 148	83	107	108	144
7-00002A4 7-0000000 6-000073C 10-0000040	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	RUMR RUMRQ SM TMPC	COMM COMM COMM COMM	56 616	(14, 11) (14) (14, 11) (11)		24 24 22 28	71	111	127(2)	
13-0000000 13-0000268 5-00001AD8 11-0000004 6-00009A4	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	TNA WCTHD WTH XM Z	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	616 616 616	(14, 11) (14, 11) (14, 11) (14, 11) (14, 11)		32 32 17 30 22	129= 96 71	132 109	146	
10-00000000 7-000050c 7-0000544 10-0000008	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	ZLE ZQH ZQS ZTE	COMM COMM COMM COMM	8 56 56	(2) (14) (14) (2)		28 24 24 23				
PARAMETER CON	STANT	s									
Type Name				References							
I*4 • NMMX I*4 NQMX				12# 12#	17(14) 17(12)	22(5) 22(5)	24(2) 24(5)	28(3) 30	30 32(2)	31(2)	32(2)
LABELS											
Address	Labe	ι		References							
** ** ** 1-00000007	10 20 40 50 610			67 78 122 139 41	69 80 124 141 42#	<i>73#</i> 98# 133# 150#					
1-00000109 1-0000061 1-0000160 1-00001E8 1-00000212	611' 615' 630' 640' 650'			64 45 74 102 119	65# 47# 75# 103# 120#						
1-0000026E 1-000002E6 1-000002F4				134 68 71	135# 79 96	123 132	140 149	152# 153#			
FUNCTIONS AND	SUBR	OUTINES REFERE	NCED								
Type Name				References							
FORSC FORSO R*4 MTHSA R*4 MTHSC R*4 MTHSS	PEN TAN OS			116 101 85 81 82	130						
R*4 MTH\$S	QRT			84	88	89	131	145	147		
# - D A - A D - D	KEY alue efini ctual ata I	TO REFERENCE F Modified ng Reference Argument, pos nitialization of occurrence	LAGS sibly modific	ed							

```
0001
              SUBROUTINE SPLIN3( N, X, Y, NARG, DOMAIN, FUNC, DERIV, SUMS, SEND,
0002
                                         EPS)
0003
0004
        C (3037-SPLIN3) CUBIC SPLINE INTERPOLATION (AND INTEGRATION)
0005
        C V.3 - INTEGRATION TO EVERY PT.
0006
        C SEE ALSO V.1 - BASIC SPLINE SUBROUTINE
        C SEE ALSO V.2 - INCLUDING SINGLE ARGUMENT INTERPOLATION &
0007
ກຄຄອ
                              EXTRAPOLATION
0009
        C ADAPTED FROM (8005-SPLIN1), 19MAY86; TOUCHED 06JUN86
0010
        C REFERENCED BY NUFLOW
0011
        C REFERENCES MTHSSQRT
0012
        C INPUT EPS, DOMAIN(*), N, NARG, SEND, X(*), AND Y(*)
0013
        C OUTPUT DERIV(*), FUNC(*), AND SUMS(*)...
        C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2
0014
0015
0016
        C DERIV OUTPUT VECTOR (SIZE MARG) CONTAINING DERIVATIVE VALUES FOR
0017
                      DOMAIN(*)
0018
        C DOMAIN INPUT VECTOR (SIZE NARG, IN ASCENDING ORDER) CONTAINING DOMAIN
0019
                      VALUES FOR WHICH THE DERIVATIVE OR FUCTIONAL VALUE IS TO BE
        C
0020
        C EPS
0021
                ERROR TOLERANCE IN ITERATIVE SOL. OF SIMUL. EQS.
        C FUNC OUTPUT VECTOR (SIZE NARG) CONTAINING INTERPOLATED FUNCTION
0022
0023
                      VALUES FOR DOMAIN(*)
0024
        C
                      # OF DATA PTS.
        C NARG # OF ARGUMENTS FOR WHICH FUNC(*) &/OR DERIV(*) ARE REQ'D.;
0025
                      POSITIVE IF THE INTEGRAL IS NEEDED; NEG. IF THE INTEGRAL IS NOT
0026
0027
                      NEEDED: O IF ONLY THE INTEGRAL IS NEEDED (NEITHER FUNC NOR DERIV
0028
                      IS NEFDED)
        C NO
0029
                # OF Q-LINES USED IN THE SCM METHOD
0030
        C OMEGA RELAXATION FACTOR FOR SUCCESSIVE OVER-RELAXATION
0031
        C SEND A FACTOR TO BE APPLIED TO S(2) & S(N-1) TO OBTAIN S(1) & S(N).
0032
                      RESPECTIVELY, S BEING CURVATURE; NORMALLY 0, .5, OR 1
0033
        C SUMS INTEGRALS
0034
        C X
                      VECTOR (SIZE N, IN ASCENDING ORDER) CONTAINING DOMAIN VALUES OF
0035
                      THE DATA PTS.
        C
0036
        CY
                      VECTOR (SIZE N) . CONTAINING RANGE VALUES OF THE DATA PTS.
0037
0038
              PARAMETER ( MXN=103)
0039
0040
              DIMENSION DERIV(1), DOMAIN(1), DX(MXN), DYDX(MXN),
0041
                FUNC(1), G(MXN), S(MXN), SUMS(1), WORK(MXN), X(N), Y(N)
0042
0043
              DATA
                        MNITER/3/, MXITER/50/
0044
0045
              IF (N.GT.MXN .OR. N.LT.3) THEN
                PRINT *, 'N EXCEEDED DIM or < 3...', N, MXN
0046
                STOP 'SPLIN3.1'
0047
0048
                END IF
0049
0050
              OMEGA
                        =8.-4.*SQRT(3.)
0051
0052
              NM1
                        =N-1
0053
              DO
                        I=1,NM1
0054
                DX(I)
                        =X(I+1)-X(I)
                DYDX(1) = (Y(1+1)-Y(1))/DX(1)
0055
0056
                END DO
0057
0058
              DO
                        I=2.NM1
0059
                DX2
                        =X(I+1)-X(I-1)
0060
                WORK(I) = DX(1-1)*.5/DX2
0061
                DYDX2H =(DYDX(I)-DYDX(I-1))/DX2
0062
                        =DYDX2H+DYDX2H
                S(I)
0063
                G(1)
                         =S(I)+DYDX2H
0064
                END DO
0065
              5(1)
                        =S(2)*SEND
0066
              S(N)
                        =S(N-1)*SEND
0067
0068
              ITER
                        =0
           30 ETA
0069
                        =0.
0070
              ITER
                        = ITER+1
0071
              DO
                        I=2.NM1
0072
                         =(G(1) - WORK(1)*S(1-1) - (.5-WORK(1))*S(1+1)
                TEM
0073
                                  - S(1) ) * OMEGA
0074
                ETA
                         =AMAX1( ABS(TEM), ETA)
0075
                S(I)
                        =S(I)+TEM
0076
                END DO
                                                          - B-46 -
```

0077

```
0078
              IF (ITER.LT.MNITER) GOTO 30
0079
              IF (ETA.GT.EPS) THEN
                IF (ITER.LT.MXITER) GOTO 30
0080
0081
                DO I=1,N
0082
                  WRITE(6,*) 1, X(1), Y(1), G(1), S(1), WORK(1)
0083
                  END DO
0084
                PRINT *, 'NOT CONVERGED ... ', MXITER, ETA, EPS
0085
                STOP 'SPLIN3.85'
0086
                END IF
0087
0088
              IF (NARG.EQ.0) GOTO 210
0089
0090
                       I=1,NM1
0091
                G(I)
                        =(S(I+1)-S(I))/DX(I)
0092
                END DO
0093
0094
        C 100 CALC. FUNCTION VALUES AND DERIVATIVES
0095
                        =2
0096
              DO
                       J=1, ABS(NARG)
0097
                DOM
                        =DOMAIN(J)
0098
                IF ( X(1).GT.DOM .OR. X(N).LT.DOM) THEN
                  PRINT *, 'ARGUMENT OUT OF RANGE...', J, N, DOM, X(1), X(N)
0099
0100
                  STOP 'SPLIN3.115'
0101
                  END IF
0102
                DO WHILE ( X(I).LT.DOM )
0103
                  I
                        =]+1
0104
                  END DO
0105
                IM
                        =1-1
0106
                        =DOM-X(IM)
                н
0107
                        =DOM-X(1)
0108
                HT
                        =H*T
                        =( G(IM)*H+S(IM)+S(IM)+S(I) )/6.
0109
                DSQS
0110
                FUNC(J) =DYDX(IM)*H + HT*DSQS + Y(IM)
0111
                DERIV(J)=(H+T)*DSQS + G(IM)*HT/6. + DYDX(IM)
0112
                END DO
0113
0114
        C 200 INTEGRATE FROM X(1) TO X(N)
0115
              IF (NARG.LT.0)
                                  RETURN
          210 SUMS(1) =0.
0116
0117
              DO
                       J=1,NM1
0118
                        =DX(J)
0119
                SUMS(J+1)
0120
               =((Y(J)+Y(J+1))*.5 - (S(J) + S(J+1))*H*H/24.)*H + SUMS(J)
0121
                END DO
0122
0123
              RETURN
0124
              END
```

Name	Bytes	Attributes
0 SCODE	1587	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG
1 SPDATA	97	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LONG
2 \$LOCAL	2304	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG

Total Space Allocated

3988

ENTRY POINTS

Address	Type	Name	References
0-00000000		SPLIN3	1#

VARIABLES

Address	Type	Name	Attributes	References					
**	R*4	DOM		974	78(2)	99	102	106	107
**	R*4	DSQS		109≈	110	111			
**	R*4	DX2		59≈	60	61			
**	R*4	DYDX2H		61≈	62(2)	63			
AP-000000284	R*4	EPS		1	79	84			
* **	R*4	ETA		69≈	74(2)=	79	84		
•					- B-47 -				

R*4	н	106=	108	109	110	111	118=	119(3)	
R*4	HT	108=	110	111					
1*4	ı	53= 63(2) 95=	54(3) 71= 102	55(4) 72(6) 103(2)=	58= 75(2) 105	59(2) 81= 107	60(2) 82(6) 109	61(2) 90=	62 91(4)
1*4	IM	105=	106	109(3)	110(2)	111(2)			
1*4	ITER	68=	70(2)=	78	80				
1*4	J	96=		99	110	111	117=	118	119(6)
1#4	MNITER	430							
1*4			80	84					
	_	1			46	52	66(2)	81	98
		99(2)							
1*4	NARG	1	88	96	115				
1*4	_	52=	53	58	71	90	117		
R*4		50=							
R*4	SEND	1		66					•
R*4	Ī	107=	108	111					
R*4	TEM	72=	74	75					
	R*4 I*4 I*4 I*4 I*4 I*4 I*4 I*4 R*4 R*4	I*4 IM I*4 ITER I*4 J I*4 WNITER I*4 MXITER I*4 NARG I*4 NAR	R*4 HT 108= I*4 I 53= 63(2) 95= I*4 IM 105= I*4 ITER 68= I*4 MNITER 43D I*4 MXITER 43D I*4 MXITER 14 MX I*4 MX 15ER 150= I*4 NARG 1 199(2) I*4 NARG 1 199(2) I*4 NARG 50= R*4 OMEGA 50= R*4 SEND 1 107=	R*4 HT 108= 110 I*4 I 53= 54(3) 63(2) 71= 95= 102 I*4 IM 105= 106 I*4 ITER 68= 70(2)= I*4 MAITER 430 78 I*4 MAITER 430 80 I*4 N 1 40(2) I*4 NARG 1 88 I*4 NM1 52= 53 R*4 OMEGA 50= 72 R*4 SEND 1 65 R*4 T 107= 108	R*4 HT	R*4 HT	R*4 HT	R*4 HT	R*4 HT

ARRAYS

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensions	References				
AP-0000001Ca	R*4	DERIV		4	(1)	1	40	111=		
AP-00000014a	R*4	DOMAIN		4	(1)	1	40	97		
2-00000000	R*4	DX		412	(103)	40	54=	55	60	91
						118				
2-0000019C	R*4	DYDX		412	(103)	40	55=	61(2)	110	111
AP-000000186	R*4	FUNC		4	(1)	1	40	110=		
2-00000338	R*4	G		412	(103)	40 109	63= 111	72	82	91=
2-00000404	R*4	s		412	(103)	40 72(3)	62= 75(2)=	63 82	65(2)= 91(2)	66(2)= 109(3)
** 00000000		C1 #40	,		445	119(2)	40	114-	110/2>-	
AP-000000206		SUMS			(1)	1	40	116=	119(2)=	
2-00000670		WORK			(103)	40	60=	72(2)	82	••
AP-00000008a	R=4	X		**	(*)	1 98(2)	40 99(2)	54(2) 102	59(2) 106	82 107
AP-0000000Ca	R*4	Y		**	(*)	1 11 9 (2)	40	55(2)	82	110

PARAMETER CONSTANTS

Type Name References

I*4 MXN 38# 40(5) 45 46

LABELS

 Address
 Label
 References

 0-00000230
 30
 69#
 78
 80

 0-00000580
 210
 88
 116#

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

 Type
 Name
 References

 R*4
 MTH\$SQRT
 50

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified

- Defining Reference

A - Actual Argument, possibly modified

D - Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

16-Jun-1988 11:06:33 21-0ct-1987 10:59:39

```
0001
0002
                     SUBROUTINE SPLINE
        C+
                                            +++++++
0003
        C
0004
                SUBROUTINE SPLINE(X,Y,N,L,Y1,Y2,WK,NW,ICON)
0005
0006
        C FIND Y2=dY/dX by CUBIC SPLINE METHOD
        C INPUT N, NW, X(N), Y(N); OUTPUT L(N), WK(NW), Y1(N), Y2(N) C DEBUGGED 29JUN86 for v.2.5
0007
8000
0009
0010
                REAL X(N),Y(N),Y1(N),Y2(N),L(N),WK(NW)
0011
                NF=N-2
                MA=MF+(M-3)
0012
0013
                NB=NA+(N-2)
0014
                NC=NB+(N-3)
0015
                IF(NW.GE.NC) GO TO 11
2016
                ICON=-1
0017
                GOTO 9999
0018
        11
                CONTINUE
                DO 10 1=1,N-1
0019
0020
        10
                L(1)=X(1+1)-X(1)
0021
                DO 20 I=1,N-2
0022
                [1=[+1
0023
        20
                WK(1)=(Y(11+1)-Y(11))/L(11)-(Y(1+1)-Y(1))/L(1)
0024
                DO 30 I=1,N-4
0025
                WK(NF+I)=L(I+1)/6.
0026
                WK(NA+I+1)=(L(I+1)+L(I+2))/3.
0027
        30
                WK(NB+I+1)=L(I+2)/6.
                WK(NF+N-3)=(L(N-2)**2-L(N-1)**2)/(6.*L(N-2))
0028
                WK(NA+1)=(L(I)**2+3*L(1)*L(2)+2*L(2)**2)/(6.*L(2))
0029
0030
                WK(NA+N-2)=(L(N-1)**2+3*L(N-1)*L(N-2)+2*L(N-2)**2)/(6.*L(N-2))
0031
                WK(NB+1)=(L(2)**2-L(1)**2)/(6.*L(2))
0032
                NTR=N-2
0033
                EPS=WK(NA+2)*1.E-5
0034
                IF(NTR.LT.3.OR.EPS.LE.0.0) GO TO 999
0035
                NN=NTR-1
0036
                DO 1 1=1.NN
0037
                IF(ABS(WK(NA+I)).LT.ABS(WK(NF+I))) GO TO 2
0038
                IF(ABS(WK(NA+I)).LT.EPS) GO TO 888
0039
                WK(NB+I)=WK(NB+I)/WK(NA+I)
0040
                WK(I)=WK(I)/WK(NA+I)
0041
                WK(NA+I+1)=WK(NA+I+1)-WK(NF+I)*WK(NB+I)
0042
                WK(I+1)=WK(I+1)-WK(NF+I)*WK(I)
0043
                WK(NF+1)=0.0
0044
                GO TO 1
0045
        2
                IF(ABS(WK(NF+I)).LT.EPS) GO TO 888
0046
                W=WK(NA+I+1)/WK(NF+I)
0047
                WK(NA+I+1)=WK(NB+I)-WK(NA+I)*W
0048
                WK(NB+I)=W
0049
                W=WK(I+1)/WK(NF+I)
0050
                WK(I+1)=WK(I)-WK(NA+I)*W
0051
                WK(I)=W
0052
                IF(I.GE.NTR-1) GO TO 1
0053
                WK(NF+I)=WK(NB+I+1)/WK(NF+I)
0054
                WK(NB+I+1)=-WK(NA+I)+WK(NF+I)
0055
        1
                CONTINUE
0056
                IF(ABS(WK(NA+I)).LT.EPS) GO TO 888
0057
                WK(NTR)=WK(NTR)/WK(NA+NTR)
0058
                WK(NTR-1)=WK(NTR-1)-WK(NB+NTR-1)*WK(NTR)
                DO 3 1=2,NN
0059
0060
                II=NTR-I
0061
        3
                WK(II)=WK(II)-WK(NB+II)*WK(II+1)-WK(NF+II)*WK(II+2)
0062
                GO TO 5000
0063
        888
                I CON=
0064
                GOTO 9999
        999
0065
                ICON=30000
0066
                GOTO 9999
0067
        5000
                CONTINUE
8800
                DO 40 I=2,N-1
0069
        40
                Y2(1)=WK(1-1)
0070
                Y2(1)=(1.+L(1)/L(2))*Y2(2)-L(1)/L(2)*Y2(3)
0071
                Y2(N)=(1.+L(N-1)/L(N-2))*Y2(N-1)-L(N-1)/L(N-2)*Y2(N-2)
0072
                DO 50 I=1,N-1
0073
                F1=(Y(I+1)-Y(I))/L(I)
0074
        50
                Y1(1)=F1-(Y2(1+1)-Y2(1))*L(1)/6.-Y2(1)*L(1)/2.
0075
                F1=(Y(N)-Y(N-1))/L(N-1)
0076
                Y1(N)=Y2(N)*L(N-1)/2.+F1-(Y2(N)-Y2(N-1))*L(N-1)/6.
0077
                ICON=0
                                                            - B-49 -
         9999
0078
                RETURN
```

Name

Bytes Attributes

0 \$CODE 2459 PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG 2 \$LOCAL 284 PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG

Total Space Allocated 2743

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type Name References

0-00000000 SPLINE 4#

VARIABLES

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References							
**	R*4	EPS		33=	34	38	45	56			
**	R*4	F1		73=	74	75=	76				
2-0000000C	1*4	ī		19=	20(3)	21=	22	23(4)	24=	25(2)	26(3)
				27(2)	29	36=	37(2)	38	39(3)	40(3)	41(4)
				42(4)	43	45	46(2)	47(3)	48	49(2)	50(3)
				51	52	53(3)	54(3)	56	59=	60	63
				68=	69(2)	72 =	73(3)	74(6)			
**	1*4	11	•	22=	23(3)						
AP-000000242	1*4	ICON		4	16=	63=	65=	77=			
**	1*4	11		60=	61(6)						
AP-0000000ca	1#4	N		4	10(5)	11	12	13	14	19	21
				24	28(4)	30(6)	32	68	71(7)	72	75(3)
,				76(6)							
2-00000004	1*4	NA		12=	13	26	29	30	33	37	38
				39	40	41(2)	46	47(2)	50	54	56
				57							
2-00000008	1*4	NB		13=	14	27	31	39(2)	41	47	48
				53	54	58	61				
**	1=4	NC		14=	15						
2-00000000	I*4	NF		11=	12	25	28	37	41	42	43
				45	46	49	53(2)	54	61		
2-00000018	1*4	NN		35≃	36	59					
2-00000014	1*4	NTR		32=	34	35	52	57(3)	58(4)	60	
AP-00000020a	1*4	NW		4	10	15					
**	R*4	W		46=	47	48	49=	50	51		

ARRAYS

AP-00000010@ R*4 L	Address Type	ype Name Attributes Byte	tes Dimensions	References				
31(3) 70(4) 71(4) 73 75 76(2) AP-0000001Ca R*4 WK ** (*) 4 10 23= 25= 27= 28= 29= 30= 33 37(2) 38 39(3)= 41(4)= 42(4)= 43= 45 47(3)= 48= 49(2) 50(3)= 53(3)= 54(3)= 56 57(3)=	AP-00000010a R*4	R*4 L **	** (*)					25
AP-0000001C@ R*4 WK				31(3)	70(4)			30(5) 74(2)
33 37(2) 38 39(3)= 41(4)= 42(4)= 43= 45 47(3)= 48= 49(2) 50(3)= 53(3)= 54(3)= 56 57(3)=	AP-000001Ca R*4	R*4 WK **	* (*)	4	10			26=
47(3)= 48= 49(2) 50(3)= 53(3)= 54(3)= 56 57(3)=				33	37(2)	38	39(3)=	31= 40(3)=
				47(3)=	48=	49(2)	50(3)=	46(2) 51=
				61(6)=	69		57(3)=	58(4)=
AP-00000004a R*4 X			•					
AP-000000089 R*4 Y			` '	•				75(2)
AP-00000018a R*4 Y2	AP-00000018a R*4	R*4 Y2 **	·* (*)			69=	70(3)=	71(3)=

Address	Label	References			
0-00000676	i	36	44	52	55#
0-00000540	2	37	45#		
**	3	59	61#		
**	10	19	20#		
0-000000BC	11	15	18#		
**	20	21	23#		
**	30	24	27#		
**	40	68	69#		
**	50	72	74#		
0-0000098C	888	38	45	56	63#
0-00000994	999	34	65#		
**	5000	62	67#		
0-0000099A	9999	17	64	66	78#

B.2 PROGRAM RIS

```
0001
              PROGRAM
0002
0003
        C (3037-RIS) Calc. cascade influence functions R & I (Millor, 1959, p.370)
0004
                     & store
0005
        C Adapted from 9845-3037-RI, 18NOV85... copied from 9845-3725-R&I2:...
                adapted from 9845-3725-R&I... coded by W. Chiang, 06JUL83...
0006
        C
0007
                revised 27MAY88 for format of file 1 RI.DAT
8000
        C Input RISI.DAT, output RIS.DAT & RISO.DAT
0009
        C References no subroutines
0010
        C Fct. of XS=XMXC*CS=(x0-x)/s & AMDA=Lambda
0011
        C Using symbols AI for I and AMDA for Lambda
0012
0013
                I function
        C AI
0014
        C AII
                I function
0015
        C AMDA Lambda, in deg.
0016
        C AMDAA Starting Lambda, in deg.
0017
        C AMDAI Increment of Lambda, in deg.
0018
        C AMDAK AMDA(KA)
0019
        C AMDAZ Ending Lambda, in deg.
0020
        C CO
                cos(Lambda)
1500
        C EPS Converging criterion
0022
        C EQUAL Equal sign .
0023
                     A dummy counter
        CK
0024
        C KA
                Dummy counter, for AMDA
0025
        C KAMAX Max. allowable KA
0026
        C KAZ Final KA
0027
        C KX
               Dummy counter, for XS
0028
        C KXMAX Max. allowable KX
0029
        C KXZ Final KX
0030
        C LENGTH # of characters for the length of the horizontal lines in table
0031
        CN
                      A dummy variable, 1 to NMAX
0032
        C NMAX Max. # of terms (either pos. or neg. side) in the series
0033
        C NMAXMX Max. N used
0034
        CQ
                     A temporary variable
0035
        C Q1
                A temporary variable
                A temporary variable
A temporary variable
0036
        C Q2
0037
        C Q3
0038
        C Q9
                A temporary variable
0039
        CR
                      R function
0040
        C RANDI A string contains R & I
0041
        C RPI
                1/(PI)
0042
        C RR
                R function
0043
        C SI
                sin(Lambda)
                Underline sign
በበፈፈ
        C UL
0045
        C XS
                (x0-x)/s = (x0-x)/c * c/s
0046
        C XSA
                Starting XS
0047
        C XSI
                Increment of XS
0048
        C XSK
                XS(KX)
0049
                Ending XS
        C XSZ
0050
0051
        C 0 *** Dimensions ************
0052
                                 EQUAL, RANDI*15, TODAY*9, UL, VS*3
              CHARACTER*1
0053
0054
              DIMENSION AI(51,7), AMDA(7), R(51,7), XS(51)
0055
0056
              DATA
                         VS/'1.0'/
0057
0058
              KAMAX
                         ±7
0059
                         =51
              KXMAX
0060
        C 10 *** File ************
0061
              OPEN ( 1, FILE='RI.DAT', STATUS='NEW')
OPEN ( 5, FILE='RISI.DAT', STATUS='OLD')
OPEN ( 6, FILE='RISO.DAT', STATUS='NEW')
0062
0063
0064
0065
0066
        C 50 *** Data ************
        C 60 *** Constant *********
0067
0068
              DATA
                        EQUAL, RANDI, UL/ '=', 'R
                                                                  1, 1, 1/
0069
              RPI
                         =1./3.14159265359
0070
        C 70 *** Input ***********
0071
0072
             CALL
                         DATE(TODAY)
0073
0074
              READ (5,*)
0075
              WRITE(6,75) VS, TODAY
0076
0077
           75 FORMAT(' (3037-RISO.DAT) OUTPUT FROM RIS.FOR... VERSION 'A3,
```

```
0078
                        T61,A9//)
              READ (5,*) AMDAA, AMDAZ, AMDAI, XSA, XSZ, XSI
0079
              WRITE(6,*) AMDAA, AMDAZ, AMDAI, XSA, XSZ, XSI
READ (5,*) NMAX, EPS
0080
0081
0082
              WRITE(6,*) NMAX, EPS
0083
              WRITE(6,79) EPS
0084
           79 FORMAT(/' CONVERGENCE CRITERION = 1PE8.1///)
        C 80 *** Constant **********
0085
0086
              KAZ
                       =(AMDAZ-AMDAA)/AMDAI+1
0087
              KXZ
                        =(XSZ-XSA)/XSI+1
8800
              IF (KAZ.GT.KAMAX .OR. KXZ.GT.KXMAX) THEN
0089
               TYPE *, 'KAZ.GT.KAMAX .OR. KXZ.GT.KXMAX...', KAZ, KAMAX, KXZ,
0090
                        KXMAX
0091
                STOP 'IRS. 104'
0092
                END 1F
0093
              IF (KAZ.GT.8) TYPE *, ' MAY NEED CHANGE FORMAT FOR LISTING...'
              LENGTH =5+15*KAZ
0094
                    KA=1,KAZ
0095
                AMDA(KA)
0096
                           =(KA-1)*AMDAI+AMDAA
0097
                END DO
0098
                     KX=1,KXZ
              DO
                XS(KX) =(KX-1)*XSI+XSA
0099
0100
                END DO
0101
        C 90 *** Initial **********
0102
0103
              NMAXMX
                        ΞO
0104
0105
        C 100 *** Loop thru Lambda *************
              DO 400 KA=1,KAZ
0106
0107
                AMDAK =AMDA(KA)
0108
                TYPE *, '**** LAMBDA ='
0109
                IF ( AMDAK.EQ.O. ) GOTO 350
                *** Loop thru XS (Lambda .NE. 0) **********
0110
        C 110
0111
                SI
                        =SIND( AMDAK )
0112
                CO
                        =COSD( AMDAK )
                        300 KX=1,KXZ
0113
                DO
                  XSK =XS(KX)
0114
0115
                  IF (AMDAK.EQ.90. .AND. XSK.GE.1.) THEN
0116
                    DO
                            K=KX,KXZ
                      41(K,KA) =0.
0117
0118
                      R(K,KA)
                               =-9.999
0119
                      END DO
0120
                    GOTO 400
0121
                    END IF
0122
                  A11 =0.
0123
                  RR
                       =0.
                  *** Summation over -N to N except 0 *****
0124
        C 150
0125
                  DO
                       200 N=1, NMAX
                    Q1 =XSK-SI*N
0126
0127
                    Q2 =XSK+SI*N
0128
                    ٥
                              =CO*CO*N*N
                    Q3 =1/(Q1*Q1+Q)
0129
0130
                    ٥
                              =1/(Q2*Q2+Q)
                    9
                        =CO*N*(Q3-Q)
0131
0132
                              =01*03+02*0
0133
                          IF ( ABS(Q).LT.EPS .AND. ABS(Q9).LT.EPS ) GOTO 210
0134
                    All =All+Q9
0135
          200
                    RR =RR+Q
                  TYPE *, 'N exceeded...', NMAX, AMDAK, XSK
0136
                  STOP 'RIS.202'
0137
                                =(AII+Q)*RPI
0138
          210
                  AI(KX,KA)
0139
                                        =(RR+Q9)*RPI
                        R(KX,KA)
                  TYPE *, XSK, R(KX,KA), AI(KX,KA)
NMAXMX =MAX(NMAXMX,N)
        CTYPE
0140
0141
          300
0142
                  GOTO 400
0143
0144
        C 340
                *** Loop thru XS (for Lambda = 0) *******
0145
          350
                DO 390 KX=1,KX2
0146
        C 360
                  *** Summation over -N to N except 0 *****
0147
                  PP
                        =0.
0148
                  XSK
                        =XS(KX)
0149
                        370 N=1, NMAX
                  DO
0150
                        =(XSK+XSK) / (XSK*XSK+N*N)
0151
                          IF ( ABS(Q).LT.EPS ) GOTO 380
0152
                      RR=RR+Q
                  TYPE *, ' N exceeded...', NMAX, 0, XSK
0153
                  STOP 'RI.372'
0154
0155
          380
                  AI(KX,KA)
                        R(KX,KA)
0156
                                        =(RR+Q9)*RPI
                                                          - B-54 -
0157
                  TYPE *, XSK, R(KX,KA)
```

```
0158
            390
                        NMAXMX=MAX(NMAXMX,N)
0159
            400
                   CONTINUE
0160
         C 500 *** List data **************
0161
                 WRITE(6,5520) ( EQUAL, K=1,LENGTH) WRITE(6,530) ( AMDA(KA), KA=1,KAZ)
0162
0163
            530 FORMAT(/' Lambda'F10.0,7F15.0)
0164
            WRITE(6,5520) ( UL, K=1,LENGTH)
WRITE(6,540) ( RANDI, KA=1,KAZ)
540 FORMAT(/' X/S '9A15)
0165
0166
0167
                 WRITE(6,5520) ( UL, K=1, LENGTH)
0168
                 WRITE(6,*)
DO KX=1,KXZ
0169
0170
                   WRITE(6,5550) XS(KX), ( R(KX,KA), AI(KX,KA), KA=1,KAZ)
IF ( MOD(KX,5).EQ.1 ) THEN
0171
0172
0173
                      WRITE(6, +)
0174
                      END IF
0175
                   END DO
                 WRITE(6,5520) ( EQUAL, K=1,LENGTH)
0176
0177
                 WRITE(6,5003)
0178
                 WRITE(6,*) 'Maximum number of positive or negative terms used =',
0179
                                       NMAXMX
0180
         C 600 *** Store data *************
0181
                WRITE(1,*) '(3037-RI.DAT) GENERATED FROM RIS.FOR FOR MELLOR.FOR'
WRITE(1,*) EPS, AMDAA, AMDAZ, AMDAI, XSA, XSZ, XSI
WRITE(1,*) ( ( R(X,KA), KA=1,KAZ), KX=1,KXZ),
0182
0183
0184
0185
                              ( ( AI(KX,KA), KA=1,KAZ), KX=1,KXZ), 999
0186
         C 900 ************
0187
0188
                 STOP
0189
0190
           5003 FORMAT(///)
           5008 FORMAT(A20)
0191
           5520 FORMAT(1H 125A1)
0192
0193
           5550 FORMAT(F6.2,8(F8.3,F7.3))
0194
                 FND
```

Name	Bytes	Attributes
0 \$CODE	2325	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG
1 \$PDATA	428	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LONG
2 \$LOCAL	3496	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
Total Space Allocated	6249	

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type	Name	References
0-0000000	RIS	1#

VARIABLES

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References							
**	R*4	AII	•	122=	134(2)=	138					
2-00000C30		AMDAA		79=	80	86	96	183			
2-00000C38	R*4	AMDAI		79=	80	86	96	183			
2-00000C70	R*4	AMDAK		107=	108	109	111	112	115	136	
2-00000C34	R*4	AMDAZ		79=	80	86	183	· · · -			
2-00000C78	R*4	со		112=	128(2)	131					
2-00000C4C	R*4	EPS		81=	82	83	133(2)	151	183		
2-00000C10	CHAR	EQUAL		52	680	162	176				
**	1*4	K		116=	117	118	162=	165=	168=	176=	
2-00000C5C	I*4	KA		95=	96(2)	106=	107	117	118	138	139
				140(2)	155	156	157	163(2)=	166=	171(3)=	184(4)=
**	1*4	KAMAX		58≈	88	89					
2-00000C50	1*4	KAZ		86≄	88	89	93	94	95	106	163
				166	171	184(2)					
**	1*4	KX		98≈	99(2)	113=	114	116	138	139	140(2)
					B-55						·

				145=	148	155	156	157	170≈	171(3)	172
**	1*4	KXMAX		184(4)= 59=	88	89					
2-00000C54	1*4	KXZ		87=	88	89	98	113	116	145	170
				184(2)							
2-00000c58	1*4	LENGTH		94=	162	165	168	176			
**		N		125=	126	127	128(2)	131	141	149=	150(2)
2-00000C48	1*4	NMAX		158 81=	82	125	136	149	153		
2-00000068	i *4	NMAXMX		103=	141(2)=	158(2)=	178	147	155		
**	R*4	Q		128=	129	130(2)=	131	132(2)=	133	135	138
				150≖	151	152					
**	R*4			126=	129(2)	132					
**	R*4 R*4	Q2 Q3		127= 129=	130(2) 131	132 132					
2-00000C8C	R*4	-		131=	133	134	139	156			
2-00000C11	CHAR	RANDI		52	680	166					
**	R*4	RPI		69=	138	139	156				
**	R*4	RR		123=	135(2)=	139	147=	152(2)=	156		
2-00000C74	R*4			111=	126	127					
2-00000C20 2-00000C29	CHAR	TODAY UL		52 52	72A 680	75 165	168				
2-00000C2A 2-00000C3C	CHAR R*4			52 79≈	560 80	75 87	99	183			
2-00000C44	R*4	XSI		79=	80	87	99	183			
2-0000 0C80	R*4	XSK		114=	115	126	127	136	140	148=	150(4)
2-00000C40	R*4	XS7		153 79=	157 80	87	183				
•				• •	00	0,	103				
ARRAYS											
Address	Type	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensio	ins	References				
2-00000000	R*4	IA		1428	(51, 7)		54	117=	138=	140	155=
2-00000594	R*4	AMDA		28	(7)		171 54	184 96=	107	163	
2-000005B0		R			(51, 7)		54	70- 118≃	139=	140	156=
2-00000B44	Q*4	YS			(51)		157 54	171 99=	184 114	148	171
LABELS				204	(31)		34	,,-	11.4	140	
Address	Labe	L		References							
1-0000010B	75'			75	77#						
1-00000146	79'			83	84#						
0-00000300	200 210			125 133	135# 138#						
**	300			113	141#						
0-000004BC	350			109	4/5#						
**	370			149	145# 152#						
0-0000051C	380			151	155#						
0-000005E0	390 400			145 106	158#	1/2	150#				
0-00000320	400			100	120	142	159#				
1-00000168	530'			163	164#						
1-0000017E 1-00000191	540' 5003	•		166 177	167# 190#						
**	5008			191#	170#						
1-00000195	5520	,		162	165	168	176	1,2#	•		
1-00000190	5550			171	193#						
						•					
FUNCTIONS AND	SUBR	OUTINES REFEREN	NCED			•					
Type Name				References							
Type name											

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FORSDATE_T_DS FORSOPEN

R*4 MTH\$COSD R*4 MTH\$SIND

B.3 PROGRAM MELLOR

Provided in this section is a listing of the computer program MELLOR and some of its subroutines which include

DGNK

FFCP

GNK

INPUT

RESULT.

LOOP

and

The subroutines FILONC, SIMUL1, and SPLIN1 are sharable by programs Mellor and DSN3 and are listed together with program DSN3 in Section B.4.

B.3 PROGRAM MELLOR

Provided in this section is a listing of the computer program MELLOR and some of its subroutines which include

DGNK
FFCP
GNK
INPUT
LOOP
and RESULT.

The subroutines FILONC, SIMUL1, and SPLIN1 are sharable by programs Mellor and DSN3 and are listed together with program DSN3 in Section B.4.

```
0001
                          MELLOR
0002
        C (3037-MELLOR) CALC. LIFT COEF. ETC. USING CASCADE THEORY (MILLOR, 1959)
0003
        C REQ. SUBS (D) DGNK, (.) FFCP, (.) FILONC, (G) GNK, (1) INPUT, (L) LOOP,
        C (R) RESULT, (.) SIMULT, & (.) SPLINT
C REQ. INPUT DATA FILES (5) MELI, (7) ICL (IF MH=2), (9) RI (GENERATED
0004
0005
        C FROM (3725[9845]-R&I)), & (11) BLADE
C REFERENCES DGNK, INPUT, LOOP, READRI, & SRI, & FORSDATE_T_DS & FORSOPEN
0006
0007
8000
        C ADAPTED FROM (3037-CASCAD[HP9845])
        C CODED BY W. CHIANG, 14JULY83... REVISED 11NOV85
C TRANSFERED TO VAX BY S. HSU, 100CT86
0009
0010
0011
        C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX-11 FORTRAN, V.4.0
0012
        C REVISED 240CT86, CHIANG; TOUCHED 16JUN88
0013
                                                                                                   01APR87
0014
        COMC (3037-MELLOR-MELCOM)
0015
        COM
                                    ( KAMX=8, KXMX=76, NALMX=13, NAMX=19, NBMX=4, NCMX=9, NFRMX=15, NSMX=5, NSECMX=500, NYMAX=100, VS='1.0')
0016
        COM
                   PARAMETER
0017
        COM
0018
         COM
                   PARAMETER
                                    ( NYSMX=MAX( NSECMX*2, MAX( NYMAX, NSECMX+1+2)),
0019
                                      NYSMX2=MAX( NYMAX+1, NSECMX*2) + 2)
        COM
0020
         COM
0021
        COM
                   COMMON/M IL / TDATE
0022
         COM
                   COMMON/ DG / DG(NFRMX, NFRMX, NSECMX),
                                             DH(NFRMX,NFRMX,NSECMX)
0023
        COM
0024
                                             DB(NFRMX, NSECMX), DT(NFRMX, NSECMX)
        COM
0025
         COM
                   COMMON/ DGI / DX, NSEC
0026
                   COMMON/ DGILR/ LISTO, NFR
         COM
0027
         COM
                   COMMON/ DG L / C(NFRMX)
0028
         COM
                   COMMON/ D I / FCP(NYSMX2), FTP(NYSMX),
                                                                                 NSEC2
                   COMMON/ D IL / PI
0029
         COM
                   COMMON/ GI / AI(KXMX, KAMX), R(KXMX, KAMX),
0030
        COM
                                                                                 XSA. XSI
0031
                   COMMON/ GILR/ CSA
         COM
0032
         COM
                   COMMON/ G LR/ G(NFRMX,NFRMX), H(NFRMX,NFRMX),
0033
                                             B(NFRMX), T(NFRMX)
        COM
                                                                                 AMDAD, CS
0034
                   COMMON/
         COM
                              IL / ICL(NAMX,NCMX,NSMX,NBMX),
0035
         COM
                                             BETA1(NBMX), CB1(NSMX), V(NFRMX),
0036
         COM
                                             AMDA, AMDZ, AMDI, CA, CC, CSI, CSZ, SALPHA,
0037
                                             SENDS, TOC,
        COM
                                                                        ISCL, MH, NA, NB, NC, NS
0038
        COM
                   COMMON /
                              ILR/ ALPHAM, CALPHA, CB, PI2
0039
        COM
                   COMMON/
                              I R/ IRES,
                                                      SAZPI, TOCZPI
0040
        COM
                   COMMON/
                               LR/ A(NFRMX).
0041
0042
                CHARACTER TDATE*9, VS*3
0043
0044
               PARAMETER ( VS='1.0')
0045
0046
                COMMON/ML/ TDATE
0047
0048
                OPEN( 5, FILE='MELI',
                                           STATUS='OLD', READONLY)
0049
                       6, FILE='MELO',
                                            STATUS='NEW')
                       7, FILE='ICL'
0050
                                            STATUS='OLD', READONLY) ... IN INPUT
                OPEN(
                      8, FILE='MELOS', STATUS='NEW') ... IN LOOP
0051
        C
                OPEN(
               OPEN( 9, FILE='RI', STATUS='OLD', READONLY)
OPEN( 10, FILE='MELO10', STATUS='NEW') ... IN INPUT
0052
0053
        Ç
0054
                OPEN( 11, FILE='BLADE', STATUS='OLD', READONLY)
0055
0056
                CALL
                           DATE(TDATE)
0057
0058
               WRITE(6,110) VS, TDATE
0059
           110 FORMAT(' LIFT COEFFICIENT CALCULATION USING MELLOR''S ALGORITHM'/
0060
              + ' VERSION 'A3, T51, A9//)
0061
0062
                CALL
                           INPUT
0063
0064
                CALL
                           DGNK
0065
0066
               CALL
                           LOOP
0067
8800
               WRITE(6,900)
0069
               FORMAT(///' END OF OUTPUT "3037-MELLOR-MELO"')
0070
               STOP 'Done...'
0071
                END
```

Name	Bytes	Attributes
0 SCODE	146	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG
1 SPDATA	145	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LONG
2 SLOCAL	172	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
3 ML	9	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
Total Space Allocated	472	

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type Name References

0-00000000 1# MELLOR

VARIABLES

Address Type Name Attributes References

3-0000000 CHAR TDATE COMM 42 46 56A 58

PARAMETER CONSTANTS

Type Name References

CHAR VS 42 58

LABELS

Address Label References 1-0000001D 110' 58 59# 68 69# 1-0000006A 900'

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Type	Name '	Reterence	S		
	DGNK	64			
	FORSDATE_T_DS	56			
	FORSOPEN TO	48	49	52	54
	INPUT	62			
	LOOP	66			

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified

- Defining Reference

- Actual Argument, possibly modified D

- Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

F/LIS/CHE/CRO MELLORM

/CHECK=(BOUNDS, OVERFLOW, UNDERFLOW) /DEBUG=(NOSYMBOLS, TRACEBACK) /STANDARD=(NOSYNTAX, NOSOURCE FORM) /SHOW=(NOPREPROCESSOR, NOINCLUDE, MAP, NODICTIONARY, SINGLE) /WARNINGS=(GENERAL,NODECLARATIONS)
/CONTINUATIONS=19 /CROSS_REFERENCE /NOD_LINES /NOEXTEND_SOURCE /F77
/NOG_FLOATING /14 /NOMACHINE_CODE /OPTIMIZE

```
0001
               SUBROUTINE DGNK
0002
0003
        C (3037-MELLOR-DGNK) (D) CALC. DELTA G(N,K)(THETA)-G(N,K)(PI-THETA)
                                   (& OTHERS), CF. HILLOR (1959)
0004
0005
        C REFERENCED BY MAIN (MELLOR); REFERENCES MTHSSQRT (TWICE)
0006
        C INPUT DX, FCP, FTP, LISTO, NFR, NSEC, NSEC2, & PI
0007
        C INDECES N & K, STARTING O, ARE REPLACED BY N & K STARTING 1
8000
        C CODED BY W. CHIANG, 1983
        C 100CT86, S. HSU TRANSLATED FROM (3037-CASCAD[9845]-DGNK) WHICH WAS
0009
0010
                ADAPTED FROM (3725-CASCAD (HP9845) -DGNK2)
        C REVISED 12JAN87, CHIANG; TOUCHED 25MAR87
0011
0012
              PARAMETER ( NFRMX=15, NSECMX=500, NYMAX=100)
PARAMETER ( NYSMX=MAX( NSECMX+2, MAX( NYMAX, NSECMX+1+2)),
0013
0014
                           NYSMX2=MAX( NYMAX+1, NSECMX*2) + 2)
0015
0016
0017
               COMMON/DG
                                  DG(NFRMX, NFRMX, NSECMX),
                                  DH(NFRMX,NFRMX,NSECMX)
0018
0019
                                  DB(NFRMX, NSECMX), DT(NFRMX, NSECMX)
0020
               COMMON/DGI
                                  DX, NSEC
0021
               COMMON/DGIL R/
                                  LISTO, NFR
               COMMON/DG L /
0022
                                  C(NFRMX)
0023
               COMMON/D I
                                  FCP(NYSMX2), FTP(NYSMX),
                                                                            NSEC2
0024
               COMMON/D 1L
                                  PI
0025
0026
               DIMENSION COA(NFRMX), SIB(NFRMX)
0027
        C 100 CONSTANT ********
0028
               CON=DX*DX*2./PI
0029
0030
               CON4=CON*.25
0031
               NSEC2P=NSEC2+1
0032
               OT=DX/3.
0033
        C 200 INITIALIZATION ********
0034
0035
                        I≃1,NFR
              DO
0036
                 DO
                        J=1,NFR
0037
                   DB(1,J)
                                  =0.
0038
                   DT(I,J)
                                  ×Ω.
0039
                   DO
                        K=1,NSEC
0040
                     DG(I,J,K)
0041
                     DH(I,J,K)
                                  =0.
0042
                     END DO
0043
                   END DO
0044
                 END DO
0045
0046
               IF (LISTO.EQ.1)
                                     WRITE(6,210)
0047
          210 FORMAT(//' c/s
                                  dG00
                                         dG02
                                                dG11
                                                        dG20
                                                               dG22
                                                                      QH00
                         'dH01
0048
                                 dH10
                                          dB0
                                                 dB1
                                                         dT0
                                                                dT1'/)
0049
0050
        C 300 LOOP THRU SECTIONS ********
              DO750 ISEC=1,NSEC
0051
0052
                         =-OT
0053
                 X
                         =OX*[SEC-OT
0054
        C 400
                LOOP THRU SEGMENTS *****
0055
0056
                 IX
                         =ISEC+ISEC
0057
                 IY
0058
                 DO 650 ISEG=1, (NSEC-ISEC)*2+1
0059
                   DXX
                         =( MOD(ISEG,2)+1 )*OT
0060
                   Y
                         =Y+DXX
0061
                   YM
                         =1.-Y
0062
                   XM
                         ±1.-X
0063
0064
                   DEFINE COS & SIN FOR BOTH ANGLES OF K*THETA & K*THETAO
        C
0065
                   COSB =YM-Y
0066
                   COSB2 =COSB+COSB
0067
                   SIB(1)=0.
8800
                   SINB =SQRT(YM*Y)*2.
0069
                   SIB(2)=SINB
0070
                   COA(1)=1.
0071
                   COA(2)=XM-X
0072
                   COSA2 = COA(2) + COA(2)
0073
                   SINA =SQRT(XM*X)*2.
                   DO N=3,NFR
0074
                     COA(N)
0075
                                  =COA(N-1)*COSA2 - COA(N-2)
0076
                                  =SIB(N-1)*COSB2 - SIB(N-2)
                     SIB(N)
0077
                     END DO
                                                           - B-61 -
```

```
=(1+COSB)*FCPX
0079
                   T8
                         =FTP(IY)/SINA
0080
                   15
0081
                   13
                         =FCPX*T5
0082
                   FCPXC =FCP(NSEC2P-IX)
0083
                         =(1-COSB)*FCPXC
                   19
                         =FTP(NSEC2P-IY)/SINA
0084
                   16
0085
                         =FCPXC*T6
0086
                   RSIA2 =2./SINA
0087
                        =1./( SINA*SINB )
                   RSS
8800
                   RSSH
                        =RSS*.5
0089
                   COBRSS=COSB*RSS
                        =(T8-T9)*RSSH
0000
                   FCCD
                        =(T8+T9)*RSSH
0091
                   FCCS
0092
                   FCD
                         =(FCPX-FCPXC)/SINA
0093
                         =(FCPX+FCPXC)/SINA
                   FCS
0094
                   ٥3
                         =T3+T4
0095
                   04
                         =T3-T4
0096
                         =15+16
                   Q5
0097
                         =T5-T6
                   96
0098
                   12
                         =COSB-COA(2)
0099
                          =Q3/T2
                   11
                         =Q4/T2
0100
                   T2
0101
0102
        C 500
                   LOOP THRU K & N ***
                   DO520K=1,NFR,2
0103
0104
                     COAK=COA(K)
0105
                     C(K)=T2*COAK+C(K)
                     DB(K, ISEC) =Q4*COAK+DB(K, ISEC)
0106
                     DT(K, ISEC) =Q6*COAK+DT(K, ISEC)
0107
                     DG(1,K,ISEC)=COAK*COBRSS+DG(1,K,ISEC)
0108
0109
                     DH(1,K,ISEC)=COAK*FCCD +DH(1,K,ISEC)
0110
                     T9
                        =COAK*RSIAZ
                         #COAK*FCD
                     17
0111
0112
                     18
                        =COAK*FCS
                     DO N=2,NFR,2
0113
                                          =SIB(N)*T7+DH(N,K,ISEC)
0114
                       DH(N,K,ISEC)
0115
                       END DO
0116
                     DO N=3,NFR,2
0117
                       DG(N,K,ISEC)
                                          =SIB(N)*T9+DG(N,K,ISEC)
0118
                       DH(N,K,ISEC)
                                          =SIB(N)*T8+DH(N,K,ISEC)
0119
                       END DO
0120
          520
                     CONTINUE
                   DO540K=2,NFR,2
0121
0122
                     COAK=COA(K)
0123
                     C(K)=T1*COAK+C(K)
                     DB(K, ISEC)=Q3*COAK+DB(K, ISEC)
0124
                     DT(K, ISEC)=Q5*COAK+DT(K, ISEC)
0125
0126
                     DG(1,K,ISEC)=COAK*RSS +DG(1,K,ISEC)
0127
                     DH(1,K,ISEC)=COAK*FCCS+DH(1,K,ISEC)
0128
                     TQ
                        =COAK*RSIA2
0129
                     T7
                         =COAK*FCD
                        =COAK*FCS
0130
                     T8
0131
                     DO N=2,NFR,2
0132
                       DG(N,K,ISEC)
                                           =SIB(N)*T9+DG(N,K,ISEC)
                                           =SIB(N)*T8+DH(N,K,ISEC)
0133
                       DH(N,K, ISEC)
0134
                       FMD DO
0135
                     DO N=3,NFR,2
0136
                       DH(N,K,ISEC)
                                           =SIB(N)*T7+DH(N,K,ISEC)
0137
                       END DO
          540
0138
                     CONTINUE
0139
                   ΙX
                         =[X+1
0140
                   17
                         =1Y+1
0141
                   ¥
                         =X+DXX
0142
          650
                 CONTINUE
0143
                 IF (LISTO.EQ.1)
                         WRITE(6,5660) (ISEC-.5)*DX, DG(1,1,ISEC),
0144
0145
                         DG(1,3,1SEC), DG(2,2,1SEC), DG(3,1,1SEC), DG(3,3,1SEC),
                         DH(1,1,1SEC), DH(1,2,1SEC), DH(2,1,1SEC), DB(1,1SEC)*.25, DB(2,1SEC)*.25,
0146
0147
0148
                         DT(1,ISEC)*.25, DT(2,ISEC)*.25
0149
           750 CONTINUE
0150
              DO
                        I=1,NFR
                 DO
0151
                        J=1,NFR
0152
                   DO
                        K=1,NSEC
0153
                     DG(1,J,K)
                                  =DG(1,J,K)*CON
0154
                     DH(I,J,K)
                                  =DH(1,J,K)*CON
0155
                     END DO
0156
                   END DO
                                                             - B-62 -
0157
                 END DO
```

0078

FCPX

=FCP(IX)

0158		Q	=CON/(PI+PI)
0159		DO	I=1,NFR	
0160		(1)0	=C(I)*	2
0161		DO	J=1,NSE	C
0162		DB(1,1)	=DB([,J)*CON4
0163		DT(1,J)	=DT([,J)*CON4
0164		END	ĎO	•
0165		END D	0	
0166		RETURN		
0167				
0168	5660	FORMAT(F5.2, 12F7	.3)
0140		FND	-	

Name	Bytes	Att	ribu	tes						
0 \$CODE	2132	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	SHR	EXE	RD	NOWRT	LONG
1 SPDATA	106	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	NOWRT	LONG
2 \$LOCAL	168	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	NOSHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
3 DG	960000	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
4 DGI	8	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
5 DG1LR	8	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
6 DGL	60	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
7 DI	8012	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
8 DIL	4	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG

Total Space Allocated 970498

ENTRY POINTS

 Address
 Type
 Name
 References

 0-00000000
 DGNK
 1#

VARIABLES

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References							
**	R*4	COAK		104=	105	106	107	108	109	110	111
				112	122=	123	124	125	126	127	128
				129	130						
**	R*4	COBRSS		89=	108						
**	R*4	CON		29≖	30	153	154	158			
**	R*4	CON4		30=	162	163					
**	R*4	COSAZ		72=	75						
**	R*4	COSB		65=	66(2)	79	83	89	98		
**	R*4	COSB2		66=	76						
4-00000000	R*4	ĐΧ	COMM	20	29(2)	32	53	143			
2-00000090	R*4	DXX		59=	60	141					
**	R*4	FCCD		90=	109						
**	R*4	FCCS		91=	127						
2-00000098	R*4	FCD		92=	111	129					
**	R*4	FCPX		78 ≠	79	81	92	93			
**	R*4	FCPXC		82=	83	85	92	93			
2-0000009c	R*4	FCS		93=	112	130					
**	1*4	1		35=	37	38	40	41	150=	153(2)	154(2)
				159=	160(2)	162(2)	163(2)				
2-00000078	1*4	I SEC		51=	53	56(2)	58	106(2)	107(2)	108(2)	109(2)
				114(2)	117(2)	118(2)	124(2)	125(2)	126(2)	127(2)	132(2)
				133(2)	136(2)	143(13)					
2-0000008C	I*4	I SEG		58≖	59						
2-00000084	[*4	IX		56=	78	82	139(2)=				
2-00000088	1*4	IA		57=	80	84	140(2)=				
**	1*4	J		36=	37	38	40	41	151=	153(2)	154(2)
				161=	162(2)	163(2)					
**	1*4	K		39≃	40	41	103=	104	105(2)	106(2)	107(2)
				108(2)	109(2)	114(2)	117(2)	118(2)	121=	122	123(2)
				124(2)	125(2)	126(2)	127(2)	132(2)	133(2)	136(2)	152=
				153(2)	154(2)						
5-00000000		LISTO	COMM	21	46	143					
**	1*4	N		74=	75(3)	76(3)	113=	114(3)	116=	117(3)	118(3)
				131=	132(3)	133(3)	135=	136(3)			
5-00000004	I =4	NFR	COMM	21	35 D. co	36	74	103	113	116	121

				131	135	150	151	159		
4-00000004	1=4	NSEC	COMM	20	39 -	51	58	152	161	
7-00001F48	1*4	NSEC2	COMM	23	31					
**	[=4	NSEC2P		31=	82	84				
**	R*4	OT		32=	52	53	59			
8-00000000	R*4	PI	COMM	24	29	158(2)				
**	R*4	Q		158=	160					
2-000000A0	R#4	Q3		94=	99	124				
**	R*4	Q4		95=	100	106				
**	R*4	Q 5		96≖	125					
**	R*4	96		97=	107					
2-00000094	R*4	RS1A2		86=	110	128				
**	R*4	RSS		87=	88	89	126			
**	R*4	RSSH		88=	90	91				
**	R#4	SINA		<i>7</i> 3=	80	84	86	87	92	93
**	R#4	SINB		68=	69	87				
**	R*4	T1		99=	123					
2-000000A4	R*4	T2		98≖	99	100(2)=	105			
**	R*4	13		81=	94	95				
**	R*4	T4		85≖	94	95				
**	R*4	T5		80=	81	96	97			
**	R*4	T6		84=	85	96	97			
**	R*4	17		111=	114	129=	136			
**	R*4	T8		79=	90	91	112=	118	130=	133
**	R*4	T9		83=	90	91	110≈	117	128=	132
2-00000080	R*4	X		53=	62	71	73	141(2)=		
**	R*4	XM		62=	71	73				
2-0000007C	R*4	Y		52=	60(2)=	61	65	68		
**	R*4	YM		61=	65	68				

ARRAYS

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensions	References				
6-00000000	R=4	С	COMM	60	(15)	22	105(2)=	123(2)=	160(2)=	
2-00000000	R*4	COA		60	(45)	26 98	70= 104	71= 122	72(2)	75(3) =
3-000DBBA0	R*4	DB	COMM	30000	(15, 500)	17 162(2)=	37=	106(2)=	124(2)=	143(2)
3-00000000	R*4	DG	COMM	450000	(15, 15, 500)	17 132(2)=	40= 143(5)	108(2)= 153(2)=	117(2)=	126(2)=
3-00060000	R*4	DH	COMM	450000	(15, 15, 500)	17 127(2)=	41= 133(2)=	109(2)= 136(2)=	114(2)= 143(3)	118(2)= 154(2)=
3-000E3000	R*4	DT	COMM	30000	(15, 500)	17 163(2)=	38=	107(2)=	125(2)=	143(2)
7-00000000	R*4	FCP	COMM	4008	(1002)	23	78	82		
7-00000FA8	R*4	FTP	COMM	4000	(1000)	23	80	84		
2-0000003C	R*4	SIB		60	(15)	26	67=	69=	76(3)=	114
						117	118	132	133	136

PARAMETER CONSTANTS

Type	Name	References			
1*4	NFRMX	13#	17(6)	22	26(2)
1*4	NSECMX	13#	14(3)	17(4)	
1*4	NYMAX	13#	14(2)		
I*4	NYSMX	14#	23		
I*4	NYSMX2	14#	23		

LABELS

Address	Label	Reference	es .
1-00000000	210'	46	47#
**	520	103	120#
**	540	121	138#
**	650	58	142#
**	750	51	149#
		-	- R.64 -

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Type Name References R*4 MTH\$SQRT 68 73

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified

- Defining Reference

A - Actual Argument, possibly modified

D - Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

```
24-May-1988 10:53:07 VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2 131-Mar-1987 16:44:35 DUAO: [CHIANG.3037.DSN.MEL]FFCP.FOR;1
```

```
SUBROUTINE FFCP( N, XCC, FCP)
C (3037-MELLOR-FFCP) FIND Fc' USING A FORMULA ( FOR NACA a=1.0)
0001
0002
0003
        C REF. ABBOTT & VON DOENHOFF, 1959, EQ. 4.25
        C INPUT N & XCC; OUTPUT FCP
C REFERENCED BY INPUT (TWICE); REFERENCES MTHSALOG & NTHSATAN
0004
0005
0006
        C ADAPTED FROM (3037-MELLOR-INPUT); CODED BY W. CHIANG, 25MAR87; TOUCHED 31MAR87
0007
                # OF PTS.; N>2
8000
0009
        C XCC
                DISTANCE ALONG CHORD, RANGES FROM 0 TO 100, SIZE N, XCC IN
                 ASCENDING ORDER EXCEPT XCC(N-1) & XCC(N) COULD BE ANY NUMBER
0010
        С
0011
                 FROM 0 TO 100
0012
        C FCP
                dY/dX, SIZE N
0013
0014
              DIMENSION FCP(N), XCC(N)
0015
0016
               IF ( XCC(1).LT.O.) THEN
0017
                GOTO 1100
0018
               ELSE
0019
                 IF ( XCC(1).LT..001) THEN
0020
                  N1
                         ≖2
0021
                  ELSE
0022
                  N1
                         =1
                 END IF
0023
0024
               END IF
3325
0026
              PI4
                         =ATAN(1.) * 16.
0027
              DO
                      I=N1,N
0028
                 IF ( XCC(1).GT.99.999 ) THEN
0029
                   IF ( I.LT.N1+2 .OR. XCC(I).GT.100. ) THEN
                     PRINT *, 'I<N1+2 or XCC(1)>100...', I, N1, XCC(1)
0030
0031
                     STOP 'FFCP.210'
0032
                    ELSE
0033
                     FCP(I)=FCP(I-1)*2.-FCP(I-2)
0034
                    END IF
0035
                  ELSE
0036
                  FCP(I)=ALOG( 100./XCC(I)-1. ) / PI4
0037
                 END IF
0038
                END DO
0039
                                  FCP(1)=FCP(2)+FCP(2)-FCP(3)
               IF (N1.EQ.2)
0040
0041
               RETURN
0042
0043
         1100 PRINT *, 'CHECK O<=XCC=>100...', XCC(1), XCC(N), N
0044
               STOP 'FFCP.1100'
0045
PROGRAM SECTIONS
```

Name	Bytes	Attributes
0 SCODE	433	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG
1 SPDATA	61	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LONG
2 \$LOCAL	120	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
Total Space Allocated	614	

ENTRY POINTS

Address	Type	Name	References
0-00000000		FFCP	1#

VARIABLES

Address Type Name

ACCE 639	· ype	HORNE	Attiibutes	RETELETICES					
**	1*4	1		27=	28	29(2)	30(2)	33(3)	36(2)
AP-00000004a	1*4	N		1	14(2)	27	43(2)	• •	
2-00000000	1*4	N1		20=	22=	27	29	30	39
**	R*4	P14		26=	36				

ARRAYS

Address Type Name Attributes Bytes Dimensions References — B-66 —

Attributes Deferences

AP-000000002 R*4 FCP ** (*) 1 14 33(3) = 36 = 39(4) = AP-00000008 R*4 XCC ** (*) 1 14 16 19 28 29 30 36 43(2)

LABELS

Address Label References

** 1100 17 43#

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Туре	Name	Reference
R*4	MTHSALOG	36
R*4	MTH\$ATAN	26
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS	1
=	- Value Modified	i
#	- Defining Reference	i
j A	- Actual Argument, possibly modifie	ed [
D	- Data Initialization	ì
(n) - Number of occurrences on line	
A .		•

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

F/LIS/CHE/CRO FFCP

/CHECK=(BOUNDS,OVERFLOW,UNDERFLOW)
/DEBUG=(NOSYMBOLS,TRACEBACK)
/STANDARD=(NOSYMTAX,NOSOURCE_FORM)
/SHOW=(NOPREPROCESSOR,NOINCLUDE,MAP,NODICTIONARY,SINGLE)
/WARNINGS=(GENERAL,NODECLARATIONS)
/CONTINUATIONS=19 /CROSS_REFERENCE /NOD_LINES /NOEXTEND_SOURCE /F77
/NOG_FLOATING /14 /NOMACHINE_CODE /OPTIMIZE

```
0001
              SUBROUTINE GNK(KA)
0002
        C (3037-MELLOR-GNK) (G) CALC. DOUBLE FOURIER INTEGRALS
0003
0004
                                  (CF. MILLOR, 1959, TABLE 3)
0005
        C REFERENCED BY LOOP, REFERENCES NONE
0006
        C INPUT AI, C, CS, DB, DG, DH, DT, DX, LISTO, NFR, NSEC, KA, R, XSA, & XSI
0007
        C OUTPUT B, G, H, & T
0008
        C REQUIRES DATA GENERATED FROM (3037-RI)
        C INDECES N & K, STARTING O, ARE REPLACED BY N & K STARTING 1
0009
        C CODED BY W. CHIANG, 13JUL83, REVISED 30AUG83
C TRANSLATED FROM (3037-CASCAD[9845]-GNK), S. HSU, 100CT86
0010
0011
        C REVISED 30JAN87, CHIANG; TOUCHED 05MAR87
0012
0013
0014
              PARAMETER ( KAMX=8, KXMX=76, NFRMX=15, NSECMX=500)
0015
                                 DG(NFRMX,NFRMX,NSECMX)
0016
              COMMON/DG
0017
                                 DH(NFRMX,NFRMX,NSECMX)
0018
                                  DB(NFRMX, NSECMX), DT(NFRMX, NSECMX)
0019
              COMMON/DGI
                                 DX, NSEC
              COMMON/DGILR/
0020
                                  LISTO, NFR
0021
               COMMON/DG L /
                                  C(NFRMX)
0022
              COMMON/ GI /
                                  AI(KXMX,KAMX), R(KXMX,KAMX),
                                                                            XSA, XSI
              COMMON/ GILR/
0023
                                  CSA
                                  G(NFRMX,NFRMX), H(NFRMX,NFRMX),
              COMMON/ G LR/
0024
                                                                    AMDAD, CS
0025
                                  B(NFRMX), T(NFRMX),
0026
        C 100 CONSTANT ***
0027
0028
              DXCS=DX*CS
0029
        C 200 INITIALIZATION ***
0030
0031
              DO
                        K=1,NFR
0032
                B(K)
                         =0.
0033
                         =0.
                 T(K)
                        N=1,NFR
0034
                 DO
0035
                   G(N,K)=0.
                   H(N,K)=0.
0036
0037
                   END DO
0038
                END DO
0039
        C 300 LOOP THRU SECTIONS ***
0040
0041
              DO
                    ISEC=1,NSEC
0042
                XK
                         =( (1SEC-.5)*DXCS-XSA)/XSI + 1.
0043
                KX1=INT(XK)
በበፈፈ
                KY2=KY1+1
0045
                 RV=(XK-KX1)*R(KX2,KA)+(KX2-XK)*R(KX1,KA)
0046
                AIV=(XK-KX1)*AI(KX2,KA)+(KX2-XK)*AI(KX1,KA)
0047
0048
                DO
                        K=1,NFR
0049
                   B(K) = DB(K, ISEC)*RV + B(K)
0050
                   T(K) =DT(K, ISEC)*AIV + T(K)
                   DO N=1,NFR
0051
                                  =DG(N,K,ISEC)*RV + G(N,K)
0052
                     G(N,K)
0053
                                  =DH(N,K,ISEC)*AIV + H(N,K)
                     H(N.K)
0054
                     END DO
0055
                   END DO
0056
                END DO
0057
0058
              DO
                        K=1,NFR
0059
                         =B(K)*CS + C(K)
                B(K)
0060
                         =T(K)*CS
                T(K)
0061
                DO
                        N=1,NFR
0062
                   G(N,K)=G(N,K)*CS
0063
                   H(N,K)=H(N,K)*CS
0064
                   END DO
0065
                END DO
0066
              G(1,1)=G(1,1)+1.
0067
              DO
                       N=2,NFR
8800
                G(N,N) = G(N,N)-1.
0069
                END DO
0070
0071
               IF (LISTO.EQ.1) THEN
0072
                 IF (CS.EQ.CSA) THEN
0073
                   WRITE(6,5400) AMDAD, CS, G(1,1), G(1,3), G(2,2), G(3,1),
0074
                         G(3,3), H(1,1), H(1,2), H(2,1), B(1), B(2), T(1), T(2)
0075
                                         CS, G(1,1), G(1,3), G(2,2), G(3,1),
0076
                   WRITE(6,5410)
0077
                         G(3,3), H(1,1), H(1,2), H(2,1), B(1), B(2), T(1), T(2)
```

```
0079
                 END IF
0080
               IF (LISTO.EQ.11) THEN
0081
                 WRITE(6,5420) AMDAD, CS, G(1,1), G(1,3), G(2,2), G(3,1), G(3,3), H(1,1), H(1,2), H(2,1), B(1), B(2), T(1), T(2)
0082
0083
                 WRITE(10,*) ( ( G(N,K), K=1,NFR), N=1,NFR), ( ( H(N,K), K=1,NFR), N=1,NFR), ( B(N), N=1,NFR),
0084
0085
0086
                               ( T(N), N=1,NFR)
                 END IF
0087
8800
0089
               RETURN
0090
          5400 FORMAT(/F4.0, F6.1, 12F6.3)
0001
          5410 FORMAT( F10.1,12F6.3)
0092
          5420 FORMAT( F4.0, F6.1, 12F6.3)
0093
0094
               END
PROGRAM SECTIONS
                                                      Attributes
                                             Bytes
    Name
                                                                         SHR
                                                                                EXE
                                                                                       RD NOWRT LONG
                                              1495
                                                      PIC CON REL LCL
  0 $CODE
                                                                                       RD NOWRT LONG
                                                                          SHR NOEXE
                                                      PIC CON REL LCL
  1 SPDATA
                                                34
                                                                                            WRT LONG
                                                      PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE
                                                                                       80
  2 SLOCAL
                                                                                             WRT LONG
                                            960000
                                                      PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                          SHR NOEXE
                                                                                       RD
  3 DG
                                                                          SHR NOEXE
                                                                                             WRT LONG
                                                      PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                                       RD
                                                 8
  4 DGI
                                                                                             WRT LONG
                                                      PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                          SHR NOEXE
                                                                                       RD
                                                 R
  5 DGILR
                                                                          SHR NOEXE
                                                                                       RD
                                                                                             WRT LONG
                                                      PIC OVR REL GBL
  6 DGL
                                                                                             WRT LONG
                                                      PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                          SHR NOEXE
                                                                                       RD
                                               4872
  7 GI
                                                                                             WRT LONG
                                                      PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                          SHR NOEXE
                                                                                       RD
  8 GILR
                                                                                             WRT LONG
                                                                          SHR NOEXE
                                                                                       RD
                                               1928
                                                      PIC OVR REL GBL
  9 GLR
                                            968417
     Total Space Allocated
ENTRY POINTS
                                                  References
     Address Type
                     Name
                                                      1#
  0-00000000
                     GNK
VARIABLES
                                     Attributes References
     Address Type
                                                                           53
                R*4
                    AIV
                                                                 73
   9-00000780 R*4 AMDAD
                                                     24
                                     COMM
                                                                                                                        72
                                                                                                                                   73
                                                                                                 62
                                                                                                             63
                                                     24
                                                                28
                                                                                      60
   9-00000784
                R*4
                     CS
                                     COMM
                                                      76
                                                                 82
                                     COMM
                                                      23
                                                                 72
   8-00000000
               R*4
                     CSA
                                                      19
                                                                 28
                                     COMM
   4-00000000
                R*4
                     DX
                                                      28×
                                                                 42
   2-00000000 R*4 DXCS
                                                                                                             53
               1*4
                                                      41=
                                                                 42
                                                                                      50
                                                                                                  52
   2-00000004
                     ISEC
                                                                                                                        49(3)
                                                                                                                                   50(3)
                                                                           33
                                                                                      35
                                                                                                  36
                                                                                                             48=
                                                                 32
                1*4
                                                     31=
                                                                                                                        63(2)
                                                                                                                                   84(4)=
                                                                                      59(3)
                                                                                                  60(2)
                                                                                                             62(2)
                                                      52(3)
                                                                 53(3)
                                                                           58≈
                                                                 45(2)
                                                                            46(2)
  AP-00000004a 1*4
                      KA
                                                                            45(2)
                                                                                       46(2)
                                                      43≈
                1*4
                      KX1
                                                                 44
                                                                 45(2)
                                                                            46(2)
                     KX2
                                                                            81
                                                      20
                                                                 71
                1*4
   5-00000000
                      LISTO
                                     COMM
                                                                                                                                   62(2)
                                                                                                  52(3)
                                                                                                             53(3)
                                                                                                                        61=
                                                                                      51=
                                                      34=
                                                                            36
                1*4
                                                                 35
                                                                                       84(8)=
                                                      63(2)
                                                                 67=
                                                                            68(4)
                                                                                                                                   67
                                                                                                             58
                                                                                                                        61
                                                                                                  51
                                                      20
                                                                 31
                                                                            34
                                                                                       48
                                     COMM
               1*4
   5-00000004
                      NFR
                                                      84(6)
                                                      19
                                                                 41
   4-00000004
                                     COMM
                                                                 49
                                                      45=
                R*4
                      RV
                                                                 43
                                                                            45(2)
                                                                                       46(2)
                R*4
                                                      42≖
                      XK
                                     COMM
                                                      22
                                                                 42
   7-00001300
                R*4
                      XSA
                                                      22
                                                                 42
   7-00001304
                                     COMM
                R*4
                      XSI
 ARRAYS
                                                         Bytes Dimensions
                                                                                    References
                                     Attributes
      Address
              Type
                                                                                                  46(2)
                                                                                       22
   7-00000000 R*4
                                                          2432 (76, 8)
                                                                                                                        59(2)=
                                                                                                                                   73(2)
                                                                                                             49(2)=
                                      COMM .
                                                            60
                                                                (15)
                                                                                       24
                                                                                                  32≈
   9-00000708 R*4
                                                                - B-69 -
```

0078

END IF

6-00000000 3-0000BBA0 3-00000000	R*4	DB	COMM 300 COMM 4500		15,	500) 15, 500)	76(2) 21 16 16	82(2) 59 49 52	84		
3-00060000	R*4	DH	COMM 4500	00 (15,	15, 500)	16	53			
3-000E30D0	R*4	DT	COMM 300	00 (15,	500)	16	50			
9-00000000	R*4	G	COMM 9	00 (15.	15)	24	35=	52(2)=	62(2)=	66(2)=
					•		68(2)=	73(5)	76(5)	82(5)	84
9-00000384	R*4	H	COMM 9	00 (15.	15)	24	36=	53(2)=	63(2)=	73(3)
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		••		•	-,		76(3)	82(3)	84	,	
7-00000980	R*4	R	COMM 24	32 (76.	8)	22	45(2)			
. 11300700	•			\	,	-,					
9-00000744	D+4	T	COMM	60 (151		24	33=	50(2)=	60(2)=	73(2)
7 000001 44	~ ~	•	COTAT	,	,		76(2)	82(2)	84	50(2)	.3(2)

PARAMETER CONSTANTS

Type	Name	References								
1*4	KAMX	14#	22(2)							
1*4	KXMX	14#	22(2)							
1*4	NFRMX	14#	16(6)	21	24(6)					
1*4	NSECMX	14#	16(4)							

LABELS

Address	Label	References				
1-00000000	5400'	73	91#			
1-0000000D	5410'	76	92#			
1-00000016	5420'	82	93#			

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified
- Defining Reference
- Actual Argument, possibly modified
- Data Initialization A D

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

```
0001
              SUBROUTINE INPUT
0002
0003
        C (3037-MELLOR-INPUT) (I) INPUT DATA
0004
        C REFERENCED BY MAIN (MELLOR)
        C REFERENCES FFCP (TWICE), FILONC & SPLIN1 (4 TIMES) & FOR$CLOSE (TWICE),
0005
0006
                 FORSOPEN, MTHSCOSD (TWICE), & MTHSSIND (TWICE)
0007
        C INPUT AI, CA, CBI, CC, CIN, CSA, CSI, CSZ, EPS, F$, ICL, IFLAT,
                INMAX, LAMDA, LAMDI, LAMDZ, LIST, MH, NB, NFR, NFRMX, NSEC, NSECHX, NYC, NYT, R, TTL$, XC, XT, XSA, XSI, XSZ, YC, & YT
8000
0009
0010
        C CODED BY W. CHIANG, 14JUL83
0011
        C 100CT86, S. HSU TRANSLATED FROM (3037-CASCAD [9845]-INPUT) WHICH WAS
                ADAPTED FROM (3725-CASCAD[HP9845]-INPUT)
0012
        C REVISED 31MAR87; SLIGHTLY REVISED 01JUN88; CHIANG
0013
0014
0015
0016
        C READ1 TITLE (WILL NOT SHOW IN OUTPUT)
0017
0018
        C READ2 TITLE (TO BE SHOWN IN OUTPUT)
0019
0020
        C READ3
0021
               = 1 TO CALCULATE THE CASE SHOWN IN MELLOR (1959);
0022
                = 2 FOR THE CASE FOLLOWS HERRIG, et al. (1951)
0023
                =11 TO PREPARE A TABLE OF G, H, B, & T FUNCTIONS (OF STAGGER
0024
                         ANGLE) FOR A SPEIFIED SOLIDITY
        C INCAM = 1 IF THE CAMBER IS A CIRCULAR ARC;
0025
0026
                = 2 IF THE BLADE IS NACA 65 W/ a=1.0;
                = 3* IF THE CAMBER IS TO BE CALCULATED FROM A FORMULA
0027
        C IFLAT (NOT USED IF INCAM=1)
0028
0029
                = 0* IF THE INPUT CAMBER IS NOT TO BE MODIFIED;
                = 1 IF THE SLOPES OF INPUT CAMBER ARE TO BE KEPT CONSTANT
0030
0031
                         WITHIN 5% OF BOTH ENDS (SEE MELLOR, 1959)
        C NSEC # OF SEGMENTS ALONG THE CHORD, e.g., 50;
C SET TO 10 IF MH=1 TO COMPARE W/ TABLES IN MELLOR (1959)
0032
0033
0034
                # OF FOURIER SERIES TERMS TO BE USED, e.g., NFR=3 TO HAVE AO,
0035
                A1, & A2
        C LIST = 0 IF CAMBER & THICKNESS DATA ARE NOT TO BE LISTED;
0036
0037
                 = 1* TO LIST
0038
0039
        C READ4
0040
        C CBID INPUT IDEAL CB (KNOWM) FOR THE INPUT CAMBER, IF THE CALCULATED CB
0041
                 IS TO BE NEGLECTED; OTHERWISE, INPUT A NUMBER >=9 TO USE THE
0042
                CALCULATED CB
0043
        C SEND1 A FACTOR TO BE USED BY 4 SUB SPLIN1 IN THIS ROUTINE.... IT IS TO
0044
                BE APPLIED TO S(2) & S(N-1) TO OBTAIN S(1) & S(N), S BEING
0045
                 CURVATURE... NORMALLY 0, .5, OR 1... e.g., 1 FOR CAMBER &
                 THICKNESS DISTRIBUTIONS
0046
        C
0047
        C ***** SKIP READ5 & READ6, IF MH.NE.1 *****
0048
0049
        C READ5 (IIF MH=1)
0050
        C LISTO = 1 TO MAKE DGOO-DT1 & GOO-T1 TABLES (MELLOR, 1959);
                = 2 TO MAKE A01-AT TABLE;
0051
0052
                = 3 TO MAKE CL-AT TABLE
0053
0054
        C READ6 (IIF MH=1)
0055
        C ALPHAMMEAN ANGLE OF INCIDENCE, IN deg. (NOT USED IF LISTO=1)
0056
        C ***** SKIP READ7 & READ8, IF MH.NE.2 *****
0057
0058
        C READ7 (IIF MH=2)
0059
        C IRES = 1 TO FIND LIFT COEF. BY CL=2*PI*(A1+A2);
0060
                = 2 TO CALC. CL AS ABOVE PLUS BETA1 & CL1
        C ISEL = 0 TO DO NOTHING
0061
0062
        C
                = 1 TO STORE CALCULATED SET OF LIFT COEFFICIENTS TO BE COMPARED
                      W/ HERRIG, et al., 1951
0063
0064
0065
        C READS (IIF MH=2)
0066
        C CC
                 FACTOR FOR EFFECTIVE CB, <=1, 1 FOR THEO. VALUES, MELLOR HAS .725
                 FACTOR FOR EFFECTIVE ALPHA(M), <=1, 1 FOR THEORETICAL VALUES
0067
        C CA
                STARTING C/S (SOLIDITY) FOR CASES TO BE CALCULATED, e.g., 0.
0068
        C CSA
0069
        C CSI
                 INCREMENT OF C/S TO BE CALCULATED, e.g., 2.0
        C CSZ ENDING C/S, e.g., .5
C SEND5 A FACTOR TO BE USED BY 4 SUB SPLIN1 IN SUB LOOP... IT IS TO
0070
0071
0072
                 BE APPLIED TO S(2) & S(N-1) TO OBTAIN S(1) & S(N), S BEING
        C
0073
                 CURVATURE... NORMALLY 0, .5, OR 1... e.g., .5 FOR SOME
0074
                DISTRIBUTIONS
        C
0075
        C
0076
        C **** SKIP READ9 IF MH.NE.11 ****
                                                            - B-71 -
      C READ9 (IIF MH=11)
0077
```

```
0078
        C CSA C/S (SOLIDITY) FOR THE GENERATED TABLE OF G. H. B. & T FUNCTIONS
0079
       C READ10
0800
        C IDUM INTEGER 999, TO CHECK THE END OF INPUT FROM UNIT 5
0081
0082
0083
        C ***** SKIP READ701 THRU READ706, IF MH.NE.2 *****
        C READ701 (11F MH=2)
0084
0085
               # OF ELEMENTS IN ARRAY BETA1
0086
                # OF ELEMENTS IN ARRAY SIG
        C NS
               # OF ELEMENTS IN ARRAY CB1
0087
        C NC
0088
        C NA
                # OF ELEMENTS IN ARRAY ALPHA1
0089
        C READ702 (11F MH=2)
0090
0091
        C BETA1 BETA AT INLET, IN DEG, SIZE NB
0092
0093
        C READ703 (IIF MH=2)
0094
        C SIG SOLIDITY, SIZE NS
0095
0096
        C READ704 (IIF MH=2)
0097
        C CB1 Cb, SIZE NC
0098
        C READ705 (11F MH=2)
0099
0100
        C ALPHA1INCIDENT ANGLE AT INLET, IN DEG, SIZE NA
0101
0102
        C READ706 (IIF MH=2)
               INTEGER VALUES OF 10000 TIMES OF LIFT COEFFICIENT, EXPERIMENTAL
0103
        C ICL
                VALUES WHEN INPUT, CALCULATED VALUES WHEN OUTPUT, SIZE (NA,NC,NS,NB)...
0104
0105
                THOSE NOT USED ARE ASSIGNED A VALUE HIGHER THAN 32600
0106
0107
        C READ901
        C TITL TITLE FOR THIS R & I FUNCTION FILE
0108
0109
0110
        C READ902
        C EPS
                CLOSING CRITERION USED IN PROGRAM RI, NO USE HERE
0111
0112
        E AMDA
                STARTING STAGGER ANGLE, IN DEG
        C AMDI INTERVAL OF STAGGER ANGLE, IN DEG
0113
        C AMDZ ENDING STAGGER ANGLE, IN DEG
0114
        C XSA ' STARTING XS ( [XO-X]/S, SEE MELLOR, 1959)
0115
0116
        C XSI
                INTERVAL OF XS
0117
        C XSZ
               ENDING XS
0118
0119
        C READ903
                R FUNCTION, SEE MELLOR, 1959
I FUNCTION, SEE MELLOR, 1959
0120
        CR
0121
        CAI
        C JACK A DUMMY NUMBER, SHOULD BE 999 IF DATA FILE IS CORRECT
0122
0123
        C **** SKIP READ1101 THRU READ1104 IF INCAM.NE.2 *****
0124
0125
        C READ1101 (IIF INCAM=2)
0126
        C TITL TITLE FOR THIS CAMBER DATA FILE
0127
        C READ1102 (IIF INCAM=2)
0128
0129
        C NYC # OF DATA SETS FOR CAMBER COORDINATES
0130
        C READ1103 (IIF INCAM=2)
0131
0132
        C XC
               X-COORDINATES FOR CAMBER YC, SIZE NYC
0133
0134
        C READ1104 (IIF INCAM=2)
0135
               CAMBER AS FUNCTION OF XC, SIZE NYC
        C YC
0136
0137
        C READ1105
0138
        C TITL TITLE FOR THIS BLADE THICKNESS FILE
0139
0140
        C READ1106
0141
        C NYT # OF DATA SETS FOR BLADE THICKNESS
0142
0143
        C READ1107
              X-COORDINATES FOR DATA OF THICKNESS YT, SIZE NYT
0144
        C XT
0145
0146
        C READ1108
0147
                HALF-THICKNESS OF BLADE AT CORRESPONDING XT, SIZE BYT
0148
0149
        C READ1109
0150
        C JACK = 999 AS A CHECK
0151
0152
0153
              CHARACTER TDATE*9, TITL*90
0154
0155
              PARAMETER ( KAMX=8, KXMX=76, NAMX=19, NBMX=4, NCMX=9, NFRMX=15,
0156
                                 NSMX=5, NSECMX=500, NYMAX=100)
              PARAMETER ( NYSMX=MAX( NSECMX+2, MAX( NYMAX, NSECMX+1+2)),
0157
```

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```
0158
                            NYSMX2=MAX(NYMAX+1, NSECMX*2) + 2)
0159
               COMMON/M IL /
                                  TDATE
0160
                                  DX. NSEC
               COMMON/ DGI /
0161
0162
               COMMON/ DGILR/
                                  LISTO, NFR
                                                                              NSEC2
               COMMON/DI/
                                   FCP(NYSMX2), FTP(NYSMX),
0163
               COMMON/ D IL /
0164
                                                                              XSA, XSI
                                  AI(KXMX,KAMX), R(KXMX,KAMX),
0165
               COMMON/ GI /
               COMMON/ GILR/
                                  CSA
0166
                                   ICL(NAMX, NCMX, NSMX, NBMX),
0167
               COMMON/
                         IL /
                                   BETA1(NBMX), CB1(NSMX), V(NFRMX),
0168
                                   AMDA, AMDZ, AMDI, CA, CC, CSI, CSZ, SALPHA,
0169
                                                             ISCL, MH, NA, NB, NC, NS
0170
                                   SENDS, TOC,
                                   ALPHAM, CALPHA, CB, P12
               COMMON/
                          ILR/
0171
                                                    SAZPI, TOCZPI
                                   IRES.
0172
               COMMON/
                          [ R/
0173
               DIMENSION ALPHAT(NAMX), DUMMY(NYSMX2), SIG(NSMX),
0174
                          XC(NYMAX), XCC(NYSMX2), XT(NYMAX), YC(NYMAX), YT(NYMAX)
0175
0176
                          PI/3.14159265359/
0177
               DATA
0178
0179
        C 100
                                                                                       READ1
               READ (5,5101) TITL
0180
                                                                                       READ2
               READ (5,5101) TITL
0181
               WRITE(6,5103) TITL
READ (5,*) MH, I
0182
                                                                                       READ3
                             MH, INCAM, IFLAT, NSEC, NFR, LIST
0183
                                                                    CBID, SEND1
                                                                                       READ4
               READ (5,*)
0184
               WRITE(6,120) MH, INCAM, IFLAT, NSEC, NFR, LIST, CBID, SEND1
FORMAT(' MH INCAM IFLAT NSEC'/1X5110//
0185
         CC120 FORMATC'
0186
           120 FORMAT(' MH, INCAM, IFLAT: 'T40,315/
0187
              + ' # OF SEGMENT ON A BLADE: 'T40,15/
0188
              + ' # OF FOURIER SERIES TERMS: 'T40, 15/' LIST: 'T40, 15/
0189
                ' CBI, SEND1: 'T40,2F8.2)
0190
               IF (MH.LT.1 .OR. NSEC.GT.NSECMX .OR. NFR.LT.3 .OR. NFR.GT.NFRMX)
0191
0192
                  PRINT *, 'CHECK MH, NSEC, NFR...', MH, NSEC, NFR, NSECMX, NFRMX
0193
                  STOP 'INPUT.122'
0194
                  END IF
0195
0196
                IF (MH-2) 130, 140, 170
0197
0198
                                                                                        READ5
0199
           130 READ (5,*) LISTO
                                                                                        READ6
                READ (5,*) ALPHAM
0200
                WRITE(6,135) LISTO, ALPHAM
0201
           135 FORMAT(' LISTO:'T40,15/
0202
                           ' MEAN AIR ANGLE (deg) RELATIVE TO CHORD: 'T40, F7.1/)
0203
0204
                CSA
                          =.5
                          =.5
0205
                CSI
0206
                           =2.
                CSZ
 0207
                IRES
                GOTO 210
0208
 0209
                                                                                        READ7
 0210
            140 READ (5,*)
                             IRES, ISCL
                                                                                        READ8
                READ (5.*)
                                           CC, CA, CSA, CSZ, CSI, SEND5
0211
                WRITE(6,150) IRES, ISCL, CC, CA, CSA, CSZ, CSI, SENDS
 0212
            150 FORMAT(' IRES, ISCL:'T40,215/
 0213
                ' CC, CA, CSA, CSZ, CS1, SEND5:'T40,6F8.2/)
OPEN( 7, FILE='ICL', STATUS='OLD', READONLY)
READ (7,*) NB, NS, NC, NA
 0214
 0215
                                                                                        READ701
 0216
 0217
                WRITE(6,160) NB, NS, NC, NA
                            ' NB, NS, NC, NA:'T40,415)
            160 FORMAT(
 0218
                IF (NB.GT.NBMX .OR. NS.GT.NSMX .OR. NC.GT.NCMX .OR. NA.GT.NAMX)
 0219
                           THEN
 0220
                  PRINT *, 'CHECK NB, NS, NC, NA...', NB, NS, NC, NA, NBMX,
 0221
                                    NSMX, NCMX, NAMX
 0222
 0223
                  END IF
                                                                                        READ702
                READ (7,*) ( BETA1(1), [=1,NB)
 0224
                                                                                        READ 703
                READ (7,*) (
 0225
                                 SIG(1), 1=1,NS)
                                                                                        READ704
                READ (7,*) (
 0226
                                 CB1(1), 1=1,NC)
                                                                                        READ 705
                READ (7,*) ( ALPHA1(I), I=1,NA)
 0227
                READ (7,*) ( ( ( ICL(IA,IC,IS,IB), IA=1,NA), IC=1,NC),
 0228
                                                          IS=1,NS), IB=1,NB), JACK
                                                                                        READ706
 0229
                IF (JACK.NE.999) THEN
 0230
                  PRINT *, 'CHECK TAPE7 DATA...', JACK
 0231
 0232
                  STOP 'INPUT.168'
                  FND IF
 0233
 0234
                CLOSE(7)
 0235
                GOTO 210
                                                               - B-73 -
 0236
                                                                                        READ9
 0237
            170 READ (5,*) CSA
```

```
WRITE(6,*) 'SOLIDITY = ', CSA
0238
0239
              CSI
                        =1.
0240
              CSZ
                         #CSA
0241
              LISTO
                         =11
0242
        C 200 READ R & I DATA GENERATED BY (3037-RIS) *****
0243
0244
          210 READ (9,5101) TITL
                                                                                   READ901
0245
              WRITE(6,5103) TITL
              READ (9,*) EPS, AMDA, AMDZ, AMDI, XSA, XSZ, XSI
0246
                                                                                   READ902
0247
              KAZ
                        =(AMDZ-AMDA)/AMDI + 1
0248
                        =(XSZ-XSA)/XSI + 1
0249
              IF (KAZ.GT.KAMX .OR. KXZ.GT.KXMX) THEN
0250
                PRINT *, 'KAZ OR KXZ EXCEEDED DIM...', KAZ, KXZ, KAMX, KXMX
0251
                STOP 'INPUT.210'
0252
                END IF
0253
              READ (9,*) ( ( R(KX,KA), KA=1,KAZ), KX=1,KXZ),
                                                                                   READ903
0254
                          ( ( AI(KX,KA), KA=1,KAZ), KX=1,KXZ), JACK
0255
              IF (JACK.NE.999) THEN
                PRINT *, 'CHECK R & I DATA...', JACK
0256
                STOP 'INPUT.220'
0257
0258
                END IF
0259
              CLOSE(9)
0260
        C 250 PREPARE DATA FILE MELO10.DAT (TO BE USED BY, e.g., 3037-DSN3-MELLOR2)
0261
0262
              IF (LISTO.EQ.11) THEN
0263
                IF (CSA.NE.CSZ) THEN
0264
                  PRINT *, 'CHECK CSA, CSZ FOR LISTO=11...', CSA, CSZ, LISTO
0265
                  STOP 'INPUT.3002'
0266
                  END IF
                OPEN( 10, FILE='MELO10', STATUS='NEW')
0267
                                                                                  W10.1
0268
                WRITE(10,260) TDATE
0269
          260 FORMAT(
             + ' (3037-MELLOR-MELO10) G & H FUNCTIONS (MELLOR, 1959, TABLE 3)'
0270
             + T71,A9)
0271
                WRITE(10,*) 'NFR'
0272
                                                                                   W10.2
                WRITE(10,*) NFR
WRITE(10,*) 'CS, AMDA, AMDI, AMDZ'
0273
                                                                                   W10.3
                                                                                   W10.4
0274
                WRITE(10,*) CSA, AMDA, AMDI, AMDZ
0275
                                                                                   W10.5
0276
                IF (INCAM.LT.2 .OR. INCAM.GT.3) THEN
                  PRINT *, 'CHECK INCAM WHILE LISTO=11...', INCAM, LISTO
0277
                   STOP 'INPUT.265'
0278
0279
                  END IF
0280
                END IF
0281
0282
        C 300 READ CAMBER & THICKNESS DATA *****
0283
              NYC
                        =0
0284
                         =PI+PI
              PI2
0285
              GOTO ( 1110, 1210, 1310), INCAM
0286
         1110 PRINT *, 'SUB. CIRARC NOT EXISTING...'
CCC CALL CIRARC( NYC, XC, YC)
0287
0288
0289
               STOP 'INPUT.1110'
0290
        C1200 INPUT CAMBER DATA
0291
0292
         1210 READ (11,5101) TITL
                                                                                   READ1101
0293
              WRITE(6,5103) TITL
0294
              READ (11,*) NYC
                                                                                   READ1102
0295
              IF (NYC.GT.NYMAX) THEN
                PRINT *, 'NYCH.GT.NYMAX...', NYC, NYMAX
0296
                STOP 'INPUT. 1215'
0297
0298
                END IF
0299
                                                                                   READ1103
              READ (11,*) ( XC(I), I=1,NYC)
0300
              READ (11,*) ( YC(I), I=1,NYC)
                                                                                   READ1104
0301
0302
              IF (LIST.GT.O) THEN
0703
                CALL SPLIN1( NYC, XC, YC, NYC, XC, YC, FCP, DUM, SEND1,
0304
                                 1.E-9)
0305
0306
                WRITE(6, 1220)
0307
         1220
                FORMAT(/21X'X
                                     Yc
                                              dYc/dX'/)
0308
                       I=1,NYC
0309
                  WRITE(6,6222) XC(1), YC(1), FCP(1)
0310
                   IF ( MOD(1,5).EQ.0 ) WRITE(6,6222)
0311
                  END DO
0312
                END IF
0313
0314
        C1300 YC'
0315
         1310 READ (5,*) JACK
                                                                                   READ10
0316
              IF (JACK.NE.999) THEN
0317
                PRINT *, 'CHECK DATA IN UNIT 5...', JACK
                                                           - B-74 -
```

```
0319
              CLOSE(5)
0320
0321
              NYS
                        =MAX( NYC, NSEC+1)
0322
              IF ( MOD(NYS,2).EQ.0 )
                                           NYS=NYS+1
0323
              IF (NYS.GE.NYSMX2) THEN
0324
                PRINT *, 'NYS.GE.NYSMX2', NYS, NYSMX2
0325
0326
0327
              DTHETA
                        =PI/(NYS-1)
0328
                       I=1,NYS
              DO
0329
                XCC(I) =(I-1)*DTHETA
                END DO
0330
0331
              DO
                       I=1,NYS
0332
                XCC(1) =COS( XCC(1) )
0333
                END DO
0334
                       I=1,NYS
              DO
0335
                XCC(I) = (1.-XCC(I)) * 50.
0336
                END DO
0337
        C1320
0338
              IF (IFLAT.EQ.1) THEN
0339
                NYSP1
                        =NYS+1
0340
                NYSP2
                        =NYSP1+1
0341
                XCC(NYSP1)
0342
                                 =95.
                XCC(NYSP2)
0343
               ELSE
0344
                NYSP2
0345
               END IF
0346
              IF (NYSP2.GT.NYSMX) THEN
0347
                PRINT *, 'NYSP2.GT.NYSMX...', NYSP2, NYSMX
0348
                STOP 'INPUT.1329'
0349
                END IF
0350
0351
              IF (INCAM.EQ.3) THEN
0352
0353
                CALL
                         FFCP( NYSP2, XCC, FCP)
0354
0355
               ELSE
0356
0357
                         SPLIN1( NYC, XC, YC, NYSP2, XCC, DUMMY, FCP, DUM,
0358
                                 SEND1, 1.E-9)
0359
0360
               END IF
0361
0362
        C1330 MAKE CAMBER SLOPE CONSTANT FOR PORTIONS < 5% & > 95 %
              IF (IFLAT.EQ.1) THEN
0363
0364
                ITEM
                         =NYS*.3
0365
                 FCPA
                         =FCP(NYSP1)
0366
                FCPZ
                        =FCP(NYSP2)
0367
                DO
                        [=1,ITEM
                  FCP(1)=MIN( FCP(1), FCPA)
0368
0369
                  END DO
0370
                DO
                       I=NYS-ITEM, NYS
0371
                  FCP(1)=MAX( FCP(1), FCPZ)
0372
                  END DO
0373
                WRITE(6,1340)
0374
                FORMAT(//' CAMBER SLOPE ARE FORCED TO BE CONSTANT FOR THE 1ST ',
                         '& LAST 5% REGIONS...'//)
0375
0376
                END IF
0377
0378
        C1360 PREPARE DATA FILE MELO10.DAT (CONT.)
0379
              IF (LISTO.EQ.11) THEN
0380
0381
                         FILONC( NYS-1, FCP, NFR, V)
0382
0383
                WRITE(6,1365) ( V(N), N=1,NFR)
0384
                FORMAT(//' VECTOR OF INTEGRAING Fc''*cos(theta) IS:'/(10F12.5))
0385
                 WRITE(10,*) 'NYS'
0386
                 WRITE(10,*) NYS
                                                                                   W10.7
                WRITE(10,*) '( XCC(1),
0387
                                            I=1,NYS) & ( FCP(I), I=1,NYS)*
                                                                                   W10.8
0388
                WRITE(10,*) ( XCC(1)*.01, I=1,NYS)
                                                                                   W10.9
                WRITE(10,*) ( FCP(I),
0389
                                                                                   W10.10
0390
                END IF
0391
0392
        C1370 PREPARE FC' OF SIZE NSEC2 (ASSUMING TRIANGLE ELEMENTS) *****
0393
              DX
                         =1./NSEC
0394
              DXH
                         ≈DX*50.
0395
                         *D¥/.03
              OT
                                                           - B-75 -
0396
              NSEC2
                         =NSEC+NSEC
```

0318

0397

DO

ISEG=1,NSEC2,2

END TE

```
=(ISEG-1)*DXH+OT
0398
                XCC(ISEG)
0399
                                 ×Χ
0400
                 XCC(ISEG+1)
                                 =X+OT
0401
                 END DO
0402
0403
              IF (INCAM.EQ.3) THEN
0404
        C1380
                USE FORMULA TO FIND FC'
0405
                WRITE(6, 1382)
                FORMAT(//' Fc'' OBTAINED FROM FORMULA FOR NACA a=1.0')
0406
         1382
0407
0408
                CALL
                        FFCP( NSEC2, XCC, FCP)
0409
0410
                DO
                       N=2,NFR,2
0411
                  V(N-1)=0.
                  V(N) =.5/(N-1)
0412
0413
                  END DO
0414
                 IF ( MOD(NFR,2).NE.0 )
                                              V(NFR)=0.
0415
                СВ
0416
                         =1.
0417
0418
                ELSE
                INCAM = 1 OR 2
0419
        C1390
0420
        C1392
                 FIND CB
0421
0422
                         FILONC( NYS-1, FCP, NFR, V)
                 CALL
0423
0424
                 CB
                         =V(2)+V(2)
                WRITE(6,1395) CB
FORMAT(' CB = 'F8.5)
0425
         1395
0426
                 PREPARE FCP
0427
        C1396
0428
0429
                 CALL
                         SPLIN1( NYC, XC, YC, NSEC2, XCC, DUMMY, FCP, DUM,
                                 SEND1, 1.E-9)
0430
0431
0432
                END IF
0433
0434
               IF (IFLAT.EQ.1) THEN
0435
                 ITEM =NSEC2*.15
0436
                 DO I=1, ITEM
                  (1)90F
                                 =MIN( FCP(I), FCPA)
0437
0438
                   END DO
0439
                 DO I=NSEC2-ITEM, NSEC2
                                 =MAX( FCP(1), FCPZ)
                   FCP(1)
0440
0441
                   END DO
0442
                 END IF
0443
0444
               IF (INCAM.NE.3) THEN
0445
                 DQ
                       I=1,NSEC2
0446
                   FCP(1)=FCP(1)/CB
0447
                   END DO
0448
                       N=1,NFR
                 DO
                   V(N) =V(N)/CB
0449
0450
                   END DO
0451
0452
        CCC
                 IF (INCAM.EQ.1) GOTO ??? ??? ???
0453
0454
                 IF (CBID.LT.5) THEN
0455
                   ٥
                         =CBID/CB
0456
                         =CB*Q
0457
                   WRITE(6,1398) CB, Q
0458
         1398
                   FORMAT(/' ... SYMMETRIC CAMBER .
                                                          Cb = 'F6.3
0459
                             MULTIPLE FACTOR ='F6.2)
0460
                   END IF
0461
                END IF
0462
0463
               IF 'MH.EQ.2) THEN
0464
        CCC ??? TO BE CHECKED
0465
                         =-CB/PI
                 ۵
                   D N=1,NFR
V(N) =V(N)*Q
0466
                 DO
0467
0468
                   END DO
0469
                 V(1)
                        =SIND(ALPHAM)+V(1)
0470
                 END IF
0471
0472
        C1400 THICKNESS DATA *****
0473
               IF (INCAM.EQ.1) THEN
0474
                 DO 1=1, NSEC2
0475
                   FTP(1)=0.
0476
                   END DO
                                                           -B-76-
```

TOC

≖0.

```
TOC2PI =0.
WRITE(6,1410)
0478
0479
0480
          1410
                 FORMAT(//' THICKNESS = 0'//)
0481
                ELSE
                 READ (11,5101) TITL
0482
                                                                                         READ1105
0483
                  WRITE(6,5103) TITL
0484
                  READ (11,*) NYT
                                                                                         READ1106
0485
                  IF (NYT.GT.NYMAX) THEN
                   PRINT *, 'NYT.GT.NYMAX...', NYT, NYMAX
0486
0487
                    STOP 'INPUT.1415'
0488
                    END IF
0489
                 READ (11,*) ( XT(I), I=1,NYT)
                                                                                         READ1107
                 READ (11,*) ( YT(1), I=1,NYT)
                                                                                         READ1108
0490
0491
0492
                  IF (LIST.GT.O) THEN
                    WRITE(6,1440)
0493
0494
          1440
                    FORMAT(/21X'X
                                          Yt'/)
0495
                    DO I=1,NYT
0496
                      WRITE(6,6222) XT(1), YT(1)
0497
                      IF ( MOD(I,5).EQ.0 )
                                                   WRITE(6,6222)
0498
                      END DO
0499
                    END IF
0500
0501
                  TOC
                           =0.
0502
                          I=1,NYT
                 DO
0503
                    TOC
                          =MAX( YT(1), TOC)
0504
                    END DO
                           =TOC*.01
0505
                  TOC
0506
                 CALL
                           SPLIN1( NYT, XT, YT, NSEC2, XCC, DUMMY, FTP, DUM,
0507
0508
                                   SEND1, 1.E-9)
0509
0510
                 DO
                          I=1,NSEC2
0511
                    FTP(I)=FTP(I)/TOC
0512
                    END DO
0513
                  TOC
                          =TOC+TOC
0514
                  TOTAL THICKNESS IS TWICE THE INPUT DATA
0515
                  WRITE(6,1430)TOC
0516
          1430
                  FORMAT(/' MAXIMUM BLADE THICKNESS ='F8.5//)
0517
                  TOC2PI =TOC*PI2
0518
0519
                END IF
0520
               READ (11,*) JACK
                                                                                         READ1109
0521
               IF (JACK.NE.999) THEN
0522
                  PRINT *, 'CHECK BLADE DATA...', JACK
0523
                  STOP 'INPUT.1500'
0524
                 END IF
0525
               CLOSE(11)
0526
0527
         C2000 CONSTANT
0528
                           =COSD(ALPHAM)
               CALPHA
0529
               SALPHA
                           =SIND(ALPHAM)
0530
               SA2PI
                           =P12*SALPHA
0531
0532
         C3000 PREPARE DATA FILE MELO10.DAT (CONT.)
0533
               I' (LISTO.EQ.11) THEN
                 WRITE(10,*) 'TOC'
WRITE(10,*) TOC
0534
                                                                                         W10.11
0535
                                                                                         W10.12
0536
                  WRITE(10,3120)
                                                                                         W10.13
                FORMAT(' FOLLOWING ARE ( ( G(N,K), K=1,NFR), N=1,NFR),'/
' ( ( H(N,K), K=1,NFR), N=1,NFR), ( B(N), N=1,NFR), &'/
' ( T(N), N=1,NFR), FOR AMDAD=AMDA,AMDZ,AMDI')
0537
0538
0539
0540
                                                                                         W10.14
                  WRITE(6,3130)
0541
                 FORMAT(//
0542
              + ' A TABLE OF G, H, B, & T FUNCTIONS IS CREATED IN "MELO10.DAT"/
0543
                7)
0544
                 END IF
0545
0546
               RETURN
0547
0548
         C5000 FORMAT
0549
          5101 FORMAT(A90)
0550
          5103 FORMAT(/1XA90)
0551
          6222 FORMAT(F23.2,F9.3,F11.5)
0552
               END
```

0	\$CODE	5506	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	SHR	EXE	RD	NOURT	LONG
1	SPDATA	1488	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	NOWRT	LONG
2	SLOCAL	10492	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	NOSHR	NOEXE	RD	URT	LONG
3	MIL	9	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
4	DGI	8	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
5	DGILR	8	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
6	DI	8012	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
7	DIL	4	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
8	GI	4872	DIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
9	GILR	4	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
10	IL	13840	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
11	ILR	16	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
12	IR	12	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG

Total Space Allocated

44271

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type Name References
0-00000000 INPUT 1#

VARIABLES

Address	Type	Name	Attributes	References							
11-00000000	R*4	ALPHAM	COMM	171	200=	201	469	528	529		
10-00003500	R*4	AMDA	COMM	167	246=	247	275				
10-00003508	R*4	AMDI	COMM	167	246=	247	275				
10-00003504	R#4	AMDZ	COMM	167	246=	247	275				
10-000035DC	R*4					_	213				
10-00003500	K-4	CA	COMM	167	211=	212					
11-00000004	R*4	CALPHA	COMM	171	528=						
11-00000008	R*4	CB	COMM	171	416 =	424=	425	446	449	455	456(2)=
				457	465						
2-00002658	R*4	CBID		184=	185	454	455				
10-000035E0	R*4	CC	COMM .	167	211=	212					
9-00000000	R*4	CSA	COMM	166	204=	211=	212	237=	238	240	263
, 0000000	~ ~	000	COM	264	275	211-	2.12	231-	250	240	203
10 0000785/	***		20171	4/7	205	244	242	270			
10-000035E4	R*4	CSI	COMM	167	205=	211=	212	239=			
10-000035E8	R*4	CSZ	COMM	167	206≈	211=	212	240=	263	264	
**	R*4	DTHETA		327 =	329						
2-00002690	R*4	DUM		303A	357A	429A	507A				
4-00000000	R*4	DX	COMM	161	393≈	394	395				
**	R*4	DXH		394=	398						
2-0000266C	R*4	EPS		246=	2,0						
2-0000269C	R*4	FCPA		365=	740	/77					
					368	437					
2-000026A0	R*4	FCPZ		366=	371	440					
**	I*4	I	•	224(2)=	225(2)=	226(2)=	227(2)=	299(2)=	300(2)=	308=	309(3)
				310	328=	329(2)	331=	332(2)	334=	335(2)	367=
				368(2)	370≃	371(2)	388(2)=	389(2)=	436=	437(2)	439=
				440(2)	445=	446(2)	474=	475	489(2)=	490(2)=	495=
				496(2)	497	502=	503	510 = .	511(2)	- ,	
**	1*4	IA		228(2)=							
2-00002664	1+4	IB		228(2)=							
**	1*4	IC .									
	-			228(2)=	400						
2-00002650	1*4	IFLAT		183=	185	338	363	434			
2-0000264C	I*4	INCAM		183=	185	276(2)	277	285	351	403	444
				473							
12-00000000	I*4	IRES	COMM	172	207=	210=	212				
2-00002660	[#4	[5		228(2)=							
10-000035F8	1*4	ISCL	- COMM	167	210=	212					
**	1*4	ISEG	CONT	397=	398	399	400				
**	-								/30		
	1*4	ITEM		364=	367	370	435=	436	439		
2-00002668	1*4	JACK		228=	230	231	253=	255	256	315=	316
				317	520=	521	522				
**	1*4	KA		253(4)=							
2-00002674	1*4	KAZ		247=	249	250	253(2)				
**	1*4	KX		253(4)=	-		,				
**	1*4	KXZ		248=	249	250	253(2)				
	, -	nae.		C40-	647	230	273(2)				
2-00002654	1*4	LIST		183=	185	302	492	242	***		
5-00000000	1 = 4	LISTO	COMM	162	199=	201	241=	262	264	277	379
					- B-78	-					

40 00007550			COMM	533 167	183=	185	191	193	197	463	
10-000035FC	1*4	MH	COM	383(2)=	410=	411	412(2)	448=	449(2)	466=	467(2)
10-00003600	1*4	NA	COMM	167	216=	217	219	221	227	228	
40.0000740/	I*4	NB .	COMM	167	216=	217	219	221	224	228	
10-00003604 10-00003608	1*4	NC	COMM	167	216=	217	219	221	226	228	
5-00000004	1*4	NFR	COMM	162	183±	185	191(2)	193	273	381A	383
, 0000000	•			410	414(2)	422A	448	466	205	228	
10-0000360C	1*4	NS	COMM	167	216=	217	219	221	225 321	393	396(2)
4-00000004	1*4	NSEC	COMM	161	183=	185	191	193	321	3,3	0,0(1,
			count	163	396=	397	408A	429A	435	439(2)	445
6-00001F48	1*4	NSEC2	COMM	474	507A	510	400.				
2-0000268C	1*4	NYC		283=	294=	295	296	299	300	303(2)A	308
2-00002000	14	W.C		321	357A	429A					77/
**	1*4	NYS		321=	322(3)=	323	324	327	328 386	331 388	334 389
		•		339	344	364	370(2)	381	300	300	50,
				422	340	341	365				
2-00002694	1*4	NYSP1		339= 340=	342	344=	346	347	353A	357A	366
2-00002698	[*4	NYSP2		340-	J46	3 44-					
2-00002680	1*4	NYT		484=	485	486	489	490	495	502	507A
**	g*4	OT		395=	398	400					
7-00000000	R*4	PI	COMM	164	1770	284(2)	327 570	465			
11-0000000C	R*4	PI2	COMM	171	284=	517	530 465≠	467			
**	R*4	٥		455=	456	457	403=	407			
42 0000000/	n+/	C4201	COMM	172	530≖						
12-00000004 10-000035EC	R*4	SA2P1 SALPHA	COMM	167	529=	530					
2-00003520	R*4	SEND1	••••	184=	185	303A	357A	429A	507A		
10-000035F0	R*4	SEND5	COMM	167	211=	212					
3-00000000	CHAR	TDATE	COMM	153	160						
				240							
2-00002688		TDATEW		268 153	180=	181=	182	244=	245	292=	293
2-000025F0	CHAR	TITE .		482=	483						
10-000035F4	P*4	TOC	COMM	167	477=	501=	503(2)=	505(2)=	511	513(3)=	515
10 00003314				517	535						
12-00000008	R*4	TOC2P1	COMM	172	478=	517=					
**	R*4	X		398=	399	400					
0 00004700		Ves	COMM	165	246=	248					
8-00001300 8-00001304	R*4 R*4	XSA XSI	COMM	165	246=	248					
2-00002670		XSZ		246=	248						
2 000000											
ARRAYS											
Address	Type	Name	Attributes	Bytes	s Dimens	ions	References				
							4.5	267-			
8-00000000		AI	COMM		(76, 8)		165 174	25 3= 22 7=			
2-00000000		ALPHA1			(19) (4)		167	224=			
10-00003570		BETA1	COMM	16 20			167	226=			
10-00003580 2-00000040		CB1 DUMMY	COM	4008			174	357A	429A	507A	
£-000004C		5 3 3 1 1			-					7574	7574
6-00000000	R*4	FCP	COMM	4008	(1002)		163	303A	309	353A 371(2)=	357A 381A
							365 . 389	366 408A	368(2)= 422A	429A	437(2)=
						•	440(2)=	446(2)=	7227	· - ···	
(0000000	n+/	E70	COMM	4000	(1000)		163	475=	507A	511(2)=	
6-00000FA8			COMM	13680		5. 4)	167	228=			
8-00000980			COMM	2432			165	253=			
2-00000FF4		SIG		20	(5)		174	225=			
				4.0			167	381A	383	411=	412=
10-00003594	R*4	V	COMM	60	(15)		414=	422A	424(2)	449(2)=	
							469(2)=	4567	464(6)		,
2-00001008	D * 4	XC		400	(100)	•	174	299=	303(2)A	309	357A
2-00001000	, , ,	~~			*****		429A				
2-00001198	3 R*4	xcc		4008	(1002)		174	329=	332(2)=	335(2)=	341= 700=
		_					342= /00=	353A	357A 429A	388 507a	399=
							400=	408A	4ZYA	JUIN	
_	_			,			17/	∠ 20=	494	507▲	
2-00002140		XT		400 400			174 174	489= 300=	496 303(2)A	507A 309	357A
2-00002140 2-00002200		XT YC		400 400			174 174 429A	489= 300=	496 303(2)A		357A
							174 429 A	300=	303(2)A	309	
) R*4	YC			(100)		174				357A 507A

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	COMST	

Type	Name	References						
I*4	KAMX		5(2)	249	250			
1*4	KXMX		5(2)	249	250 219	221		
1*4	NAMX	155# 16		174		221		
1*4	NBMX		7(2)	219	221			
1*4	NCMX	155# 16	57	219	221			
1*4	NFRMX	155# 16	57	191	193			
1*4	NSECHX	155# 15	7(3)	191	193			
1*4	NSMX	155# 16	57(2)	174	219	221		
1*4	NYMAX		7(2)	174(4)	295	296	485	486
			53	346	347			
I*4	NYSMX	1579		2.0	• • •			
1*4	NYSMX2	157# 16	53	174(2)	323	324		

LABELS

Address	Label	References	5				
1-00000221	120'	185	187#				
**	130	197	199#				
1-000002A1	1351	201	202#				
0-00000278	140	197	210#				
1-000002E0	150'	212	213#				
1-0000031E	160'	217	218#				
0-00000634	170	197	237#				
0-0000068E	210	208	235	244#			•
1-00000337	260'	268	269#				
0-00000A2D	1110	285	287#				
0-00000A54	1210	285	292#				
1-00000378	1220'	306	307#				
0-00000C1D	1310	285	315#				
1-00000399	13401	373	374#				
1-000003EA	13651	383	384#				
1-00000420	1382′	405	406#				
1-0000044E	1395 4	425	426#				
1-00000459	13981	457	458#				
1-0000049A	14101	479	480#				
1-000004c0	1430'	515	516#				
1-000004AF	1440'	493	494#				
1-000004E3	31201	536	537#				
1-00000579	3130'	540	541#				
1-000005BD	5101'	180	181	244	292	482	549#
1-000005c0	5103'	182	245	293	483	550#	
1-000005C6	62221	309	310	496	497	551#	

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Type	Name	References	s		
R*4	FFCP FILONC FORSCLOSE FORSOPEN MTHSCOS	353 381 234 215 332	408 422 259 267	319	525
R*4 R*4	MTH\$COSD MTH\$SIND SPLIN1	528 469 303	529 357	429	507

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified
- Defining Reference
- Actual Argument, possibly modified
- Data Initialization
- The matter of occurrences on line

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

```
0002
        C (3037-MELLOR-LOOP) (L) LOOP THRU VARIOUS PARAMETERS TO FIND SOLUTIONS
0003
0004
        C REFERENCED BY MAIN (MELLOR); REFERENCES GNK (TWICE), RESULT (TWICE),
                SIMUL1 (TWICE), & SPLIN1 (4 TIMES), & FORSOPEN, MTHSAMOD,
0005
        C
0006
                MTHSCOSD (TWICE), & MTHSSIND (TWICE)
        C
0007
          INPUT AI, AMDA, AMDI, AMDZ, BETA1, C, CA, CALPHA, CB, CB1, CBEFF,
                CC, CSA, CSI, CSZ, ICL, LISTO, MH, NB, NC, NFR, PI, PI2, R, SA2PI, SALPHA, TOC & V
8000
0009
0010
          CODED BY W. CHIANG
0011
          100CT86, S. HSU TRANSLATED FROM (3037-CASCAD [HP9845]-LOOP) WHICH WAS
0012
                SEPARATED FROM MAIN OF (3037-CASCAD[HP9845]), 26AUG85, AND
0013
                REVISED NOV85
0014
        C REVISED 27FEB87, CHIANG; TOUCHED 01APR87
0015
0016
              CHARACTER TDATE*9
0017
              PARAMETER ( NALMX=13, NAMX=19, NBMX=4, NCMX=9, NFRMX=15, NSMX=5)
0018
0019
0020
              COMMON/M IL /
0021
              COMMON/ DGILR/
                                 LISTO, NFR
0022
              COMMON/ DG L /
                                 C(NFRMX)
0023
              COMMON/ D IL /
0024
              COMMON/ GILR/
                                 CSA
                                 G(NFRMX,NFRMX), H(NFRMX,NFRMX),
0025
              COMMON/ G LR/
0026
                                 B(NFRMX), T(NFRMX),
                                                                   AMDAD, CS
0027
                                 ICL(NAMX, NCMX, NSMX, NBMX),
              COMMON/
                         IL /
0028
                                 BETA1(NBMX), CB1(NSMX), V(NFRMX)
0029
                                 AMDA, AMDZ, AMDI, CA, CC, CSI, CSZ, SALPHA,
0030
                                 SENDS, TOC,
                                                          ISCL, MH, NA, NB, NC, NS
0031
                                 ALPHAM, CALPHA, CB, P12
              COMMON/
                         ILR/
0032
              COMMON/
                          LR/
                                 A(NFRMX),
                                                          C80
0033
0034
              DIMENSION GHV( NFRMX*(NFRMX+1) )
             + ALFAM(NALMX), B1(NALMX), BCTTT(NFRMX), BT(NFRMX), CL(NALMX),
0035
0036
                CL1(NALMX), DTH(NALMX), DUMMY(NALMX), TT(NFRMX), VE(NFRMX),
0037
                VEC(NFRMX)
0038
0039
              NFR1
                         =NFR+1
0040
              NFRSQ
                         =NFR*NFR
0041
              NFRSQP
                         =NFRSQ+1
0042
                         =-1./PI
0043
              DO
                        N=1,NFR
0044
                VE(N)
                         =V(N)*Q
0045
                END DO
0046
               IF (LISTO.GT.0) THEN
0047
                00
                       N=1,NFR
0048
                  VE(N) =VE(N)*CALPHA
0049
                  END DO
0050
                END IF
0051
0052
              IF (MH.EQ.2) GOTO 1310
0053
0054
              GOTO ( 110, 120, 130) LISTO
0055
          110 WRITE(6,112) C(1), C(2)
0056
0057
          112 FORMAT(//
             + ' LAMDA C/S
0058
                              G00
                                    G02
                                          G11
                                                  G20
                                                        G22
                                                               H00
                                                                     H01
                                                                           H10',
0059
                           B1
                                        T1'/' (DEG)'/
                                 TO
0060
                           0 1.000
                                       0-1.000
                                                    0-1.000
                                                                 0
                                                                       0
                                                                             0'
             + 2F6.3'
0061
                                  0')
                            0
0062
              GOTO 310
0063
          120 WRITE(6,122)
0064
0065
          122 FORMAT(//' LAMDA CB
                                      C/S
                                              AOA
                                                      AOC
                                                             AOT
                                   AC
0066
             + ' A1T
                            AA
                                          AT'/' (DEG)'/)
              GOTO 310
0067
0068
0069
          130 WRITE(6, 132)
0070
          132 FORMAT(//' LAMDA CB
                                       C/S
                                                  CL
                                                                              A1 ',
                                                          (CL)
                                                                     A0
                                           A4'/' (DEG)'/)
0071
                                 A3
0072
0073
        C 200 LOOP TO PRODUCE MELLOR'S TABLE+OPTIONAL USING ALPHAM AS A PARAMETER ******
0074
0075
        C 300 LOOP THRU STAGER ANGLES *****
0076
          310 DO750AMDAD=AMDA,AMDZ,AMDI
0077
                         =INT( (AMDAD-AMDA)/AMDI+.000001) + 1
                KA
```

0001

SUBROUTINE LOOP

```
C 400 LOOP THRU CB *****
0079
                IF (LISTO.EQ.2 .OR. LISTO.EQ.3) THEN
0080
0081
                  CB0
                        =0.
0082
                 ELSE
0083
                  CBO
0084
                 END IF
0085
                DO 750CB=CB0,1.,1.
                  CBTOC =-CB*TOC
0086
0087
                      N=1,NFR
                  DO
8800
                    VEC(N)
                                =VE(N)*CB
0089
                    END DO
0000
                  IF (LISTO.NE.0)
                                        VEC(1)=VEC(1)+SALPHA
0091
0092
        C 500
                  LOOP THRU SOLIDITIES *****
0093
                  00 750
                              CS=CSA, CSZ, CSI
0094
0095
                    CALL
                                GNK(KA)
0096
0097
                    IF ( MOD(LISTO, 10) .EQ.1 ) GOTO 750
0098
                    KN =0
0099
                    DO N=1,NFR
                      BCTTT(N) =B(N)*CBTOC-T(N)*TOC
0100
                               K=1,NFR
0101
                      DO
0102
                        GHV(KN+K)
                                         =G(N,K)-H(N,K)*C8
0103
                        END DO
0104
                      KN=KN+NED
0105
                      END DO
0106
0107
                    IF (LISTO.EQ.0) THEN
        CCC
0108
        CCC
                      DO 720ALPHAM= 15.-AMDAD, 70.-AMDAD, 5.
0109
        CCC
                        SALPHA =SIND(ALPHAM)
0110
        CCC
                        SA2P1
                                =SALPHA*PI2
                        CALPHA =COSD(ALPHAM)
0111
        CCC
0112
        CCC
                            N=1,NFR
0113
        CCC
                        GHV(N+NFRSQ)
                                         =VEC(N)*CALPHA + BCT(N) + TT(N)
                        END DO
0114
        CCC
0115
        CCC
                      GHV(NFRSQP)
                                         =GHV(NFRSQP)+SALPHA
0116
                     ELSE
0117
                               N=1,NFR
                      DO
                        GHV(N+NFRSQ)
0118
                                        =VEC(N)+BCTTT(N)
0119
                        END DO
0120
        CCC
                     END IF
0121
0122
        C 600
                      CALC. FOURIER COEFS. ********
0123
0124
                      CALL
                                SIMUL1( 3, NFR, GHV, A, 1.E-9, DETER)
0125
0126
                      IF (DETER.LT..1) PRINT *, 'DETER < .1 ???'
0127
        C 700
                      CALC. VORTICITY GAMMA & LIFT COEF. CL ********
0128
0129
                                RESULT( DUM, CL, DUM, DUM)
0130
                      CALL
0131
0132
        CCC
                      IF (LISTO.EQ.O) THEN
0133
        CCC720
                        CONTINUE
0134
        CCC
                        END IF
0135
0136
          750
                    CONTINUE
0137
        C 750
                  CONTINUE
0138
        C 750
                CONTINUE
0139
0140
              IF (LISTO.EQ.11) THEN
0141
                WRITE(10,*) 999
0142
                END IF
0143
0144
              GO TO 3900
0145
0146
        C1200 LOOP TO PRODUCE DATA TO BE COMPARED W/HERRIG'G **********
0147
0148
        C1300 LOOP THRU SOLIDITIES *****
         1310 DO 1850 CS=CSA,CSZ,CSI
0149
0150
                        =INT( (CS-CSA)/CSI + 1.1 )
                IS
0151
                WRITE(6, 1320)
0152
         1320
               FORMAT(/' C/S LAMDA
                                        CB ALPHA(M)
                                                        CL(M) DTHETA BETA(M)',
                        ' BETA(1) ALPHA(1)
0153
                                              CL(1)'/'
                                                              (DEG)'/)
0154
                WRITE(6,6330) CS
0155
               LOOP THRU LAMDA *****
0156
        C1400
                                                          - B-82 -
0157
                DO 1850 AMDAD=AMDA,AMDZ,AMD
```

0078

```
0158
                  IF ( AMDAD-AMDA .GT. 0.)
                                                 WRITE(6,6410) AMDAD
0159
0160
                  CALL GNK( INT( (AMDAD-AMDA)/AMDI+.000001 ) + 1 )
0161
0162
                  DO
                       N=1,NFR
                     BT(N)
                                 =-B(N)*TOC
0163
0164
                                 =-T(N)*TOC
                     TT(N)
0165
                     END DO
0166
0167
        C1500
                  LOOP THRU CB *****
0168
                       1850
                               IC=1,NC
                  DO
0169
                     IF (IC.GT.1)
                                       WRITE(6,6510) CB1(IC)
0170
                     CB =C81(IC)*CC
0171
                     KM =0
0172
                     DO N=1,NFR
0173
                       BCTTT(N) =BT(N)*CB+TT(N)
0174
                       VEC(N)
                                 =VE(N)*CB
0175
                                K=1,NFR
                       DO
0176
                         GHV(KN+K)
                                         =G(N,K)-H(N,K)*CB
0177
                         END DO
0178
                       KM
                                 =KN+NFR
0179
                       END DO
0180
0181
        C1600
                     LOOP THRU ALPHAM *****
0182
                     ALFAM(1)
                                 =20.-AMDAD
0183
                     KIA =0
0184
                     IA =1
                     ALPHAM
                                 =ALFAM(IA)
0185
         1610
0186
                     ALPHA
                                 =ALPHAM*CA
0187
                     IF (ABS(ALPHA).GT.90.) THEN
                      PRINT *, 'ERROR... ABS(ALPHA).GT.90...', ALPHA
0188
                      STOP 'LOOP. 1610'
0189
0190
                       END IF
0191
0192
                     SALPHA
                                 =SIND(ALPHA)
0193
                     CALPHA
                                 =COSD(ALPHA)
0194
                     DO N=1.NFR
0195
                       GHV(N+NFRSQ)
                                         =VEC(N)*CALPHA+BCTTT(N)
0196
                       END DO
0197
                     GHV(NFRSQP) =GHV(NFRSQP)+SALPHA
0198
0199
        C1700
                     CALC. FOURIER COEFS. ********
0200
0201
                     CALL
                                 SIMUL1( 3, NFR, GHV, A, 1.E-9, DETER)
0202
0203
                     IF (DETER.LT..1) PRINT *, 'DETER < .1 ???'
0204
0205
        C1800
                     CALC. VORTICITY GAMMA & LIFT COEF. CL *********
0206
0207
                     CALL
                                 RESULT( 81, CL, CL1, DTH)
0208
0209
                     IF (IA.GT.1) THEN
0210
                       IF (B1(IA).GT.70.) GOTO 1840
0211
                       IF (IA.NE.3) GOTO 1830
0212
                       IF (B1(3).GT.30.) GOTO 1830
0213
                       ALFAM(3) = ALFAM(3) - INT(B1(3)) + 32.
0214
                       GOTO 1610
0215
                      END IF
0216
                     IF (B1(1).LT.30. .AND. B1(1).GT.24.) GOTO 1830
0217
                     KIA =KIA+1
0218
                     IF (KIA.LE.9) THEN
0219
                       ALFAM(1) = ALFAM(1) - INT( B1(1) ) + 28.
0220
                       GOTO 1610
0221
                       END IF
0222
        CCC ?? ERROR BELOW
0223
                     IF (B1(1).GT.24.)
                                            ALFAM(1)=ALFAM(1)-1
0224
                     IF (B1(1).LT.30.)
                                            ALFAM(1)=ALFAM(1)+1
0225
                     GOTO 1610
0226
                     ALFAM(IA+1) =ALFAM(IA)+5.
0227
         1830
0228
                     IA =IA+1
0229
                     GOTO 1610
0230
0231
         1840
                     CALL
                                 SPLIN1( IA, B1, ALFAM, NB, BETA1, ALFAM, DUMMY,
0232
                                         DUM, SEND5, 1.E-6)
0233
0234
                     CALL
                                 SPLIN1( IA, B1,
                                                    CL, NB, BETA1,
                                                                       CL, DUMMY,
0235
                                         DUM, SENDS, 1.E-6)
0236
0237
                    CALL
                                 SPLIN1( IA, B1, CL1, NB, BETA1,
                                                                      CL1, DUMMY,
```

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```
0238
                                           DUM, SEND5, 1.E-6)
0239
0240
                                  SPLIN1( IA, B1,
                                                   DTH, NB, BETA1, DTH, DUMMY,
                     CALL
                                           DUM, SENDS, 1.E-6)
0241
0242
                        KIB
0243
        CCC
                                  =0
                     DO 1850 IB=1,NB
0244
0245
                       ALPHA1
                                  =BETA1(IB)-AMDAD
0246
                        IF ( AMOD( ALPHA1, 2.) .NE. 0.) GOTO 1850
0247
                        IA=ALPHA1/2+3
0248
                        IF (IA.GT.19 .OR. IA.LT.1) GOTO 1850
0249
        CCC
                          IF (KIB.NE.0)
                                               WRITE(6,6850)
0250
        CCC
                          KIB
                       WRITE(6,6860) ALFAM(IB), CL(IB), DTH(IB), ALFAM(IB)+AMDAD, BETA1(IB), ALPHA1, CL1(IB)
0251
0252
0253
                        IF ( ICL(IA, IC, IS, IB) . LT . 32760 ) THEN
                         PRINT *, 'ERROR... ICL(IA,IC,IS,IB).LT.32760...', ICL(IA,IC,IS,IB), IA, IC, IS, IB
0254
0255
                         STOP 'LOOP.6870'
0256
0257
                         END IF
0258
                        ICL(IA,IC,IS,IB) =CL1(IB)*10000
0259
         1850
                       CONTINUE
0260
        C1850
                     CONTINUE
0261
        C1850
                   CONTINUE
0262
                 CONTINUE
        C1850
0263
0264
               IF (ISCL.GT.0) THEN
                 OPEN( 8, FILE='MELO8', STATUS='NEW')
0265
0266
                 WRITE(8,1910) TDATE, NB, NS, NC, NA
0267
                 FORMAT(' (3037-MELLOR-MELOS) CALCULATED CL TO BE COMPARED W/ ',
                 'HERRIG, ET AL, 1951', T71, A9/' NB, NS, NC, NA :'/415/
0268
                '((((ICL(IA,IC,IS,IB), IA=1,NA), IC=1,NC), IS=1,NS), ',
0269
0270
                'IB=1,NB), 999 :')
                 WRITE(8,*) ( ( ( [CL([A,[C,[S,[B), [A=1,NA), [C=1,NC), [S=1,NS), [B=1,NB), 999
0271
0272
0273
                 END IF
0274
         3900 RETURN
0275
0276
0277
        C5000 FORMAT
0278
         6330 FORMAT(1XF4.2)
         6410 FORMAT(/F11.0)
0279
         6510 FORMAT(F16.2)
0280
0281
         6860 FORMAT(4(F8.3)2(F9.2)F8.3)
0282
PROGRAM SECTIONS
    Name
                                            Bytes
                                                    Attributes
  0 SCODE
                                                                                     RD NOWRT LONG
                                             2808
                                                     PIC CON REL LCL
                                                                        SHR
                                                                              EXE
  1 SPDATA
                                                     PIC CON REL LCL
                                                                        SHR MOEKE
                                                                                     RD NOWRT LONG
                                              821
  2 $LOCAL
                                             2000
                                                     PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE
                                                                                     RD
                                                                                          WRT LONG
  3 MIL
                                                     PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                        SHR NOEXE
                                                                                          WRT LONG
                                                                                     RD
  4 DGILR
                                                     PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                        SHR MOEXE
                                                                                          WRT LONG
                                                R
                                                                                     RD
  5 DGL
                                               60
                                                     PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                        SHR NOEXE
                                                                                     RD
                                                                                          WRT LONG
                                                     PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                        SHR NOEXE
                                                                                          WRT LONG
  6 DIL
                                                                                     RD
  7 GILR
                                                     PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                        SHR NOEXE
                                                                                          WRT LONG
                                                                                     RD
                                             1928
  8 GLR
                                                     PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                        SHR NOEXE
                                                                                     RD
                                                                                          WRT LONG
  9 IL
                                            13840
                                                     PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                        SHR NOEXE
                                                                                     RD
                                                                                           WRT LONG
 10 ILR
                                                     PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                        SHR NOEXE
                                                                                     RD
                                                                                           WRT LONG
                                               16
                                                                        SHR NOEXE
 11 LR
                                               64
                                                     PIC OVR REL GBL
                                                                                     RD
                                                                                          WY LONG
    Total Space Allocated
                                            21562
ENTRY POINTS
    Address Type
                    Name
                                                References
  0-00000000
                    LOOP
                                                     1#
VARIABLES
    Address Type
                                    Attributes References
                    Name
                                                   186=
                                                                        188
                                                                                   192
                                                                                              193
               R*4
                    AL PHA
                                                             187
              R*4
  2-00000660
                    ALPHA1
                                                   245=
                                                             246
                                                                        247
                                                                                   251
 10-00000000 R*4
                   ALPHAM
                                                    31
                                                              185=
                                                                        186
```

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9-000035D0 8-00000780	R*4 R*4	AMDA AMDAD	COMM	27 25 2 51	76 76=	77 77	157 157=	158 158(2)	160 160	182	245
9-00003508 9-00003504	R*4 R*4	AMD I AMD Z	COMM COMM	27 27	76 76	77 157	157	160			
9-00035DC 10-00000004 10-00000008	R*4 R*4 R*4	CA CALPHA CB	COMM COMM	27 31 31 176	186 48 85=	193= 86	195 88	102	170=	173	174
11-0000003c	R*4 R*4	CBO CBTOC	СОММ	32 86=	81= 100	83=	85				
9-000035E0 8-00000784 7-00000000	R*4 R*4 R*4	CC CS CSA	COMM COMM	27 25 24	170 93= 93	149= 149	150 150	154			
9-000035E4 9-000035E8	R*4	CSI CSZ	COMM COMM	27 27	93 93	149 149 201A	150 203				
2-0000644 2-0000648 2-0000664	R*4 R*4 I*4	DETER DUM IA		124A 130(3)A 184= 234A 271(2)=	126 231A 185 237A	234A 209 240A	237A 210 247=	240A 211 248(2)	227(2) 253	228(2)= 254(2)	231A 258
** ** 2-00000654	1*4 1*4 1*4	IB IC IS	com	244= 168= 150= 27	245 169(2) 253 264	251(6) 170 254(2)	253 253 258	254(2) 254(2) 271(2)=	258(2) 258	271(2)= 271(2)=	
9-000035F8 **	[*4 [*4	I SCL	COMM	101=	102(3)	175=	176(3)				
2-00000634 ** ** 4-00000000 9-00035FC	1*4 I*4 I*4 I*4	KA KIA KN Listo Mh	COMM COMM	77= 183= 98= 21 27	95A 217(2)= 102 46 52	218 104(2)= 54	171= 80(2)	176 90	178(2)= 97	140	
**	1*4			43= 102(2) 174(2)	44(2) 117= 176(2)	47= 118(3) 194=	48(2) 162= 195(3)	87= 163(2)	88(2) 164(2)	99= 172=	100(3) 173(3)
9-0003600 9-0003604 9-0003608	I*4 I*4 I*4	NA NB NC	COMM COMM COMM	27 27 27	266 231A 168	271 234a 266	237A 271	240A	244	266	271
4-00000004	I*4		COMM	21 104 201A	39 117	40(2) 124 A	43 162	47 172	87 175	99 178	101 194
** 2-00000624 2-0000628	1*4 1*4 1*4	NFR1 NFRSQ NFRSQP		39= 40= 41=	41 197(2)	118	195				
9-000360C 6-0000000	1*4	NS	COMM COMM	27 23	266 42	271					
10-0000000C ** 9-000035EC 9-000035F0	R*4 R*4		COMM COMM COMM	31 42= 27 27	44 90 231A	192= 234A	197 237A	240A			
3-00000000 9-000035F4		TOC	COMM	16 27	20 86	266 100	163	164			
ARRAYS											
Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	Bytes	. Dimensi	ons	References				
11-00000000 2-000003C0			COMM		(15) (13)		32 34 223(2)=	124A 182= 224(2)=	201A 185 227(2)=	213(2)= 231(2)A	219(2)= 251(2)
8-00000708 2-000003F4			СОММ		(15) (13)		25 34 216(2)	100 207A 219	163 210 223	212 224	213 231A
2-00000428	R*4	всттт		60	(15)		234A 34	237A 100=	240A 118	173=	195
9-00003570			COMM		(4)		27 245	231A 251 163-	234A 173	237A	240A
2-00000464 5-00000000 9-00003580	R*4	BT C CB1	COMM COMM	60	(15) (15) (5)		34 22 27	163= 56(2) 169	170		

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2-000004	4AO	R*4	CL		52	(13)		34	130A	207A	234(2)A	251
2-000004	4D4	R*4	CL1		52	(13)		34	207A	237(2)A	251	258
2-000005		R*4	DTH		52	(13)		34	207A	240(2)A	251	2/ 04
2-000005 8-00000		R*4 R*4	DUMMY G	СОММ	52 900	(13) (15, 15)		34 25	231A 102	234A 176	237A	240A
2-000000		R*4	GHV		960	(240)		34	102=	118=	124A	176=
								195=	197(2)=	201A		
8-000003		R*4	H	COMM	900	(15, 15)	- ,,	25	102	176	25.0-	274
9-000000 8-000007		I*4 R*4	ICL T	COMM	13680 60	(19, 9, 5 (15)	0, 4)	27 25	253 100	254 164	258=	271
2-000005	570	R*4	TT		60	(15)		34	164=	173		
9-000035	94	R*4	V	COMM	60	(15)		27	44			
2-000005		R*4	VE		60	(15)		34	44=	48(2)=	88	174
2-000005)EX	R*4	VEC		60	(15)		34 195	88=	90(2)=	118	174=
PARAMETER	CONS	TANT	S									
_					References							
Type Na	ame				References							
	ALMX				18# 18#	34(6)						
	AMX BMX				18#	27 27(2)						
I*4 NO	CMX				18#	27						
I*4 NI	FRMX				18#	22	25(6)	27	32	34(7)		
I*4 NS	SMX				18#	27(2)						
•										_		
LABELS												
Addres	ss	Labe	ι		References							
0-00000	20-	110			E/	F/#						
0-000000 1-000000		110 1121			54 56	56# 57#						
0-000000		120			54	64#						
1-000001		122'			64	65#						
0-000000	JE8	130			54	69#						
1-000001		1321			69	70#						
0-000000		310 350			62 74	67	76#	07	17/#			
0-000003 0-000003		750 1310			76 52	85 149#	93	97	136#			
1-000001		1320	,		151	152#						
0-000006	560	1610			185#	214	220	225	229			
0-000009		1830			211	212	216	227#	227			
0-000007		1840			210	231#						
0-000009 1-000002		1850 1910			149	157	168	244	246	248	259#	
1-00000	254	1710			266	267#						
0-00000/		3900 4770			144	275#						
1-000003 1-000003	_	6330 6410			154 158	278# 279#						
1-000003		6510			169	280#						
1-000003		6860	,		251	281#		•				
FUNCTIONS	AND .	SURP	MITINES DE	FERENCED								
					_ ^							
Type Na	me				References							
	ORSOP	EN			265							
	ik Thsam	^			95 244	160						
	i H≯AM TH\$CO				246 193							
	TH\$S [192							
pe	SULT				130	207						
	MUL1				124	207						
SF	PLIN1				231	234	237	240				

```
0001
              SUBROUTINE RESULT( BETA1, CL, CL1, DTH)
0002
0003
        C (3037-MELLOR-RESULT) (R) CALC. RESULTS FROM CASCADE THEORY, SUCH AS
0004
                                    VORTICITY(GAMMA), LIFT COEF. (MELLOR, 1959)
0005
        C REFERENCED BY LOOP
        C REFERENCES MTHSATAND (THRICE), MTHSCOSD (TWICE), MTHSSIND (TWICE), &
0006
0007
                MTH$TAND
          INPUT A, IRES, & PIZ, AND OUTPUT CL, IF IRES=1
0008
        C INPUT A, ALPHAM, AMDAD, CS, IRES, & PI2, AND OUTPUT BETA1, CL, CL1, &
0009
0010
                DTH, IF IRES=2
0011
        C INPUT A, AMDAD, B, CALPHA, CB, CS, G, H, IRES, LISTO, PI2, SA2PI, T,
                TOC2PI, AND OUTPUT NONE, IF IRES=3
0012
0013
        C CODED BY W. CHIANG, 14JUL83
          100CT86, S. HSU TRANSLATED FROM (3037-CASCAD[HP9845]-RESULT) WHICH,
0014
        C
0015
                REVISED 07NOV85, WAS ADAPTED FROM (3725-CASCAD[HP9845]-RESULT).
0016
                05AUG85
0017
        C REVISED 17NOV86, CHIANG; TOUCHED 01DEC86
0018
0019
              PARAMETER ( NFRMX=15)
0020
0021
              COMMON/DGILR/
                                 LISTO, NFR
0022
              COMMON/ GILR/
                                 CSA
              COMMON/ G LR/
0023
                                 G(NFRMX,NFRMX), H(NFRMX,NFRMX),
0024
                                 B(NFRMX), T(NFRMX),
                                                                  AMDAD, CS
0025
              COMMON/ ILR/
                                 ALPHAM, CALPHA, CB, P12
0026
              COMMON/ I R/
                                 IRES
                                                 SAZPI, TOCZPI
              COMMON/
                                 A(NFRMX),
0027
                        LR/
                                                         CBO
0028
0029
        C 100 CALC. CL ********
0030
                        =( A(1)+A(2) )*P12
              GOTO ( 3900, 2100, 3100), IRES
0031
              PRINT *, 'IRES SHOULD BE 1, 2, OR 3, NOT', IRES
0032
              STOP 'RESULT. 110'
0033
0034
0035
        C2000 (3037-MELLOR-RESULT-CL1) CALC. BETA1 & CL1 *********
0036
              CODED BY W. CHIANG, 12AUG85; TRANSLATED BY S. HSU, 100CT86
              REVISED 160CT86, CHIANG
0037
0038
         2100 BETAM
                        =ALPHAM+AMDAD
0039
              SINBM=SIND(BETAM)
              TEM=CL*CS*.25+SINBM
0040
0041
              IF (TEM.EQ.O.) THEN
0042
                BETA1 =0.
0043
                CL1
በበፈፈ
                DTH
                        =-ATAND( TAND(BETAM)*2 )
                IF ( COSD(BETAM).LT.0 )
0045
                                             DTH=DTH-180.
0046
                GOTO 3900
0047
                END IF
0048
              IF (BETAM.EQ.90.) THEN
0049
                BETA1 =BETAM
0050
                        =0.
                DTH
0051
               ELSE
0052
                COSBM
                        =COSD(BETAM)
0053
                TANB1
                        =TEM/COSBM
0054
                BETA1
                        =ATAND(TANB1)
0055
                        =BETA1 - ATAND( (SINBM+SINBM)/COSBM-TANB1 )
0056
                IF (COSBM.LT.O.) THEN
0057
                  BETA1 =BETA1+180.
0058
                  DTH
                       =DTH-180.
0059
                  END IF
0060
               END IF
0061
0062
                        =SINO(BETA1)/TEM
0063
              CL1=TEM*TEM*CL
0064
        CCC
              WRITE(6,7200) ALPHAM, CL, DTH, BETAM, BETA1, BETA1-AMDAD, CL1
0065
              GOTO 3900
0066
        C3000 (3037-MELLOR-RESULT-SYMCAM) CALC. LIFT COEF. FOR A SYM. CAMBER,
0067
                                           USING A 3-TERM METHOD, SEE MELLOR (1959)
8800
0069
        C
              CODED BY W. CHIANG, 03AUG83
         3100 Q =-1./G(2,2)
0070
0071
              G33=G(3,3)
0072
              P7=G(3,1)/G33
0073
                        =G(1,1) - G(1,3)*P7 - (H(1,1)-H(1,3)*P7)*CB
        C
              PO
0074
              P1=1-G(1,1)-(H(1,2)-(H(1,3)*CB-G(1,3))*H(3,1)/G33)*CB
0075
              P3=B(3)*CB+T(3)
0076
              P4=P3*CB*H(3,1)/G33
                                                          -B-87-
0077
              P5=(H(2,3)*P7-H(2,1))*C8*Q
```

```
01.78
               Q9=Q*P1
0079
               AOA=1/(P5*P1+G(1,1)-G(1,3)*P7-(H(1,1)-H(1,3)*P7)*CB)
0080
               AOC=-AOA*CALPHA*P5
0081
               T9=B(2)*CB+T(2)+P4
               AOT=(P3*P7-B(1)*CB-T(1)-T9*P5)*AOA
0082
0083
               A1A=09*A0A
0084
               A1C=Q9*A0C+Q*CALPHA
0085
               A1T=Q9*A0T+Q*T9
0086
               AC=AOC+A1C
0087
               AA=AOA+A1A
8800
               AT=AOT+A1T
0089
0090
               GOTO ( 3900, 3200, 3300) LISTO
               PRINT *, 'ERROR... LISTO', LISTO STOP 'RESULT.3190'
0091
0092
0093
0094
         3200 IF (CS.EQ.CSA) THEN
0095
                 IF (CB.EQ.CBO) THEN
0096
                   WRITE(6,8200) AMDAD, CB, CS, AOA, AOC, AOT, A1A, A1C, A1T, AA,
0097
                                  AC, AT
0098
0099
                   WRITE(6,8210) CB, CS, AOA, AOC, AOT, A1A, A1C, A1T, AA, AC, AT
0100
                  END IF
0101
                ELSE
0102
                 WRITE(6,8220)
                                      CS, AOA, AOC, AOT, A1A, A1C, A1T, AA, AC, AT
0103
                END IF
               GOTO 3900
0104
0105
         3300 IF (CS.EQ.CSA) THEN
0106
0107
                 IF (CB.EQ.CBO) THEN
0108
                   WRITE(6,8300) AMDAD, CB, CS, CL, AC*CB + AA*SA2PI + AT*TOC2PI,
0109
                                  ( A(N), N=1,MIN(NFR,11))
0110
                  ELSE
0111
                                         CB, CS, CL, AC*CB + AA*SA2PI + AT*TOC2PI,
                   WRITE(6,8310)
0112
                                  ( A(N), N=1,MIN(NFR,11))
0113
                  END IF
0114
                ELSE
                                  CS, CL, AC*CB + AA*SA2PI + AT*TOC2PI, ( A(N), N=1,MIN(NFR,11))
0115
                 WRITE(6,8320)
0116
0117
                END IF
0118
0119
         3900 RETURN
0120
        C7200 FORMAT(2(F9.0,2(F9.3))F9.0)
0121
0122
         8200 FORMAT(/F4.0, F7.2, F6.1, 1x9(F7.3))
0123
         8210 FORMAT(/
                          F11.2, F6.1, 1x9(F7.3))
         8220 FORMAT(
0124
                                 F17.1,1X9(F7.3))
0125
         8300 FORMAT(/F4.0,F6.2,F7.1,1x11(F9.3))
                         F10.2, F7.1, 1x11(F9.3))
F17.1, 1x11(F9.3))
0126
         8310 FORMAT(/
         8320 FORMAT(
0127
0128
              END
```

	Name	Bytes	,	ltt	rib	ut	es						
0	\$CODE	1481) I C	СО	N	REL	LCL	SHR	EXE	RD	NOWRT	LONG
1	SPDATA	171						LCL		NOEXE		NOWRT	
2	SLOCAL	40		10	CO	N	REL	LCL		NOEXE	RD		LONG
3	DGILR	8	ş	110	OV	R	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD		LONG
4	GILR	4	F	IC	ov	R	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD		LONG
5	GLR	1928	F	ıc	OV	R	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD		LONG
6	ILR	16	F	ıc	OV	R	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD		LONG
7	IR	12						GBL		NOEXE	RD		LONG
8	LR	64						GBL		NOEXE	RD		LONG

3724

ENTRY POINTS

Total Space Allocated

Address Type Name References 0-00000000

RESULT

1#

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References							
**	R*4	AQA		79≠	80	82	83	87	96	99	102
**	R*4	AOC		80≖	84	86	96	99	102		
**	R*4	AOT		82=	85	88	96	99	102		
**	R*4	A1A		83=	87	96	99	102			
**	R*4	A1C		84=	86	96	99	102			
	R*4	A1T		85=	88	96	99	102			
2-00000000	R*4 R*4	AA AC		87= 84-	96	99	102	108	111	115	
6-00000000	R*4	ALPHAM	COMM	86≖ 25	96 70	99	102	108	111	115	
5-00000780	R=4	AMDAD	COMM	23	38 38	96	108				
2-00000004	R*4	4.7		00	۸,		400				
AP-00000004		AT Beta1		88= 1	96 43-	99	102	108	111	115	
**	R*4	BETAM	*	38=	42= 39	49= 44	54= 45	55	57(2)=	62	
6-000J0004	R*4	CALPHA	COMM	25	80	84	4,7	48	49	52	
6-00000008	R*4	CB	COMM	25	74(2)	75	76	77	79	81	82
				95	96	99	107	108(2)	111(2)	115	υž
8-0000003C	R*4	CBO	COMM	27	95	107					
AP-00000008		CL	COM	1	30=	40	63 -	108	111	115	
AP-0000000Ca		CL1		i	43=	63=	05 .	100	111	113	
**	R*4	COSBM		52 =	53	55	56				
5-00000784	R*4	cs	COMM	23	40	94	96	99	102	106	108
				111	115		,,	• •	102	100	100
4-00000000	R*4	CSA	COMM	22	94	106					
AP-0000010a	R*4	DTH		1	44=	45(2)=	: 50 =	55≃	58(2)≈		
**	R*4	G33		71=	72	74	76				
7-00000000	1*4	IRES	COMM	26	31	32					
3-00000000	I*4	LISTO	COMM	21	90	91					
**	1*4	N		108(2)=	111(2)=	115(2)=					
3-00000004	1*4	NFR	COMM	21	108	111	115				
**	R*4	P1		74=	78	79					
**	R*4	P3		75=	76	82					
**	R*4	P4		76=	81						
**	R*4	P5		77=	70	90	92				
**	R*4	P7		77= 72=	79 77	80	82				
6-0000000C	R*4	PI2	COMM	25	30	79(2)	82				
**	R*4	Q	33.11	70=	77	78	84	85			
**	R*4	99		78=	83	84	85	0,5			
7-00000004	R*4	SA2P1	COMM	26	108	111	115				
**	R*4	SINBM		39=	40	55(2)	113				
**	R*4	T9		81=	82	85					
**	R*4	TANB1		53=	54	55					
**	R*4	TEM		40=	41	53	62(2)=	63(2)			
7-00000008	R*4	TOC2P1	COMM	26	108	111	115				
ARRAYS											
Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensio	ons	References				
8-00000000	R*4	A	COMM	40	/1E\		27	70/35	100		445
5-00000708	R*4	B	COMM		(15) (15)		23	30(2) 75	108	111	115
5-00000000	R*4	Ğ	COMM		(15, 15)		23	70	81 71	82 73	7//25
	•	-		700	(10, 10)		79(2)	, ,	, ,	72	74(2)
5-00000384	R*4	H	COMM	900	(15, 15)		23	74(3)	76	77(2)	79(2)
5-00000744	R*4	T .	COMM	60	(15)		23	75	81	82	, , (4)
PARAMETER CON	STANTS	s									
Type Name				References							
I*4 NFRMX				19#	23(6)	27					
LABELS											
-MOEL3											

Address Label

References

0-0000006C 2100 0-0000012C 3100

38# 70#

- B-89 -

0-0000025C 0-000003FC	3200 3300	90 90	94# 106#				
0-000005c8	3900	31	46	65	90	104	119#
1-00000041	8200,	96	122#				
1-00000056	82101	99	123#				
1-00000068	82201	102	124#				
1-00000076	83001	108	125#				
1-00000088	83101	111	126#				
1-00000090	83201	115	127#				

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Type	Name	Reference	S	
R*4	MTHSATAND	44	54	55
R*4	MTH\$COSD	45	52	
R*4	MTH\$SIND	39	62	
R*4	MTH\$TAND	44		

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS - Value Modified

- Defining Reference - Actual Argument, possibly modified - Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

B.4 PROGRAM DSN3

Provided in this section is a listing of the computer program DSN3 and the following subroutines:

DSN2

FILONC

INP

INP2

MAP32

MELLOR2

MELLOR3

PFM3

SIMUL1

and SPLIN1.

```
0001
                PROGRAM DSN3
0002
         C (3037-DSN3m) (M) Blade design for 3D flow
         C v. 1.0
0003
         C Includes SUBs (D) DSN2, (F) FILONC, (I) INP, (J) INP2, (L) MAP32, C (N) MELLOR2, (D) MELLOR3, (P) PFM3, ( ) SIMUL1, AND
0004
0005
0006
                            (S) SPLIN1
0007
         C References DSN2, INP, INP2, MAP32, AND PFM3
         C Coded 23MAR87; TOUCHED 21JAN88; INCLUDED DSNCOM 15JUN88
0008
0000
0010
         COM (3037-DSN3-DSNCOM) COMMON STATEMENTS... 09APR87; REVISED 01JUN88
                                     ( MXN=200, NAMDAM=90, NFRMX=15, NSECRM=15,
0011
         COM
                   PARAMETER
                  * NSTAMX=11, NSTLMX=9, NYSMX=101)
HXN:/S/; NAMDAM:/NO/; NFRMX:/NO/; NSECRM:/IJ/;
0012
         COM
0013
         COMC
                   NSTAMX:/DIJNOP/: NSTLMX:INP2: NYSMX:/NO/
0014
         COMC
0015
         COM
0016
         COM
                    EQUIVALENCE
                                      ( A, VEC), ( CL1, CL1D), ( F(1), VY(1))
0017
         COM
                                 / CONFB, CONFSO, EPSS, EPSSO, PI2N
0018
         COM
                    COMMON/DI
                    COMMON/DIJ P/ NSTA,
0019
         COM
                                               USTAR
0020
         COM
                    COMMON/DI L / OMEGA
                    COMMON/DI P/ EPSA, IDBUG, MMAX
COMMON/D J / R(NSTAMX), XM(NSTAMX)
0021
         COM
0022
         COM
0023
         COM
                    COMMON/D JL / CT1, R1
                    COMMON/D JLP/ R1N, R2N
0024
         COM
0025
         COM
                    COMMON/D J P/ SIG
                    COMMON/D L / BETAO, CL1CLM, WXO
COMMON/D LP/ BETA1, BETA2, TANB1, TANB2
0026
         COM
0027
         COM
                               P/AO, A1, BO, CB, CHI, CLM, F, PHI, SIGH, STAG, TANBO
J / DEN. INTERP. RSTAR
                    COMMON/D
0028
         COM
                                               INTERP,
0029
         COM
                    COMMON/ IJ / DEN,
0030
         COM
                    COMMON/ I P/ CONFC, CONFSA
                    COMMON/ JL / CM1, CM2, CT2, R2
0031
         COM
0032
         COM
                    COMMON/ J P/ B(NSTAMX), BK(NSTAMX), RHO(NSTAMX), RN(NSTAMX),
0033
         COM
                                               WM1N, WM2N
0034
         COM
0035
         COM
                    COMMON/NO/ GJ(NAMDAM, NFRMX, NFRMX), HJ(NAMDAM, NFRMX, NFRMX),
                                               BJ(NAMDAM,NFRMX), TJ(NAMDAM,NFRMX)
0036
         COM
                                               AMDAJ(NAMDAM), FCP(NYSMX), V(NFRMX),
0037
         COM
                                               XAXIS(NSTAMX), XCC(NYSMX),
AMDA, AMDI, AMDAMN, AMDAMX,
0038
         COM
0039
         COM
0040
                                               NAMDA, NFR, NFRSQ, NFRSQP, NYS, NYSM,
         COM
0041
         COM
                                               PI, PI2, TOC
0042
0043
                CHARACTER TDATE*9, VS*3
0044
0045
                            VS/'1.0'/
                DATA
0046
0047
                OPEN ( 5, FILE='DSN3I', STATUS='OLD', READONLY)
                OPEN ( 6, FILE='DSN30', STATUS='NEW')
OPEN ( 11, FILE='MELO10', STATUS='OLD', READONLY) ... in sub MELLOR2
OPEN ( 21, FILE='DSN3ZI', STATUS='OLD', READONLY) ... in sub INP2
0048
0049
         C
0050
         C
0051
0052
                CALL
                          DATE (TDATE)
0053
0054
                WRITE(6,101) VS, TDATE
            101 FORMAT('10UTPUT FROM "DSN3"...VERSION 'A3,T61,A9//)
0055
0056
0057
                CALL
                          INP(NSECR)
0058
0059
                DΩ
                           K=1,NSECR
0060
0061
                   CALL
                            INP2(K)
0062
0063
                   CALL
                            MAP32
0064
0065
                   CALL
                            DSN2
0044
0067
                   CALL
                            PFM3
8800
0069
                   END DO
0070
0071
                WRITE (6,*) 'Done...'
0072
               · STOP 'Done ... '
0073
                FND
```

Name	Bytes	Attributes							
0 SCODE	166	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG							
1 SPDATA	60	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LONG							
2 \$LOCAL	136	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG							
Total Space Allocated	362								

ENTRY POINTS

Address	Type	Name	References
0-00000000		DSN3	1#

VARIABLES

Address	Type	Name	Attributes	References		
2-00000010	1*4	K		59=	61A	
2-0000000C				57A	5 9	
2-00000000	CHAR	TDATE		43	52A	54
2-00000009	CHAR	VS		43	45D	54

LABELS

Address	Label	References	
1-00000013	1011	54	55#

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Туре	Name	References				
	DSN2	65				
	FOR\$DATE_T_DS	52				
	FOR\$OPEN	47 48				
	INP	57				
	INP2	61				
	MAP32	63				
	FM2G	67				

ì		KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS
İ	=	- Value Modified
i	#	- Defining Reference
Ĭ	A	- Actual Argument, possibly modified
İ	D	- Data Initialization
İ	(n)	- Number of occurrences on line

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

F/LIS/CHE/CRO DSN3M

/CHECK=(BOUNDS,OVERFLOW,UNDERFLOW)
/DEBUG=(NOSYMBOLS,TRACEBACK)
/STANDARD=(NOSYNTAX,NOSOURCE_FORM)
/SHOW=(NOPREPROCESSOR,NOINCLUDE,MAP,NODICTIONARY,SINGLE)
/WARNINGS=(GENERAL,NODECLARATIONS)
/CONTINUATIONS=19 /CROSS_REFERENCE /NOD_LINES /NOEXTEND_SOURCE /F77
/NOG_FLOATING /14 /NOMACHINE_CODE /OPTIMIZE

```
0001
               SUBROUTINE DSN2
0002
        C (3037-DSN3-DSN2) (D) DESIGN IN 2D FLOW
0003
        C Refernced by MAIN (DSN3)
0004
        C References MELLOR3 & SPLIN1 & MTH$ATAND (thrice), MTH$COSD, & MTH$TAND
2025
        C To be compiled by VAX-11 FORTRAN, v.4.0
        C Coded 03APR87; REVISED 01JUN88
0006
0007
0008
              PARAMETER ( NSTAMX=11)
0009
0010
              CHARACTER TEMS*80
0011
0012
              COMMON/DI
                          / CONFB, CONFSO, EPSS, EPSSO, PIZN
0013
              COMMON/DIJ P/ NSTA,
                                        USTAR
              COMMON/DI L / OMEGA
0014
              COMMON/DI P/ EPSA,
0015
                                         IDBUG, MMAX
0016
              COMMON/D J / R(NSTAMX), XM(NSTAMX)
              COMMON/D JL / CT1, R1
0017
              COMMON/D JLP/ R1N, R2N
0018
0019
              COMMON/D J P/ SIG
              COMMON/D L / BETAO, CL1CLM, WXO
COMMON/D LP/ BETA1, BETA2, TANB1, TANB2
0020
0021
0022
              COMMON/D P/ AO, A1, BO, CB, CHI, CLM, F, PHI, SIGH, STAG, TANBO
0023
              DIMENSION DUMMY(1), RR(NSTAMX)
0024
0025
0026
        C1000 DETERMINE SOLIDITY BY ITERATION *****
0027
              SIGIN
                        =SIG
0028
0029
              WRITE(6,1010) SIG
0030
         1010 FORMAT(//' LOOP TO DETERMINE SOLIDITY, IN SUB DSN2:"//
                                                                 STAGGER'/
0031
             + /
                                                         DESIGN
             + /
0032
                           CL(m)
                                      CL(1)
                                                СЬ
                                                         ALPHA1
                                                                   ANGLE SOLI',
0033
               //'YTID'
0034
                     0'F60.5)
0035
0036
              DATA
                        BIMN, BIMX, CLIMN, CLIMX, SIGMN, SIGMX
0037
                        / 30., 70.,
                                       0.,
                                             1.2,
0038
0039
              IF (BETA1.LT.B1MN .OR. BETA1.GT.B1MX) THEN
0040
                       ='WARNING(DSN2.1020): BETA1 out or range...'
0041
                PRINT *, TEMS, BETA1
                WRITE(6,*) TEMS, BETA1
0042
0043
                END IF
0044
0045
              M =0
0046
              FCOSB2
                        =(TANB1-TANB2) * COSD(BETAO) * 2.
0047
         1100 M =M+1
0048
              CLM
                        =FCOSB2/SIG
0049
              CL1
                        =CL1CLM*CLM
0050
              IF (SIG.LT.SIGMN .OR. SIG.GT.SIGMX .OR. CL1.LT.CL1MN .OR.
0051
                        CL1.GT.CL1MX) THEN
                TEMS
0052
                        ='WARNING(DSN2.1110): SIG or CL1 out or range...'
                PRINT *,
0053
                          TEMS, SIG, CL1, M
0054
                WRITE(6,*) TEMS, SIG, CL1, M
0055
                END IF
0056
0057
        C1200 CAMBER (Cb) & DESIGN ALPHA_1 (FROM MULTIPLE REGRESSION ANALYSIS)
                        =( ( ( -2.74752*CL1+20.91537 )*CL1-45.84094 )*CL1
0058
              CR
0059
                        +36.29869 )*CL1 - 5.23047
0060
                        + ( ( ( -1.66604*SIG-CL1*4.42872+8.26201 )*SIG
0061
                        + ( -10.87314*CL1+26.19466 )*CL1-14.15108 )*SIG
0062
                        + ( ( -9.83274*CL1+41.23668 )*CL1-47.03403 )*CL1
0063
                                 +13.59117 )*SIG +
               ( ( BETA1*.38594E-6-SIG*.50739E-4-CL1*.35308E-4-.20018E-4 )*
0064
0065
             , BETA1 + ( .0013187*SIG+.0040173 )*SIG +
0066
             , ( -.0016033*CL1+.0059786 )*CL1 - .00080978 )*BETA1 +
             , ( ( -.0014369*SIG-.11946 )*SIG-.010265 )*SIG +
0067
                 ( ( -.093633*CL1+.33569 )*CL1-.39504 )*CL1+.015917 )*BETA1
0068
0069
              ALFA1D
                        =( ( ( -1.78681*SIG+7.68063 )*SIG-12.95580 )*SIG
0070
                        +12.87888 )*SIG-2.22656 +
               ( ( CB*.01716-SIG*.06408+.01298 )*CB +
0071
0072
                ( SIG*.02078+.30280 )*SIG-.30496 )*CB +
0073
                ( ( SIG*.51975-2.50213 )*SIG+6.54778 )*SIG-2.78086 )*CB
0074
        C1300 STAGGER ANGLE
0075
0076
              STAG
                        =BETA1-ALFA1D
```

0077

```
0078
       C1400 SOLIDITY ON X-Y PLANE
0079
              DO
                       I=1.NSTA
0080
                RR(I)
                       =1./R(I)
0081
                END DO
0082
0083
              CALL
                        SPLIN1( NSTA, XM, RR, O, DUMMY, DUMMY, DUMMY, SIGMA, 1.,
0084
                                 1.E-6)
0085
0086
              SIGMA
                        =SIGMA/( COSD(STAG) * PI2N )
              IF ( ABS(SIG-SIGMA) .GE. EPSS ) THEN
0087
0088
                IF (M.GT.MMAX) THEN
0089
                  PRINT *, 'ITERATION # EXCEEDED ', HMAX
0090
                  STOP 'DSN2.1411'
0091
                  END IF
0092
                IF (IDBUG.GT.0)
0093
                        WRITE(6,6420) M, CLM, CL1, CB, ALFAID, STAG, SIGMA
                        =(SIGMA-SIG)*CONFSO+SIG
0094
0095
                GOTO 1100
0096
               END IF
0097
                                       M, CLM, CL1, CB, ALFA1D, STAG, SIGMA
กกจร
              WRITE(6,6420)
0099
              IF (CB.GT.4. .OR. CB.LT.-1. .OR. ALFA1D.GT.36. .OR. ALFA1D.LT.O.)
0100
0101
                PRINT *, 'CHECK CB OR ALFA1D...', CB, ALFA1D
                STOP 'DSN2.1425'
0102
0103
                END IF
0104
0105
              IF ( ABS(SIGIN-SIGMA) .LT. EPSSO) THEN
0106
                SIG
                         =SIGIN
0107
               ELSE
                PRINT 1455, SIGIN, SIGMA
0108
                FORMAT(' SOLIDITY USED IN "MELLOR" TO ESTABLISH "MELO10.DAT"'/
0109
0110
                         ' HAS TO BE CORRECTED FROM'F8.5' TO'F8.5)
                STOP 'DSN2.1456'
0111
               END IF
0112
0113
        C2000 CONSTANTS *****
0114
                         =WXO/USTAR
0115
              PHI
0116
              SIGH
                         =SIG*.5
0117
0118
                         =(R2N*R2N-R1N*R1N)/PHI
              CHI
0119
        C
              PSI
                         =(R2N*R2N-R1N*R1N+PHI*DWYN)*2.
0120
0121
        C3000 TURNING ANGLE WITHOUT 3D EFFECTS *****
0122
                        æΩ
                         =ATAND( (TANB1+TANB2)*.5 )
0123
              BETAO
              WRITE(6,3010) TANB1-TANB2, BETAO
0124
0125
         3010 FORMAT(//'
                                                        CL(m)
                                                                          Beta 0 ',
                                    AO
0126
                    Beta 2'//
0127
                     0'F40.5, F10.5)
0128
0129
        C3100 DETERMINE BO (OR BETA1 OR TURNING ANGLE) BY ITERATION
0130
0131
         3110 CALL
                       MELLOR3( BETAO-STAG, CB, STAG, NSTA, VNX, VNY, 2,
0132
                                 AO, A1, CLM)
0133
0134
0135
                         =CLM * SIGH / COSD(BETAO)
0136
              80
                         =ATAND(TANB1-F*.5)
0137
0138
              IF ( ABS(BO-BETAO) .GT. EPSA ) THEN
0139
                IF (M.GT.MMAX) THEN
0140
                  PRINT *, 'ITERATION # EXCEEDED ', MMAX
                  STOP 'DSN2.2111'
0141
0142
                  END IF
                                      WRITE(6,6420) N, AO, A1, CLM, F, BO
0143
                IF (IDBUG.GT.0)
0144
                BETAO
                        =(BO-BETAO)*CONFB+BETAO
                GOTO 3110
0145
0146
                END IF
0147
0148
              TANKO
                         ≠TAND(BO)
0149
              TANB2
                         =TANR1-F
0150
                         =ATAND(TANB2)
              BETA2
0151
              WRITE(6,6420) M, AO, A1, CLM, F, BO, BETA2
0152
0153
         6420 FORMAT(15,6F10.5)
0154
0155
              RETURN
0156
              END
                                                           - B-95 -
```

	Name	Bytes	Att	ribu	tes						
0	\$CODE	1932	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	SHR	EXE	RD	NOWRT	LONG
1	SPDATA	558	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	NOWRT	LONG
2	SLOCAL	312	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	NOSHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
3	Oi	· 20	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
4	DIJP	8	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LON(
5	DIL	4	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
6	DIP	12	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
7	DJ	88	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
8	DJL	8	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LON
9	DJLP	8	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL		NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
10	DJP	4	PIC	OVR	REL	G8L	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
11	DL	12	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
12	DLP	16	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
13	DP	44	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
	Total Space Allocated	3026									

Address	Туре	Name	Ref	erences
0-00000000		DSN2		1#
VARIABLES				

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References							
13-00000000	R*4	AO	COHM	22	131A	143	151				
13-00000004	R*4	A1	COMM	22	131A	143	151				
**	R#4	ALFA1D	COM	69=	76	92	98	99(2)	101		
13-00000008	R*4	BO	COMM	22	136=	138	143	144	148	151	
2-00000084	R*4	B1MN	COM	36D	39	130	143	144	140	131	
2-0000000	K - 4	D (FIM		300	39						
2-00000088	R*4	STMX		360	39						
11-00000000	R*4	BETAO	COMM	20	46	123=	124	131	135	138	144(3)=
12-00000000	R*4	BETA1	COMM	21	39(2)	41	42	58(4)	76		
12-00000004	R*4	BETAZ	COMM	21	150=	151					
13-0000000C	R*4	CB	COMM	22	58=	69(4)	92	98	99(2)	101	131A
13-00000010	R*4	CHI	COMM	22	118=						
**	R*4	CL1	00.11	49=	50(2)	53	54	58(16)	92	98	
11-00000004	R*4	CL1CLM	COMM	20	49	75	74	30(10)	,,	,0	
2-0000008C	R*4	CL 1MN	OGNIT	360	50						
2-00000090	R*4	CL 1MX		36D	50						
2 00000070	~ ~	CLINA		300	30						
13-00000014	R*4	CLM	COMM	22	48=	49	92	98	131A	135	143
				151							
3-00000000	R*4	CONFB	COMM	12	144						
3-00000004	R*4	CONFSO	COMM	12	94						
8-00000000	R*4	CT1	COMM	17							
6-00000000	R*4	EPSA	COMM	15	138						
3-00000008	R*4	EPSS	COMM	12	87						
3-0000000C	R*4	EPSSO	COMM	12	105						
13-00000018	R*4	F .	COMM	22	135=	136	143	149	151		
**	R=4	FCOSB2		46=	48						
**	1*4	I		79 =	80(2)						
6-00000004	1*4	IDBUG	COMM	15	92	143					
**	i*4	M	OOM!	45=	47(2)=	53	54	88	92	98	122=
				134(2)=	139	143	151	00	72	70	122-
6-00000008	[*4	MMAX	COMM	15	88	89	139	140			
4-00000000	1+4	NSTA	COMM	13				140			
5-00000000	R*4	OMEGA		_	79	83A	131A			-	
3-00000000	K-4	OMEGA	COMM	14							
13-0000001C	R*4	PHI	COMM	22	115=	118					
3-00000010	R*4	PI 2N	COMM	12	86						
8-00000004	R*4	R1	COMM	17							
9-00000000	R=4	R1N	COMM .	18	118(2)						
9-00000004	R*4	R2N	COMM	18	118(2)						
10-00000000	R*4	SIG	COMM	19 69(10)	27 87	29 94(3)=	48 106=	50(2) 116	53	54	58(10)
13-00000020	R*4	SIGH	COMM	22	116=	135	100=	110			

2-00000080 2-000009C 2-0000094		SIGIN SIGMA SIGMN		27= 83A 360	105 86(2)= 50	106 87	108 92	94	98	105	108
2-00000098	R*4	SIGMX		360	50						
13-00000024	R*4	STAG	COMM	22	76=	86	92	98	131(2)A		
13-00000028	R*4	TANBO	COMM	22	148=						
12-00000008	R*4	TANB1	COMM	21	46	123	124	136	149		
12-0000000C	R*4	TANB2	COMM	21	46	123	124	149=	150		
2-00000030	CHAR	TEMS		10	40=	41	42	52=	53	54	
4-00000004	R*4	USTAR	COMM	13	115						
2-000000A0	R*4	VNX		131A							
2-000000A4	R*4	VNY		131A			•				
11-00000008	R*4	WX0	COMM	20	115						

ARRAYS

Address	Type	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensions	References		
2-00000000	R*4	DUMMY		4	(1)	24	83(3)A	
7-00000000	R*4	R	COMM	44	(11)	16	80	
2-00000004	R*4	RR		44	(11)	24	80 =	83A
7-0000002C	R*4	XM	COMM	44	(11)	16	83A	

PARAMETER CONSTANTS

Туре	Name	References		
1*4	NSTAMX	8#	16(2)	24

LABELS

Address	Label	References				
1-0000005E	10101	29	30#			
800000008	1100	47#	95			
1-00000119	14551	108	109#			
1-00000177	3010'	124	125#			
0-00000508	3110	131#	145			
1-000001CD	64201	92	98	143	151	153#

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Туре	Name	Reference	es .	
	MELLOR3	131		
R*4	MTH\$ATAND	123	136	150
R*4	MTH\$COSD	46	86	135
R*4	MTHSTAND	148		
	SPL IN1	83		

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified

* - Defining Reference
 A - Actual Argument, possibly modified
 D - Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

```
30-Mar-1987 15:21:48
```

```
0001
              SUBROUTINE FILONC(N2,F,NK,SUM)
0002
0003
        C (3037-MELLOR-FICONC) INTEGRATE USING FILON'S FORMULA TO FIND FOURIER
0004
                                (COSINE) COEFS.
0005
        C REFERENCED BY INPUT: REFERENCES MTH$COSD (4 TIMES) & MTH$SIND (TWICE)
        C INPUT N2, NK, & F
0006
0007
        C OUTPUT SUM(J) = INT( F(X) * COS((J-1)*X) DX ), FOR J = 1 TO NK
8000
        C F IS SUPPOSED TO BE CORRESOPNDING TO X(1)=0 TO X(N2+1)=P1 WHILE
                ELEMENTS OF X ARE OF EQUAL INCREMENT OF H=PI/N2
0009
0010
        C N2 SHOULD BE AN EVEN NUMBER
0011
        C CODED BY W. CHIANG, 28JUL83
0012
        C 100CT86, S. HSU TRANSLATED FROM (3037-CASCAD [HP9845] -FILONC) WHICH WAS
                COPIED FROM (3725-CASCAD-FILONC), OGAUG85, WHICH WAS ADAPTED
0013
        C
0014
        C
                FROM (3725-FRRFIT)
0015
        C REVISED 30FEB87, CHIANG
0016
0017
              DIMENSION F(N2+1), SUM(NK)
0018
0019
              DATA
                        PI/3.14159265359/
0020
0021
        C 100
0022
              IF ( MOD(N2,2).GT.0 ) THEN
                PRINT *, 'N2 should be even...', N2
STOP 'FILONC.101'
0023
0024
0025
                END IF
0026
0027
        C 200
0028
              H=PI/N2
0029
              N2M=N2-1
0030
              F1H=F(1)*.5
0031
              FN2=F(N2)
0032
              SFN2PH=F(N2+1)*.5
0033
              C2NM
                        =0.
0034
              C2N=F1H-SFN2PH
0035
              DQ
                       I=2,N2,2
0036
                C2NM
                        =F(1)+C2NM
0037
                CON
                        =F(1+1)+C2N
0038
                END DO
0039
              SUM(1)
                        =(C2N+C2NM+C2NM)*(H+H)/3.
0040
              DO
                       J=2.NK
                SFN2PH=-SFN2PH
0041
0042
                TH=H*(J-1)
0043
                RTH=1./TH
0044
                RTHSQ2 =RTH*RTH*2.
0045
                CO=COS(TH)
0046
                C2NM
                        =0.
0047
                C2N=F1H+SFN2PH
0048
                       1=2,N2M,2
0049
                  C2NM =COS( (1-1)*TH ) * F(1) + C2NM
0050
                        =COS(I*TH) * F(I+1) + C2N
                  C2N
0051
                  END DO
0052
                C2NM=COS(N2M*TH)*FN2+C2NM
0053
                SUM(J) =( ( CO * CO + 1. - SIN(TH+TH) * RTH ) * RTHSQ2 * C2N +
                         ( SIN(TH)*RTH - CO ) * ( RTHSQ2+RTHSQ2 ) * C2NM ) * H
0054
0055
                END DO
0056
0057
              RETURN
0058
              END
```

Name	Bytes	Attributes	
0 \$CODE	561	PIC CON REL LCL SHR	EXE RD NOWRT LONG
1 SPDATA	30	PIC CON REL LCL SHR	NOEXE RD NOWRT LONG
2 SLOCAL	144	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR	NOEXE RD WRT LONG

735

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type Name

Total Space Allocated

1#

VARIABLES

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References							
**	R*4	C2N		34=	37(2)=	39	47=	50(2)=	53		
**		CZNM		33≃	36(2)=	39(2)	46=	49(2)=	52(2)=	53	
2-00000028	R*4	CO		45=	53(3)						
2-0000000C	R#4			30=	34	47					
2-00000010		FN2		31=	52						•
2-00000004	R*4	н		28=	39(2)	42	53				
**	1*4	Ī		35=	36	37	48=	49(2)	50(2)		
2-00000018	1=4	j		40=	42	53					
AP-00000004	-			1	17	22	23	28	29	31	32
/// UUUUUU	• • •			35							
2-00000008	1*4	N2M		29=	48	52					
AP-0000000C6	1*4	NK		1	17	40					
2-00000000	R*4	PI		190	28						
2-00000020	R*4	RTH		43=	44(2)	53(2)					
2-00000024	R*4	RTHSQ2		44=	53(3)						
2-00000014	R*4	SFN2PH		32=	34	41(2)=	47				
**	R*4	TH		42=	43	45	49	50	52	53(3)	

ARRAYS

Address Type	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensions	References				
AP-00000008a R*4	F		**	(*)	1 36	17 37	30 49	31 50	32
AP-00000010a R*4	SUM		**	(*)	1	17	39=	53=	

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Type	Name	References			
	MTH\$COS MTH\$SIN	45 53(2)	49	50	52

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified

- Defining Reference
A - Actual Argument, possibly modified
D - Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

16-Jun-1988 15:04:15 16-Jun-1988 15:04:06

```
0001
              SUBROUTINE INP(NSECR)
        C (3037-DSN3-INP) (I) INPUT DATA
0002
0003
        C Referenced by MAIN (DSN3); references none.
0004
        C Output NSECR
0005
        C To be compiled by VAX-11 FORTRAN, v.4.0
0006
        C Coded 09APR87; REVISED 20MAY87; SLIGHTLY REVISED 16OCT87; TOUCHED 16JUN88
0007
0008
        C READ1-TITLE FOR THIS RUN
0009
0010
        C READ2-DATA FOR THE SYSTEM
0011
                FLUID DENSITY; ENTER A NUMBER, IN PROPER UNIT, HERE IF IT IS
0012
        C DEN
0013
                CONSTANT OTHERWISE ENTER O AND ENTER THE DATA IN SUB "INP2"
        C RPM ROTATIONAL SPEED, IN rpm
C RSTAR REFERENCE RADIUS, IN USER'S UNIT
0014
0015
        C CONVR CONVERSION FACTOR TO BE MULTIPLY TO RSTAR SUCH THAT RSTAR IS IN
0016
0017
                METERS OR FEET
0018
0019
        C READ3-CONVERGENCE CRITERIA
0020
        C CONFB CONVERGENCE FACTOR FOR ADJUSTING BETAO, e.g., .5
        C CONFC CONVERGENCE FACTOR FOR ADJUSTING CB, e.g., 1.
0021
        C CONFSACONVERGENCE FACTOR FOR ADJUSTING STAGGER ANGLE, STAG, e.g., 0.
0022
0023
        C CONFSOCONVERGENCE FACTOR FOR ADJUSTING SOLIDITY, SIG, e.g., 1.
        C EPSA CONVERGENCE CRITERIA FOR BOTH del EQ. PHI AND del BETA1, e.g., .001
0024
        C EPSS CONVERGENCE CRITERIA FOR SOLIDITY ITERATION, e.g., .001
0025
0026
        C EPSSO ACCEPTABLE CRITERIA FOR INPUT SOLIDITY, e.g., .01
0027
        C MMAX MAXIMUM ITERATION NUMBER FOR A LOOP (del EQ. PHI & del BETA1) IN
0028
                SUB "PFM3"
        C IDBUG > 0 TO HAVE EXTRA OUTPUT FOR DEBUGGING PURPOSE;
0029
0030
                = 0 FOR NORMAL OUTPUT
0031
0032
        C READ4-SOME NUMBERS FOR ROTOR & ITS BLADES
0033
        C NBLADE# OF B'.ADES
        C NSECR # OF CROSS-SECTIONS ALONG THE RADIUS DIRECTION (USE NSECR=1 AT
0034
                THIS MOMENT BECAUSE SOLIDITY VARIES FROM SECTION TO SECTION)
0035
        C NSTA # OF STATIONS ALONG A CHORD, INCLUDING LEADING & TRAILING EDGES
0036
0037
        C INTERP= O TO READ THE SECTION DATA DIRECTLY FROM INPUT;
0038
                > 0 TO OBTAIN THE SECTION DATA THROUGH INTERPOLATION BASED ON
0039
                     DATA READ FROM UNIT 21 (IN SUB INP2)
0040
0041
        C READ2XX.... IN SUB "INP2"
0042
0043
        C READ11XX... IN SUB "MELLOR2"
0044
0045
0046
              PARAMETER ( NSECRM=15, NSTAMX=11)
0047
0048
                          / CONFB, CONFSO, EPSS, EPSSO, PIZN
              COMMON/DI
              COMMON/DIJ P/ NSTA,
0049
                                         USTAR
0050
              COMMON/DI L / OMEGA
              COMMON/DI P/ EPSA,
0051
                                          IDBUG, MMAX
              COMMON/ IJ / DEN,
                                                          RSTAR
0052
                                          INTERP,
0053
              COMMON/ I P/ CONFC, CONFSA
0054
0055
              DATA
                         PI/3.14159265359/
0056
0057
        C 100 READ DATA & ECHO
              READ (5,*)
READ (5,*) DEN, RPM, RSTAR, CONVR
0058
                                                                                    READ1
0059
                                                                                    READ2
          WRITE(6,130) RPM, RSTAR, CONVR
130 FORMAT(' ROTATIONAL SPEED (rpm) ='T60,F10.5/
0060
0061
             + ' REFERENCE RADIUS ( in user''s unit) ='T60,F10.5/
0062
0063
             + ' CONVERSION FACTOR TO BE MULTIPLY TO "RSTAR" SUCH THAT THE'/
0064
                     RADIUS IS IN feet OR meters ='T60,F10.5)
0065
              IF (DEN.GT.O.) THEN
0066
0067
                WRITE(6,*) 'FLUID DENSITY IS CONSTANT...'
0068
              FLSE
0069
                PRINT *, 'IF DEN=O, CHECK STATEMENTS WITH CRHO IN PFM3...'
                STOP 'INP. 135'
0070
0071
              END IF
0072
              IF (CONVR.GT.8.3 .AND. CONVR.LT.8.4) THEN
0073
0074
                RSTAR
                        =RSTAR/12.
0075
              ELSE
0076
                RSTAR
                         =RSTAR*CONVR
                                                          - B-100 -
0077
              END IF
```

```
0078
                             CONFB, CONFC, CONFSA, CONFSO, EPSA, EPSS, EPSSO,
0079
               READ (5,*)
0080
                              MMAX, IDBUG
                                                                                         READ3
0081
               WRITE(6,140) CONFB, CONFC, CONFSA, CONFSO, EPSA, EPSS, EPSSO,
0082
                              MMAX, IDBUG
           140 FORMAT(/' CONVERGENCE FACTOR FOR ADJUSTING BETAO ='T60, F7.2/
0083
0084
              + ' CONVERGENCE FACTOR FOR ADJUSTING Cb = 'T60, F7.2/
                ' CONVERGENCE FACTOR FOR ADJUSTING STAGGER ANGLE = 'T60, F7.2/
0085
              + ' CONVERGENCE FACTOR FOR ADJUSTING SOLIDITY ='T60, F7.2/
0086
0087
              + ' CONVERGENCE CRITERIA FOR del BETAO & del EQIVA. PHI ='T59,
0088
              + 1PE11.1/
0089
              + ' CONVERGENCE CRITERIA TO DETERMINE SOLIDITY ='T59, 1PE11.1/
              + 'ACCEPTABLE ERROR IN SOLIDITY ='T59,1PE11.1/
+ 'MAXIMUM ITERATION NUMBER ='T60,14/' IDBUG ='T60,14)
0090
0091
0092
0093
               OMEGA
                          =PI*RPM/30.
0094
               USTAR
                          =RSTAR*OMEGA
           WRITE(6,210) OMEGA, RSTAR, USTAR
210 FORMAT(/' ANGULAR VELOCITY (rad/sec) =',760,F10.5/
0095
0096
              + ' REFERENCE RADIUS AFTER CONVERTED TO BE IN ft or meters ='T60,
0097
0098
0099
              + ' REFERENCE BLADE SPEED IN fps or mps ='T60,F10.5)
0100
          READ (5,*) NBLADE, NSECR, NSTA, INTERP WRITE(6,310) NBLADE, NSECR, NSTA 310 FORMAT(/' NUMBER OF BLADES ='T60,14/
0101
                                                                                         READ4
0102
0103
0104
              + ' NUMBER OF CROSS-SECTIONS ALONG THE RADIUS DIRECTION ='T60,14/
0105
              + ' NUMBER OF STATIONS ALONG A CHORD ='T60, 14/)
0106
0107
               IF (INTERP.EQ.0) THEN
                 WRITE(6,*)
'THE FOLLOWING SECTION DATA READ DIRECTLY FROM INPUT:'
0108
0109
0110
               ELSE
0111
                 WRITE(6,*) 'SECTION DATA OBTAINED THROUGH INTERPOLATION BASED ',
0112
                           'ON DATA READ FROM UNIT 21'
0113
               END IF
0114
0115
               IF (NSECR.GT.NSECRM .OR. NSTA.LT.3 .OR. NSTA.GT.NSTAMX) THEN
                 PRINT *, 'NSECR.GT.NSECRM .OR. NSTA.GT.NSTAMX...', NSECR,
0116
0117
                                   NSECRM, NSTA, NSTAMX
0118
                 STOP 'INP.153'
0119
               END IF
0120
0121
        C 500 DATA PREPARATIONS
0122
                          =(PI+PI)/NBLADE
               P12N
0123
0124
               RETURN
0125
               END
```

Name	Bytes	Attributes
0 \$CODE	901	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG
1 SPDATA	1136	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LONG
2 \$LOCAL	80	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
3 DI	20	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
4 DIJP	8	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
5 DIL	4	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
6 DIP	. 12	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
7 IJ	12	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
8 IP	8	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG

Total Space Allocated 2181

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type Name References

0-00000000 INP 1#

VARIABLES

Address Type Name

Attributes References

		,								
3-00000000	R*4	CONFB	COMM	48	79=	81				
8-00000000	R*4	CONFC	COMM	53	79=	81				
8-00000004	R*4	CONFSA	COMM	53	79=	81				
3-00000004	R*4	CONFSO	COMM	48	79 =	81				
2-00000008	R*4	CONVR		59=	60	73(2)	76			
7-00000000	R*4	DEN	COMM	52	59=	66				
6-00000000	R*4	EPSA	COMM	51	79=	81				
3-00000008	R*4	EP\$S	COMM	48	79=	81				
3-0000000C	R*4	EPSSO	COMM	48	79=	81				
6-00000004	1*4	IDBUG	COMM	51	79=	81				
7-0000004	1*4	INTERP	COMM	52	101=	107				
6-00000008	1*4	MMAX	COMM	51	79=	81				
2-0000000C	1*4	NBLADE		101=	102	122				
AP-00000004a	1*4	NSECR		1	101=	102	115	116		
4-00000000	I*4	NSTA	COMM	49	101=	102	115(2)	116		
5-00000000	R*4	OMEGA	COMM	50	93=	94	95			
2-00000000	R*4	ΡΙ		55D	. 93	122(2)				
3-00000010	R*4	PI2N	COMM	48	122=					
2-00000004	R*4	RPM		59=	60	93				
7-00000008	R*4	RSTAR	COMM	52	59=	60	74(2)=	76(2)=	94	95
4-00000004	R*4	USTAR	COMM	49	94=	95				

PARAMETER CONSTANTS

rype	Name References			
1*4	NSECRM	46#	115	116
I*4	NSTAMX	46#	115	116

LABELS

Address	Label	References		
1-00000106	130'	60	61#	
1-000001BA	140'	81	83#	
1-00000358	210'	95	96#	
1-000003ED	310'	102	103#	

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

= - Value Modified

- Defining Reference

A - Actual Argument, possibly modified

- Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

F/LIS/CHE/CRO INP.FOR

/CHECK=(BOUNDS,OVERFLOW,UNDERFLOW)
/DEBUG=(NOSYMBOLS,TRACEBACK)
/STANDARD=(NOSYNTAX,NOSOURCE_FORM)
/SHOW=(NOPREPROCESSOR,NOINCLUDE,MAP,NODICTIONARY,SINGLE)
/WARNINGS=(GENERAL,NODECLARATIONS)
/CONTINUATIONS=19 /CROSS_REFERENCE /NOD_LINES /NOEXTEND_SOURCE /F77
/NOG_FLOATING /14 /NOMACHINE_CODE /OPTIMIZE

```
0091
              SUBBOUTINE IMP2(K)
        C (3037-DSN3-INP2) (J) 2ND INPUT ROUTINE
0002
0003
        C Referenced by MAIN (DSN3); references MELLOR2 & SPLIN1
        C Coded 03APR87; REVISED 01JUN88
0004
0005
0006
0007
        C ...AFTER READ7 IN "INP"...
8000
0009
        C READ201
                         TITLE
0010
                                 INITIALLY GUESSED SOLIDITY
        C READ202
0011
        C ***** READ203 TO READ210 REQUIRED iff INTERP=0 *****
0012
        C ***** READ210 REQUIRED iff DEN=0 *****
0013
0014
                                 PERIPHERAL VEL. AT THE LEADING EDGE (L/T)
        C READ203
                         CT1
                                 PERIPHERAL VEL. AT THE TRAILING EDGE (L/T)
0015
                         CT2
                                 X COORDINATES ALONG AXIX OF ROTATION, FOR
0016
        C READ204
                         XAX
                                 EACH OF NSTA STATIONS ALONG THE CHORD (L).
0017
0018
                                 XAX WILL BE NORMALIZED TO CHORD LENGTH, IN SUB
                                 "MELLOR2", SUCH THAT XAX(1)=0 & XAX(NSTA)=1 (.)
0019
                                 RADIUS FROM AXIS OF ROTATION (L)
0020
        C READ205
0021
                                 DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE (M-COORDINATE) (L)
        C READ206
                         XM
0022
                         CM
                                 MERIDIONAL VEL. (L/T)
        C READ207
                                 DISTANCE BETWEEN ADJACENT STREMLINES (L)
0023
        C READ208
                         В
0024
                                 (EITHER BETWEEN I-1 & I+1 OR HALF OF THAT)
0025
        C READ209
                                 BLOCKAGE FACTOR OWING TO BLADE THICKNESS INSIDE
                                 THE IMPELLER (.)
0026
        C ***** READ210 REQUIRED iff DEN=0 *****
0027
0028
        C READ210
                         RHO
                                 DENSITY OF FLUID (M/L^3)
0029
        C **** READ211 REQUIRED iff INTERP<>0 *****
0030
0031
        C READ211
                         RSL
                                 RADIUS DISTANCE OF THE STREAMLINE FROM THE AXIS
                                 OF ROTATION, AT SECTION IRSL (SEE BELOW) (L)
0032
                                 CDATA INPUT FROM FILE #21 ARE USED TO ESTABLISH
0033
        C
0034
        C
                                 THE PERAMETERS BASED ON THIS RADIUS & ITS
0035
                                 NEARBY INPUT RADII BY SIMPLE INTERPOLATION)
        C
0036
                         IRSL
                                 STATION # (FROM 1 TO NSTA) WHERE RSL IS DEFINED
        C
0037
0038
        C ***** READ2101 TO READ210 REQUIRED iff INTERP<>0 *****
        C ***** READ2111 REQUIRED iff DEN=0 *****
0039
0040
        C READ2101
                                 TITLE LINE
                         (REM)
0041
        C READ2102
                                 # OF STATIONS (q-LINES) FROM LEADING EDGE TO
                         ΝI
0042
                                 TRAILING EDGE
0043
                                 # OF STREAMLINES
                         CT1Z
                                 PERIPHERAL VEL. AT THE LEADING EDGE (L/T)
0044
        C READ2103
0045
        C READ2104
                         CT2Z
                                 PERIPHERAL VEL. AT THE TRAILING EDGE (L/T)
                                 X COORDINATES ALONG AXIX OF ROTATION, FOR EACH
0046
        C READ2105
                         XAXZ
                                 OF NSTA STATIONS ALONG THE CHORD (L).
0047
0048
                                 XAX WILL BE NORMALIZED TO CHORD LENGTH, IN SUB
0049
                                 "MELLOR2", SUCH THAT XAX(1)=0 & XAX(NSTA)=1
0050
        C READ2106
                                 RADIUS FROM AXIS OF ROTATION (L)
                         27
0051
        C READ2107
                         XMZ
                                 DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE (M-COORDINATE) (L)
0052
        C READ2108
                         CMZ
                                 MERIDIONAL VEL. (L/T)
0053
                                 DISTANCE BETWEEN ADJACENT STREMLINES (L)
        C READ2109
                         ΒZ
                                 (EITHER BETWEEN I-1 & I+1 OR HALF OF THAT)
0054
0055
        C READ2110
                         BKZ
                                 BLOCKAGE FACTOR OWING TO BLADE THICKNESS INSIDE
0056
                                 THE IMPELLER (.)
        C **** READ2111 REQUIRED iff DEN=0 ****
0057
0058
        C READ2111
                                 DENSITY OF FLUID (M/L^3)
0059
0060
0061
               CHARACTER*80
                                 REM
0062
0063
              PARAMETER ( NSTAMX=11, NSTLMX=9)
0064
        C
                NSTLMX=MAX. # OF STREAM LINES W/ DATA PROVIDED BY UNIT 21
0065
0066
               COMMON/DIJ P/ NSTA,
                                         USTAR
               COMMON/D J / R(NSTAMX), XM(NSTAMX)
0067
0068
               COMMON/D JL / CT1, R1
0069
               COMMON/D JLP/ R1N, R2N
0070
               COMMON/D J P/ SIG
0071
               COMMON/ IJ / DEN,
                                          INTERP,
                                                          RSTAR
               COMMON/ JL / CM1, CM2, CT2, R2
0072
              COMMON/ J P/ B(NSTAMX), BK(NSTAMX), RHO(NSTAMX), RN(NSTAMX), LM1N, LM2N
0073
0074
0075
0076
              DIMENSION BKZ(NSTAMX, NSTLMX), CMZ(NSTAMX, NSTLMX)
              + QZ(NSTAMX, NSTLMX), RHOZ(NSTAMX, NSTLMX), RZ(NSTAMX, NSTLMX),
0077
```

```
0078
             + XAXZ(NSTAMX, NSTLMX), XMZ(NSTAMX, NSTLMX),
0079
                CM(NSTAMX), XAX(NSTAMX), WMN(NSTAMX),
0080
                CT1Z(NSTLMX), CT2Z(NSTLMX)
0081
0082
        C 100 INPUT & ECHO FOR EACH SECTION
0083
              READ (5,5110) REM
                                                                                   READ201
              READ (5,*) SIG
0084
                                                                                   READ202
0085
              WRITE(6,105) K, REM, SIG
0086
          0087
                / ******************//1XA80///
0088
               ' INITIALLY GUESSED SOLIDITY ='T54, F6.2)
0089
              IF (INTERP.EQ.O) THEN
0090
                INPUT W/ KNOWN VALUES
                READ (5,*) CT1, CT2
READ (5,*) ( XAX(I), I=1,NSTA)
0091
                                                                                   READ203
                                                                                   READ204
0092
                READ (5,*) (
0093
                               R(I), I=1, NSTA)
                                                                                   READ205
                READ (5,*) ( XM(I), I=1,NSTA)
READ (5,*) ( CM(I), I=1,NSTA)
0094
                                                                                   READ206
0095
                                                                                   READ207
                READ (5,*) (
0096
                               B(I), I=1,NSTA)
                                                                                   READ208
0097
                READ (5,*) ( BK(1), I=1,NSTA)
                                                                                   READ209
0098
                IF (DEN.EQ.O.) THEN
nnoo
                  READ (5,*) ( RHO(1), I=1,NSTA)
                                                                                   READ210
0100
                END IF
0101
              ELSE
0102
        C 130
                OBTAIN PARAMETERS THROUGH INTERPOLATION
                READ (5,*) RSL, TRSL
0103
                                                                                   READ211
0104
                WRITE(6,132) RSL, IRSL
0105
          132
                FORMAT(' RADIUS OF STREAMLINE AT THE FOLLOWING SEC. # IRSL ='
0106
                T54,F10.6/
0107
               ' IRSL, SECTION NUMBER TO LOCATE THE ABOVE RADIUS ='154,13)
0108
                OPEN( 21, FILE='DSN3Z1', STATUS='OLD', READONLY)
                                                                                   OPEN21
                READ (21,*)
                                                                                   READ2101
0109
                READ (21,*) NI, NJ
0110
                                                                                   READ2102
0111
                IF (NI.NE.NSTA) THEN
                  PRINT *, 'NI.NE.NSTA... CHECK CODING...'
0112
                  STOP 'INP2,135'
0113
0114
                END IF
0115
                READ (21,*) ( CT1Z(J), J=1,NJ)
                                                                                   RFAD2103
                READ (21,*) ( CT2Z(J), J=1,NJ)
READ (21,*) ( ( XAXZ(I,J), I=1,NI), J=1,NJ)
                                                                                   READ2104
0116
0117
                                                                                   READ2105
                READ (21,*) ( (
                                  RZ(I,J), I=1,NI), J=1,NJ)
0118
                                                                                   READ2106
0119
                READ (21,*) ( ( XMZ(I,J), I=1,NI), J=1,NJ)
                                                                                   READ2107
                READ (21,*) ( (
0120
                                  CMZ(I,J), I=1,NI), J=1,NJ)
                                                                                   READ2108
0121
                READ (21,*) ( (
                                  QZ(I,J), I=1,NI), J=1,NJ)
                                                                                   READ2109
                READ (21,*) ( ( BKZ(1,J), I=1,NI), J=1,NJ)
0122
                                                                                   READ2110
0123
                IF (DEN.EQ.O.) THEN
0124
                  READ (21,*) ( ( RHOZ(I,J), J=1,NJ), I≈1,NI)
                                                                                   READ2111
0125
                END IF
0126
                CLOSE(21)
                                                                                   CLOSE21
0127
0128
                        J=1,NJ
                  IF ( RZ(IRSL,J).GT.RSL ) GOTO 140
0129
0130
                END DO
0131
                        ≖NJ
0132
                GOTO 150
0133
0134
                IF (J.EQ.1) GOTO 150
0135
                        =J-1
                JM
0136
                RR1
                        =( RSL-RZ(IRSL,JM) ) / ( RZ(IRSL,J)-RZ(IRSL,JM) )
0137
                RR2
                        =1.-RR1
0138
                        =CT1Z(J)*RR1+CT1Z(JM)*RR2
                CT1
0139
                        =CT2Z(J)*RR1+CT2Z(JM)*RR2
                CT2
0140
                DO JJ=1,NJ
0141
                                 =RZ(IRSL,JJ)
                  CT1Z(JJ)
0142
                END DO
0143
                       I=1,NSTA
0144
                  IF (J.EQ.2) THEN
0145
                    BJM =( QZ(I,2)-QZ(I,1) )*2.
0146
                  ELSE
0147
                    BJM = QZ(1,J)-QZ(1,J-2)
0148
                  END IF
0149
                  IF (J.EQ.NJ) THEN
                    BJ =( QZ(I,NJ)-QZ(I,NJM) )*2.
0150
0151
                  ELSE
0152
                    BJ = QZ(I,J+1)-QZ(I,J-1)
0153
                  END IF
0154
0155
                                 BJ*RR1 +
                  B(I) =
                                                 BJM*RR2
0156
                  BK(I) = BKZ(I,J)*RR1 + BKZ(I,JM)*RR2
0157
                  R(I) = RZ(I,J)*RR1 +
                                           RZ(1,JM)*RR2
```

```
0158
                   RHO(I)=RHOZ(I,J)*RR1 + RHOZ(I,JM)*RR2
                   XAX(I)=XAXZ(I,J)*RR1 + XAXZ(I,JM)*RR2
0159
0160
                   XM(I) = XMZ(I,J)*RR1 + XMZ(I,JM)*RR2
0161
                   DO JJ=1.NJ
                     CT2Z(JJ)
0162
                                  =CMZ(I,JJ)
0163
                   END DO
0164
0165
                   CALL SPLIN1( NJ, CT1Z, CT2Z, 1, RSL, CMI, DUM, DUM, 0., 1E-4)
0166
0167
                   CM(I) =CMI
0168
                 END DO
0169
                 GOTO 160
0170
                         =' *** WARNING *** RSL BEYOND RANGE OF STREAMLINE...'
0171
                 REM
                 WRITE(6,*) REM, RSL, IRSL, J, RZ(IRSL,J)
0172
                 PRINT *,
0173
                            REM
0174
                         =CT12(J)
                 CT1
                 CT2
0175
                         =CT2Z(J)
0176
                 DO
                        I=1,NSTA
0177
                   IF (J.EQ.1) THEN
0178
                     B(I)=(QZ(I,2)-QZ(I,1))*2.
0179
                   FLSE
0180
                     B(I)=(QZ(I,NJ)-QZ(I,NJM))*2.
0181
                   END IF
                   BK(I) = BKZ(I,J)
0182
0183
                   CM(!) = CMZ(!,J)
                   R(I) = RZ(I,J)
0184
                   RHO(I)=RHOZ(I,J)
0185
0186
                   XAX(I)=XAXZ(I,J)
0187
                   XM(I) = XMZ(I,J)
0188
                 END DO
          160 END IF
0189
0190
0191
               IF (DEN.GT.O.) THEN
0192
                        I=1,NSTA
                 DO
0193
                   RHO(1)=DEN
0194
                 END DO
0195
               END IF
0196
0197
              WRITE(6,170) CT1, CT2,
          + ( 1, R(1), XAX(1), XM(1), CM(1), B(1), BK(1), RHO(1), 1=1,NSTA)
170 FORMAT(' PERIPHERAL VEL. AT LEADING EDGE = '154,F9.5/
0198
0199
             + ' PERIPHERAL VEL. AT TRAILING EDGE ='T54,F9.5///
0200
0201
                                                                                 BK',
0202
                          RHO'//
0203
              + (15,7F10.5))
0204
0205
        C 200 PREPARE FOR MELLOR'S METHOD
0206
0207
              CALL
                         MELLOR2( NSTA, SIG, XAX)
0208
        C1000 PREPARATION
0209
0210
              CH1
                         =CM(1)
0211
              CM2
                         =CM(NSTA)
0212
               R1
                         =R(1)
0213
               R2
                         =R(NSTA)
0214
0215
              DO
                        I=1,NSTA
0216
                RN(I)
                         =R(I)/RSTAR
0217
                 WMN(I)
                         =CM(I)/USTAR
0218
              END DO
0219
0220
              R1N
                         =RN(1)
0221
               R2N
                          =RN(NSTA)
0222
               LM TH
                         =UMN(1)
0223
              LM2N
                         =WMN(NSTA)
0224
0225
        C5000 FORMAT
0226
         5110 FORMAT(A80)
0227
0228
              RETURN
0229
              END
```

Name

0	\$CODE	3129	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	SHR	EXE	RD	NOWRT	LONG
1	SPDATA	527	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	NOWRT	LONG
2	\$LOCAL	3224	PIC	CON	REL	LCL	NOSHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
3	DIJP	8	PIÇ	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
4	DJ	88	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
5	DJL	8	PIC	OVR	REL	G8L	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
6	DJLP	8	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
7	DJP	4	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
8	IJ	12	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
9	JL	16	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
10	- P	184	PIC	OVR	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG

Total Space Allocated

7208

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type Name References

0-00000000 INP2 1#

VARIABLES

Address	Type	Name	Attributes	References							
**	R*4	BJ		150=	152=	155					
**	R*4	BJM		145=	147=	155					
9-00000000	R*4	CM1	COMM	72	210=						
9-00000004	R*4	CM2	COMM	72	211=						
2-00000C10	R=4	CMI		165A	167						
4 00000000		••••			,0,						
5-00000000	R*4	CT1	COMM	68	91=	138=	174=	197			
9-00000008	R*4	CT2	COMM	72	91=	139=	175=	197			
8-00000000	R*4	DEN	COMM	71	98	123	191	193			
2-00000C14	R*4	DUM		165(2)A							
**	I*4	I		92(2)=	93(2)=	94(2)=	95(2)=	96(2)=	97(2)=	99(2)=	117(2)=
				118(2)=	119(2)=	120(2)=	121(2)=	122(2)=	124(2)=	143=	145(2)
				147(2)	150(2)	152(2)	155	156(3)	157(3)	158(3)	159(3)
				160(3)	162	167	176≠	178(3)	180(3)	182(2)	183(2)
				184(2)	185(2)	186(2)	187(2)	192=	193	197(9)=	215=
				216(2)	217(2)						
8-00000004	1*4	INTERP	COMM	71	89						
2-00000BF4	1*4	IRSL	COFF	103=	104	129	136(3)	141	172(2)		
2-00000000	i*4	1		115(2)=	116(2)=	117(2)=	118(2)=	119(2)=	120(2)=	121(2)=	122(2)=
£ 00000000		•		124(2)=	128=	129	131=	134	135	136	138
				139	144	147(2)	149	152(2)	156	157	158
				159	160	172(2)	174	175	177	182	183
				184	185	186	187	173	177	102	103
**	1*4	JJ		140=	141(2)	161=	162(2)				
**	1*4	JM		135=	136(2)	138	139	156	157	158	159
		JII		160	130(2)	130	137	150	137	170	137
AP-00000046	1 * 4	K		1	85						
2-00000BF8	1+4	NI		110=	111	117	118	119	120	121	122
2 00000810		M1		124	111	117	110	(19	120	121	122
2-00000BFC	1*4	NJ		110=	115	116	117	118	119	120	121
_ 000000.0	• -			122	124	128	131	140	149	150	161
				165A	180	120	131	140	147	150	101
2-00000000	1*4	NJM		150	180	•					
3-00000000	1*4	NSTA	COMM	66	92	93	94	95	96	97	99
	• •			111	143	176	192	197	207A	211	213
				215	221	223	176	171	2017	511	213
				2.13	261	223					
5-00000004	R*4	R1	COMM	68	212=						
6-00000000	R*4	R1N	COMM	69	220=						
9-0000000C	R=4	R2	COMM	72	213=						
6-00000004	R*4	R2N	COMM	69	221=						
2-00000BA0	CHAR	REM		61	83=	85	171=	172	173		
**	R*4	RR1		136=	137	138	139	155	156	157	158
				159	160						
**	R*4	RR2		137=	138	139	155	156	157	158	159
		_		160		. = -					
2-00000BF0	R*4	RSL		103≈	104	129	136	165A	172		
8-00000008	R*4	RSTAR	COMM	71	216				· · -		
7-00000000	R*4	SIG	COMM	70	84=	85	207A				
7-00000004	n+1	HOTAR	00001								
3-00000004	R*4	USTAR	COMM	66	21.7						

10-000000B0	R*4	WM1N	COMM	73	222=
10-000000B4	R*4	WM2N	COMM	73	223=

ARRAYS

Address	Type	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensions	References				
10-00000000	R*4	В	СОМИ	44	(11)	73 197	96=	155=	178=	180=
10-0000002C	R*4	8K	COMM	44	(11)	73	97=	156=	182=	197
2-90000000	R*4	BKZ			(11, 9)	76	122=	156(2)	182	
2-00000AD4	R*4	CM			(11)	76	95=	167=	183=	1 9 7
					•	210	. 211	217		
2-0000018C	R*4	CMZ		396	(11, 9)	76	120=	162	183	
2-00000858	R*4	CT1Z		36	(9)	76 174	115=	138(2)	141=	165A
2-00000B7C	R*4	CT2Z		36	(9)	76 175	116=	139(2)	162=	165A
2-00000318	R*4	QZ		396	(11, 9)	76 152(2)	121= 178(2)	145(2) 180(2)	147(2)	150(2)
4-00000000	R*4	R	COMM	44	(11)	67 212	93= 213	157= 216	184=	197
10-00000058	R*4	RHO	COMM	44	(11)	73 197	99=	158=	185=	193=
2-000004A4	R*4	RHOZ		396	(11, 9)	76	124=	158(2)	185	
10-00000084	R*4	RN	COMM		(11)	<i>7</i> 3	216=	220	221	
2-00000630	R*4	RZ		396	(11, 9)	76 157(2)	118= 172	129 184	136(3)	141
2-00000B2C	R*4	LIMN		44	(11)	76	217=	222	223	
2-00000800		XAX			(11)	76 207A	92=	159=	186=	197
2-000007BC	R*4	XAXZ		396	(11, 9)	76	117=	159(2)	186	
4-0000002C	R*4	XM	COMM	44	(11)	67	94=	160=	187=	197
2-00000948	R*4	XMZ		396	(11, 9)	76	119=	160(2)	187	

PARAMETER CONSTANTS

Type	Name	References				
	NSTAMX NSTLMX	63# 63#	67(2) 76(9)	73(4)	76(10)	

LABELS

Address	Label	Reference		
1-00000038	105*	85	86#	
1-00000085	132'	104	105#	
0-000005A8	140	129	134#	
0-00000881	150	132	134	171#
0-00000A8E	160	169	189#	
1-0000012A	170'	197	199#	
1-000001DA	5110'	83	226#	

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROLITINES REFERENCED

,	Name	Reference		
	FOR\$CLOSE	126		
	FORSOPEN	108		
	MELLOR2	207		
	SPLIN1	165		

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified

- Defining Reference

A - Actual Argument, possibly modified

D - Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

```
0001
                 SUBROUTINE MAP32
0002
         C (3037-DSN3-MAP32) (L) MAPPING FROM 3D TO 2D
         C Referenced by MAIN (DSN3); references MTH$ATAND (twice)
C To be compiled by VAX-11 FORTRAN, v.4.0
0003
0004
0005
         C Coded 05MAR87; REVISED 01JUN88
0006
                 COMMON/DI L / OMEGA
0007
0008
                 COMMON/D JL / CT1, R1
0009
                 COMMON/D JLP/ R1N, R2N
                COMMON/D L / BETAO, CL1CLM, WXO
COMMON/D LP/ BETA1, BETA2, TANB1, TANB2
COMMON/ JL / CM1, CM2, CT2, R2
0010
0011
0012
0013
0014
                             =R1N*CM1
                 WX1
0015
                 WX2
                             =R2N*CM2
0016
                 WX0
                             =(WX1+WX2)*.5
                             =R1N*( R1*OMEGA-CT1 )
0017
                 WY1
0018
                 TANB1
                             =WY1/WX0
0019
                 BETA1
                             =ATAND(TAN81)
0020
                 WY2
                             =R2N*( R2*OMEGA-CT2 )
0021
                 TANB2
                             =WY2/WX0
0022
                 BETA2
                             =ATAND(TANB2)
0023
                 WYO
                             =(WY1+WY2)*.5
0024
                 BETAO
                             =ATAND(WYO/WXO)
0025
                             =WX0*WX0
                 WXOSQ
               CLICLM =( WYO*WYO+WXOSQ ) / ( WYI*WYI+WXOSQ )
WRITE(6,110) WXI, WX2, WX0, WYI, WY2, WYO, BETAI, BETA2, BETA0,
+ (WX2-WXI)/WXI, CLICLM
0026
0027
0028
0029
            110 FORMAT(//' AFTER MAPPED INTO X-Y PLANE, '/
0030
                          WX1
                                      WX2
                                                  WXO
                                                              WY1
                                                                           WY2
                                                                                       WYO
0031
                         BETA1
                                     BETA2
                                                 BETA0 ='/9F10.5/
                + ' VARIATION OF AXIAL VELOCITY RATIO, (WX2-WX1)/WX1, ='F10.5/
0032
0033
                + ' CL1/CLm RATIO ='F43.2)
0034
0035
                 RETURN
0036
                 END
```

Name	Bytes	Attributes
0 \$CODE	323	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG
1 SPDATA	219	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LONG
3 DIL	4	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
4 DJL	8	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
5 DJLP	8	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
6 DL	12	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
7 DLP	16	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
8 JL	16	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG

606

Total Space Allocated

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type Name References
0-00000000 MAP32 1#

VARIABLES

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References		
6-00000000	R*4	BETAO	COMM	10	24=	27
7-00000000	R*4	BETA1	COMM	11	19=	27
7-00000004	R*4	BETA2	COMM	11	22=	27
6-00000004	R*4	CL1CLM	COMM	10	26=	27
8-00000000	R*4	CM1	COMM	12	14	
8-00000004	R*4	CM2	COMM	12	15	
4-00000000	R*4	CT1	COMM	8	17	
8-00000008	R*4	CT2	COMM	12	20	
3-00000000	R*4	OMEGA	COMM	7	17	20
4-00000004	R*4	R1	COMM	8	17	
5-00000000	R*4	R1N .	COMM	9	14	.17
					_ R_108 _	

8-0000000C 5-00000004 7-00000008 7-0000000C	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	R2 R2N TANB1 TANB2	COMM COMM COMM	12 9 11 11	20 15 18= 21=	20 19 22			·	
6-0000008 ** ** **	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	WX1 WX2	СОМИ	10 25= 14= 15= 23=	16= 26(2) 16 16 24	18 27(3) 27(2) 26(2)	21	24	25(2)	27
**	R*4 R*4	WY1 WY2		17= 20=	18 21	23 23	26(2) 27	27		

LABELS

Address	Label	References	
1-00000000	110'	27	29#

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Type	Name	Referen	ces	
R*4	MTH\$ATAND	19	22	24

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified

- Defining Reference
- Actual Argument, possibly modified
- Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

```
0001
              SUBROUTINE MELLOR2( NSTA, SIG, XAX)
0002
0003
        C (3037-DSN3-MELLOR2) (N) READ STORED TABLE OF G, H, B, & T FUNCTIONS
        C REFERENCED BY INP2; REFERENCES MTHSATAN & FORSCLOSE & FORSOPEN
nnna
0005
        C TO BE COMPILED BY VAX-11 FORTRAN, V. 4.0
0006
        C CODED BY W. CHIANG, 26MAR87; TOUCHED 19MAY87
0007
0008
0009
        C READ1101
                        TITLE
0010
0011
        C READ1102
                        REMARK
0012
0013
        C READ1103
0014
        C NFR # OF FOURIER SERIES TERMS USING, e.g., NFR=3 TO HAVE AO, A1, & A2
0015
0016
        C READ1104
                         REMARK
0017
0018
        C READ1105
0019
        C CS
                SOLIDITY
        C AMDA STARTING STAGGER ANGLE (FOR INTERPOLATION), in deg.
0020
0021
        C AMDI (CONSTANT) INTERVAL OF STAGGER ANGLE, in deg.
0022
        C AMDZ ENDING STAGGER ANGLE, in deg. (AMDZ>AMDA)
0023
0024
        C READ1106
                         REMARK
0025
0026
        C READ1107
0027
               # OF PTS. ALONG THE CHORD TO INPUT CAMBER FCP(XCC), FROM
0028
                (3037-MELLOR-INPUT)
0029
        C READ1108
0030
                         REMARK
0031
0032
        C READ1109
        C XCC X-COORDINATES OF CAMBER SLOPE FUNCTION FCPP, SIZE NYS
0033
0034
0035
        C READ1110
0036
        C FCP
                CAMBER SLOPE (NORMALIZED BY CB, 'FCP' IN 'MELLOR,' AS A
0037
                FUNCTION OF XCC, SIZE NYS
0038
0039
        C READ1111
                         REMARK
0040
0041
        C READ1112
0042
        C TOC THICKNESS DEVIDED BY CHORD LENGTH
0043
0044
        C READ1113
                         REMARK (3 LINES)
0045
0046
        C READ1114 (FOR AMDAD=AMDAA,AMDAZ,AMDAI)
0047
        C GJ
                G FUNCTION
0048
        C HJ
                H FUNCTION
0049
                B FUNCTION
        C BJ
0050
        C TJ
                T FUNCTION
0051
0052
        C READ1115
0053
        C IDUM SHOULD BE 999 TO CHECK THE END OF INPUT FILE
0054
0055
              PARAMETER ( NAMDAM=90, NFRMX=15, NYSMX=101, NSTAMX=11)
0056
0057
0058
              COMMON/NO/ GJ(NAMDAM, NFRMX, NFRMX), HJ(NAMDAM, NFRMX, NFRMX),
                                 BJ(NAMDAM, NFRMX), TJ(NAMDAM, NFRMX),
0059
0060
                                 AMDAJ(NAMDAN), FCP(NYSMX), VEC(NFRMX),
0061
                                 XAXIS(NSTAMX), XCC(NYSMX)
0062
                                 AMDA, AMDI, AMDAHN, AMDAMX,
0063
                                 NAMOA, NFR, NFRSQ, NFRSQP, NYS, NYSM,
0064
                                 PI, PI2, TOC
0065
0066
              DIMENSION XAX(NSTA)
0067
8200
              OPEN( 11, FILE='MELO10', STATUS='OLD', READONLY)
0069
0070
        C 100 INPUT DATA FROM UNIT 11
0071
                                                                                   READ 1101
              READ (11,*)
0072
              READ (11,*)
                                                                                   READ1102
0073
              READ (11,*) NFR
                                                                                   READ1103
              READ (11,*)
READ (11,*) CS, AMDA, AMDI, AMDZ
0074
                                                                                   READ 1104
0075
                                                                                   READ1105
0076
              IF (CS.NE.SIG) THEN
                PRINT *, 'CS.NE.SIG...', CS, SIG
0077
```

```
0078
                STOP 'MELLOR2.105'
0079
                END IF
0080
              READ (11,*)
                                                                                  READ1106
0081
              READ (11,*) NYS
                                                                                  READ1107
0082
              IF (NYS.GT.NYSMX) THEN
0083
                PRINT *, 'NYS.GT.NYSMX...', NYS, NYSMX
0084
                STOP 'MELLOR2.107'
                END IF
0085
              READ (11,*)
READ (11,*) ( XCC(N), N=1,NYS)
READ (11,*) ( FCP(N), N=1,NYS)
0086
                                                                                  READ1108
0087
                                                                                  READ 1109
8800
                                                                                  READ1110
              READ (11,*)
0089
                                                                                  READ1111
              READ (11,*) TOC
0090
                                                                                  READ1112
0091
              IF (TOC.LT.O. .OR. TOC.GT..2) THEN
                PRINT *, 'TOC < 0 or > .2 ...', TOC STOP 'MELLOR2.109'
0092
0093
0094
                END IF
              READ (11,5120)
0095
                                                                                  READ1113
0096
              NAMDA
                        ≖Ω
              DO AMDAD=AMDA,AMDZ,AMDI
0097
0098
                NAMDA =NAMDA+1
0099
                AMDAJ(NAMDA)
                               =AMDAD
                0100
0101
0102
                                                                                  READ1114
0103
                END DO
0104
              READ (11,*) IDUM
                                                                                  READ1115
0105
              IF (IDUM.NE.999) THEN
0106
                PRINT *, 'CHECK MELO10.DAT...', IDUM
                STOP 'MELLOR2.130'
0107
0108
                END IF
0109
              CLOSE(11)
0110
0111
        C 200 PREPARE CONSTANTS
0112
              AMDAMN
                        =AMDA
                        =AMDAJ(NAMDA)
0113
              XMAQMA
0114
              NFRSQ
                         =NFR*NFR
0115
              NFRSQP
                         =NFRSQ+1
0116
0117
        C 300 PREPARE FCP
0118
              NYSM
                        =NYS-1
0119
              PΙ
                        =ATAN(1.) * 4.
0120
              PI2
                        =PI+PI
0121
              ΧO
                        =XAX(1)
0122
              CHORD
                        =XAX(NSTA)-XO
0123
              DO
                       I=1,NSTA
                XAXIS(I)=( XAX(I)-X0 )/CHORD
0124
0125
                END DO
0126
0127
              RETURN
0128
0129
        C5000 FORMAT
         5120 FORMAT(//)
0130
0131
              END
```

Name	Bytes	Attributes								
0 \$CODE	1339	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG								
1 SPDATA	123	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LONG								
2 \$LOCAL	168	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG								
3 NO	174124	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG								

Total Space Allocated

175754

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type Name References

0-0000000 MELLOR2

1#

VARIABLES

Address Type Name

Attributes References

3-000	2A7F8	R*4	AMDA	COMM	58	75=	97	112				
3 000·		R*4	AMDAD	COM	97=	99	,,	112				
				20111								
		R*4	AMDAMN	COMM	58	112=					•	
3-000		R*4		COMM	58	113=						
3-000	2A7FC	R*4	I GMA	COMM	58	75=	97					
2-000	00004	R*4	AMDZ		75=	97						
*		R*4	CHORD		122=	124						
	00000	R*4	CS		75=	76	77					
2-000							"					
		1*4	1		123=	124(2)						
2-000	00010	1*4	IDUM		104=	105	106					
*	*	1*4	K		100(4)=							
*	*	1*4	N		87(2)=	88(2)=	100(8)=					
3-000	24808	1*4	NAMDA	COMM	58	96=	98(2)=	99	100(4)	113		
3-000		1*4	NFR	COMM	58	73=			100(4)			
		-					100(6)	114(2)				
3-000	2A810	1*4	NFRSQ	COMM	58	114=	115					
				•								
3-000	2A814	1*4	NFRSQP	COMM	58	115=						
AP-000	00004a	I*4	NSTA		1	66	122	123				
3-000	2A818	I*4	NYS	COMM	58	81=	82	83	87	88	118	
		I*4	NYSM	COMM	58	118=	-	•••	•	-		
							420/25					
3-000	2A820	R*4	PI	COMM	58	119=	120(2)					
		R*4	P12	COMM	58	120=						
AP-000	680000	R*4	SIG		1	76	77					
3-000	28828	R*4	TOC	COMM	58	90=	91(2)	92				
*		R*4			121=	122	124					
		, -	AU		121-	166	164					
ARRAYS												
ANNAIS												
		•		4 a a								
AOO	iress `	ype	N ame	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensio	ns	References			•	
				_								
		R*4	AMDAJ	COMM	360	(90)		58	99≈	113		
	2A300 278D0	R*4 R*4	AMDAJ BJ	COMM COMM					99= 100=	113		
3-000	2 78 00	R*4	BJ	COMM	5400	(90, 15)		58	100=	113		
3-000 3-000	278D0 2A468	R*4 R*4	BJ FCP	COMM COMM	5400 404	(90, 15) (101)	15.	58 58	100≃ 88≈	113		
3-000 3-000 3-000	278D0 2A468 00000	R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ	COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15,	15)	58 58 58	100= 88= 100=	113		
3-000 3-000 3-000	278D0 2A468 00000	R*4 R*4	BJ FCP	COMM COMM	5400 404	(90, 15) (101)	15) 15)	58 58	100≃ 88≈	113		
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ HJ	COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000 81000	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15,	15) 15)	58 58 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100=	113		
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68	R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ	COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15,	15) 15)	58 58 58	100= 88= 100=	113		
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ HJ	COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000 81000	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15,	15) 15)	58 58 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100=	113		
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000	27800 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC	COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15, (90, 15) (15)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 AP-000	27800 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100=	113	122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 AP-000 3-000	27800 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 **	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (90, 15) (15) (*) (11)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 AP-000 3-000	27800 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 **	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 AP-000 3-000	27800 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 **	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (90, 15) (15) (*) (11)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 AP-000 3-000	27800 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 **	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (90, 15) (15) (*) (11)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000	27800 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664	R*444444444444444444444444444444444444	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 **	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (90, 15) (15) (*) (11)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 AP-000 3-000	27800 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664	R*444444444444444444444444444444444444	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 **	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (90, 15) (15) (*) (11)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 AP-000 3-000 3-000	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS	R*444444444444444444444444444444444444	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 ++ 44 404	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (90, 15) (15) (*) (11)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS	R*444444444444444444444444444444444444	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 **	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (90, 15) (15) (*) (11)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 AP-000 3-000 3-000	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS	R*444444444444444444444444444444444444	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 ++ 44 404	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (90, 15) (15) (*) (11)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 AP-000 3-000 3-000	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 AP-000 3-000 3-000 PARAMETI	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name	R#4 R#4 R#4 R#4 R#4 R#4 R#4 R#4	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101)	15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 Type 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX	R#44 R#44 R#44 R#44 R#44 R#44 R#44	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7)	15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 PARAMETI Type 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX NSTAM)	R#444ARRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRR	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 PARAMETI Type 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX	R#444ARRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRR	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7)	15) 15)	58 58 58 58 58 58 58 1	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 PARAMETI Type 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX NSTAM)	R#444ARRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRR	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 1*4 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX NSTAM)	R#444ARRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRR	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 PARAMETI Type 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX NSTAM)	R#444ARRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRR	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 1*4 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX NSTAM)	R#444ARRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRR	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 PARAMETI Type I*4 I*4 I*4 I*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX NSTAM) NYSMX	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 PARAMETI Type I*4 I*4 I*4 I*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX NSTAM) NYSMX	R#444ARRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRR	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 PARAMETI Type 1*4 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAH NFRMX NSTAM) NYSMX	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58 58(2)	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 PARAMETI Type 1*4 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX NSTAM) NYSMX	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 - 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 Type 1*4 1*4 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX NSTAMI NYSMX	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 STANT	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58 58(2)	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 Type 1*4 1*4 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX NSTAMI NYSMX	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 STANT	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58 58(2)	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 PARAMETI Type 1*4 1*4 1*4 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX NSTAM) NYSMX	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 STANT	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 • 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58 58(2)	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124
3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 3-000 Type 1*4 1*4 1*4 1*4	278D0 2A468 00000 13C68 28DE8 2A5FC 0000Ca 2A638 2A664 ER CONS Name NAMDAR NFRMX NSTAM) NYSMX	R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 R*4 STANT	BJ FCP GJ HJ TJ VEC XAX XAXIS XCC	COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM COMM	5400 404 81000 81000 5400 60 ** 44 404 References 56# 56# 56#	(90, 15) (101) (90, 15, (90, 15) (15) (*) (11) (101) 58(5) 58(7) 58 58(2)	15)	58 58 58 58 58 1 58 58	100= 88= 100= 100= 100= 66 124=		122	124

109 68 119

FORSCLOSE FORSOPEN R*4 MTHSATAN

```
0001
              SUBROUTINE MELLOR3( ALPHAM, CB, STAG, NSTA, VNX, VNY, 123,
0002
                                          AO, A1, CLM)
0003
0004
        C (3037-DSN3-MELLOR3) (0) CALC. CASCADE LIFT COEF. BASED ON ANGLE OF INCIDENT,
0005
                CAMBER, & VELOCITIES INDUCED BY VORTICES & SOURCES DUE TO 3D EFFECTS
        C REFERENCED BY DSN2 & PFM3
0006
0007
        C REFERENCES FILONC, SIMUL1, & SPLIN1, & MTH$COSD & MTH$SIND
8000
        C INPUT ALPHAM, CB, STAG, VNX, & VNY & ALL DATA IN COMMON STATEMENTS
0009
        C CODED BY W. CHIANG, 27MAR87; REVISED 16APR87; TOUCHED 19MAY87
0010
0011
0012
        C ALPHAMMEAN ANGLE OF INCIDENT RELATIVE TO CHORD LINE
0013
        C CB
                CAMBER
0014
        C NSTA
                # OF STATIONS ALONG CHORD
0015
        C STAG
                STAGGER ANGLE in deg.
J
        C VNX
                X-COMP. OF VELOCITIES (NORMALIZED TO USTAR) INDUCED BY VORTICES
0017
                 & SOURCES DUE TO 3D EFFECTS; NOT USED IF 123=2
        C
0018
        C VNY
                Y-COMP. OF VELOCITIES (NORMALIZED TO USTAR) INDUCED BY VORTICES
0019
                 & SOURCES DUE TO 3D EFFECTS; NOT USED IF 123=2
                2 FOR 2D CASE (VNX=VNY=0); 3 FOR 3D CASE
0020
        C 123
0021
        C AO
                 CASCADE COEFS. A(1)
0022
        C A1
                 CASCADE COEFS. A(2)
0023
        C CLM
                LIFT COEF. NORMALIZED TO MEAN RELATIVE VELOCITY
0024
0025
              PARAMETER ( NAMDAM=90, NFRMX=15, NYSMX=101, NSTAMX=11)
0026
0027
              EQUIVALENCE
                                  (F(1), VY(1))
0028
              COMMON/NO/ GJ(NAMDAM,NFRMX,NFRMX), HJ(NAMDAM,NFRMX,NFRMX),
0029
                                 BJ(NAMDAM,NFRMX), TJ(NAMDAM,NFRMX),
AMDAJ(NAMDAM), FCP(NYSMX), V(NFRMX),
0030
0031
0032
                                  XAXIS(NSTAMX), XCC(NYSMX),
                                 AMDA, AMDI, AMDAMN, AMDAMX,
NAMDA, NFR, NFRSQ, NFRSQP, NYS, NYSM,
0033
0034
0035
                                  PI, PI2, TOC
0036
0037
              DIMENSION A(NFRMX), DUMMY(NYSMX), F(NYSMX),
በበጜጽ
                GHV( NFRMX*(NFRMX+1) ),
0039
                VEC(NFRMX), VNX(NSTA), VNY(NSTA), VX(NYSMX), VY(NYSMX)
0040
0041
        C 100 FIND FUNCTION VALUES FOR PARTICULAR STAGGER ANGLE
0042
               IF ( AMDAMN.GT.STAG .OR. AMDAMX.LT.STAG ) THEN
                PRINT *, 'CHECK STAG...', STAG, AMDAMN, AMDAMX
0043
0044
                 STOP 'MELLOR3.101'
0045
                FND IF
0046
0047
              CO
                         =COSD(ALPHAM)
0048
                         =(STAG-AMDA)/AMDI + 1.00001
0049
              LP
                         =L+1
0050
                         =( AMDAJ(L)-STAG )/( AMDAJ(L)-AMDAJ(LP) )
              R2
0051
              R1
                         =1-R2
0052
0053
              IF (123.EQ.2) THEN
0054
0055
                TEM
                         =-CB*CO
0056
                DO
                        I=1,NYS
                  F(I) =FCP(I)*TEM
0057
0058
                   END DO
0059
0060
               ELSE
0061
                         SPLIN1( NSTA, XAXIS, VNY, NYS, XCC, VY, DUMMY, DUM, 1.,
2000
                 CALL
0063
                                  1.E-9)
0064
0065
                         SPLIN1( NSTA, XAXIS, VNX, NYS, XCC, VX, DUMMY, DUM, 1.,
                 CALL
0066
                                  1.E-9)
0067
0068
                DO
                        I=1,NYS
0069
                   F(1) = VY(1) - (VX(1)+CO) * FCP(1) * CB
0070
                  END DO
0071
0072
               END IF
0073
0074
              CALL
                         FILONC( NYSM, F, NFR, VEC)
0075
0076
              KN
                         =0
0077
              DO
                        N=1,NFR
```

- B-113 -

```
0078
                 GHV(N+NFRSQ)
                                  =VEC(N)/PI - ( ( BJ(L,N)*R1+BJ(LP,N)*R2 )*C8 +
0079
                                                   ( TJ(L,N)*R1+TJ(LP,N)*R2 ) )*TOC
0080
                 DO
                        K=1,NFR
                                  =( GJ(L,N,K)*R1+GJ(LP,N,K)*R2 ) -
( HJ(L,N,K)*R1+HJ(LP,N,K)*R2 )*CB
0081
                   GHV(KN+K)
0082
0083
                   END DO
0084
                 KN=KN+NFR
0085
                 END DO
0086
                                  =GHV(NFRSQP) + SIND(ALPHAM)
               GHV(NFRSQP)
0087
0088
0089
        C 600
                       CALC. FOURIER COEFS. ********
0090
               CALL
                         SIMUL1( 3, NFR, GHV, A, 1.E-9, DETER)
0091
0092
        C 700 CALC. LIFT COEF. CLM *********
0093
               ΑĐ
                          =A(1)
0094
               A1
                          =A(2)
                          =(A0+A1)*P12
0095
               CLM
0096
0097
               RETURN
0098
               END
```

Name	Bytes	Attributes
0 \$CODE	928	PIC CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT LONG
1 SPDATA	36	PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE PD NOWRT LONG
2 \$LOCAL	2540	PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
3 NO	174124	PIC OVR REL GBL SHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG
Total Space Allocated	177628	

ENTRY POINTS

Address	Туре	Name	References
0-00000000	•	MELLOR3	_, 1#

VARIABLES

Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	References					
AP-00000020a	R*4	AO		1	93=	95			
AP-00000024a	R*4	A1		1	94=	95			
AP-00000004a	R*4	ALPHAM		1	47	86			
3-0002A7F8	R*4	AMDA	COMM	29	48				
3-0002A800	R*4	AMDAMN	COMM	29	42	43			
3-0002A804	R*4	AMDAMX	COMM	29	42	43			
3-0002A7FC	R*4	I GMA	COMM	29	48				
AP-00000008a	R*4	CB		1	55	69	78	81	
AP-00000028a	R*4	CLM		1	95=				
**	R*4	CO		47=	55	69			
2-00000900	R*4	DETER		90A					
2-000008F4	R*4	DUM		62A	65A				
**	I *4	I		56=	57(2)	68=	69(4)		
AP-0000001Ca	1*4	123		1	53				
**	1*4	K		80=	81(5)				
2-000008F8	I*4	KN		76=	81	84(2)=			
**	1*4	L		48=	49	50(2)	78(2)	81(2)	
**	1*4	LP		49=	50	78(2)	81(2)		
2-000008FC	1*4	N		77=	78(6)	81(4)			
3-0002A808	I*4	NAMDA	COMM	29					
3-0002A80C	1*4	NFR	COMM	29	74A	77	80	84	90A
3-0002A810	1*4	NFRSQ	COMM	29	78				
3-0002A814	I = 4	NFRSQP	COMM	29	86(2)				
AP-00000010a	1*4	NSTA		1	37(2)	62A	65A		
3-0002A818	1*4	NYS	COMM	29	56	62A	65A	68	
3-0002A81C	1*4	NYSM	COMM	29 -	74A				
3-0002A820	R*4	PI	COMM	29	78				
3-0002A824	R*4	PI2	COMM	29	95				
**	R#4	R1		51=	78(2)	81(2)			
**	R*4	R2		50=	51	78(2)	81(2)		

AP-00000000Ca	R*4	STAG		1	42(2)	43	48	50
**	R*4	TEM		55=	57			
3-0002A828	R*4	TOC	COMM	29	78			

ARRAYS

Address	Туре	Name	Attr	ibutes	Bytes	Dimensions	References				
2-00000194	R*4	A			60	(15)	37	90A	93	94	
3-0002A300		AMDAJ	COMM		360	(90)	29	50(3)			
3-00027800		BJ	COMM		5400	(90, 15)	29	78(2)			
2-000001D0	R*4	DUMMY	••••		404	(101)	37	62A	65A		
2-00000000				EQUIV	404	(101)	27	37	57 =	69=	74A
E 0000000	~ ~	•		240.1	404	(101)	•	J ,	3 , -	•/-	, 475
3-0002A468	R*4	FCP	COMM		404	(101)	29	57	69		
2-00000364	R*4	GHV			960	(240)	37	78=	81=	86(2)=	90A
3-00000000			COMM		81000	(90, 15, 15)		81(2)			
3-00013068			COMM		81000	(90, 15, 15)		81(2)			
3-000280E8			COMM		5400	(90, 15)	29	78(2)			
3 00020020	., .		00		3400	(70, 13)	/	.0(2)			
3-0002A5FC	R*4	V	COMM		60	(15)	29				
2-00000724	R*4	VEC	•		60	(15)	37	74A	78		
AP-00000014		VNX			**	(*)	1	37	65A		
AP-000000186		VNY			**	(*)	•	37	62A		
2-00000760					404	(101)	37	65A	69		
2-00000700	K-4	V A			404	(101)	31	OJA	07		
2-00000000	R*4	VY		EQUIV	404	(101)	27	37	62A	69	
3-0002A638	R*4	XAXIS	COMM	_	44	(11)	29	62A	65A	= -	
3-0002A664	R*4	XCC	COMM		404	(101)	29	62A	65A		
J 0002N004	. •	AUU	COMM		404	(101)	27	UCA	UJA		

PARAMETER CONSTANTS

Type	Name	References	•	
1*4	NAMDAM	25#	29(5)	
1*4	NFRMX	25#	29(7)	37(4).
1*4	NSTAMX	25#	29	
1*4	NYSMX	25#	29(2)	37(4)

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Type	Name	References
	FILONC	74
R*4	MTH\$COSD	47
R*4	MTH\$SIND	86
	SIMUL1	90
	SPLIN1	62 65

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified

- Defining Reference

- Actual Argument, possibly modified

- Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

```
0001
              SUBROUTINE PFM3
0002
        C (3037-DSN3-PFM3) (P) PERFORMANCE STUDY IN 3D FLOW
0003
        C Refernced by MAIN (DSN3)
0004
        C References MELLOR3 & MTHSATAND (twice), MTHSCOSD, & MTHSTAND
0005
        C Use statements with CRHO instead if density is not constant
0006
        C Use statements with CBO instead if BO & B1 are allowed to vary during
0007
        C iteration
വവര
        C To be compiled by VAX-11 FORTRAN, v.4.0
0009
        C Coded 09APR87; REVISED 16APR87; SLIGHTLY REVISED 15JUN87; TOUCHED 01JUN88
0010
0011
              PARAMETER ( NSTAMX=11)
0012
0013
              COMMON/DIJ P/ NSTA,
                                         USTAR
              COMMON/DI P/ EPSA,
0014
                                         IDBUG, MMAX
0015
              COMMON/D JLP/ R1N, R2N
0016
              COMMON/D J P/ S1G
              COMMON/D LP/ BETA1, BETA2, TANB1, TANB2
0017
0018
              COMMON/D
                        P/ AO, A1, BO, CB, CHI, CLM, F, PHI, SIGH, STAG, TANBO
0019
              COMMON/ I P/ CONFC, CONFSO
              COMMON/ J P/ B(NSTAMX), BK(NSTAMX), RHO(NSTAMX), RN(NSTAMX), HM1N, HM2N
0020
0021
0022
0023
              DIMENSION VNX(NSTAMX), VNY(NSTAMX), VNMUXK(NSTAMX), VNZEYK(NSTAMX)
0024
0025
        C 100 CONSTANTS
0026
              ALPHAO
                         =80-STAG
0027
              BRH01
                         =B(1)
0028
                         =8(1)*RHO(1)
        CRHO
              BRHO1
0029
        CB0
              CON1
                         =SIG * .5 / COSD(B0)
                         =(R1N*R1N+R2N*R2N)*.5
0030
              RSQMN
0031
        CBO
0032
              SIGH
                         =SIG*.5
0033
                         =(R2N*WM2N-R1N*WM1N)/PHI
              ΧI
0034
              XIH
                         =x1*.5
                        =1.-XIH
0035
              XIH1M
0036
0037
        C 300 INÍTIAL VALUES
0038
                         =0
0039
              BETA10
                         =BETA1
0040
              CB0
                         =C8
0041
              EPSBO
                         =BETA1-BETA2
0042
              STAGO
                         =STAG
                        =(F+CHI)*PHI
0043
              PSIH
0044
              IF (IDBUG.GT.0)
                                   WRITE(6,310) TANB1, TANB2
0045
0046
          310 FORMAT(///' * SUB PFM3 *'//' TANB1 & TANB2 ='2X2F9.5)
0047
              WRITE(6,320) PHI, PSIH+PSIH, CHI, XI, CHI/F, PSIH*USTAR*USTAR
0048
          320 FORMAT(//
0049
             + ' LOCAL FLOW COEFFICIENT, PHI, ='F20.5/
0050
               ' LOCAL ENTHALPY RISE COEFFICIENT, PSI, =',F11.5/
0051
               ' STREAM INCLINATION PARAMETER, CHI, ='f14.5/
0052
               ' AXIAL VELOCITY VARIATION PARAMETER, XI, ='F9.5/
0053
               ' Chi/F RATIO (MAGNITUDE SHOULD BE NO HIGHER THAN .2 TO .3) ='
0054
               F9.5/
0055
                ' RISE OF TOTAL ENTHALPY, del H, ='F18.5///
0056
                30X'Lift
                           Cir.para. Turnning'23X
0057
                'Stagger
                            delta'/
0058
                            ΑO
                                       A1
                                               coeff.
0059
                'Beta 1
                                       Angle T. Angle'/)
0060
              IF (IDBUG.GT.0)
0061
             + WRITE(6,7110) 0, AO, A1, CLM, F, EPSBO, BETA10, CB, STAG
0062
              IF (MMAX.GT.100) THEN
0063
                PRINT *, 'MMAX ALLOWED TO BE > 100? CHECK...', MMAX
                STOP 'PFM3.290'
0064
0065
                END 1F
0066
0067
                       I=1,NSTA
              DO
                VNZEYK(1)
0068
                                =( RN(I)*RN(I)-RSQMN )/PHI
0069
                VNMUXK(I)
                                 =( BRH01/ B(1)
                                                         -1. )*XIH1M/BK(I) - XIH
                VNMUXK(1)
0070
        CRHO
                                =( BRHO1/(B(I)*RHO(I))-1.)*XIH1M/BK(I) - XIH
0071
                END DO
0072
0073
        C 400 START AN ITERATION PROCESS WITH NEW CB & STAG
0074
          410 TANS
                         =TAND(STAG)
0075
              Q
                         =1.+TANBO*TANS
0076
              DO
                       I=1.NSTA
                                                          – B-116 –
0077
                VNZEY
                        =VNZEYK(I)/Q
```

```
0078
                 VNMUX
                         =VNMUXK(1)/Q
0079
                 VNX(I) =VNZEY*TANS + VNMUX
0080
                 VNY(I) = VNZEY - VNMUX*TANS
0081
                 END DO
0082
0083
        C1000 FIND AO, A1, & CIRculation
0084
                       MELLOR3( BO-STAG, CB, STAG, NSTA, VNX, VNY, 3, AO, A1, MELLOR3( ALPHAO, CB, STAG, NSTA, VNX, VNY, 3, AO, A1,
0085
0086
        CB0
              CALL
0087
                                  CLM)
0088
0089
        C2000 ADJUST IF NECESSARY
0090
                          ≠M+1
        CB0
                          =CLM * CON1
0091
                                                  - CHI
                          =CLM * SIGH / COSD(BO) - CHI
0092
0093
               TANB1
                          =TANB2+F
0094
               BETA1
                          =ATAND(TANB1)
0095
               EPSBM
                         =BETA1-BETA2
0096
               DEPS
                          =EPSBO-EPSBM
0097
        CCC
                          =BETA1-BETA10
               DBETA1
0098
        CCC
               IF (ABS(DEPS) .GT. EPSA
                                          .OR. ABS(DBETA1) .GT. EPSA) THEN
0099
               IF (ABS(DEPS) .GT. EPSA) THEN
0100
0101
                 IF (M.GT.MMAX) THEN
0102
                   PRINT *, 'ITERATION # EXCEEDED ', MMAX
0103
                   STOP 'PFM3.2199'
0104
                   END IF
0105
0106
                 CB
                          =( DEPS*CONFC/EPS8M +1. ) * CB
                         =STAGO+(DBETA1-DEPS*.5)*CONFSO
0107
        CCC
                 STAG
                 STAG
0108
                         =STAGO-DEPS*CONFSO
0109
        CB0
                 TANBO
                         =TANB1-F*.5
0110
                          =ATAND(TANBO)
        CB0
                 80
                                       WRITE(6,7110) M, AO, A1, CLM, F, EPSBM,
                 IF (IDBUG.GT.0)
0111
0112
                                                            BETA1, CB, STAG, DEPS
0113
                 GOTO 410
0114
                END IF
0115
0116
               WRITE(6,7110) M, AO, A1, CLM, F, EPSBM, BETA1, CB, STAG, DEPS
0117
               Q =CB-C80
               WRITE(6,2020) Q, Q*100./CB0
0118
          2020 FORMAT(//' Cb IS INCREASED BY'F7.3', OR'F6.1'%'//)
0119
0120
0121
               RETURN
0122
0123
          7110 FORMAT(15,9F10.5)
0124
               FND
```

	Name	Bytes	s Attributes									
0	\$CODE	1252		PIC CO	אכ	REL	LCL	SHR	EXE	RD	NOWRT	LONG
1	\$PDATA	610		PIC CC	Ж	REL	LCL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	NOWRT	LONG
2	\$LOCAL	260		PIC CC	NC	REL	LCL	NOSHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
3	DIJP	8		PIC OV	/R	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
4	DIP	12		PIC OV	/R	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
5	DJLP	8		PIC OV	/R	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
6	DJP	4		PIC OV	/R	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
7	DLP	16		PIC OV	/R	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
8	DP	44		PIC OV	/R	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
9	IP	8		PIC OV	/R	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG
10	JP	184		PIC OV	/R	REL	GBL	SHR	NOEXE	RD	WRT	LONG

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type Name References
0-00000000 PFM3 1#

VARIABLES

Address Type Name

Total Space Allocated

Attributes References

2406

8-00000000 8-00000004	R*4 R*4	A0 A1	COMM	18 18	60 60	85A 85A	111 111	116 116	•			
**	R=4	ALPHA0		26=								
8-00000008 7-00000000	R*4 R*4	BO BETA1	COMM COMM	18 17	26 39	85 41	92 94=	95	111	116		
												_
** 7-0000004	R*4 R*4	BETA10 BETA2	COMM	39= 17	60 41	95						
**	R*4	BRHO1	-	27=	69						447	
8-0000000C 2-00000084	R*4 R*4	CBO CBO	COMM	18 40=	40 117	60 118	85A	106(2)=	111	116	117	
								-				
8-00000010	R*4	CHI	COMM	18	43	47(2)	92					_
												L
												i
												•
PFM3						1-Jun-1988	14·5 7·3 8	VAY FOR	TRAN V4.0-	2		Р
PPMS						1-Jun-1988			HIANG.3037		43.FOR;2	·
8-00000014	R*4	CLM	COMM	18	60	85A	92	111	116			
9-00000000		CONFC	COMM	19	106	0 5A	<i>,</i>	,				=
9-00000004	R*4	CONFSO	COMM	19	108	407	400	444	116			P
**	. R*4	DEPS		96=	99	106	108	111	1 10			
4-00000000		EPSA	COMM	14	99							
**	R*4 R*4	EPSB0 EPSBM		41= 95=	60 96	96 106	111	116				
8-00000018		F	COMM	18	43	47	60	92=	93	111	116	
**	I*4	1		67=	68(3)	69(3)	76=	77	78	79	80	
4-00000004	1*4	IDBUG	COMM	14	44	60	111					
2-000000B0	I*4	M		38=	90(2)=	101	111	116				
4-00000008 3-00000000		MMAX NSTA	COMM COMM	14 13	62 67	63 76	101 85A	102				
8-0000001c		PHI	COMM	18	33	43	47	68				
**		20111		43=	47(3)							
**	R*4 R*4	PSIH Q		43= 75=	47(3) 77	78	117=	118(2)				į
5-00000000	R*4	R1N	COMM	15	30(2)	33						-
5-00000004 **	R*4 R*4	R2N RSQMN	COMM	15 30=	30(2) 68	33						
	~ ~	VARLIN		30-								
6-00000000		SIG	COMM	16 18	32 32=	92						
8-00000020 8-0000024		SIGH Stag	COMM COMM	18	32= 26	42	60	74	85(2)A	108=	111	
				116								ł
** 8-0000028		STAGO TANBO	COMM	42= 18	108 75							
	·											
7-00000008 7-0000000C		TANB1 TANB2	COMM COMM	17 17	44 44	93= 93	94					
7-0000000		TANS	CUMM	74=	75	73 79	80					
3-00000004		USTAR	COMM	13	47(2)	00						ī
**	R*4	VNMUX		78=	79	80						
**	R*4	VNZEY		77=	79	80						
10-00000080 10-00000084		WM1N WM2N	COMM	20 20	33 33							
**		XI	COM	33=	34	47						
**	R*4	XIH		34=	35	69						
**	R*4	XIH1M		35=	69							į
												•
ARRAYS		•										
	T	Nama		O	0:	ione	Dafasassas					
Address	туре	n ame	Attributes	Bytes	Dimens	i i ons	References					

44 (11) 44 (11)

- B-118 -

20 20 27 69 69

10-00000000 R*4 B 10-0000002C R*4 BK

	R*4 R*4 R*4		COMM	44	(11) (11) (11)	20 20 23	68(2) 69=	78
2-00000000 2-0000002C	R*4 R*4	VNX VNY			(11) (11)	23 23	79= 80=	85A 85A

PFM3

1-Jun-1988 14:57:38 1-Jun-1988 14:54:08

VAX FORTRAN V4.0-2

DUAO: [CHIANG.3037.DSN3]PFM3.FOR;2

2-00000084 R*4 VNZEYK

44 (11)

23

68=

77

PARAMETER CONSTANTS

Type Name

References

I*4 NSTAMX

11# 20(4) 23(4)

LABELS

Address	Label	References		•	
1-00000051	310'	44	46#		
1-0000007F	320'	47	48#		
0-00000282	410	74#	113		
1-00000231	2020'	118	119#		
1-0000025A	71101	60	111	116	123#

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

Type	Name	Reference
	MELLOR3	85
R*4	MTH\$ATAND	94
R*4	MTH\$COSD	92
R*4	MTHSTAND	74

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified

Defining Reference

- Actual Argument, possibly modified
- Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

```
0001
                 SUBROUTINE SIMULI( INDIC, N, A, X, EPS, DETER)
0002
        C (3037-MELLOR-SIMULT) SIMULTANEOUS LINEAR EQS. SOLVER WHICH USES GAUSS-
വവ
0004
                                 JORDAN ELIMINATION METHOD WITH THE MAX. PIVOT STRATEGY
0005
        C VS.1: MATRIX IN 1-D FORM
        C REFERENCED BY LOOP (TWICE); REFERENCES MTHSHOD
0006
በበበን
        C OR, REFERENCED BY SIMULIT
        C INPUT A, EPS, INDIC, & N; OUTPUT A, DETER & X
C 04NOV86 ADAPTED FROM (3037-MELLOR-SIMUL); WHICH WAS ADAPTED, ON 15OCT86,
8000
0009
0010
        C FROM S. MAEKAWA WHO ADOPTED FROM CARNAHAN, et al., 1969, 290-1
0011
        C REVISED 01DEC86
0012
0013
                 AUGMENTED MATRIX OF COEFS.; W/ COEFF. MATRIX IN THE 1ST N COLS.
        CA
0014
                 & VECTOR OF RIGHT HAND SIDE IN THE (N+1)TH COL.; IN THE FORM OF
0015
                 ( N x N+1 ) ARRAY
0016
        C DETER DETERMINANT OF THE ORIGINAL COEF. MATRIX
0017
        C EPS
                MIN. ALLOWABLE MAGNITUDE FOR A PIVOT ELEMENT
0018
        C INDIC COMPUTATIONAL SWITCH:
                 <O, TO COMPUTE THE INVERSE OF THE MATRIX IN PLACE
0019
0020
                 =0, TO COMPUTE N SOLS. CORRESPONDING TO THE SET OF LINEAR EQS.
0021
                     W/ AUGMENTED MATRIX OF COEFS. IN THE N BY N+1 ARRAY A AND IN
                ADDITION TO COMPUTE AS WHEN INDIC<O
>0, TO SOLVE THE SET OF EQS. BUT THE INVERSE IS NOT COMPUTED IN
0022
        C
0023
        C
0024
                     PLACE
        C
0025
        CN
                 # OF ROWS IN A MATRIX
0026
                 VECTOR OF SOLUTIONS, SIZE N
        CX
0027
0028
               PARAMETER (NMAX=11)
0029
0030
               DIMENSION A( N*(N+1) ), IROW(NMAX), JCOL(NMAX), JORD(NMAX), X(N),
0031
                         Y(NMAX)
0032
0033
               IF (N.GT.NMAX) THEN
                 PRINT *, 'N > NMAX...', N, NMAX
STOP 'SIMUL.10'
0034
0035
                 END IF
0036
0037
0038
               IF (INDIC.LT.0) THEN
0039
                MAY
                         =N
0040
                ELSE
0041
                MAX
                         =N+1
0042
               END IF
0043
0044
               DETER
                         ±1
               DO 200 K=1,N
0045
0046
                 PIVOT
                        =0.
0047
                 IF (K.EQ.1) THEN
                   DO 601=1,N
0048
0049
                     IJ =I
0050
                     00 60
                                J =1,N
0051
                       IF ( ABS( A(IJ) ) .GT. ABS(PIVOT) ) THEN
0052
                         PIVOT =A(IJ)
0053
                         IROW(1) =1
0054
                         JCOL(1) = J
0055
                         END IF
           60
0056
                       1J=1J+N
0057
        C 60
                     CONTINUE
0058
                  EL SE
0059
                   KM1
                        =K-1
0060
                   D01701=1,N
0061
                     IJ =I
0062
                            ISCAN=1,KM1
0063
                       IF ( I .EQ. IPOW(ISCAN) ) GO TO 170
0064
                       END DO
0065
                     DO 160
                                 J=1,N
0066
                       DO
                           JSCAN=1,KM1
0067
                         IF ( J .EQ. JCOL(JSCAN) ) GO TO 160
BAGG
                         END DO
0069
                       IF ( ABS( A(IJ) ) .GT. ABS(PIVOT) ) THEN
0070
                         PIVOT =A(IJ)
0071
                         IROW(K) =1
0072
                         JCOL(K) =J
0073
                         END IF
0074
          160
                       []=[J+N
0075
          170
                     CONTINUE
```

0076

0077

END IF

```
0078
                IF ( ABS(PIVOT) .LT. EPS ) THEN
0079
                  PRINT *, '...PIVOT < EPS...', PIVOT, EPS
                  STOP 'SIMUL.55'
0800
0081
                  END IF
0082
0083
                TROUK
                        =IROW(K)
0084
                JCOLK
                        =JCOL(K)
0085
                JN
                         =(JCOLK-1)*N
                        =DETER*PIVOT
0086
                DETER
0087
                IJ
                        = I POLK
8800
                90
                      J =1,MAX
0089
                  A(IJ) =A(IJ)/PIVOT
0090
                  IJ
                       =! J+N
0091
                  END DO
0092
                A(IROWK+JN)
                                 =1./PIVOT
0093
                IJC
                        =JN
0094
                DO
                       I=1,N
0095
                  IJC =IJC+1
0096
                  IF (I.NE.IROWK) THEN
0097
                    AIJCK
                                =A(IJC)
0098
                    A(IJC)
                                 =-AIJCK/PIVOT
0099
                    IJ =I
0100
                    IRMI=IROWK-I
0101
                    DO J=1,MAX
0102
                      IF (J.NE.JCOLK)
                                            A(IJ)=A(IJ)-AIJCK*A(IJ+IRMI)
0103
                      IJ
                                 =[J+N
0104
                      END DO
0105
                    END IF
0106
                  END DO
          200
0107
                CONTINUE
0108
0109
              JN
                         =(MAX-1)*N
0110
                      I =1,N
              DO
                IROWI
                       =1ROW(1)
0111
0112
                JCOL I
                       =JCOL(1)
0113
                 JORD (IROWI)
                                =JCOLI
                IF (INDIC.GE.0)
0114
        CCC
                                     X(JCOLI)=A(IROWI+JN)
0115
                X(JCOLI)=A(IROWI+JN)
0116
                END DO
0117
              INTCH
                        =0
0118
              DO
                        I=1,N-1
0119
                IP1
                        =[+1
0120
                      J = IP1,N
                DO
                  IF ( JORD(J).LT.JORD(I) ) THEN
0121
0122
                     JTEMP
                                 =JORD(J)
0123
                     JORD(J)
                                 =JORD(1)
0124
                     JORD(I)
                                 =JTEMP
0125
                     INTCH
                                 =INTCH+1
0126
                    END IF
0127
                  END DO
0128
                END DO
0129
0130
              IF ( MOD(INTCH,2) .GT. 0 )
                                               DETER=-DETER
0131
              IF (INDIC.GT.0) GOTO 180
0132
0133
              JN
                         =0
0134
                       J = 1,N
              DO
0135
                DO
                      I =1,N
0136
                  Y(JCOL(I)) = A(IROW(I)+JN)
0137
                  ENÓ DO
0138
                DO
                     I =1,N
0139
                  A(I+JN)
                                 =Y(1)
0140
                  END DO
0141
                 JN
                         =JN+N
0142
                END DO
0143
                      1 =1,N
              DO
0144
                DO
                      J =1,N
0145
                  Y(IROW(J)) = A(I + (JCOL(J)-1)*N)
0146
                  END DO
0147
                        = [
                IJ
0148
                DO
                       J =1,N
                  A(IJ) = Y(J)
0149
0150
                        =[J+N
                  IJ
0151
                  END DO
0152
                END DO
0153
          180 RETURN
0154
0155
              END
```

Name			Byt	es Attribu	tes							
0 SCODE 1 SPDATA 2 SLOCAL				48 PIC CON	REL LCL REL LCL REL LCL	SHR EXE SHR NOEXE NOSHR NOEXE	RD NOWR					
Total Space	e Al	located	16	59								•
ENTRY POINTS												
Address 1	ype	Name		References								
c-00000000		SIMUL1		1#								_
VARIABLES												
	уре	Name	Attributes	References								
** AP-0000018a	R*4	AIJCK DETER		97= 1	98 44=	102 86(2)=	130(2)=					
AP-00000014a	R*4	EPS		1	78	79						
**	I*4	1		48= 96 121	49 99 123	53 100 124	60= 110= 135=	61 111 1 3 6(2)	63 112 138=	71 118= 139(2)	94= 119 143=	=
**				145	147	53	5//3>	44-	40	70	7/ /2>=	
	I*4	IJ		49= 87= 150(2)=	51 89(2)	52 90(2)=	56(2)= 99=	61= 102(3)	69 103(2)=	70 147=	74(2)= 149	£ -
**	I*4	IJC		93=	95(2)=	97	98	•				<u>.</u>
AP-00000004a	-	INDIC		1	38	131						
**	I*4 I*4	INTCH IP1		11 <i>7=</i> 119=	125(2)= 120	130						
**	1*4	IRMI		100=	102							
**	1*4 1*4	IROWI IROWK		111= 83=	113 87	115 92	96	100				_
**	I*4	ISCAN		62=	63		•					<u> </u>
**	I*4	J		50≠ 120−	54	65=	67 127	72 17/ =	88= 1//-	101= 145(2)	102	
				120= 149	121	122	123	134=	144=	143(2)	148=	
**	1*4	JCOL I		112=	113	115						
2-000000c4 **	1*4 I*4	JCOFK		84=	8 5	102	100-	115	177_	474	170	K
	1~4	JN		85= 141(2)=	92	93	109=	115	133=	136	139	
**	1*4	JSCAN		66=	67							
** 2-00000084	1*4 1*4	JTEMP K		122= 45=	124 47	59	71	72	83	84		
					71	,,	• •	, .	w	04		
2-000000B0	I*4 I*4	KM1 MAX		59= 30-	62 /1-	66	101	100				
AP-0000008a		N N		39= 1	41= 30(3)	88 33	101 34	109 39	41	45	48	-
				50	56	60	65	74 .	85	90	94	
				103 141	109 143	110 144	118 145	120 148	134 150	135	138	
**	R*4	PIVOT		46=	51	52=	69	70=	78	79	86	
				89	92	98						
ARRAYS							-					Ď.
Address 1	уре	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensi	ons R	References					
AP-0000000Ca	R*4	A		**	(*)		1	30	51	52	69	
							70 102(3)= 149=	89(2)= 115	92= 136	97 139=	98≃ 145	
2-00000000	I*4	IROW		44	(11)		30	53=	63	71=	83	١
2-0000002C	1*4	JCOL		44	(11)		111 30	136 54=	145 67	72=	84	•
2-00000058	1*4	JORD		44	(11)		112 30	136 113=	145 121(2)	122	123(2)=	
AP-00000010a	R*4	x			(*)		124= 1	30	115=		•	
2-00000084	R*4	Y		44	(11)		30	136=	139	145=	149	b
	. ,				– B-122 –	•			· - • •	.	•	Ţ

PARAMETER CONSTANTS

Туре	Name	References			
I*4	NMAX	28#	30(4)	33	34

LABELS

D

Address	Label	Reference	s	
**	60	48	50	56#
0-000001CB	160	65	67	74#
0-000001b3	170	60	63	75#
0-000004FA	180	131	154#	
**	200	45	107#	

KEY TO REFERENCE FLAGS

- Value Modified

- Defining Reference

- Actual Argument, possibly modified

- Data Initialization

(n) - Number of occurrences on line

```
0001
              SUBROUTINE SPLIN1( N, X, Y, NARG, DOMAIN, FUNC, DERIV, SUM, SEND,
0002
                                          EPS)
0003
        C (3037-DSN3-SPLIN1) (S) CUBIC SPLINE INTERPOLATION (AND INTEGRATION)
0004
0005
        C (3037-MELLOR-SPLIN1) CUBIC SPLINE INTERPOLATION (AND INTEGRATION)
0006
        C Version 1 - BASIC SPLINE SUBROUTINE
0007
        C SEE ALSO Version 2 - INCLUDING SINGLE ARGUMENT INTERPOLATION &
0008
                EXTRAPOLATION
0009
        C SEE ALSO Version 3 - INTEGRATION TO EVERY PT.
        C REFERENCED BY (3037-DSN3-DSN2) & (3037-DSN3-MELLOR3) (TWICE) C REFERENCED BY (3037-MELLOR-INPUT) (4 TIMES) & (3037-MELLOR-LOOP) (4 TIMES)
0010
0011
0012
        C REFERENCES NONE
0013
        C INPUT EPS, DOMAIN(*), N, NARG, X(*), AND Y(*)
0014
        C OUTPUT DERIV(*), FUNC(*), AND SUM...
0015
        C ADAPTED FROM (8001-SPLIN1), 240CT86
0016
        C SLIGHTLY REVISED 20MAY87; INCREASED DIM 24MAY88
0017
0018
        C DERIV OUTPUT VECTOR (SIZE NARG) CONTAINING DERIVATIVE VALUES FOR
0019
                DOMAIN(*)
        C DOMAININPUT VECTOR (SIZE NARG) CONTAINING DOMAIN VALUES FOR WHICH THE
0020
0021
                DERIVATIVE OR FUCTIONAL VALUE IS TO BE COMPUTED
0022
                ERROR TOLERANCE IN ITERATIVE SOL. OF SIMUL. EQS.
0023
        C FUNC OUTPUT VECTOR (SIZE NARG) CONTAINING INTERPOLATED FUNCTION
0024
                VALUES FOR DOMAIN(*)
0025
        C MXN
                MAX. VALUE OF N
0026
        CN
                # OF DATA PTS.; 2<N<MXN
        C NARG # OF ARGUMENTS FOR WHICH FUNC(*) &/OR DERIV(*) ARE REQ'D.;
0027
                POSITIVE IF THE INTEGRAL IS NEEDED; NEG. IF THE INTEGRAL IS NOT
0028
0029
                NEEDED; O IF ONLY THE INTEGRAL IS NEEDED (NEITHER FUNC NOR DERIV
0030
                IS NEEDED); ABS(NARG).LE.NARGMX
0031
        C NARGMXMAX. VALUE OF ABS(NARG)
0032
        C OMEGA RELAXATION FACTOR FOR SUCCESSIVE OVER-RELAXATION
0033
        C SEND A FACTOR TO BE APPLIED TO S(2) & S(N-1) TO OBTAIN S(1) & S(N),
0034
                RESPECTIVELY, S BEING CURVATURE; NORMALLY 0, .5, OR 1
        С
0035
        C SUM
                INTEGRAL
0036
        CX
                VECTOR (SIZE N) CONTAINING DOMAIN VALUES OF THE DATA PTS. [X(i)
0037
                VALUES SHOULD BE IN ACCENDING ORDER]
        C
0038
        CY
                VECTOR (SIZE N) CONTAINING RANGE VALUES OF THE DATA PTS.
0039
0040
              PARAMETER ( MXN=100, NARGMX=201)
0041
0042
              DIMENSION DERIV(NARGMX), DOMAIN(NARGMX), DX(MXN), DYDX(MXN),
0043
                         FUNC(NARGHX), G(MXN), S(MXN), WORK(MXN), X(N), Y(N)
0044
0045
              DATA
                         MNITER/3/, MXITER/50/, OMEGA/1.071796768/
0046
        С
                                                 OMEGA=8.-4,*SQRT(3.)
0047
0048
        C 100 CHECK
0049
              IF (N.GT.MXN .OR. N.LT.3 .OR. ABS(NARG).GT.NARGMX) THEN
                PRINT *, 'CHECK N OR NARG...', N, NARG, MXN, NARGMX
0050
                STOP 'SPLINE.111'
0051
0052
                END IF
0053
0054
        C 200 DYDX
0055
              NM1
                         =N-1
0056
              DO
                        I=1,NM1
0057
                DX(I)
                        =X(I+1)-X(I)
0058
                DYDX(I) = (Y(I+1)-Y(I))/DX(I)
0059
                END DO
0060
0061
        C 300 S & G
0062
              DO
                        I=2,NM1
0063
                DX2
                        =X(I+1)-X(I-1)
DOW
                WORK(1) =0x(1-1)/DX2
0065
                DYDX2H = (DYDX(I)-DYDX(I-1))/DX2
0666
                S(1)
                         =DYDX2H+DYDX2H
0067
                G(1)
                         =S(1)+DYDX2H
8800
                END DO
0069
              DO
                        I=2,NM1
0070
                WORK(1) =WORK(1)*.5
0071
                END DO
                         =S(2)*SEND
0072
              S(1)
0073
                         =S(N-1)*SEND
              S(N)
0074
0075
              ITER
                         ≈0
0076
          330 ETA
                         =0.
                                                            - B-124 -
0077
```

=ITER+1

ITER

```
0078
              DO
                       I=2.NM1
0079
                        =( G(I) - WORK(I)*S(I-1) - ( .5-WORK(I) )*S(I+1)
                TEM
                                  - S(1) ) * OMEGA
0080
0081
                ETA
                        =AMAX1( ABS(TEM), ETA)
0082
                S(I)
                        =S(1)+TEM
0083
                END DO
0084
0085
                IF (ITER.LT.MNITER) GOTO 330
0086
                IF (ETA.GT.EPS) THEN
                  IF (ITER.LT.MXITER) GOTO 330
0087
8800
                      I=1,N
                  DO
0089
                    WRITE(6,*) 1, X(1), Y(1), G(1), S(1), WORK(1)
0090
                    ENO DO
0091
                  PRINT *, 'NOT CONVERGED ... ', MXITER, ETA, EPS
                  STOP 'SPLINE.344'
0092
                  END IF
0093
0094
0095
                IF (NARG.EQ.0) GOTO 520
nnok
0097
              DO
                       I=1,NM1
0098
                G(1)
                       =( S(1+1)-S(1) )/DX(1)
0099
                END DO
0100
0101
        C 400 CALC. FUNCTION VALUES AND DERIVATIVES
                       J=1,ABS(NARG)
0102
              DO
0103
                1
                        ±1
0104
                DOM
                        =DOMAIN(J)
0105
                IF ( X(1).GT.DOM .OR. X(N).LT.DOM) THEN
                  PRINT *, 'ARGUMENT OUT OF RANGE...', J, N, DOM, X(1), X(N)
0106
                  STOP 'SPLINE.411'
0107
0108
                  END IF
          430
0109
                        ±1+1
0110
                  IF ( X(I).LT.DOM ) GOTO 430
0111
                I
                        =[-1
0112
                        =DOM-X(1)
                н
0113
                         =DOM-X(1+1)
0114
                HT
                        =H*T
                        =(G(I)*H+S(I)+S(I)+S(I+1))/6.
0115
                DSQS
0116
                FUNC(J) =DYDX(I)*H + HT*DSQS +Y(I)
0117
                DERIV(J)=(H+T)*DSQS + G(I)*HT/6 + DYDX(I)
0118
                END DO
0119
0120
        C 500 INTEGRATE FROM X(1) TO X(N)
0121
              IF (NARG.LT.0) GOTO 990
0122
0123
          520 SUM
                        =0.
0124
              DO
                       J=1,NM1
0125
                н
                        =DX(J)
0126
                SUM
                         =( (Y(J)+Y(J+1))*.5 - (S(J) + S(J+1))*H*H/24.)*H + SUM
0127
                END DO
0128
        C 900
0129
0130
          990 RETURN
0131
              END
```

Name Bytes **Attributes** 0 \$CODE 1648 RD NOWRT LONG PIC CON REL LCL SHR FXF 1 SPOATA 98 PIC CON REL LCL SHR NOEXE RD NOWRT LONG 2 \$LOCAL 2232 PIC CON REL LCL NOSHR NOEXE RD WRT LONG Total Space Allocated 3078

ENTRY POINTS

Address Type Name References
0-00000000 SPLIN1 1#

VARIABLES

Address Type Name

Attributes References

								•				-
						401	440	443				
**	R*4	DOM		104=	105(2)	106	110	112	113			
**	R*4	DSQS		115=	116	117						
**	R*4			63=	64	65						
**		DYDX2H		65≠	66(2)	67						
AP-00000028a	R*4	EPS		1	86	91						
**		ETA		76≃	81(2)=	86	91		405	404.75		-
**	R*4			112≈	114	115	116	117	125=	126(3)		
**	R*4			114=	116	117	40	42.2.	44435	(5.2)		
**	I*4	I		56≈	57(3)	58(4)	62=	63(2)	64(2)	65(2)	66	
				67(2)	69=	70(2)	78=	79(6)	82(2)	88=	89(6)	
				97≈	98(4)	103=	109(2)=	110	111(2)=	112	113	
				115(4)	116(2)	117(2)						
**	1=4	ITER		75≈	77(2)=	85	87					
**				102-	40/	104	444	117	13/-	125	136773	-
	1*4			102=	104	106	116	117	124=	123	126(4)	
2-00000700		MNITER		45D	85 87	01						
		MXITER		45D	87	91	50	cc	77 () \	00	105	
AP-00000004a	1-4	N		1	42(2)	49(2)	50	55	73(2)	88	כטו	
AD. 000000100		MARC		106(2) 1	, 0	50	OF	102	121			
AP-00000010a	1-4	MARU		1	49	50	95	102	161			
2-000007DC	1*4	NM1		55=	56	62	69	78	97	124		
2-000007D8	R*4	OMEGA		45D	79	UZ.	0,		,,	147		-
AP-00000708		SEND		1	72	73						
AP-000000248		SUM		i	123=	126(2)=						
**	R*4			113=	114	117						
	~ ~	•		1130	114							
**	R*4	TEM		79=	81	82						
				• •	٠.							
												_
ARRAYS												
Address	Туре	Name	Attributes	Bytes	Dimensio	ons	References					
							_					
AP-0000001Ca					(201)		1	42	117=			
AP-00000014a		DOMAIN			(201)		.1	42	104			
2-00000000	R*4	DX		400	(100)		42	57=	58	64	98	
2 222222							125		45.00	•••	4.5	-
2-00000190					(100)		42	58=	65(2)	116	117	
AP-00000018a	R=4	FUNC		804	(201)		1	42	116=			_
3 00000730	n+/	•		400	4400		/3	17-	70	80	00-	
2-00000320	R*4	G		400	(100)		42 115	67= 117	79	89	98=	
2-000004B0	n+/	•		/00	(100)		113	117				
2-00000480	K-4	3						44-	47	72/21-		
				400	(100)		42	66=	67 90	72(2)=	73(2)=	
				400	(100)		42 79(3)	66= 82(2)=	67 89	72(2)= 98(2)	73(2)= 115(3)	
2-00000440	D#/.	UODY					42 79(3) 126(2)	82(2)=	89	98(2)	115(3)	
2-00000640		WORK		400	(100)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42	82(2)= 64=	89 70(2)=	98(2) 79(2)	115(3) 89	
2-00000640 AP-00000008a				400			42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1	82(2)= 64= 42	89 70(2)= 57(2)	98(2) 79(2) 63(2)	115(3) 89 89	
AP-00000008a	R*4	X		400 **	(100) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
	R*4	X		400 **	(100)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2)	82(2)= 64= 42	89 70(2)= 57(2)	98(2) 79(2) 63(2)	115(3) 89 89	
AP-00000008a	R*4	X		400 **	(100) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a	R*4	X		400 **	(100) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a	R*4	X		400 **	(100) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a	R*4 R*4	X Y		400 **	(100) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a	R*4 R*4	X Y		400 **	(100) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a	R*4 R*4	X Y		400 **	(100) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	-
AP-00000008a AP-00000000Ca PARAMETER CONSTYPE Name	R*4 R*4	X Y		400 ** ** References	(100) (*) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a AP-00000000Ca PARAMETER CONSTYPE Name 1*4 MXN	R*4 R*4 Stant	X Y		400 ** ** References 40#	(100) (*) (*)	49	42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2) 1 126(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a AP-00000000Ca PARAMETER CONSTYPE Name	R*4 R*4 Stant	X Y		400 ** ** References	(100) (*) (*)	49 49	42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2) 1 126(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a AP-00000000Ca PARAMETER CONSTYPE Name 1*4 MXN	R*4 R*4 Stant	X Y		400 ** ** References 40#	(100) (*) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2) 1 126(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a AP-0000000ca PARAMETER CONS Type Name I*4 MXN I*4 NARGM	R*4 R*4 Stant	X Y		400 ** ** References 40#	(100) (*) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2) 1 126(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a AP-00000000Ca PARAMETER CONSTYPE Name 1*4 MXN	R*4 R*4 Stant	X Y		400 ** ** References 40#	(100) (*) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2) 1 126(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a AP-00000000Ca PARAMETER CON: Type Name I*4 MXN I*4 NARGM)	R*4 R*4 Stant	x Y		400 ** ** References 40# 40#	(100) (*) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2) 1 126(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a AP-0000000ca PARAMETER CONS Type Name I*4 MXN I*4 NARGM	R*4 R*4 Stant	x Y		400 ** ** References 40#	(100) (*) (*)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2) 1 126(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a AP-00000000ca PARAMETER CON: Type Name 1*4 MXN 1*4 NARGM) LABELS Address	R*4 R*4 STANT	x Y		400 ** ** References 40# 40#	(100) (*) (*) (*) 42(5) 42(3)	49	42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2) 1 126(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a AP-00000000Ca PARAMETER CON: Type Name I*4 MXN I*4 NARGM) LABELS Address 0-00000258	R*4 R*4 STANT	x Y		400 ** ** ** References 40# 40#	(100) (*) (*) (*) 42(5) 42(3)		42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2) 1 126(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a AP-00000000Ca PARAMETER CON: Type Name I*4 MXN I*4 NARGM) LABELS Address 0-00000258 0-000004F8	R*4 R*4 STANT K Labe 330 430	x Y		400 ** ** ** References 40# 40#	(100) (*) (*) (*) 42(5) 42(3)	49	42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2) 1 126(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a AP-00000000Ca PARAMETER CONS Type Name 1*4 MXN 1*4 NARGMS LABELS Address 0-00000258 0-000004F8 0-000005F3	R*4 R*4 STANT Labe 330 430 520	x Y		400 ** ** ** References 40# 40# References 76# 109# 95	(100) (*) (*) (*) 42(5) 42(3) 85 110 123#	49	42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2) 1 126(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	
AP-00000008a AP-00000000Ca PARAMETER CON: Type Name I*4 MXN I*4 NARGM) LABELS Address 0-00000258 0-000004F8	R*4 R*4 STANT Labe 330 430 520	x Y		400 ** ** ** References 40# 40#	(100) (*) (*) (*) 42(5) 42(3)	49	42 79(3) 126(2) 42 1 105(2) 1 126(2)	82(2)= 64= 42 106(2)	89 70(2)= 57(2) 110	98(2) 79(2) 63(2) 112	89 89 113	

APPENDIX C

BRIEF INSTRUCTIONS ON SAMPLE INPUT DATA

C.1 PROGRAM SCM

The following is a nomenclature of the input data used in Program SCM.

```
IBFLOW=-2 IF G, CM(*), R(*) & Q(*) ARE INPUT DATA;
```

- =-1 FOR NONUNIFORM INFLOWS;
- = 0 FOR UNIFORM INFLOW;
- = 1 IF DATA ARE AVAILABLE FROM BLADE TO BLADE CALCULATIONS;
- =10 TO USE SUB BBFLOW TO PREPARE INPUT DATA.
- IDSN3 = 0 FOR NO ACTION;
 - = 1 TO STORE A PART OF RESULTS TO DSN3ZI.DAT TO BE USED BY (3037-DSN3)
- IN LOGICAL UNIT # FOR INPUT FILE
- LG = 0 FOR SEA WATER (DEN=1025 KG/CU.M.);
 - = 1 FOR PURE WATER (DEN=1000);
 - = 2 FOR GAS.

READ1 (A DUMMY LINE TO STORE TITLE, NOTE...)

- READ2 NM # OF MERIDIONAL STREAM LINES, >=5
 - NQ # OF Q-LINES, >=5
 - NQI LINE # OF Q-LINE AT THE LINE PRIOR TO THE
 - LEADING EDGE OF BLADE
 - NQB # OF Q-LINES ON THE BLADE
 - ICM = 1 TO SOLVE D(CM)/DQ (INOUE);
 - = 2 TO SOLVE D(CM*CM)/DQ
- READ3 OMG ANGULAR VEL. in rad/sec
 - RAS REFERENCE RADIUS in m
 - DMPCM DAMPING FACTOR USED IN CM ITERATION, INOUE 1.
 - DMPG DAMPING FACTOR USED IN G ITERATION, INOUE .5
 - DMPL DAMPING FACTOR USED IN Q ITERATION, INOUE .1
 - EPSCM CONVERGING CRITERION FOR CM ITERATION, INOUE 1.E-6
 - EPSG CONVERGING CRITERION FOR G ITERATION, INOUE 1.E-4
 - EPSL CONVERGING CRITERION FOR Q ITERATION, INOUE 1.E-4
- READ4 RUMRQ ANGLE BETWEEN Q-LINE (STRAIGHT) & RADIUS DIR.,
 - POSITIVE C.W., in rad.
- READ5 Z Z-COORINATE in m
- READ6 PHID1 ANGLE BETWEEN HUB & Z-ZXIS in deg
 - PHIDN ANGLE BETWEEN CASING & Z-ZXIS in deg

READ7 SM M-COORDINATE in m

READ8 CTH PERIPHERAL VEL. in m/sec

READ9 BLO BLOCKAGE FACTOR, Kb=(theta2-theta1)/(2*pi/N), 0 TO

= 1 IF NO BLOCKAGE

***** READ10 & READ11 ARE REQUIRED ONLY IF LG=2 *****

READ10 DEN DENSITY in kg/cu.m.

READ11 ENT CHANGE OF ENTROPY in J/kg

***** READ12 TO READ15 ARE REQUIRED ONLY IF IBFLOW=-2 *****

READ12 GS CUMULATIVE MASS FLOW RATE IN FLOW-TUBES, GS(1) TO

DESIGNATES THAT BN. J=1 & J=2, GS(NM-1)=G, in

kg/sec

G MASS FLOW RATE in kg/sec

READ13 CM MERIDIONAL VEL. in m/sec

READ14 R RADIAL DISTANCE FROM AXIS OF RATALION in m

READ15 H ENTHALPY in J/kg or (m/sec) **2

***** READ16 TO READ21 ARE REQUIRED ONLY IF IBFLOW=-1 *****
READ16 R RADIAL DISTANCE FROM AXIS OF RATATION in m

READ17 NCMNU # OF INPUT DATA FOR INFLOW VEL. PROFILE

READ18 RNUC1 1ST CONVERSION FACTOR TO BE MULTIPLIED TO THE

INPUT RNU

RNUC2 2ND CONVERSION FACTOR TO BE MULTIPLIED TO THE

INPUT RNU

CMNUC1 1ST CONVERSION FACTOR TO BE MULTIPLIED TO THE

INPUT MNU

CMNUC2 2ND CONVERSION FACTOR TO BE MULTIPLIED TO THE

INPUT MNU

RERR ALLOWABLE ERROR IN RNU DATA IN m

EPS CONVERGENCE CRITERION TO BE USED IN SPLINE ROUTINE

VO FLOW VEL. (OR VEHICLE VEL.) AT FREE STREAM, in m/s

AFTER BEEN MULTIPLIED BY VOC

VOC CONVERSION FAC. TO BE MULTI. TO VO

PHO STATIC PRESCURE HEAD AT FREE STREAM in m

READ19 RNU RADII OF NCMNU PTS., in m AFTER MULTIPLYED W/

RNUC1*RNUC2

READ20 CMNU MERIDJONAL VEL. AS FUNCTION OF RNU, in m/sec AFTER

BEEN MULTIPLIED BY CMNUC1*CMNUC2

READ21 CPTNU PRESSURE COEFFICIENT AS FUNCTION OF RNU

***** READ22 & READ23 ARE REQUIRED ONLY IF IBFLOW=0 *****

READ22 G MASS FLOW RATE in kg/sec

CPTC CONSTAT PRESSURE COEFFICIENT

VO FLOW VEL. (OR VEHICLE VEL.) AT FREE STREAM, in m/s

AFTER BEEN MULTIPLIED BY VOC

VOC CONVERSION FAC. TO BE MULTI. TO VO

PHO STATIC PRESSURE HEAD AT FREE STREAM in m

READ23 R RADIAL DISTANCE FROM AXIS OF RATATION in m

***** READ24 TO READ29 ARE REQUIRED ONLY IF IBFLOW=1 *****

READ24 G MASS FLOW RATE in kg/sec

READ25 CM MERIDIONAL VEL. in m/sec

READ26 R RADIAL DISTANCE FROM AXIS OF RATATION in m

READ27 H ENTHALPY in J/kg or (m/sec) **2

READ28 TNA TN OF EQ. 10

READ29 CTHD A KIND OF [DELTA(CM*CTH)]/CM, FROM BLADE TO BLADE

PROGRAM

C.2 PROGRAM RIS

The following is the nomenclature of input data used in Program RIS:

```
I function
AΙ
       I function
AII
       Lambda, in deg.
AMDA
       Starting Lambda, in deg.
AMDAA
       Increment of Lambda, in deg.
AMDAI
AMDAK AMDA(KA)
      Ending Lambda, in deg.
AMDAZ
CO
       cos (Lambda)
EPS
       Converging criterion
       Equal sign
EQUAL
       A dummy counter
K
       Dummy counter, for AMDA
KA
       Max. allowable KA
KAMAX
       Final KA
KAZ
       Dummy counter, for XS
KX
       Max. allowable KX
KXMAX
       Final KX
KXZ
LENGTH # of characters for the length of the horizontal lines in
       table
       A dummy variable, 1 to NMAX
       Max. # of terms (either pos. or neg. side) in the series
NMAX
NMAXMX Max. N used
       A temporary variable
Q
       A temporary variable
Q1
       A temporary variable
Q2
       A temporary variable
Q3
       A temporary variable
Q9
       R function
R
       A string contains R & I
RANDI
RPI
       1/(PI)
       R function
RK
       sin(Lambda)
SI
       Underline sign
UL
        (x0-x)/s = (x0-x)/c * c/s
XS
       Starting XS
XSA
        Increment of XS
XSI
XSK
       XS(KX)
XSZ
        Ending XS
```

C.3 PROGRAM MELLOR

The following is the nomenclature of input data used in Program MELLOR:

TITLE (WILL NOT SHOW IN OUTPUT) READ1 READ2 TITLE (TO BE SHOWN IN OUTPUT) READ3 TO CALCULATE THE CASE SHOWN IN MELLOR (1959); MH = 1 = 2 FOR THE CASE FOLLOWS HERRIG, et al. (1951) TO PREPARE A TABLE OF G, H, B, & T FUNCTIONS (OF =11 STAGGER ANGLE) FOR A SPEIFIED SOLIDITY IF THE CAMBER IS A CIRCULAR ARC; INCAM = 1 IF THE BLADE IS NACA 65 W/ a=1.0; = 2 = 3* IF THE CAMBER IS TO BE CALCULATED FROM A FORMULA (NOT USED IF INCAM=1) **IFLAT** = 0* IF THE INPUT CAMBER IS NOT TO BE MODIFIED; IF THE SLOPES OF INPUT CAMBER ARE TO BE KEPT CONSTANT WITHIN 5% OF BOTH ENDS (SEE MELLOR, 1959) NSEC # OF SEGMENTS ALONG THE CHORD, e.g., 50; SET TO 10 IF MH=1 TO COMPARE W/ TABLES IN MELLOR (1959) # OF FOURIER SERIES TERMS TO BE USED, e.g., NFR=3 TO NFR AO, A1, & A2 HAVE = 0 IF CAMBER & THICKNESS DATA ARE NOT TO BE LISTED; LIST = 1* TO LIST READ4 CBID INPUT IDEAL CB (KNOWM) FOR THE INPUT CAMBER; IF THE CALCULATED, CB IS TO BE NEGLECTED; OTHERWISE, INPUT A NUMBER >=9 TO USE THE CALCULATED CB A FACTOR TO BE USED BY 4 SUB SPLIN1 IN THIS ROUTINE.... SEND1 IT IS TO BE APPLIED TO S(2) & S(N-1) TO OBTAIN S(1) & S(N), S BEING CURVATURE... NORMALLY 0, .5, OR 1... e.g., 1 FOR CAMBER & THICKNESS DISTRIBUTIONS ***** SKIP READ5 & READ6, IF MH.NE.1 ***** READ5 (IIF MH=1) LISTO TO MAKE DG00-DT1 & G00-T1 TABLES (MELLOR, 1959); TO MAKE A01-AT TABLE; = 3 TO MAKE CL-AT TABLE READ6 (IIF MH=1) ALPHAM MEAN ANGLE OF INCIDENCE, IN deg. (NOT USED IF LISTO=1) **** SKIP READ7 & READ8, IF MH.NE.2 ***** READ7 (IIF MH=2) IRES TO FIND LIFT COEF. BY CL=2*PI*(A1+A2);

TO CALC. CL AS ABOVE PLUS BETA1 & CL1

ISCL = 0 TO DO NOTHING

= 1 TO STORE CALCULATED SET OF LIFT COEFFICIENTS TO BE COMPARED W/ HERRIG, et al., 1951

READ8 (IIF MH=2)

CC FACTOR FOR EFFECTIVE CB. <=1, 1 FOR THEO. VALUES,

MELLOR HAS .725

CA FACTOR FOR EFFECTIVE ALPHA(M), <=1, 1 FOR THEORETICAL

VALUES

CSA STARTING C/S (SOLIDITY) FOR CASES TO BE CALCULATED,

e.g., 0.

CSI INCREMENT OF C/S TO BE CALCULATED, e.g., 2.0

CSZ ENDING C/S, e.g., .5

SEND5 A FACTOR TO BE USED BY 4 SUB SPLIN1 IN SUB LOOP... IT

IS TO BE APPLIED TO S(2) & S(N-1) TO OBTAIN S(1) & S(N), S BEING CURVATURE... NORMALLY 0, .5, OR 1...

e.g., .5 FOR SOME DISTRIBUTIONS

**** SKIP READ9 IF MH.NE.11 ****

READ9 (IIF MH=11)

CSA C/S (SOLIDITY) FOR THE GENERATED TABLE OF G, H, B, & T

FUNCTIONS

READ10

IDUM INTEGER 999, TO CHECK THE END OF INPUT FROM UNIT 5

**** SKIP READ701 THRU READ706, IF MH.NE.2 *****

READ701 (IIF MH=2)

NB # OF ELEMENTS IN ARRAY BETA1

NS # OF ELEMENTS IN ARRAY SIG

NC # OF ELEMENTS IN ARRAY CB1

NA # OF ELEMENTS IN ARRAY ALPHA1

READ702 (IIF MH=2)

BETA AT INLET, IN DEG, SIZE NB

READ703 (IIF MH=2)

SIG SOLIDITY, SIZE NS

READ704 (IIF MH=2)

CB1 Cb, SIZE NC

READ705 (IIF MH=2)

ALPHA1 INCIDENT ANGLE AT INLET, IN DEG, SIZE NA

READ706 (IIF MH=2)

ICL INTEGER VALUES OF 10000 TIMES OF LIFT COEFFICIENT,

EXPERIMENTAL VALUES WHEN INPUT, CALCULATED VALUES WHEN

OUTPUT, SIZE (NA, NC, NS, NB) ... THOSE NOT USED ARE

ASSIGNED A VALUE HIGHER THAN 32600

READ901

TITL TITLE FOR THIS R & I FUNCTION FILE

READ902

EPS CLOSING CRITERION USED IN PROGRAM RI, NO USE HERE

AMDA STARTING STAGGER ANGLE, IN DEG

AMDI INTERVAL OF STAGGER ANGLE, IN DEG

AMDZ ENDING STAGGER ANGLE, IN DEG

XSA STARTING XS ([X0-X]/S, SEE MELLOR, 1959)

XSI INTERVAL OF XS

XSZ ENDING XS

READ903

R R FUNCTION, SEE MELLOR, 1959 AI I FUNCTION, SEE MELLOR, 1959

JACK A DUMMY NUMBER, SHOULD BE 999 IF DATA FILE IS CORRECT

**** SKIP READ1101 THRU READ1104 IF INCAM.NE.2 *****

READ1101 (IIF INCAM=2)

TITL TITLE FOR THIS CAMBER DATA FILE

READ1102 (IIF INCAM=2)

NYC # OF DATA SETS FOR CAMBER COORDINATES

READ1103 (IIF INCAM=2)

XC X-COORDINATES FOR CAMBER YC, SIZE NYC

READ1104 (IIF INCAM=2)

YC CAMBER AS FUNCTION OF XC, SIZE NYC

READ1105

TITL TITLE FOR THIS BLADE THICKNESS FILE

READ1106

NYT # OF DATA SETS FOR BLADE THICKNESS

READ1107

XT X-COORDINATES FOR DATA OF THICKNESS YT, SIZE NYT

READ1108

YT HALF-THICKNESS OF BLADE AT CORRESPONDING XT, SIZE BYT

READ1109

JACK = 999 AS A CHECK

C.4 PROGRAM DSN3

The following is the nomenclature of the input data used in Program DSN3:

READ1-TITLE FOR THIS RUN

READ2-DATA FOR THE SYSTEM

DEN FLUID DENSITY; ENTER A NUMBER, IN PROPER UNIT, HERE IF IT IS CONSTANT OTHERWISE ENTER 0 AND ENTER THE DATA IN SUB "INP2"

RPM ROTATIONAL SPEED, IN rpm

RSTAR REFERENCE RADIUS, IN USER'S UNIT

CONVR CONVERSION FACTOR TO BE MULTIPLY TO RSTAR SUCH THAT RSTAR IS IN METERS OR FEET

READ3-CONVERGENCE CRITERIA

CONFB CONVERGENCE FACTOR FOR ADJUSTING BETAO, e.g., .5

CONFC CONVERGENCE FACTOR FOR ADJUSTING CB, e.g., 1.

CONFSA CONVERGENCE FACTOR FOR ADJUSTING STAGGER ANGLE, STAG, e.g., 0.

CONFSO CONVERGENCE FACTOR FOR ADJUSTING SOLIDITY, SIG, e.g.,

EPSA CONVERGENCE CRITERIA FOR BOTH del EQ. PHI AND del

BETA1, e.g., .001

EPSS CONVERGENCE CRITERIA FOR SOLIDITY ITERATION, e.g., .001 EPSSO ACCEPTABLE CRITERIA FOR INPUT SOLIDITY, e.g., .01

MMAX MAXIMUM ITERATION NUMBER FOR A LOOP (del EQ. PHI & del

BETA1) IN SUB "PFM3"

IDBUG > 0 TO HAVE EXTRA OUTPUT FOR DEBUGGING PURPOSE;

= 0 FOR NORMAL OUTPUT

READ4-SOME NUMBERS FOR ROTOR & ITS BLADES

NBLADE # OF BLADES

NSECR # OF CROSS-SECTIONS ALONG THE RADIUS DIRECTION (USE NSECR=1 AT THIS MOMENT BECAUSE SOLIDITY VARIES FROM SECTION TO SECTION)

NSTA # OF STATIONS ALONG A CHORD, INCLUDING LEADING & TRAILING EDGES

INTERP = 0 TO READ THE SECTION DATA DIRECTLY FROM INPUT; <> 0 TO OBTAIN THE SECTION DATA THROUGH INTERPOLATION

BASED ON DATA READ FROM UNIT 21 (IN SUB INP2)

READ2XX.... IN SUB "INP2"

READ11XX... IN SUB "MELLOR2"

...AFTER READ7 IN "INP"...

READ201 TITLE

READ202	SIG	INITIALLY GUESSED SOLIDITY
**** READ210 READ203	REQUIRED CT1	210 REQUIRED iff INTERP=0 ***** D iff DEN=0 ***** PERIPHERAL VEL. AT THE LEADING EDGE (L/T) PERIPHERAL VEL. AT THE TRAILING EDGE (L/T)
READ204	XAX	X COORDINATES ALONG AXIX OF ROTATION, FOR EACH OF NSTA STATIONS ALONG THE CHORD (L). XAX WILL BE NORMALIZED TO CHORD LENGTH, IN SUB "MELLOR2", SUCH THAT XAX(1)=0 & XAX(NSTA)=1 (.)
READ205	R	RADIUS FROM AXIS OF ROTATION (L)
READ206	MX	DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE (M-COORDINATE) (L)
READ207	CM	MERIDIONAL VEL. (L/T)
READ208	В	DISTANCE BETWEEN ADJACENT STREMLINES (L) (EITHER BETWEEN I-1 & I+1 OK HALF OF THAT)
READ209	вк	BLOCKAGE FACTOR OWING TO BLADE THICKNESS INSIDE THE IMPELLER (.)
		D iff DEN=0 ****
READ210	RHO	DENSITY OF FLUID (M/L^3)
**** READ211	REQUIRE	D iff INTERP<>0 *****
READ211	RSL	RADIUS DISTANCE OF THE STREAMLINE FROM THE AXIS OF ROTATION, AT SECTION IRSL (SEE BELOW) (L) (DATA INPUT FROM FILE #21 ARE USED TO ESTABLISH THE PERAMETERS BASED ON THIS RADIUS & ITS NEARBY INPUT RADII BY SIMPLE INTERPOLATION)
	IRSL	STATION # (FROM 1 TO NSTA) WHERE RSL IS DEFINED
		D210 REQUIRED iff INTERP<>0 ***** ED iff DEN=0 *****
READ2101	(REM)	TITLE LINE
READ2102 EDGE	NI	# OF STATIONS (q-LINES) FROM LEADING TO TRAILING EDGE
	NJ	# OF STREAMLINES
READ2103	CT1Z	PERIPHERAL VEL. AT THE LEADING EDGE (L/T)
READ2104	CT2Z	PERIPHERAL VEL. AT THE TRAILING EDGE (L/T)
READ2105 FOR	XAXZ	X COORDINATES ALONG AXIX OF ROTATION, EACH OF NSTA STATIONS ALONG THE CHORD (L). XAX WILL BE NORMALIZED TO CHORD LENGTH, IN SUB "MELLOR2", SUCH THAT XAX(1)=0
&		XAX (NSTA) =1
READ2106	RZ	RADIUS FROM AXIS OF ROTATION (L)

READ2107	XMZ	DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE (M-COORDINATE) (L)
READ2108	CMZ	MERIDIONAL VEL. (L/T)
READ2109	BZ	DISTANCE BETWEEN ADJACENT STREMLINES (L) (EITHER BETWEEN I-1 & I+1 OR HALF OF THAT)
READ2110 THICKNESS	BKZ	BLOCKAGE FACTOR OWING TO BLADE INSIDE THE IMPELLER (.)

***** READ2111 REQUIRED iff DEN=0 *****
READ2111 RHOZ DENSITY OF FLUID (M/L^3)